

Knowledge of clinical safety issues (risk) associated with digital/remote therapeutic work

- I) Clinical Safety
 - Limitations to effective clinical safety assessment, also called 'risk assessment' (e.g. identifying problematic alcohol/drug misuse, self-harm with limited visual information)
 - Proper safeguarding protocol for the use of digital technology (e.g. informing wider team when sessions are taking place with client). Trainees also need to be aware of how to manage risk when working with a client remotely.
 - Knowledge of support systems local to the client will be necessary in order to safely manage emergencies when working at a distance.
 - Awareness of potential digital exclusion/marginalisation due to clients/staff lack of access to good internet connections and the necessary equipment
- II) Confidentiality
- III) Cybersecurity
 - Knowledge of cyber security and how different digital technologies may have certain strengths and limitations in comparison to in person working
 - Knowledge of GDPR and how it applies to working online
 - Knowledge of how individuals roles and responsibilities towards cyber security may differ according to the employment setting in which they work ie NHS v private or third sector