

uboot存储器访问命令

mmc read

将EMMC中指定扇区中的内容读取到内存

mmc read <addr> <blk#> <cnt>

addr: 内存地址

blk#: EMMC中的扇区纯"

cnt: 读取的扇区

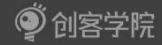
mmc write

将内存中指定地址中的内容:

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将EMMC中指定扇区中的内容读取到内存中指定的地址

mmc read <addr> <blk#> <cnt>

addr: 内存地址

blk#: EMMC中的扇区编号

cnt: 读取的扇区的个数

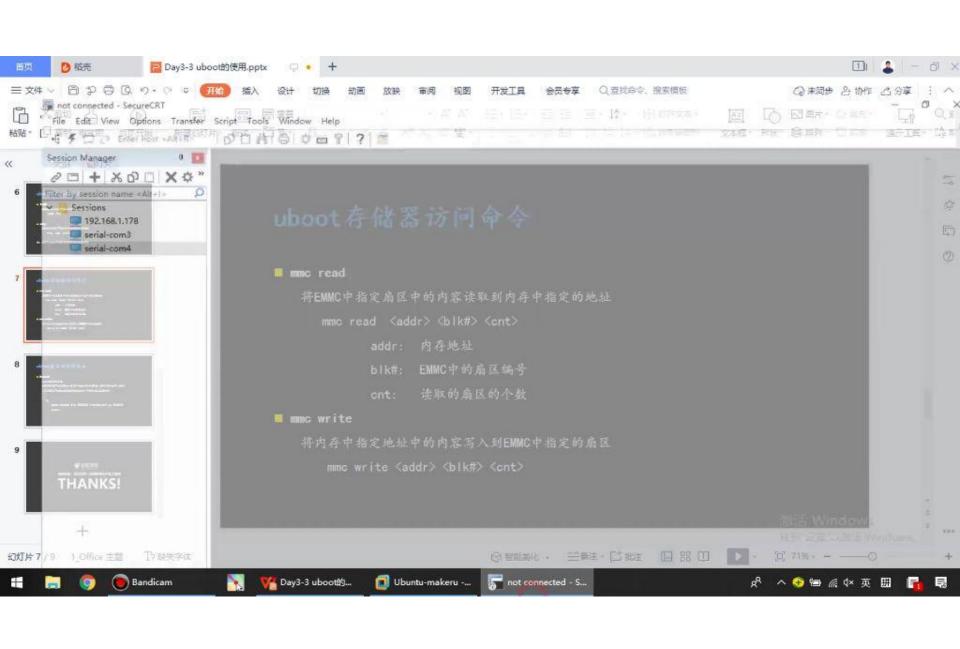
mmc write

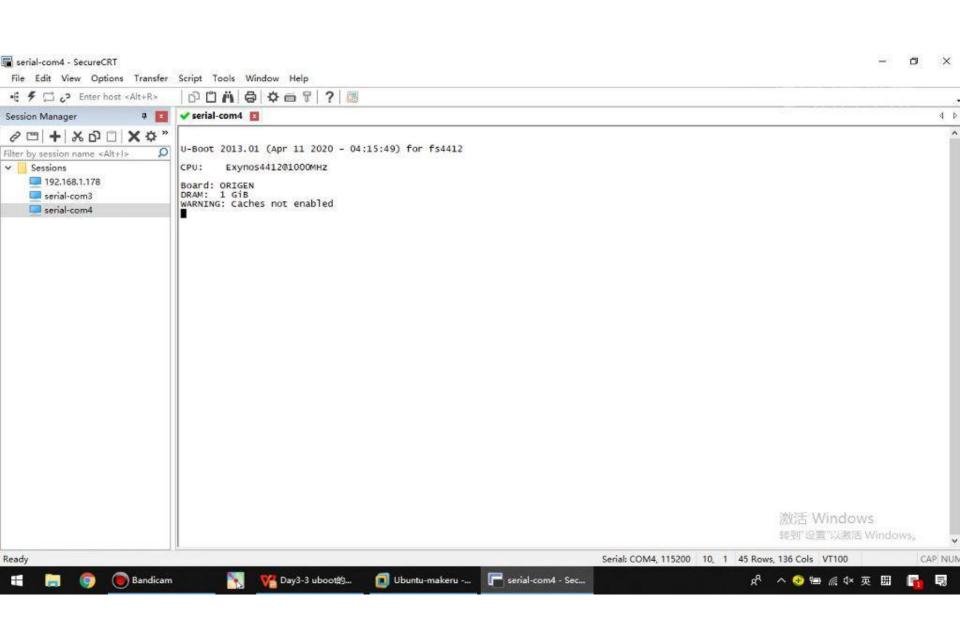
将内存中指定地址中的内容写入到EMMC中指定的扇区

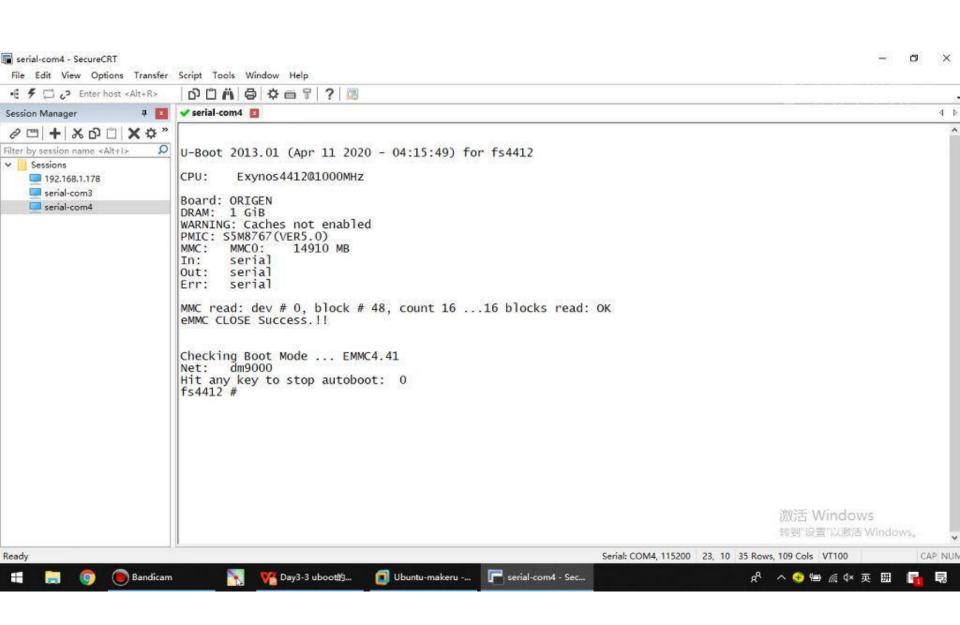
mmc write <addr> <blk#> <cnt>

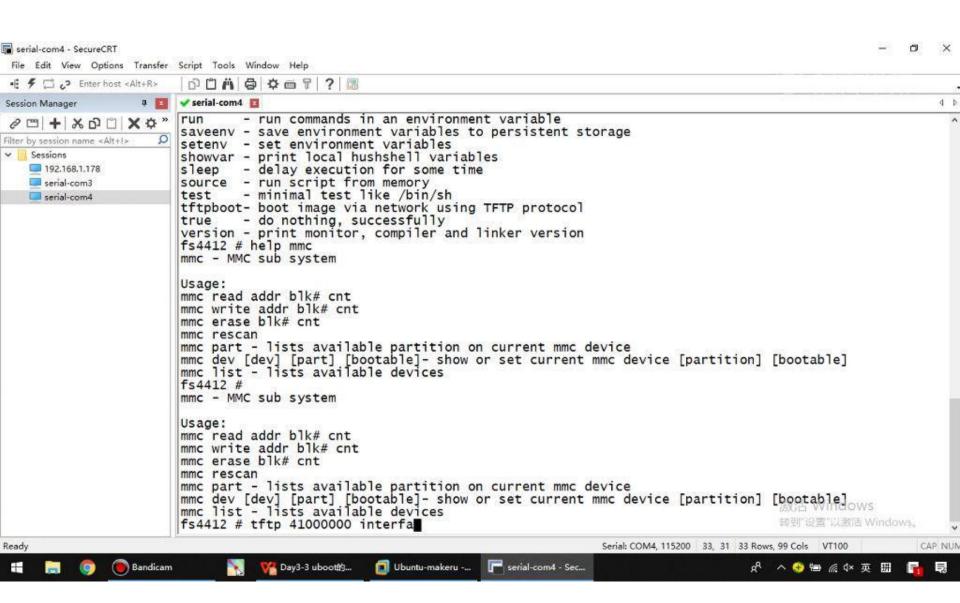
激活 Windows 转到"设置"以激活 Windows。

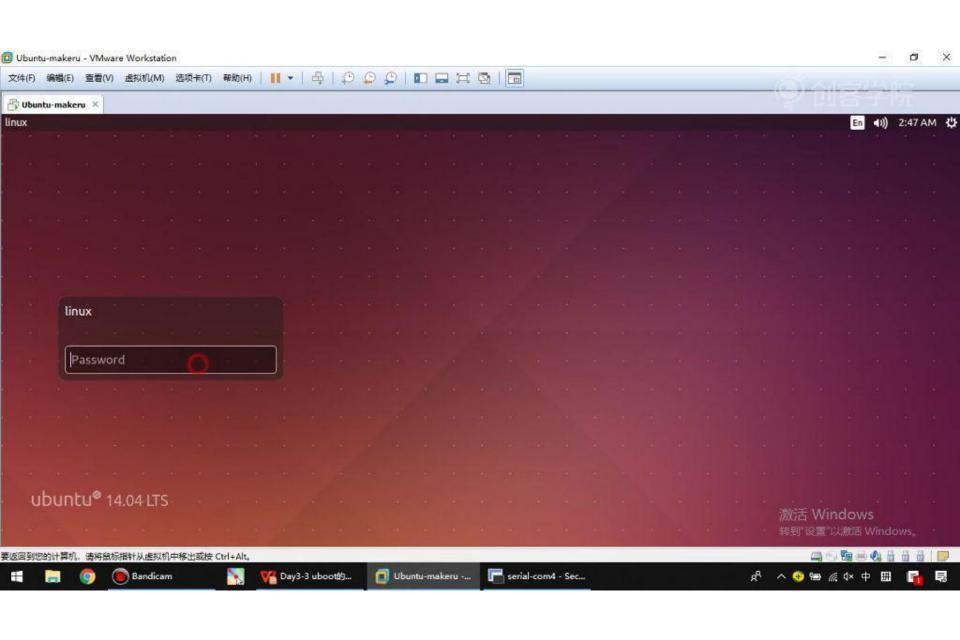


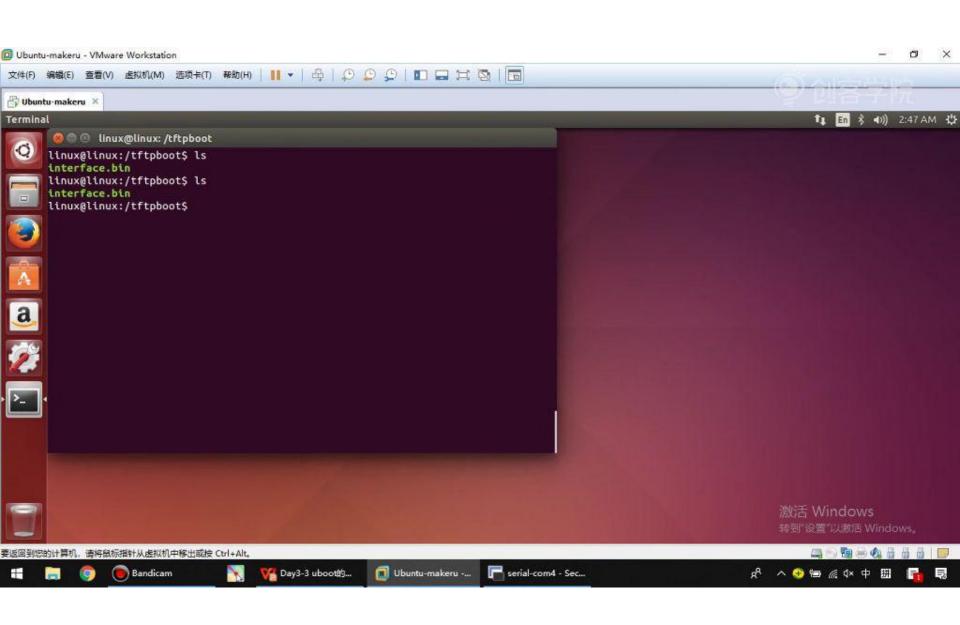


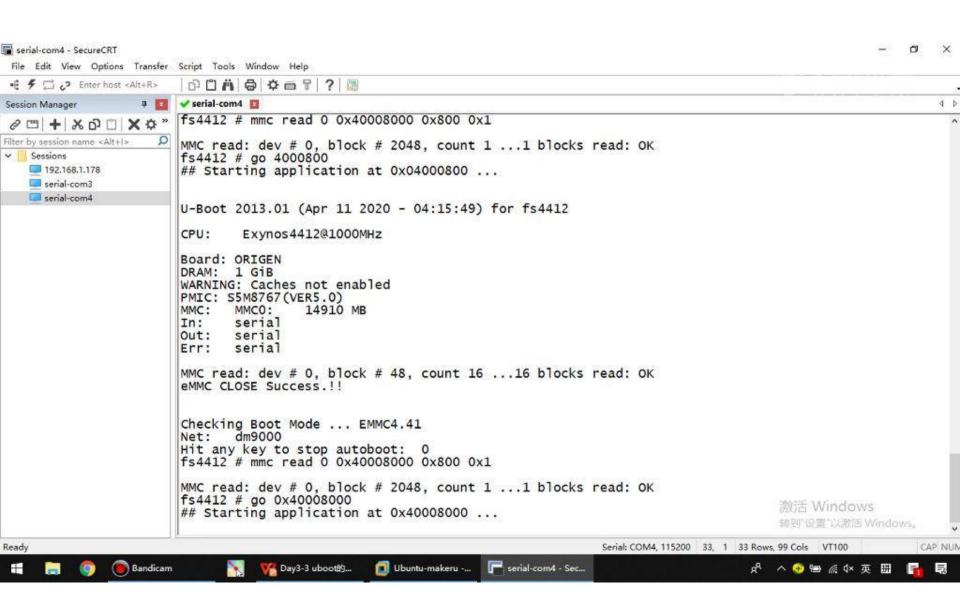


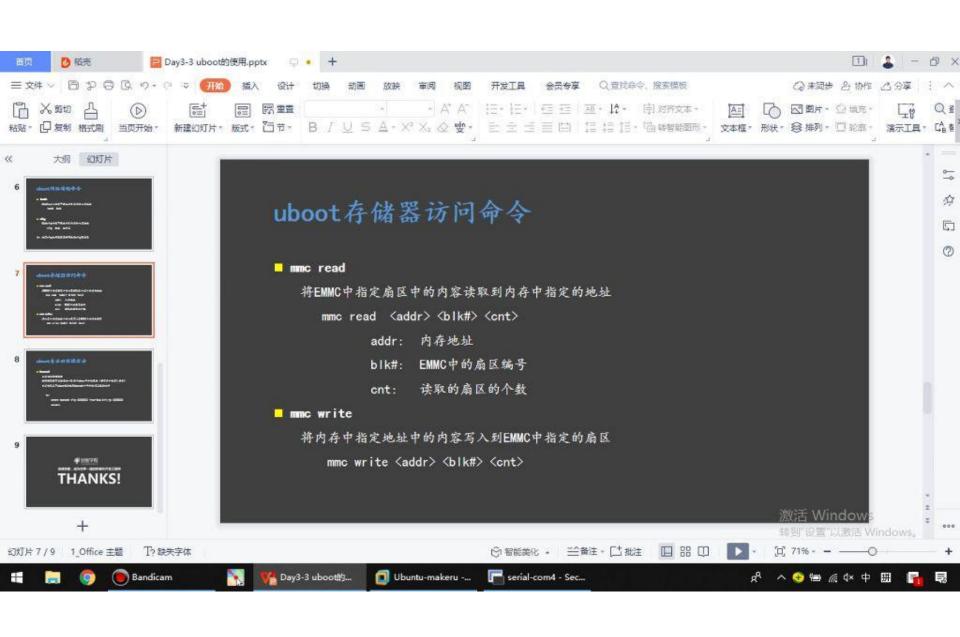


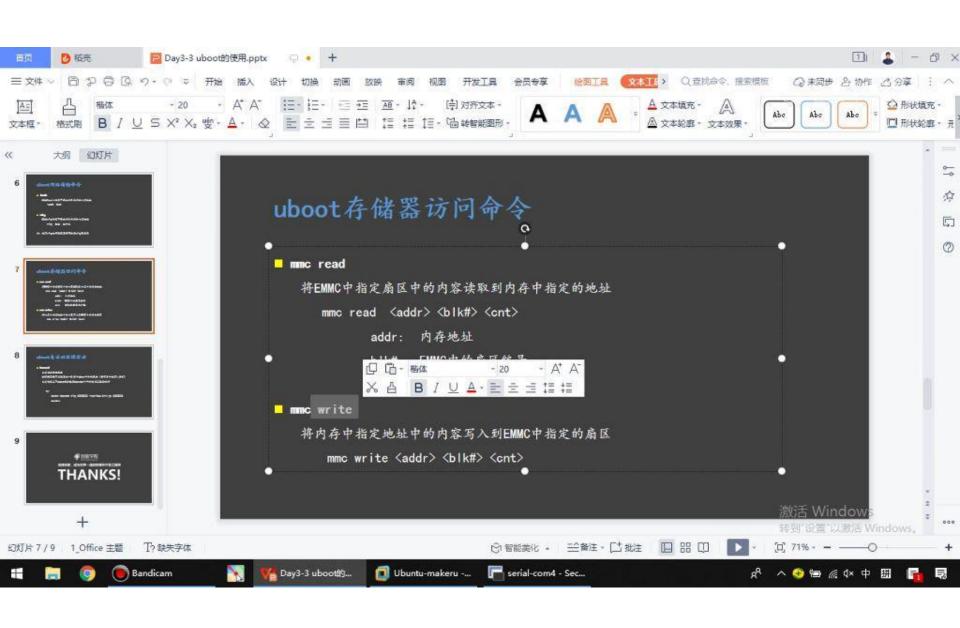


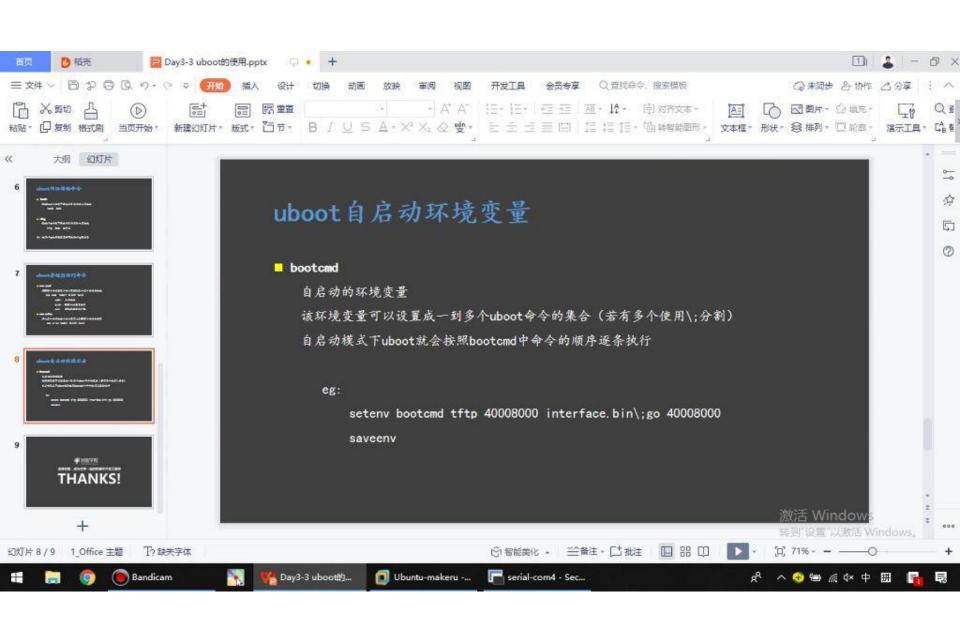














bootcmd

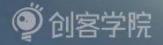
自启动的环境变量

该环境变量可以设置成一到多个uboot命令的集合(若有多个使用\;分割)

自启动模式下uboot就会按照bootcmd中命令的顺序逐条执行

eg:

setenv bootcmd tftp 40008000 interface.bin\;go 40008000 saveenv



bootcmd

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saveenv

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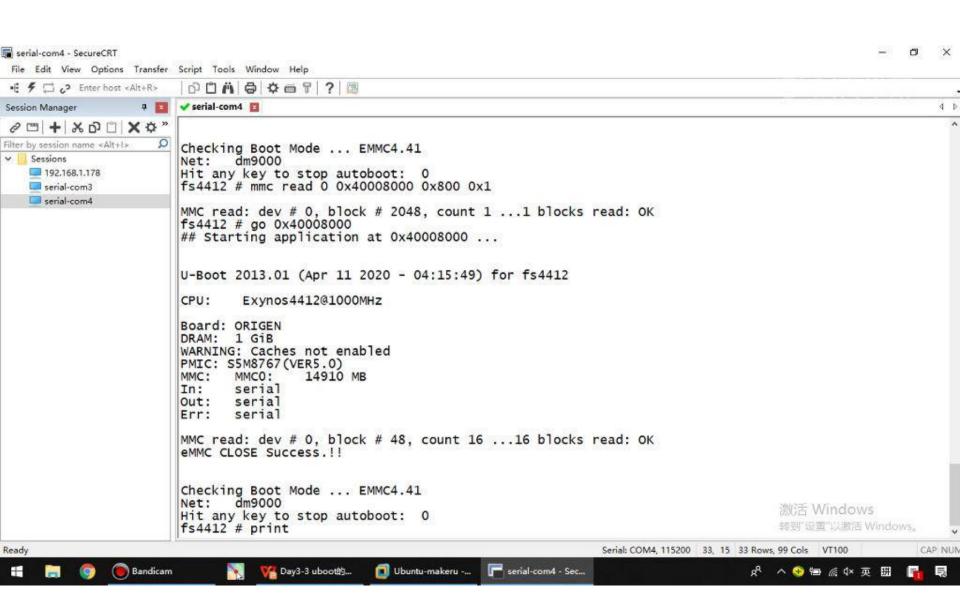
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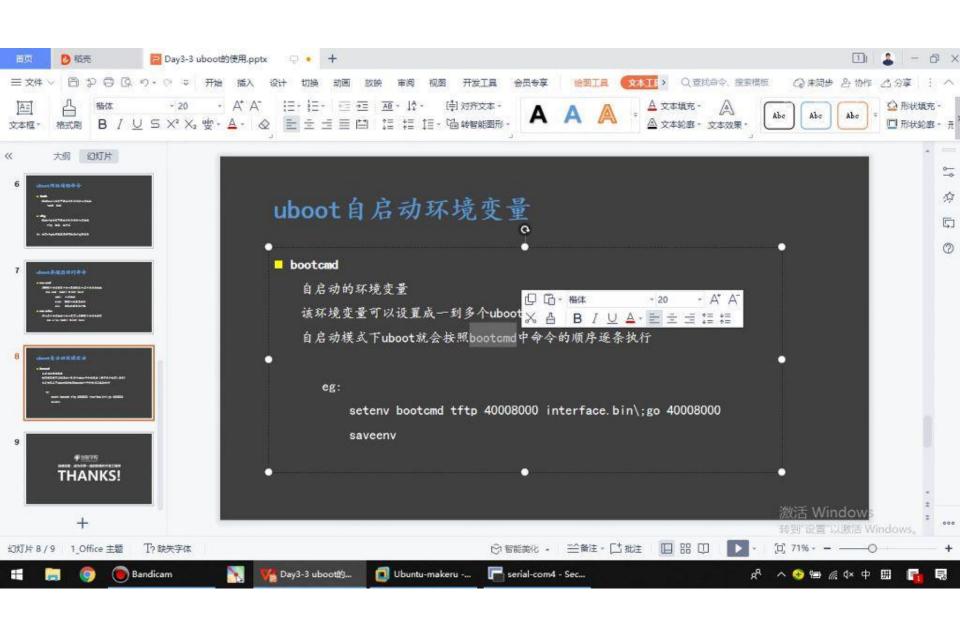
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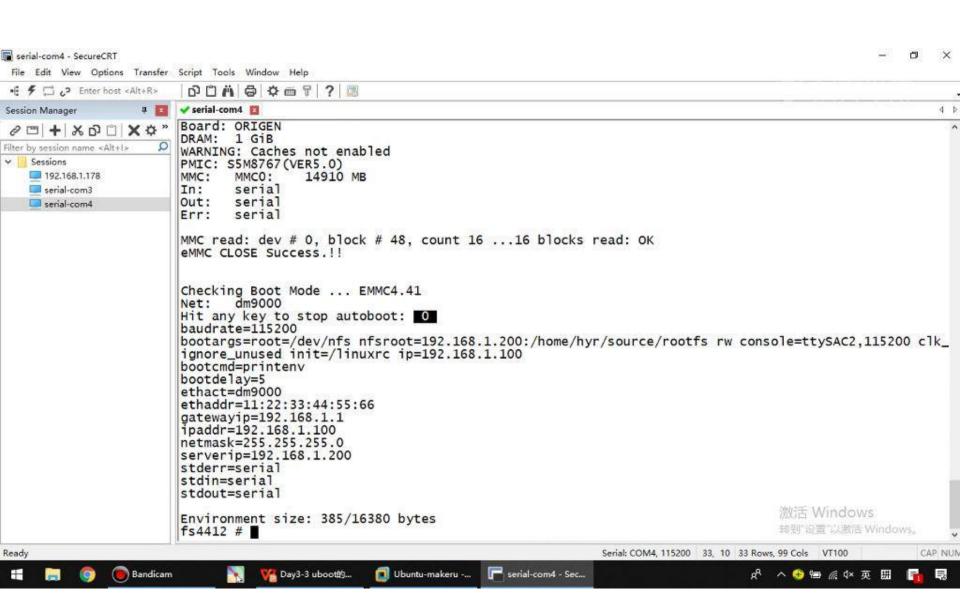
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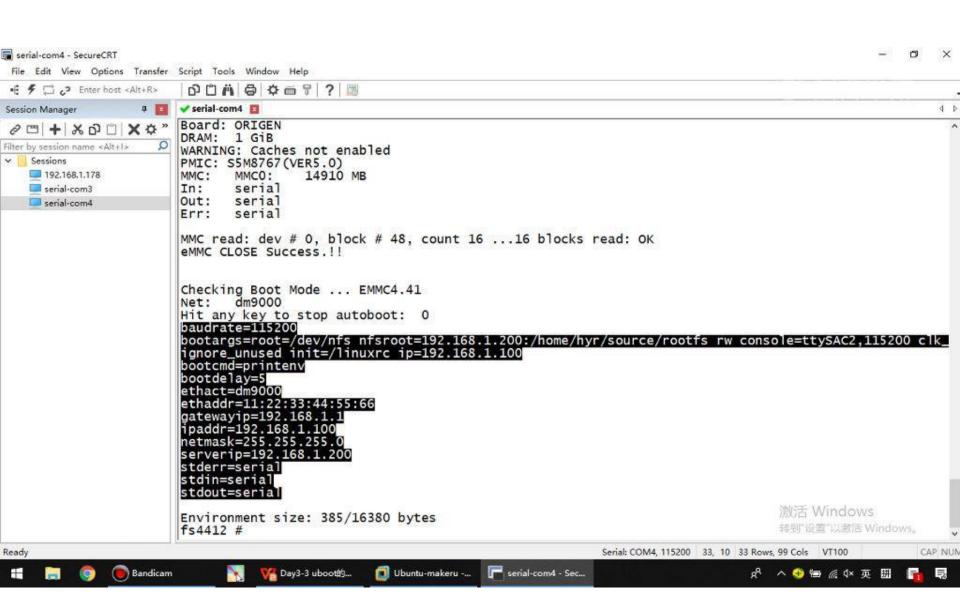
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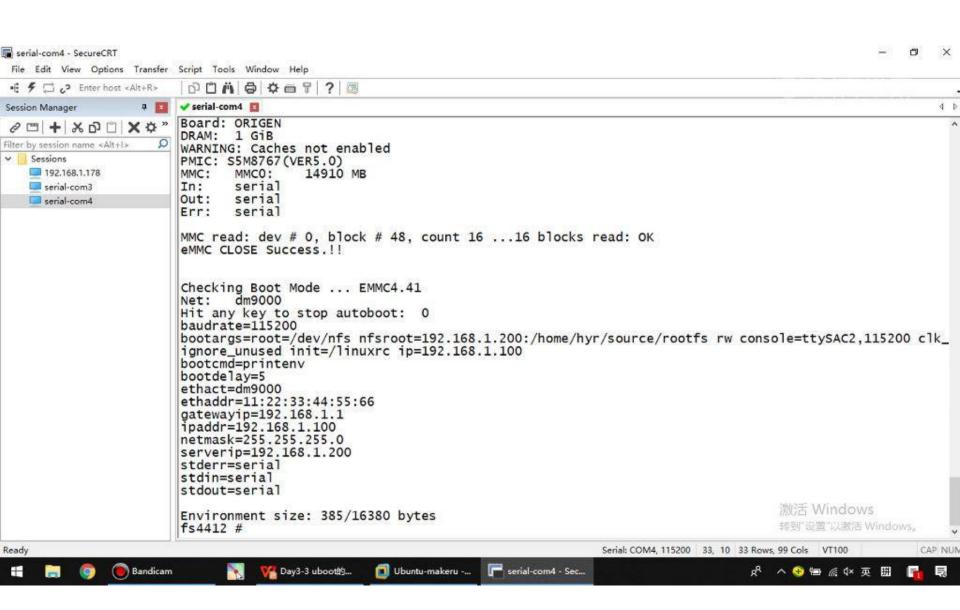


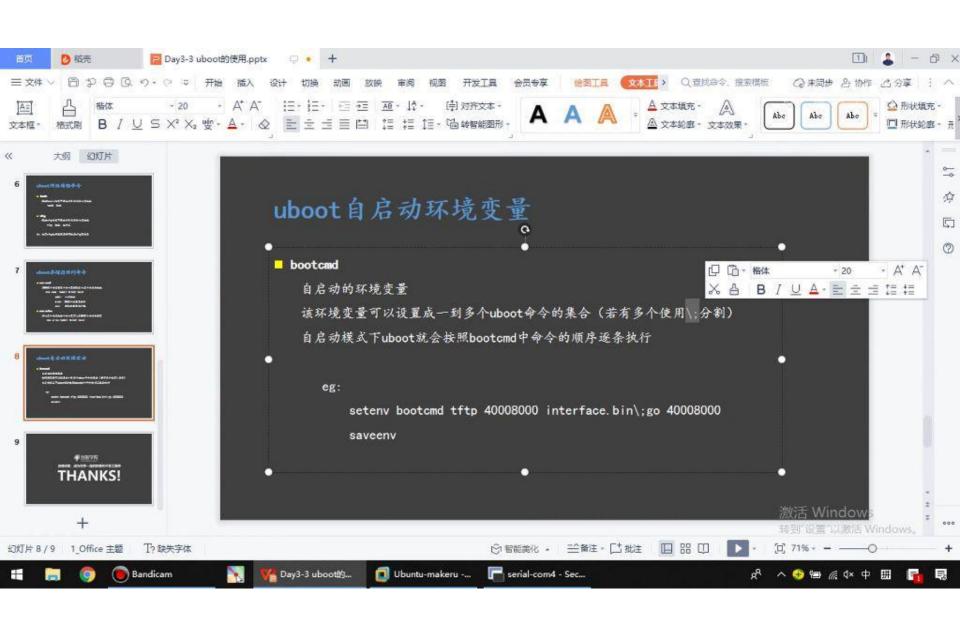


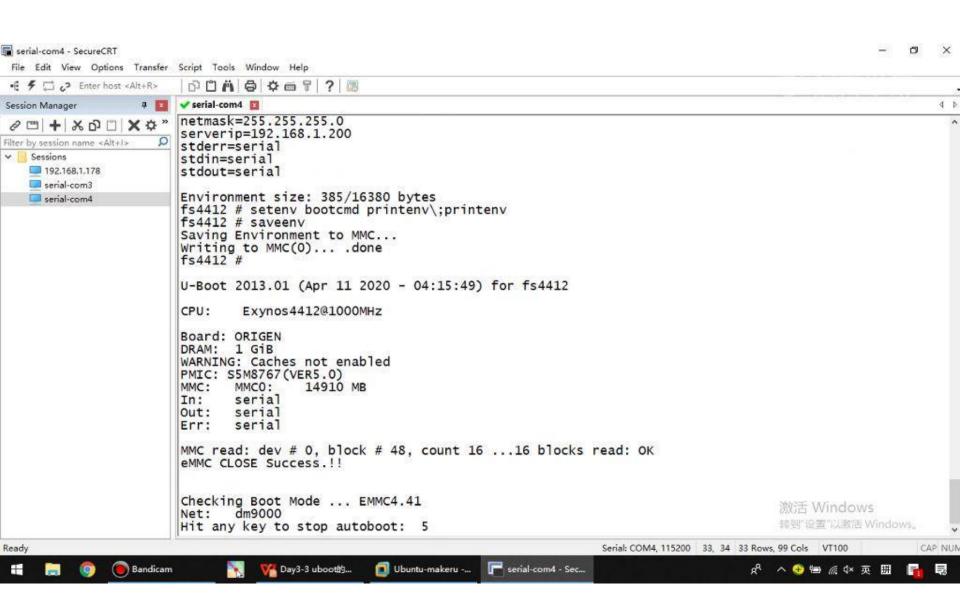


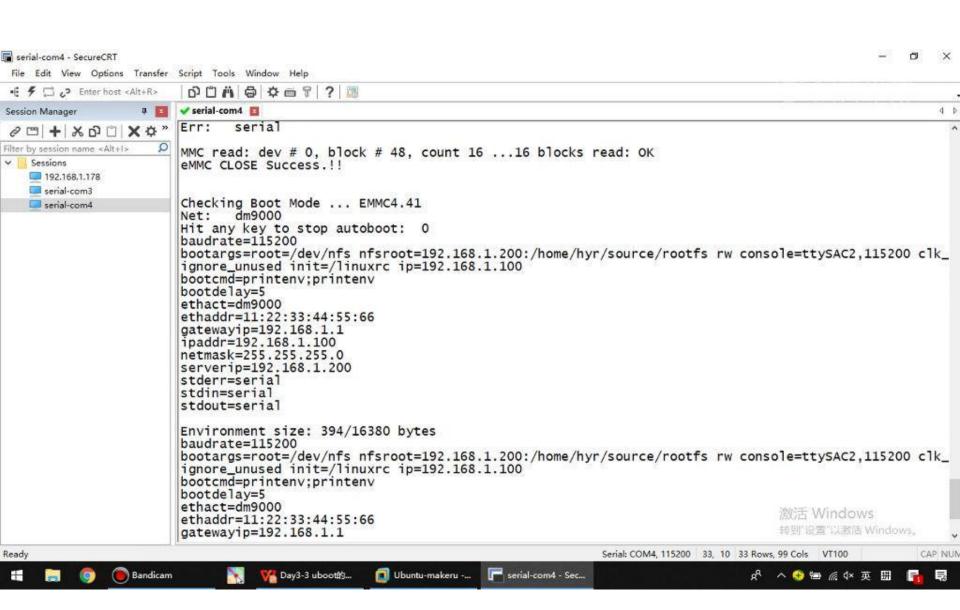


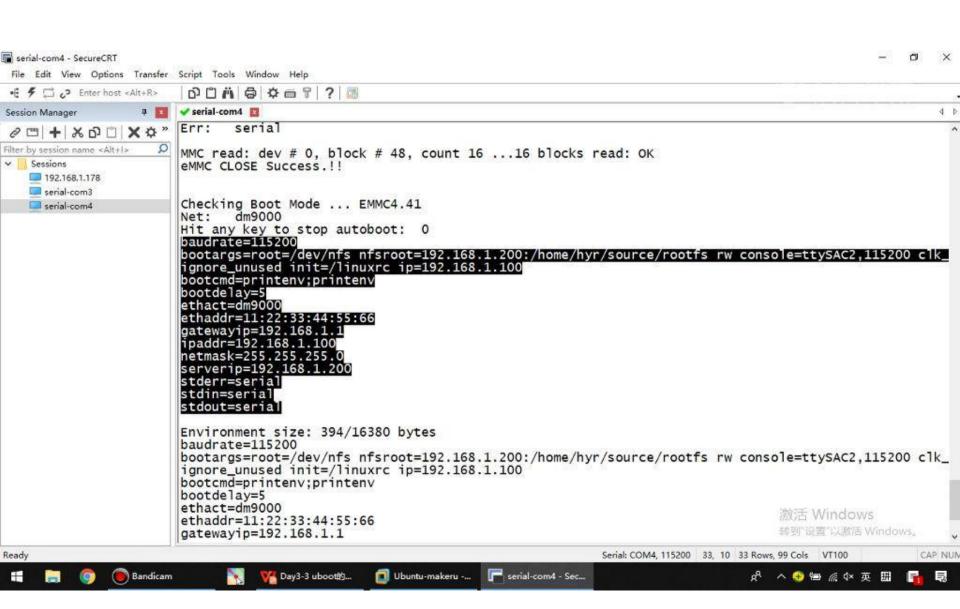




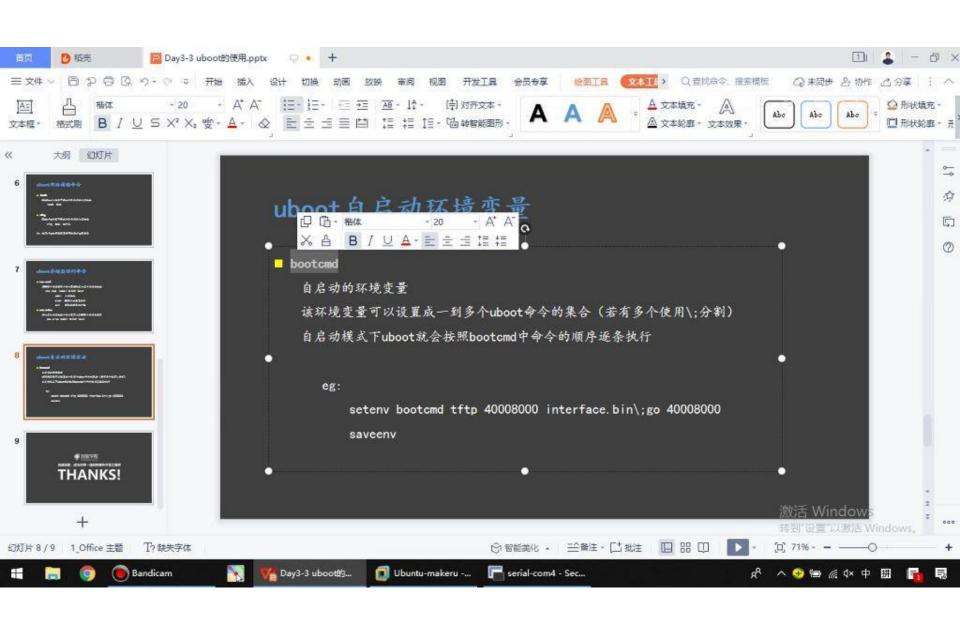


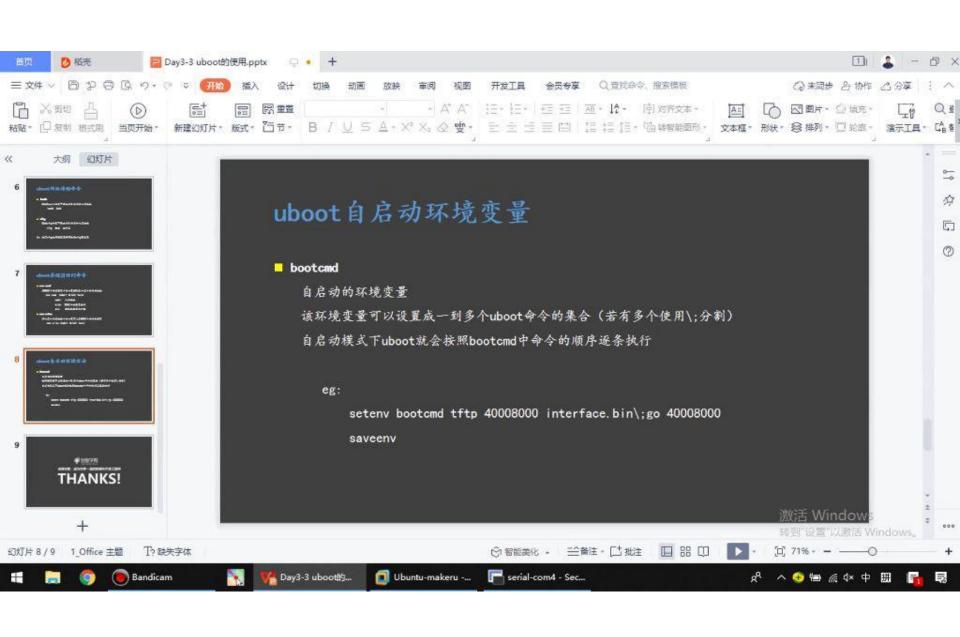


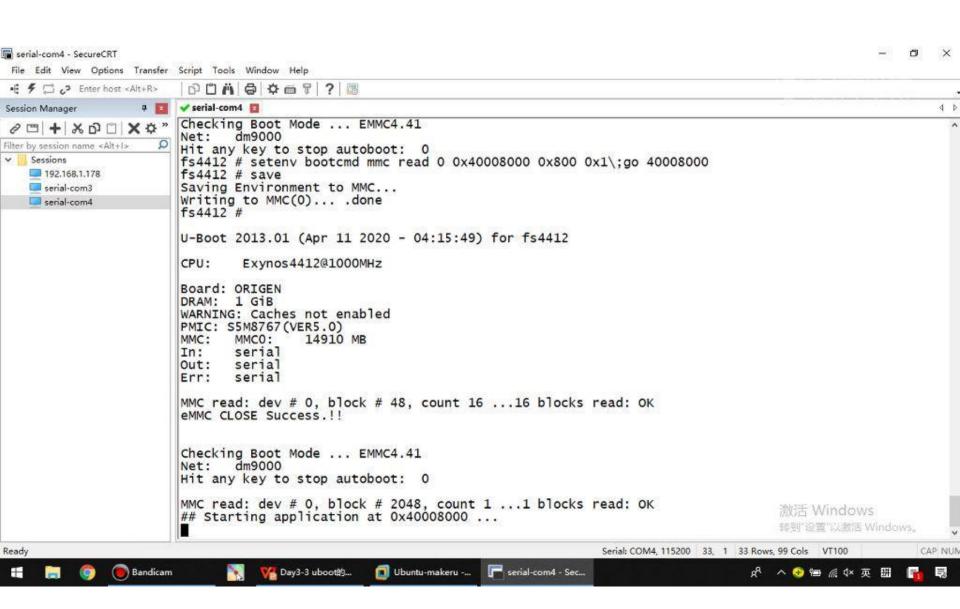


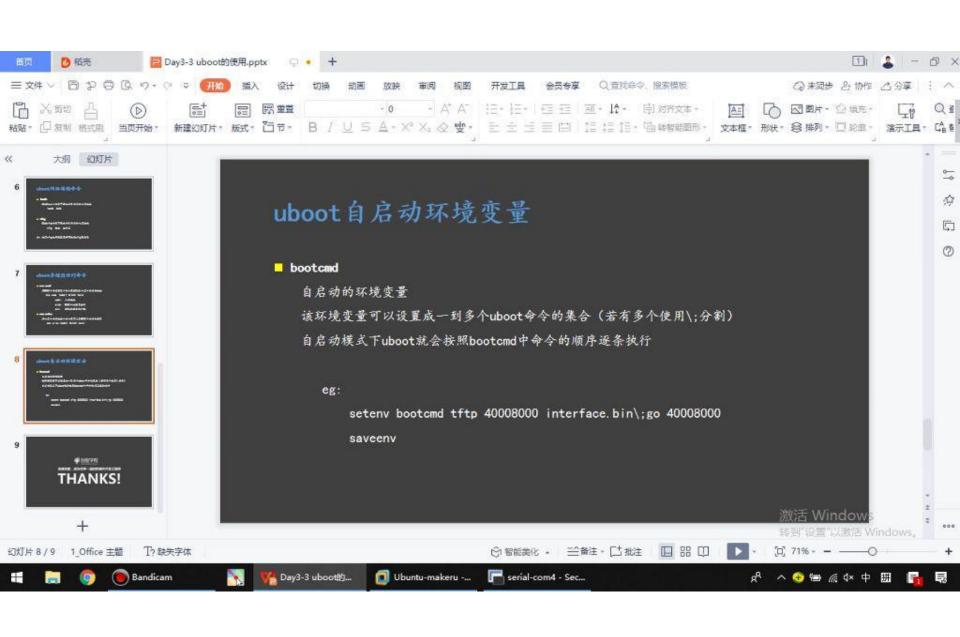
















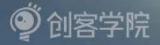
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William S