ECON 2080, part 1
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Quiz 7: Tightness Fluctuations

Question A

Consider a one-period matching model with a labor force of size 1. All workers are initially unemployed; firms post vacancies and match with workers; then production occurs. The matching function is $m=\sqrt{V}$. Firms incur a recruiting cost of r>0 recruiters per vacancy. Firms have a production function $y=2\times a\times \sqrt{N}$, where a governs labor productivity and N denotes the number of producers in the firm. Firms pay a rigid wage: $w=a^{\gamma}$ with $\gamma<1$. What is the elasticity of vacancies V with respect to productivity a in the model?

1.
$$\epsilon_a^V = (1 - \gamma) \cdot (1 + \tau)$$

$$2. \ \epsilon_a^V = 4 \cdot \frac{1-\gamma}{1+\tau}$$

3.
$$\epsilon_a^V = 2 \cdot \frac{1+\tau}{1-\gamma}$$

$$4. \ \epsilon_a^V = 4 \cdot (1 - \gamma) - \tau$$

5.
$$\epsilon_a^V = 2 \cdot \gamma - r$$

6.
$$\epsilon_a^V = 0$$

7. None of the above

Question B

Under a standard US calibration, what is the value of the elasticity computed in Question H?

1.
$$\epsilon_a^V < 0$$

2.
$$\epsilon_a^V \in [0, 1]$$

3.
$$\epsilon_a^V \in (1, 2]$$

4.
$$\epsilon_a^V \in (2,3]$$

5. $\epsilon_a^V \in (3, 4]$ 6. $\epsilon_a^V \in (4, 5]$ 7. $\epsilon_a^V > 5$