Mason Crane

Normalization Homework 1

Part One

#1. I think this is a very good start, but it can be made much better. For example I can organize the data more clearly by introducing normalization. This is the process of organizing the fields and tables of a relational database to minimize redundancy and dependency. By doing this, your spreadsheet will be transformed into something easily understood by anyone you show the data to.

#2.

| PackageID | TagNumber | InstallDate | SoftwareCostUSD |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|
| AC01 | 32808 | 09-13-2005 | 754.95 |
| DB32 | 32808 | 12-03-2005 | 380.00 |
| DB32 | 37691 | 06-15-2005 | 380.00 |
| DB33 | 57772 | 05-27-2005 | 412.77 |
| WP08 | 32808 | 01-12-2006 | 185.00 |
| WP08 | 37691 | 06-15-2005 | 227.50 |
| WP08 | 57222 | 05-27-2005 | 170.24 |
| WP09 | 59836 | 10-30-2005 | 35.00 |
| WP09 | 77740 | 05-27-2005 | 35.00 |

#3. The primary key for this table is a composite key of PackageID and TagNumber. This is true because a composite key consists of more than one attribute to uniquely identify an entity occurrence.

Part Two. #1.

| PackageID | TagNumber | InstallDate | SoftwareCostUSD | SoftwarePackageName | ComputerModel |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|
| AC01 | 32808 | 09-13- | 754.95 | Zork | HP |
| | | 2005 | | | |
| DB32 | 32808 | 12-03- | 380.00 | Borderlands | HP |
| | | 2005 | | | |
| DB32 | 37691 | 06-15- | 380.00 | Borderlands | Apple |
| | | 2005 | | | |
| DB33 | 57772 | 05-27- | 412.77 | Wasteland | DELL |
| | | 2005 | | | |
| WP08 | 32808 | 01-12- | 185.00 | Portal | HP |
| | | 2006 | | | |
| WP08 | 37691 | 06-15- | 227.50 | Portal | Apple |
| | | 2005 | | | |
| WP08 | 57222 | 05-27- | 170.24 | Portal | DELL |
| | | 2005 | | | |
| WP09 | 59836 | 10-30- | 35.00 | Minecraft | ACER |
| | | 2005 | | | |
| WP09 | 77740 | 05-27- | 35.00 | Minecraft | AlienWare |
| | | 2005 | | | |

#2.

The Functional Dependencies for this table are:

TagNumber → ComputerModel

PackageID, TagBumber → SoftwareCostUSD, installDate

PackageID → PackageName

#3.

This table is not in third normal form because to be in third normal form there must not be any multiple key dependencies. Two examples showing that this table is not in third normal form are that, ComputerModel only depends on TagNumber, and PackageName only depends on PackageID. This is true because to be in third normal form all non key attributes must depend on the whole entire key, not just parts of it.

Part Three.

#1.

Our big table in first normal form can be transformed into third normal form by creating three smaller tables from the original table. These three tables each receive their own key, the software table has the software package ID as a primary key, the computer table has

the asset tagNumber for a primary key, and the install table has not only the asset tag number, but also the software package ID to form a composite key. #2.

The Functional Dependencies for these tables are:

Computer Table = TagNumber → ComputerModel

Install Tabel = PackageID, TagNumber → SoftwareCostUSD, installDate

Software Table = PackageID → PackageName

#3.

These tables are in third normal form because each part of the individual table is dependent on only its key. There are no multiple key dependencies at all. This is true because, packageName depends only on packageID, computerModel only depends on TagNumber, and even though there are two aspects, SoftwarecostUSD and InstallDate, both depend on both packageID and TagNumber.

#4.

