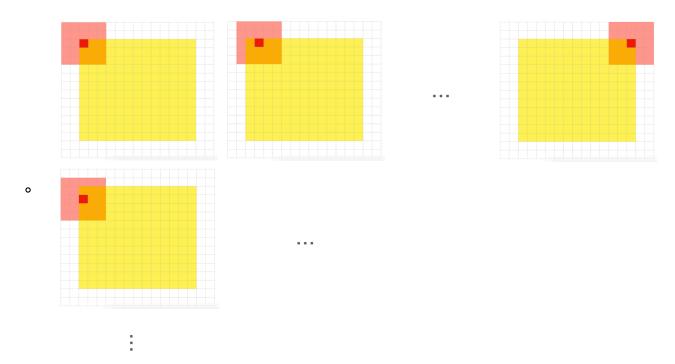
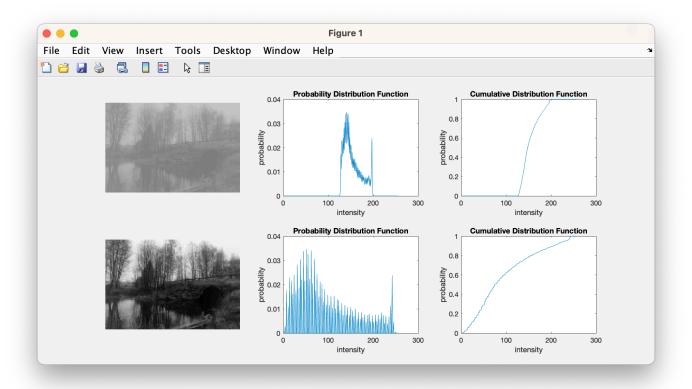
- 1. Read image
- 2. Add padding to image

 - $\begin{array}{l} \circ \ \ \mathsf{padding\ size} = \big(\frac{(\mathrm{filter}_x 1)}{2}, \frac{(\mathrm{filter}_y 1)}{2}\big) \\ \circ \ \ \mathsf{padded\ image\ size} = \big(\mathrm{img}_x + \mathrm{filter}_x 1, \mathrm{img}_y + \mathrm{filter}_y 1, \big) \\ \end{array}$
- 3. 2D sliding window using mask on padded image (illustrated in following diagram)



- Calculate the result using specific method (average, median, gaussian filter) coverd by the mask and padded image; save that result into the center of mask (red)
- 4. Store all the centric pixel (red) results with its corresponding position into the new image
- 5. New image is filtered image



```
% main.m
img = imread('tree.bmp');
tiledlayout(2,3);
nexttile;
imshow(img);
nexttile;
plot_pdf(img);
nexttile;
plot_cdf(img);
stretched = histo_stretch(img, 125, 200, 0, 255);
nexttile;
imshow(stretched);
nexttile;
plot_pdf(stretched);
nexttile;
plot_cdf(stretched);
```

```
% plot_histogram.m
```

```
function histogram = plot_histogram(img)
  [~, ~, channel] = size(img);
 hist = zeros(1, 256, channel);
 for g = 0:255
   hist(1, g+1, :) = sum(sum(img = g, 1), 2);
 if channel = 3
    plot(0:255, hist(1, :, 1), 'r', 0:255, hist(1, :, 2), 'g', 0:255, hist(1, :, 3),
'b');
       title('Histogram (colored)');
      xlabel('g');
      ylabel('pixels');
  else
   plot(0:255, hist(1, :, 1));
        title('Histogram (monochrome)');
      xlabel('g');
     ylabel('pixels');
   histogram = hist;
end
```

```
% plot_pdf.m

function distribution = plot_pdf(img)
  [row, column, ~] = size(img);
  hist = plot_histogram(img);
  pdf = hist / (row * column);
  plot(pdf);
  title('Probability Distribution Function');
  xlabel('intensity');
  ylabel('probability');
  distribution = pdf;
end
```

```
% plot_cdf.m

function distribution = plot_cdf(img)

pdf = plot_pdf(img);

cdf = zeros(256, 1);

for i = 1:256

   cdf(i) = sum(pdf(1:i));

end

plot(cdf);

title('Cumulative Distribution Function');

xlabel('intensity');
```

```
ylabel('probability');
distribution = cdf;
end
```

```
% histo_stretch.m

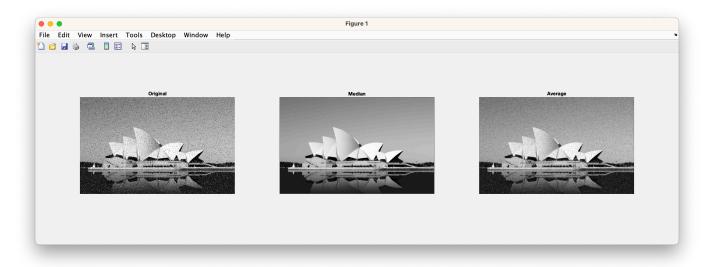
function img_strch = histo_stretch(img, a, b, A, B)

if length(size(img)) = 3
   img = rgb2gray(img);
end

img_strch = double(img);
mask = double((img >= a) & (img <= b));
img_temp = floor((B - A) * (img_strch - a) / (b - a) + A);
img_strch = img_temp .* mask + img_strch .* (1 - mask);
img_strch = uint8(img_strch);

end</pre>
```

Q3



```
% main.m

img = imread('operahouse.tif');
med = median_filter(img);
avg = average_filter(img, 3);
imwrite(med, 'operahouse_med.tif');
imwrite(avg, 'operahouse_avg.tif');

tiledlayout(1, 3);
nexttile;
```

```
imshow(img);
title('Original');

nexttile;
imshow(med);
title('Median');

nexttile;
imshow(avg);
title('Average');
```

```
% median_filter.m

function new_img = median_filter(img)

[row, column] = size(img);

new_img = zeros(row, column);
img = double(img);
for i = 2:row-1
    for j = 2:column-1
        new_img(i, j) = median([img(i-1, j-1), img(i-1, j), img(i-1, j+1), img(i, j-1), img(i, j), img(i, j+1), img(i+1, j-1), img(i+1, j), img(i+1, j+1)]);
    end
end
new_img = uint8(new_img);
end
```

```
% average_filter
function new_img = average_filter(img, scale)

[row, column] = size(img);
w = ones(scale, scale) / (scale * scale);
[filter_row, filter_column] = size(w);
img = double(img);

if length(size(img)) ~= 2
    disp("Error: not a grayscale image")
    return
end

row_padding = (filter_row - 1) / 2;
column_padding = (filter_column - 1) / 2;

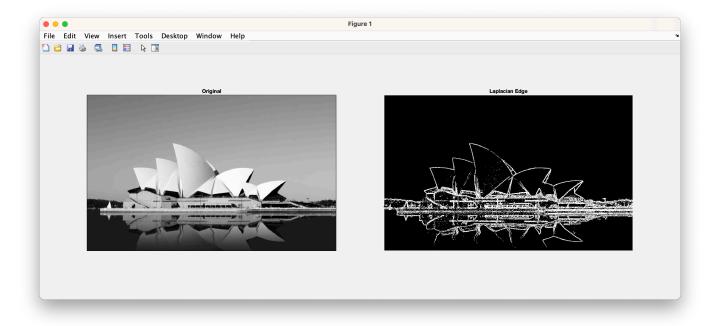
temp = zeros(row + 2 * row_padding, column + 2 * column_padding);
result = zeros(row + 2 * row_padding, column + 2 * column_padding);
```

```
temp(row_padding + 1 : row + row_padding, column_padding + 1 : column +
column_padding) = img;

for i = row_padding + 1 : row + row_padding
    for j = column_padding + 1 : column + column_padding
        result(i, j) = abs(sum(sum(temp(i - row_padding : i + row_padding, j -
column_padding : j + column_padding) .* w)));
    end
end

new_img = uint8(result(row_padding + 1 : row + row_padding, column_padding + 1 :
column + column_padding));
end
```

Q4



```
% main.m

tiledlayout(1, 2);

img = imread('operahouse_med.tif');
nexttile;
imshow(img);
title('Original');

res = laplacian_detector(img);

th = 10;
res(res>th) = 255;
res(res<th) = 0;</pre>
```

```
nexttile;
imshow(res);
title('Laplacian Edge');
imwrite(res, 'operahouse_edge.tif')
```

```
% my_filter.m
function new_img = my_filter(img, w)
    [row, column] = size(img);
    [filter_row, filter_column] = size(w);
    img = double(img);
   if length(size(img)) ~= 2
        disp("Error: not a grayscale image")
        return
    end
    row_padding = (filter_row - 1) / 2;
    column_padding = (filter_column - 1) / 2;
   temp = zeros(row + 2 * row_padding, column + 2 * column_padding);
    result = zeros(row + 2 * row_padding, column + 2 * column_padding);
    temp(row_padding + 1 : row + row_padding, column_padding + 1 : column +
column_padding) = img;
   for i = row_padding + 1 : row + row_padding
     for j = column_padding + 1 : column + column_padding
        result(i, j) = abs(sum(sum(temp(i - row_padding : i + row_padding, j -
column_padding : j + column_padding) .* w)));
     end
   end
   new_img = uint8(result(row_padding + 1 : row + row_padding, column_padding + 1 :
column + column_padding));
end
```

```
% laplacian_detector.m

function newimg = laplacian_detector(img)
    w = [0 1 0; 1 -4 1; 0 1 0];
    newimg = my_filter(img, w);
end
```