COMP122/20 - Data Structures and Algorithms

01 Introduction

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http://brouwer.ipm.edu.mo/COMP122/20/

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Text Books and References

Text Books and References

Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, Michael H. Goldwasser.

Data Structures and Algorithms in Python, 1st Edition.

Wiley, 2013.
ISBN-13 978-1-118-29027-9

Textbook.



Thomas H. Cormen., Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein.

Introduction to Algorithms, International Edition (3rd Edition). MIT Press, 2009.

ISBN-13 978-0-262-03384-8

Reference book.

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Text Books and References

Outline

- 1 Text Books and References
- 2 Course Overview
- 3 Data Structures and Algorithms
- 4 Python Programming

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Course Overview

- This course will provide an introduction to data structures and algorithms, including their design, analysis, and implementation.
- *Python* is the programming language for the implementation.
- The course is divided into the following sections:
 - Python programming fundamentals,
 - linear structures arrays and linked lists,
 - abstract data types stacks, queues, double-ended queues (deques), priority queues and associative arrays,
 - fundamental algorithm analysis the Big-O notation,
 - recursion and mathematical induction,
 - trees, binary trees and applications heaps and search trees,
 - sorting algorithms, and finally
 - some advanced algorithms on graphs.

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2020-01-03 4 / 16

Data Structures and Algorithms

Data Structures

A data structure is a precise way to organize related data in order to solve a problem or provide a function.

	2		3	8				7
			9					5
		6				3		
9				1				2
2	(5	3	8			9
(5)	2			(7	3
)	5				1		
7	3							
				4				

How to organize these numbers in computer memory, so that your program knows the two circled numbers are on the same row?

Angel	5124891	98.5
Maya	5033887	80.0
Adi	5122321	90.5
Ivan	5098980	68.0
Leo	5021747	71.0
Luca	5544787	99.0
Nico	5169327	89.5
Filip	5291871	77.0
Tim	5533982	89.5
Olivia	5098980	95.0
Lily	5419019	59.5

How to maintain the table, so that the highest mark can be easily returned, or a new entry can be efficiently inserted?

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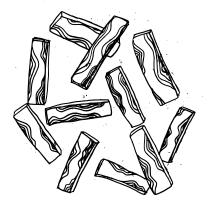
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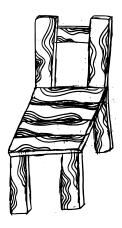
Data Structures and Algorithms

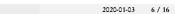
What Is a Structure?

A mess:

A structure:



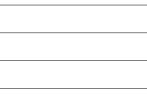


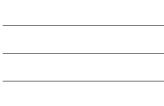














A Data Structure

We store names, contacts and marks respectively in 3 arrays, items with the same index are related.

89.5	59.5	5098980	Lily
Maya	5291871	Luca	5098980
	5033887	Tim	98.5
Leo	Adi	99.0	95.0
68.0	5122321		5533982
5124891	Nico	80.0	77.0
Angel	71.0	5419019	5021747
90.5	Olivia	5169327	Filip
Ivan	89.5	5544787	

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
names	contacts	marks
Angel	5124891	98.5
Maya	5033887	80.0
Adi	5122321	90.5
Ivan	5098980	68.0
Leo	5021747	71.0
Luca	5544787	99.0
Nico	5169327	89.5
Filip	5291871	77.0
Tim	5533982	89.5
Olivia	5098980	95.0
Lily	5419019	59.5
		27.5
1		

Unstructured data

Structured data

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Data Structures and Algorithms

Algorithms

- An algorithm is the precise steps for solving a problem. It is similar to a program, but more abstract.
- The Greatest Common Divisor: gcd(m,n) is the greatest integer that divides both m and n, provided m > 0 and $n \ge 0$.
- Euclid's Algorithm

def gcd(m, n):
while n != 0: m, n = n, m % nreturn m

- Usually, an algorithm requires some data structures to help store and retrieve information.
- On the other hand, to maintain the integrity of a data structure requires some (often complex) steps an algorithm.
- The algorithms in this course are mainly to maintain structures of data *collections* how to *add*, *get* and *remove* items to and from the collections.

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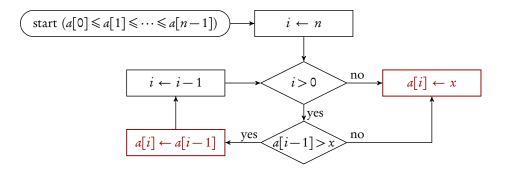
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8 / 16

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Data Structures and Algorithms

Insertion Algorithm of Ordered Arrays



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Fundamental Python Programming Concepts

In order to implement the data structures and algorithms in this course, you need to understand the main structures of a Python program including:

- Variables and expressions
- Functions
- Objects and classes
- Lists and mutable sequences
- Tuples, strings and immutable sequences
- Assignments and unpacking
- Decision structures (if-then-else)
- Iteration structures (while, for)

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Python Programming

Installing the Python Programming Environment

- The current Python 3.8 interpreter and documents can be found at https://www.python.org/.
- The Windows installer for x86-64: https://www.python.org/ftp/python/3.8.1/python-3.8.1-amd64.exe, and for x86-32: https://www.python.org/ftp/python/3.8.1/python-3.8.1.exe.
- After the installation, we can use the IDLE (Python's Integrated DeveLopment Environment) to interactively write and run Python statements; load, edit and run Python source programs.
- We can also use Eclipse as the environment, with the PyDev plugin at http://www.pydev.org/.
- The update site of PyDev for Eclipse: http://www.pydev.org/updates.

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2020-01-03 11 / 16

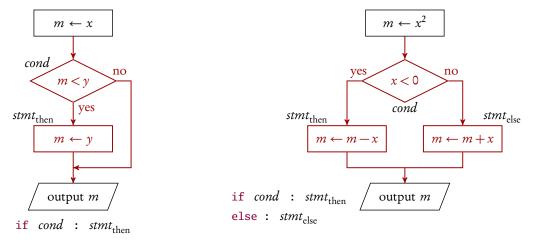
Python Programming A Python Program

```
class Student: # a class def
1
        def str (self): # a method def
2
            return 'Name:_'+self.name+',_mark:_'+str(self.mark)
   def input_students(n): # a function def
        ls = [] # a list
        for i in range(1, n+1): # a for-each loop
            print('Student_{{}}.'.format(i))
8
            s = Student()
9
            s.name, s.mark = input('__Name:_'), float(input('__Mark:_'))
10
            ls.append(s)
11
        return ls # the result of the function
12
13
        name == '__main__': # the main program
14
        print([str(s) for s in input_students(3)]) # prints a list comprehension
```

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Control Flow Statements (if-then, if-then-else)



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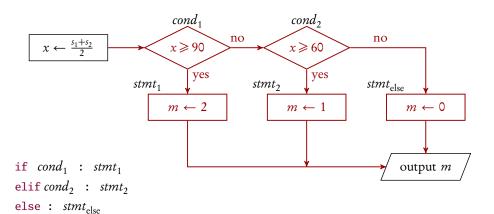
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2020-01-03 13 / 16

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Control Flow Statements (if-then-else if-else)



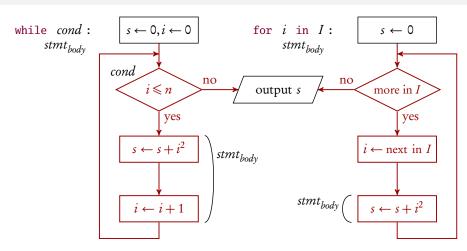
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Control Flow Statements (while, for)



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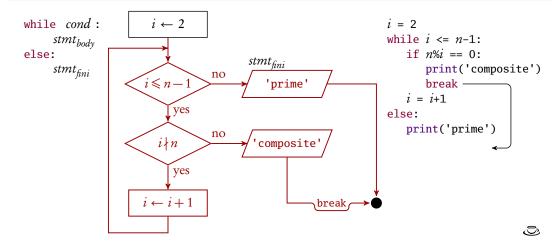
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The else Clause for Loop Statements

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