English VI Modal Verbs

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Modal Verbs

Modal and Modal Phrases (Semi-Modals)

A modal is a type of **auxiliary (helping) verb** that is used to express: ability, possibility, permission or obligation. Modal phrases (or semi-modals) are used to express the same things as modals, but are a combination of auxiliary verbs and the preposition "to".

Modal Verbs

The modals and semi-modals in English are:

- Must/have to
- Shall/should
- Can/could/be able to
- May/might
- Will/would

Must, Have to, Need to, Do not have to, Need not

Express Necessity or Requirement

Present and Future: must/ have to/need to + base form of the verb

- You *must have* a passport to cross the border.
- Elisabeth has to apply for her visa by March 10th.
- I need to drop by his room to pick up a book.

Past:

had to/needed to + base form of the verb

- I had to work late last night.
- I needed to drink a few cups of coffee in order to stay awake.

Note: have to and need to are often used in the same context, but need to is used to express something that is less urgent, or for something in which you have a choice.

Must, Have to, Need to, Don't have to, Need not

Almost 100% Certain

must + base form of the verb

Thomas has lived in Paris for years. His French must be very good.

To Persuade

must/have to + base form of the verb

- You must try this wine. It's excellent.
- You have to visit us while you're in town.

Prohibited or Forbidden

must not/mustn't + base form of the verb

- You must not drive over the speed limit.
- You mustn't leave medicines where children can get to them.

Must, Have to, Need to, Don't have to, Need not

Lack of Necessity

do not/don't/does not/doesn't/did not/didn't + have to + base form of the verb

- You do not have to park the car. The hotel valet will do it for you.
- Tim does not have to go to school today. It's a holiday.
- You did not have to shout. Everyone could hear you.

need not/needn't + base form of the verb

You need not worry about me. I'll be fine.

Shall, Should, Ought to

To Offer of Assistance or Polite Suggestion (When you are quite sure of a positive answer)

shall + subject + base form of the verb

Shall we go for a walk?

Note: *Shall* is only used with *I* or *we*. It is used instead of *will* only in formal English.

To Offer of Assistance or Polite Suggestion (When you are not sure of a positive answer)

should + subject + base form of the verb

Should I call a doctor?

Shall, Should, Ought to

A Prediction or Expectation that Something Will Happen should/should not/shouldn't + base form of the verb

- The proposal should be finished on time.
- I should not be late. The train usually arrives on time.

To Give Advice

should/ought to + base form of the verb

- You should check that document before you send it out.
- You ought to have your car serviced before the winter.

To Give Advice (about something you think wrong or unacceptable) shouldn't + base form of the verb

• James shouldn't teach him words like those.

Can, could and be able to are used to express a variety of ideas in English:

Ability/Lack of Ability

Present and Future: can/cannot or can't + base form of the verb

- Tom can write poetry very well.
- I can help you with that next week.
- Lisa cannot/can't speak French.

am/is/are/will be + able to + base form of the verb
am not/isn't/aren't/won't be + able to + base form of the verb

- Mike *is able to solve* complicated math equations
- The support team will be able to help you in about ten minutes.
- I won't be able to visit you next summer.

Past:

could/couldn't + base form of the verb

When I was a child, I could climb trees.

was/were + able to + base form of the verb
wasn't/weren't + able to + base form of the verb
hasn't/haven't + been able to + base form of the verb

- I wasn't able to visit her in the hospital.
- He hasn't been able to get in touch with the client yet.

Note: *Can* and *could* do not take the infinitive (to "verb") and do not take the future auxiliary *will*.

Incorrect: I can to help you this afternoon.

Correct: I can help you this afternoon.

Correct: I will (I'll) be able to help you this afternoon.

Possibility/Impossibility can/can't + base form of the verb

- You can catch that train at 10:45 today.
- He can't see you right now. He's in surgery.

could + base form of the verb

• I could fly via Amsterdam if I leave tomorrow.

Make a suggestion – To make a suggestion use could (emphasis placed) + base form of the verb (informal)

You could take the tour of the castle.

Ask Permission/Give Permission can + subject + base form of the verb (informal)

Can you lend me ten dollars?

can + base form of the verb (informal)

You can borrow my car.

could + subject + base form of the verb (more polite)

- Could I have your number?
- Could I talk to your supervisor please?

May, Might

Formal Permission/Formal Prohibition may/may not + base form of the verb

- You may start your exam now.
- You may not wear sandals to work.

Polite Request

may + subject + base form of the verb

May I help you?

May, Might

Possibility/Negative Possibility

may/might + base form of the verb

- We may go out for dinner tonight. Do you want to join us?
- Our company might get the order if the client agrees to the price.

may not/might not + base form of the verb

- Adam and Sue may not buy that house. It's very expensive.
- They might not buy a house at all.

To Make a Suggestion (when there is no better alternative) may as well/might as well + base form of the verb

- You may as well come inside. John will be home soon.
- We *might as well take* Friday off. There's no work to be done anyway.

May, Might

Polite Suggestion

might + base form of the verb

• You might like to try the salmon fillet. It's our special today.

Will / Would

will/won't + base form of the verb

- John will pick you up at 7:00am.
- Beth won't be happy with the results of the exam.

Polite Request or Statement

- will/would + base form of the verb
- Will you please take the trash out?
- Would you mind if I sat here?
- I'd (I would) like to sign up for your workshop.

Habitual Past Action

- would/wouldn't + base form of the verb
- When I was a child, I would spend hours playing with my trains.
- Peter wouldn't eat broccoli when he was a kid. He loves it now.