

```
In [ ]: """Broadly useful python packages"""
import pandas as pd
import os
import numpy as np
import pickle
from copy import deepcopy
from shutil import move
import warnings

"""Machine learning and single cell packages"""
import sklearn.metrics as metrics
from sklearn.metrics import adjusted_rand_score as ari, normalized_mutual_info_s
import scanpy as sc
from anndata import AnnData

"""CarDEC Package"""
from CarDEC import CarDEC_API
```

```
In [ ]: """Miscellaneous useful functions"""

def read_macaque(path):
    """A function to read and preprocess the macaque data"""
    adata = sc.read(path)
    sc.pp.filter_cells(adata, min_genes=0)
    sc.pp.filter_genes(adata, min_cells=30)

    adata = adata[adata.obs['n_genes'] < 2500, :]

    return(adata)

def purity_score(y_true, y_pred):
    """A function to compute cluster purity"""
    # compute contingency matrix (also called confusion matrix)
    contingency_matrix = metrics.cluster.contingency_matrix(y_true, y_pred)

    return np.sum(np.amax(contingency_matrix, axis=0)) / np.sum(contingency_matr

def find_resolution(adata_, n_clusters, random = 0):
    adata = adata_.copy()
    obtained_clusters = -1
    iteration = 0
    resolutions = [0., 1000.]

    while obtained_clusters != n_clusters and iteration < 50:
        current_res = sum(resolutions)/2
        sc.tl.louvain(adata, resolution = current_res, random_state = random)
        labels = adata.obs['louvain']
        obtained_clusters = len(np.unique(labels))

        if obtained_clusters < n_clusters:
            resolutions[0] = current_res
        else:
            resolutions[1] = current_res

        iteration = iteration + 1

    return current_res
```

```
metrics_ = [ari, nmi, purity_score]
```

In the following cell, we read in the data.

```
In [ ]: """Read and normalize the data"""
adata = read_macaque("macaque_bc.h5ad")
```

Now, initialize the CarDEC class. Doing so will normalize the dataset. The results will be stored in an anndata object, referenced by CarDEC.dataset

```
In [ ]: """Args:
1. adata is the dataframe to work on
2. weights_dir: A directory in which to save weights for both the autoencode
CarDEC model. Weights are also loaded from this directory. If the directory
created from scratch.
3. batch_key is the key in adata.obs that identifies the vector of cell batch
4. n_high_var is the number of features to treat as highly variable. These n
n_high_var highly variable genes are identified with scanpy, using within
5. LVG: If True, then denoise low variance features too. Else, only denoise
"""

CarDEC = CarDEC_API(adata, weights_dir = "weights_dir/CarDEC_LVG_Weights", batch
```

```
Trying to set attribute `var` of view, copying.
/Users/jlakkis/anaconda3/envs/test/lib/python3.7/site-packages/scanpy/preprocess
ing/_simple.py:848: UserWarning: Reviewed a view of an AnnData. Making a copy.
view_to_actual(adata)
```

## Fit the CarDEC Model

Now, build the model. If weights for the autoencoder do not exist in the weights directory, the autoencoder will be pretrained and its weights will be saved.

```
In [ ]: CarDEC.build_model(n_clusters = 11)
```

Pretrain weight index file not detected, pretraining autoencoder weights.

```
Epoch 000: Training Loss: 0.956, Validation Loss: 0.947, Time: 4.6 s
Epoch 001: Training Loss: 0.932, Validation Loss: 0.931, Time: 4.5 s
Epoch 002: Training Loss: 0.922, Validation Loss: 0.926, Time: 5.0 s
Epoch 003: Training Loss: 0.917, Validation Loss: 0.923, Time: 5.2 s
Epoch 004: Training Loss: 0.914, Validation Loss: 0.920, Time: 4.6 s
Epoch 005: Training Loss: 0.911, Validation Loss: 0.918, Time: 4.5 s
Epoch 006: Training Loss: 0.910, Validation Loss: 0.917, Time: 4.5 s
Epoch 007: Training Loss: 0.908, Validation Loss: 0.916, Time: 4.5 s
Epoch 008: Training Loss: 0.908, Validation Loss: 0.915, Time: 4.5 s
Epoch 009: Training Loss: 0.906, Validation Loss: 0.914, Time: 4.4 s
Epoch 010: Training Loss: 0.905, Validation Loss: 0.913, Time: 4.4 s
Epoch 011: Training Loss: 0.904, Validation Loss: 0.914, Time: 4.5 s
Epoch 012: Training Loss: 0.903, Validation Loss: 0.912, Time: 4.7 s
Epoch 013: Training Loss: 0.903, Validation Loss: 0.912, Time: 4.5 s
Epoch 014: Training Loss: 0.901, Validation Loss: 0.912, Time: 4.5 s
Epoch 015: Training Loss: 0.901, Validation Loss: 0.911, Time: 4.5 s
```

```
Decaying Learning Rate to: 3.3333334e-05
```

```
Epoch 016: Training Loss: 0.899, Validation Loss: 0.910, Time: 4.4 s
```

Epoch 017: Training Loss: 0.899, Validation Loss: 0.912, Time: 4.4 s  
 Epoch 018: Training Loss: 0.899, Validation Loss: 0.911, Time: 4.4 s  
 Epoch 019: Training Loss: 0.899, Validation Loss: 0.911, Time: 4.4 s

Decaying Learning Rate to: 1.1111111e-05

Epoch 020: Training Loss: 0.899, Validation Loss: 0.910, Time: 4.5 s  
 Epoch 021: Training Loss: 0.899, Validation Loss: 0.910, Time: 4.4 s  
 Epoch 022: Training Loss: 0.898, Validation Loss: 0.912, Time: 4.4 s

Decaying Learning Rate to: 3.703704e-06

Epoch 023: Training Loss: 0.898, Validation Loss: 0.913, Time: 4.4 s  
 Epoch 024: Training Loss: 0.898, Validation Loss: 0.912, Time: 4.5 s  
 Epoch 025: Training Loss: 0.898, Validation Loss: 0.913, Time: 4.5 s

Training Completed

Total training time: 117.72 seconds

Initializing cluster centroids using the louvain method.

/Users/jlakkis/anaconda3/envs/test/lib/python3.7/site-packages/numba/np/ufunc/parallel.py:355: NumbaWarning: The TBB threading layer requires TBB version 2019.5 or later i.e., TBB\_INTERFACE\_VERSION >= 11005. Found TBB\_INTERFACE\_VERSION = 11000. The TBB threading layer is disabled.

warnings.warn(problem)  
 11 clusters detected.

-----CarDEC Architecture-----

Model: "car\_dec\_model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
encoder (Sequential)	multiple	260256
decoder (Sequential)	multiple	262224
encoderLVG (Sequential)	multiple	2062880
decoderLVG (Sequential)	multiple	2083027
clustering (ClusteringLayer)	multiple	352
=====		
Total params: 4,668,739		
Trainable params: 4,668,739		
Non-trainable params: 0		

-----Encoder Sub-Architecture-----

Model: "encoder"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
encoder_0 (Dense)	multiple	256128
embedding (Dense)	multiple	4128
=====		
Total params: 260,256		
Trainable params: 260,256		
Non-trainable params: 0		

-----Base Decoder Sub-Architecture-----

Model: "decoder"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
decoder0 (Dense)	multiple	4224
output (Dense)	multiple	258000
Total params: 262,224		
Trainable params: 262,224		
Non-trainable params: 0		

-----LVG Encoder Sub-Architecture-----

Model: "encoderLVG"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
encoder0 (Dense)	multiple	2058752
embedding (Dense)	multiple	4128
Total params: 2,062,880		
Trainable params: 2,062,880		
Non-trainable params: 0		

-----LVG Base Decoder Sub-Architecture-----

Model: "decoderLVG"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
decoderLVG0 (Dense)	multiple	8320
outputLVG (Dense)	multiple	2074707
Total params: 2,083,027		
Trainable params: 2,083,027		
Non-trainable params: 0		

Now, call the `make_inference` method to finetune CarDEC. Doing so will finetune the model, and then produce denoised features on the zscore scale. If weights for the full model are already saved in the weights directory, these weights will be loaded, rather than training the full model.

In [ ]:

```
CarDEC.make_inference()
```

CarDEC Model Weights not detected. Training full model.

```
Iter 000 Loss: [Training: 0.970, Validation Cluster: 0.948, Validation AE: 0.91
5], Label Change: 0.011, Time: 32.9 s
Iter 001 Loss: [Training: 1.054, Validation Cluster: 1.001, Validation AE: 0.91
7], Label Change: 0.002, Time: 31.7 s
Iter 002 Loss: [Training: 1.143, Validation Cluster: 1.075, Validation AE: 0.91
9], Label Change: 0.002, Time: 30.2 s
Iter 003 Loss: [Training: 1.199, Validation Cluster: 1.146, Validation AE: 0.92
0], Label Change: 0.001, Time: 29.7 s
```

Decaying Learning Rate to: 3.3333334e-05

```
Iter 004 Loss: [Training: 1.219, Validation Cluster: 1.209, Validation AE: 0.92
1], Label Change: 0.000, Time: 31.6 s
Iter 005 Loss: [Training: 1.215, Validation Cluster: 1.207, Validation AE: 0.92
```

```
0], Label Change: 0.000, Time: 30.1 s
Iter 006 Loss: [Training: 1.210, Validation Cluster: 1.204, Validation AE: 0.92
0], Label Change: 0.000, Time: 31.9 s
```

Decaying Learning Rate to: 1.1111111e-05

```
Autoencoder_loss 0.9204132 not improving.
Proportion of Labels Changed: 0.00023103835236649284 is less than tolerance of
0.005
```

Reached tolerance threshold. Stop training.

The final cluster assignments are:

```
0      6136
1      4474
2      4039
3      3482
4      3001
5      2627
6      2248
7      1834
8      1168
9       661
10     628
dtype: int64
```

Total Runtime is 424.5527148246765

The CarDEC model is now making inference on the data matrix.  
Inference completed, results added.

To get denoised features on the count scale, call the `model_counts` method.

```
In [ ]: CarDEC.model_counts()
```

Weight files for count models not detected. Training HVG count model.

```
Epoch 000: Training Loss: 0.266, Validation Loss: 0.231, Time: 10.2 s
Epoch 001: Training Loss: 0.228, Validation Loss: 0.230, Time: 10.2 s
Epoch 002: Training Loss: 0.227, Validation Loss: 0.229, Time: 10.1 s
Epoch 003: Training Loss: 0.227, Validation Loss: 0.229, Time: 10.2 s
Epoch 004: Training Loss: 0.226, Validation Loss: 0.228, Time: 10.2 s
Epoch 005: Training Loss: 0.226, Validation Loss: 0.228, Time: 10.2 s
Epoch 006: Training Loss: 0.226, Validation Loss: 0.228, Time: 10.4 s
Epoch 007: Training Loss: 0.225, Validation Loss: 0.228, Time: 10.3 s
```

Decaying Learning Rate to: 0.000333333336

```
Epoch 008: Training Loss: 0.225, Validation Loss: 0.227, Time: 10.1 s
Epoch 009: Training Loss: 0.225, Validation Loss: 0.227, Time: 10.1 s
Epoch 010: Training Loss: 0.225, Validation Loss: 0.227, Time: 10.3 s
Epoch 011: Training Loss: 0.225, Validation Loss: 0.227, Time: 10.2 s
```

Decaying Learning Rate to: 0.000111111112

```
Epoch 012: Training Loss: 0.224, Validation Loss: 0.227, Time: 10.2 s
Epoch 013: Training Loss: 0.225, Validation Loss: 0.227, Time: 10.1 s
Epoch 014: Training Loss: 0.224, Validation Loss: 0.227, Time: 10.3 s
```

Decaying Learning Rate to: 3.703704e-05

```
Epoch 015: Training Loss: 0.224, Validation Loss: 0.227, Time: 10.2 s
Epoch 016: Training Loss: 0.224, Validation Loss: 0.227, Time: 10.3 s
Epoch 017: Training Loss: 0.224, Validation Loss: 0.227, Time: 10.1 s
```

Training Completed

Total training time: 183.81 seconds

Training LVG count model.

Epoch 000: Training Loss: 0.180, Validation Loss: 0.172, Time: 70.4 s  
 Epoch 001: Training Loss: 0.170, Validation Loss: 0.171, Time: 75.6 s  
 Epoch 002: Training Loss: 0.170, Validation Loss: 0.171, Time: 77.2 s  
 Epoch 003: Training Loss: 0.169, Validation Loss: 0.171, Time: 85.1 s

Decaying Learning Rate to: 0.000333333336

Epoch 004: Training Loss: 0.169, Validation Loss: 0.171, Time: 75.1 s  
 Epoch 005: Training Loss: 0.169, Validation Loss: 0.171, Time: 71.3 s  
 Epoch 006: Training Loss: 0.168, Validation Loss: 0.171, Time: 68.9 s  
 Epoch 007: Training Loss: 0.168, Validation Loss: 0.171, Time: 79.9 s

Decaying Learning Rate to: 0.000111111112

Epoch 008: Training Loss: 0.168, Validation Loss: 0.171, Time: 76.3 s  
 Epoch 009: Training Loss: 0.168, Validation Loss: 0.171, Time: 85.1 s  
 Epoch 010: Training Loss: 0.168, Validation Loss: 0.171, Time: 85.1 s

Decaying Learning Rate to: 3.703704e-05

Epoch 011: Training Loss: 0.168, Validation Loss: 0.171, Time: 79.2 s  
 Epoch 012: Training Loss: 0.168, Validation Loss: 0.171, Time: 75.2 s  
 Epoch 013: Training Loss: 0.168, Validation Loss: 0.171, Time: 76.1 s

Training Completed

Total training time: 1080.68 seconds

As mentioned before, the output is accessed via CarDEC.dataset. Let's look at the output structure.

In [ ]:

```
print("The overall structure of the output is: \n")
print(CarDEC.dataset)
```

```
CarDEC.dataset.X #The main layer of the output object contains the original coun
CarDEC.dataset.layers['denoised'] #These are the denoised features, on the zscor
CarDEC.dataset.layers['denoised counts'] #These are the denoised features, on th
CarDEC.dataset.var['Variance Type'] #This is a vector that informs which genes a
CarDEC.dataset.obsm['embedding'] #This is the CarDEC low-dimensional embedding a
CarDEC.dataset.obsm['precluster denoised'] #This is the matrix of feature zscore
CarDEC.dataset.obsm['precluster embedding'] #This is the latent embedding from t
```

```
"""Example, this is how to get the matrix of denoised counts for only high varia
HVG_denoised = deepcopy(CarDEC.dataset.layers['denoised counts'][:, CarDEC.datas
```

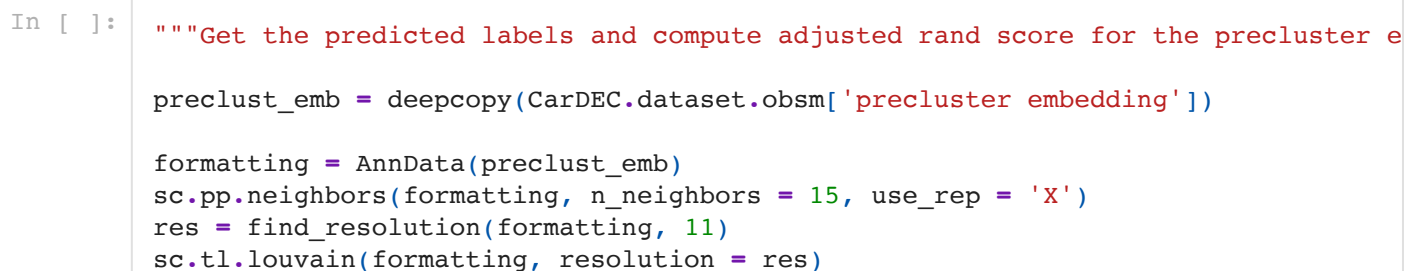
```
"""Example, this is how to get the matrix of denoised counts for only low varian
LVG_denoised = deepcopy(CarDEC.dataset.layers['denoised counts'][:, CarDEC.datas
```

The overall structure of the output is:

```
AnnData object with n_obs × n_vars = 30298 × 18083
  obs: 'batch', 'sample', 'macaque_id', 'nGene', 'nTranscripts', 'cluster', 'r
egion', 'class', 'n_genes', 'n_counts', 'size factors'
  var: 'n_cells', 'n_counts', 'Variance Type'
  uns: 'log1p', 'num_batch'
  obsm: 'cluster memberships', 'embedding', 'LVG embedding', 'precluster denoi
sed', 'precluster embedding', 'initial assignments'
  layers: 'denoised', 'denoised counts'
```

Here, I demonstrate how to access the latent embedding of CarDEC and how to use it for UMAP visualization. I also demonstrate how to get the CarDEC cluster assignments.

```
CarDEC Clustering Results
ARI = 0.9772
NMI = 0.9629
Purity = 0.9850
... storing 'cell_type' as categorical
... storing 'predicted' as categorical
... storing 'sample' as categorical
... storing 'macaque_id' as categorical
Done
```







```

sc.tl.louvain(temporary, resolution = res)
temporary.obs['cluster assignment'] = temporary.obs['louvain']

sc.tl.umap(temporary)
sc.pl.umap(temporary, color = ["cell_type", "cluster assignment", "sample", "mac

ARI, NMI, Purity = [metric(temporary.obs['cell_type'], temporary.obs['cluster as

print("CarDEC Denoising Results using all denoised counts")
print ("ARI = {0:.4f}".format(ARI))
print ("NMI = {0:.4f}".format(NMI))
print ("Purity = {0:.4f}".format(Purity))

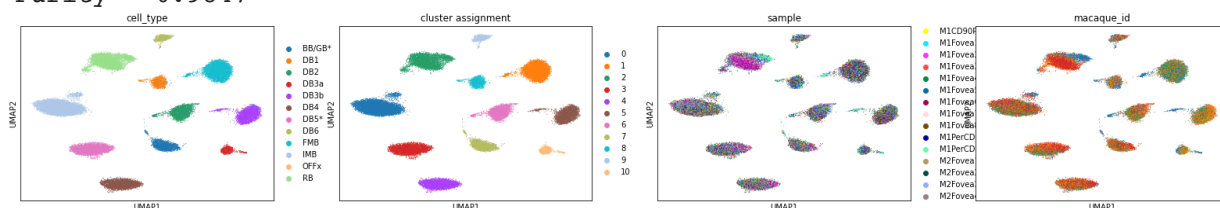
```

CarDEC Denoising Results using all denoised counts

ARI = 0.9760

NMI = 0.9625

Purity = 0.9847



## Working with only the high variance denoised counts

```

In [ ]: """Assessing HVG denoised Counts"""

temporary = AnnData(deepcopy(CarDEC.dataset.layers['denoised counts'][:, CarDEC.
temporary.obs = CarDEC.dataset.obs
temporary.obs['cell_type'] = temporary.obs['cluster']

sc.pp.normalize_total(temporary)
sc.pp.log1p(temporary)
sc.pp.scale(temporary)

sc.tl.pca(temporary, svd_solver='arpack')
sc.pp.neighbors(temporary, n_neighbors = 15)

res = find_resolution(temporary, 11)
sc.tl.louvain(temporary, resolution = res)
temporary.obs['cluster assignment'] = temporary.obs['louvain']

sc.tl.umap(temporary)
sc.pl.umap(temporary, color = ["cell_type", "cluster assignment", "sample", "mac

ARI, NMI, Purity = [metric(temporary.obs['cell_type'], temporary.obs['cluster as

print("Clustering high variance denoised counts")
print ("ARI = {0:.4f}".format(ARI))
print ("NMI = {0:.4f}".format(NMI))
print ("Purity = {0:.4f}".format(Purity))

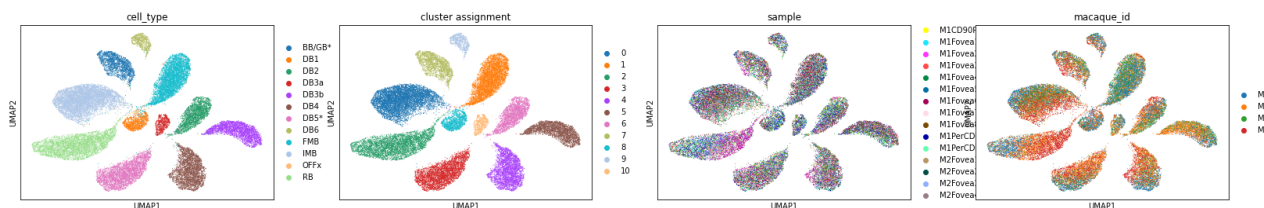
```

Clustering high variance denoised counts

ARI = 0.9766

NMI = 0.9628

Purity = 0.9849



## Working with only the low variance denoised counts

```
In [ ]: """Assessing LVG denoised Counts"""

temporary = AnnData(deepcopy(CarDEC.dataset.layers['denoised counts'][:, CarDEC.
temporary.obs = CarDEC.dataset.obs
temporary.obs['cell_type'] = temporary.obs['cluster']

sc.pp.normalize_total(temporary)
sc.pp.log1p(temporary)
sc.pp.scale(temporary)

sc.tl.pca(temporary, svd_solver='arpack')
sc.pp.neighbors(temporary, n_neighbors = 15)

res = find_resolution(temporary, 11)
sc.tl.louvain(temporary, resolution = res)
temporary.obs['cluster assignment'] = temporary.obs['louvain']

sc.tl.umap(temporary)
sc.pl.umap(temporary, color = ["cell_type", "cluster assignment", "sample", "mac

ARI, NMI, Purity = [metric(temporary.obs['cell_type'], temporary.obs['cluster as

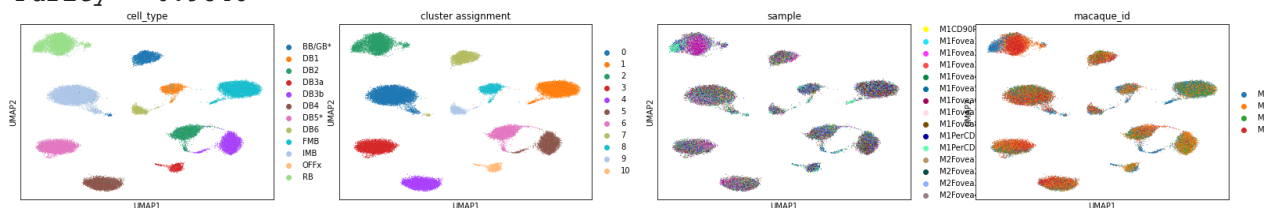
print("Clustering low variance denoised counts")
print ("ARI = {0:.4f}".format(ARI))
print ("NMI = {0:.4f}".format(NMI))
print ("Purity = {0:.4f}".format(Purity))
```

Clustering low variance denoised counts

ARI = 0.9762

NMI = 0.9619

Purity = 0.9846



## Working with the denoised counts on the zscore scale

```
In [ ]: """Assessing denoised zscore features"""

temporary = AnnData(deepcopy(CarDEC.dataset.layers['denoised']))
temporary.obs = CarDEC.dataset.obs
temporary.obs['cell_type'] = temporary.obs['cluster']

sc.tl.pca(temporary, svd_solver='arpack')
```

```

sc.pp.neighbors(temporary, n_neighbors = 15)

res = find_resolution(temporary, 11)
sc.tl.louvain(temporary, resolution = res)
temporary.obs['cluster assignment'] = temporary.obs['louvain']

sc.tl.umap(temporary)
sc.pl.umap(temporary, color = ["cell_type", "cluster assignment", "sample", "mac

ARI, NMI, Purity = [metric(temporary.obs['cell_type'], temporary.obs['cluster as

print("CarDEC Denoising Results using all denoised features")
print ("ARI = {0:.4f}".format(ARI))
print ("NMI = {0:.4f}".format(NMI))
print ("Purity = {0:.4f}".format(Purity))

```

CarDEC Denoising Results using all denoised features

ARI = 0.9769

NMI = 0.9630

Purity = 0.9849

