The objective of this assignment is for you to set up the infrastructure you need for subsequent assignments and to write and execute basic MIPS and C programs. Help is available through **piazza**, during **TA office hours** (posted on Canvas syllabus page) and by sending **email** to <a href="mailto:ece2035-help@ece.gatech.edu">ece2035-help@ece.gatech.edu</a>. There are also links to resources, tutorials, primers, and installation guides on Canvas (Modules > Introduction).

This assignment has three parts, all due at the same time.

In working this assignment, it is helpful to first complete the MIPS Tutorial which may be found under Assignments on Canvas.

**HW1-1:** The goal of this part is to use a Linux/Unix environment and become familiar with its facilities. Toward this end, you must acquire/access and run an appropriate Linux/Unix distribution that fits your computing environment. The following are some the options available (see Resources and Installation Guides on Canvas):

- Unix underlying Mac OS X
- Linux Bash shell on Windows 10 using the built-In Windows Subsystem for Linux
- Running native Ubuntu
- VMware on Windows 8

Once you do this, then perform the following steps. Recommended: Dr. Gong Chen created an excellent video on using Linux commands, the command line interpreter (terminal/shell), and gcc which can be found on Canvas > Modules > Introduction > Getting Started Demos.

- 1. Create and edit an ASCII text file in your favorite text editor that contains the following:
  - Tell one interesting fact about yourself.
  - The method you are using to run Linux/Unix (e.g., one of the options above).
- 2. Open a Linux command line interpreter (terminal/shell) and change to the directory that contains the text file you created in step 1.

You can use the Linux command **cd** to change your current working directory to the directory in which you saved your text file. For example,

```
gburdell@GTLaptop:~$ cd /mnt/c/Users/gburdel1/2035/hw1
```

In this example, the text before and including "\$" is the command line prompt. The rest of the line is the command. (Note for Windows10: If you are using the WSL/Linux bash shell, the "/mnt/c/..." path allows you to access files on your local Windows drive from the bash shell.)

Type "man cd" or, more generally, "man command\_name" to see the manual page documenting a command.

You can use the **1s** command to list the files in the directory. For example,

```
gburdell@GTLaptop:~$ ls -lt
```

This example uses the -l and -t options to use the "long listing format" and "list in sorted order by modification time," respectively. Type "man ls" for information on all the options.

3. Use the **cat** command to view the contents of your file. (You can also use the commands **more** or **less**.) For example, use the **cat** command to view the contents of a file like this:

```
gburdell@GTLaptop:~$ cat myfacts.txt
```

4. Capture a screenshot which shows your terminal window with your text file contents displayed on it. Submit your screenshot in **jpeg format**.

In order for your solution to be properly received and graded, there are a few requirements.

- 1. The file must be named HW1-1.jpg. (It is OK if Canvas renames it slightly by adding an extra version number to it, e.g., HW1-1-2.c or HW1-1-5.c. Canvas does this whenever you upload a newer version of your submission. We will grade the most recent submission you upload.)
- 2. Your solution must be properly uploaded to the Canvas site (under Assignments > HW1-1) before the scheduled due date.

HW1-2: The goal of this part of the project is to modify a short C program, compile it using the GNU C Compiler gcc, and run it. A program shell HW1-2-shell.c is provided. You must copy/rename it to HW1-2.c and modify it to compute the next integer in a given sequence of integers, which is either:

- an arithmetic sequence (e.g., 23, 19, 15) a sequence in which consecutive integers differ by a constant (in our example: the constant is -4, so the next integer is 11).
- a geometric sequence (e.g., 1, -3, 9, -27) a sequence in which the ratio between consecutive integers is constant (in our example: -3, so the next integer is 81).

In the provided shell code, the length of the sequence is given in the global variable Length and the array Seq holds the sequence of integers. Your program must print out the next integer in the sequence using the print statement provided in the shell code.

Assume the following for this homework:

- Length > 2.
- All integers in Seq and your answer will be signed integers in the range +/-2 billion.
- Seq is either an arithmetic or a geometric sequence.
- If Seq is an arithmetic sequence, the constant difference is a signed integer.
- If Seq is a geometric sequence, the constant ratio is a signed integer.

Note: a signed integer may be positive or negative, but never a fraction.

Be sure to try multiple test cases. One test case is provided in the global variables in the shell code. You may change the *initial values* of any global variables to create new test cases, but do not remove or change any global variable type declarations.

## Compiling and running your code:

You should open a command line interpreter (terminal/shell) to run gcc. (For information on gcc, watch Dr. Chen's demo, type man gcc for compiler usage, and/or look up GCC online documentation on the internet.)

If you do not have gcc installed, you can use "sudo apt-get install gcc" to install it. See these links for quick tutorials on apt-get and installing packages:

- https://www.howtogeek.com/261449/how-to-install-linux-software-in-windows-10s-ubuntu-bash-shell/
- www.howtogeek.com/63997/how-to-install-programs-in-ubuntu-in-the-command-line/

You can copy a file using cp or rename a file using mv (move a file to a new file). For example:

```
gburdell@GTLaptop:~$ cp HW1-2-shell.c HW1-2.c
```

Using the ASCII text editor of your choice modify the HW1-2.c program.

Once you write your program, you can compile and run it on the Linux command line:

```
gburdell@GTLaptop:~$ gcc HW1-2.c -g -Wall -o HW1-2
gburdell@GTLaptop:~$ ./HW1-2
```

You should become familiar with the compiler options specified by these flags.

In order for your solution to be properly received and graded, there are a few requirements.

- 1. The file must be named HW1-2.c. (As mentioned above, it is OK if Canvas renames it slightly with an extra version number; we'll grade your most recent submission.)
- 2. Your name and the date should be included in the header comment.
- 3. Do not #include any additional libraries.
- 4. It is especially important not to remove or modify any global variable declarations or print statements since they will be used in the grading process.
- 5. Your solution must include proper documentation and appropriate indentation.
- 6. Your solution must be properly uploaded to Canvas before the scheduled due date.

HW1-3: The goal of this part is for you to install MiSaSiM, modify a short assembly program HW1-3-shell.asm, simulate, test and debug it in MiSaSiM. The MiSaSiM simulator can be installed according to the instructions at <a href="http://lindawills.ece.gatech.edu/misasim/">http://lindawills.ece.gatech.edu/misasim/</a>. Copy or rename the shell program to HW1-3.asm and modify it to to compute the next integer in a given arithmetic/geometric sequence of integers.

In the provided shell code, the length of the sequence is given at the memory location labeled LAddr and the sequence of integers is allocated in memory starting at the location labeled Seq. Your program must store the next integer in the sequence at the memory location labeled Result.

As in HW1-2, assume:

- The length of the sequence is 3 or more integers and it is stored at location labeled LAddr.
- All integers in the sequence and your answer are in the range +/-2 billion.
- Seq is either an arithmetic or a geometric sequence.
- If Seq is an arithmetic sequence, the constant difference is a signed integer.
- If Seq is a geometric sequence, the constant ratio is a signed integer.

Two constraints apply for this assignment only:

- Do not write values to registers \$0, \$29, \$30, or \$31.
- Do not use helper functions or function calls (IAL instruction).

Be sure to try multiple test cases. To create new test cases, you may change the initial values of any global data defined in the .data section of the program, but for HW1, do not remove or change any labels provided for the data.

In order for your solution to be properly received and graded, there are a few requirements.

- 1. The file must be named HW1-3.asm. (As mentioned above, it is OK if Canvas renames it slightly with an extra version number; we'll grade your most recent submission.)
- 2. Your name and the date should be included in the beginning of the file.
- 3. Your program must store its result at the memory location labeled Result when it returns. This answer is used to check the correctness of your code.
- 4. Your program must return to the operating system via the jr instruction.
- 5. Programs that include infinite loops or produce simulator warnings or errors will receive zero credit.
- 6. Your solution must include proper documentation.
- 7. Your solution must be properly uploaded to Canvas before the scheduled due date.

Honor Policy: In all programming assignments, you should design, implement, and test your own code. Any submitted assignment containing non-shell code that is not fully created and debugged by the student constitutes academic misconduct. The only exception to this is that you may use code provided in tutorial-0.zip or in the code examples on the ECE2035 Canvas site (under Modules).

All code (MIPS and C) must be documented for full credit.