```
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <pthread.h>
3 #include <cstdlib>
4 #include <ctime>
5 #include <unistd.h>
6 #include <string>
7 #include <cmath>
8 #include <algorithm>
9 using namespace std;
```

```
11 bool dis[3] = {false};
12 bool p1_item[3] = {false,false,true};
13 bool p2_item[3] = {false};
14 bool p3_item[3] = {false};
15 bool check[3] = {true};
16 int sum =0;
17 int dis_item[3] = {0};
18 pthread_mutex_t lock;
19 int seed;
```

```
各項全域變數說明:
dis[3]:平台上擁有的零件
p1_item[3]:producer1 擁有的零件
p2_item[3]:producer2 擁有的零件
p3_item[3]:producer3 擁有的零件
以上陣列代表的零件分別為
1:propeller 2:battery 3:aircraft

check[3]:查看 producer1~3 是否都有進入 critical section,是則為 true
sum:紀錄製造出來的空拍機總數
dis_item[3]:紀錄 dispatcher 分配給平台的各零件數量
pthread_mutex_t lock 創建一個 mutex 鎖
seed:亂數種子
```

```
32 int trans(string value)
33 {
34
       unsigned int deg = value.size() - 1,sum=0;
       for(unsigned int i=0;i<value.size();i++)</pre>
35
36
37
           int tmp=(int)value[i]-'0';
38
           sum = sum+tmp * pow(10,deg);
39
           deg--;
40
41
       return sum;
42
```

64 int main(int argc ,char* argv[])

這段目的為將一串以 string 形式表達的數字(EX: 23)轉換為 int 的資料型態,由於數字有超過 2 位數以上的可能,因此需要用此方法進行轉換(用於下方第 276 行)

```
65 {
      string ran;
66
67
      char m_t = (*argv[1]);
68
      int mode = (int)m_t-'0';
      if(mode == 1)
70
          cout<<"Sorry , i did not make advanced function"<<endl;</pre>
71
72
73
          int p1=1,p2=2,p3=3;
74
          for(int i=2; i<argc;i++)</pre>
75
               ran.push_back(*argv[i]);
          seed = trans(ran);
76
77
          pthread_t thr[4];
          pthread_mutex_init(&lock , NULL);
pthread_create (&thr[0],NULL,dispatcher,(void*)"dispatcher
78
79
          pthread_create (&thr[1],NULL,producer,&p1);
80
81
          pthread_create (&thr[2],NULL,producer,&p2);
          pthread_create (&thr[3],NULL,producer,&p3);
82
          pthread_join(thr[0] , NULL);
pthread_join(thr[1] , NULL);
83
84
          pthread_join(thr[2] , NULL);
pthread_join(thr[3] , NULL);
85
86
87
```

這段旨在處裡輸入的功能及亂數 seed,由於本次作業我只有做基本功能,因此當輸入1(進階功能)時,輸出並無製作進階功能

令 p1=1,p2=2,p3=3,方便讀入 producer 函式後判斷為哪一個 producer,取得亂數種子 seed 後並建立 4 個 thread,thr[0]為 dispatcher, thr[1]為 producer1, thr[2]為 producer2, thr[3]為 producer3 建立時將 p1,p2,p3 分別讀入,以利函試判斷為哪一個 producer thread,隨後 pthread_join 等待對應的 thread 執行結束

```
43 void* dispatcher(void* arg)
                                   利用 seed 設定一個隨機亂數種子
     srand (time(NULL)^seed);
     while(sum != 50)
        pthread_mutex_lock(&lock);
        if(sum == 50 || check[0]==false || check[1]==false || check[2]==false)
            pthread mutex unlock(&lock);
            continue:
        int item = 0:
        while(true)
           if(dis[0]==true && dis[1]==true && dis[2]==true)
              break;
           item = rand()%3;
           if(dis[item] == false)
              dis[item] = true;
              break:
           el se
              continue;
```

cout<<"Dispatcher: propeller"<<endl;</pre>

44 {

45

46

47

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59

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75

switch (item)

case 0:

break;

dis item[0]++;

```
這邊寫 while(sum!=50)意義為直到造出
50 台空拍機為止,持續工作。當一進
入迴圈後即將 mutex 鎖上,並且判斷
如果其他人已順利造出第50台或
dispatcher 搶到 critical section 但有
producer 並未進入平台(CS)內查看是否
有他們需要的零件時,則將 mutex 釋
放,並強制迴圈繼續
```

定義變數 item,功能為用於存取隨機亂數及記錄抽取的 零件,進入 while 迴圈,如果此平台所有零件都有則跳 出,如有少零件則隨機抽取一個零件放入平台,寫 while 迴圈的原因在於如果抽到平台上有的零件則需要再抽取 一次,直到抽到平台上沒有的零件為止。

由 item 可得知 dispatcher 在平台上放入哪一個零件,因此用 switch case 判斷,並令 dis_item[]++(計算 dispatcher 總共在平 台上放個別放多少零件),隨後初始化 check 並將 mutex 釋放

```
76
           case 1:
77
              dis_item[1]++;
              cout<<"Dispatcher: battery"<<endl;</pre>
78
79
              break:
80
           case 2:
81
              dis item[2]++;
              cout<<"Dispatcher: aircraft"<<endl;</pre>
82
              break;
84
           default:
85
              break:
86
        check[0]=false;
87
88
        check[1]=false;
        check[2]=false;
89
90
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
91
92
        return NULL;
93 }
 95 void* producer(void* arg)
 96 {
 97
        int p_num = *(int *)arg;
 98
        int p1_sum = 0, p2_sum = 0,p3_sum = 0;
        pdc[0].pi = "producer 1 (aircraft):
 99
        pdc[1].pi = "producer 2:
100
101
        pdc[2].pi = "producer 3:
```

```
24
      int num = 0;
25 };
26 pi_item pdc[3];
```

21 **struct** pi_item

string pi;

22 {

23

Producer 內變數介紹:

p num:將讀入參數轉成 int 型態,作用為判斷讀入的 function 為哪一個 producer

p1 sum~p3 sum:紀錄每一個 producer 製作了幾台空拍機 pdc[0~2].p1:這是一個 struct 型態(配合上方黃框程式碼),用 於記錄每一個 producer 的名稱和製作幾台空拍機(方便之後 的排序)

```
while(sum != 50)
                    與 dispatcher 一樣,直到空拍機總數達 50 前持續執行,if(p_num == 1)為判斷
  if(p_num == 1)
                    是哪一個 producer,往後的 producer 都有此判斷,以區分每一個 producer
     bool take=false;
     int item_num;
                                  take:判斷是否有從平台拿取零件
     pthread_mutex_lock(&lock);
                                  item_lock:如有拿取零件,紀錄是哪一個零件
     check[0] = true;
     if(sum == 50)
                                  將 mutex 鎖上後 check[0]=true, 紀錄 producer1 已進入 CS(平台)中
       pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
                                  查看過
       break:
     for(int i=0;i<2;i++)</pre>
                                           利用迴圈逐一判斷平台內是否有 producer1 需要的零件
       if(dis[i] == true && p1_item[i] == false
                                           判斷方式為 如果 dis(平台)有,但 p1 item(producer1)沒
          dis[i]=false;
                                           有,代表可拿取。當可拿取時將 dis 和 p1 item 狀態交
          p1_item[i] = true;
           item_num = i;
                                           换,並用 item_num 記錄拿取的零件,再將 take=true 表
           take = true:
          break;
                                           示已拿取
       }
       else
           continue;
     if(take == true)
       switch (item_num)
                                                        take = true 代表 producer 已從 CS 中拿
                                                        取,所需零件,因此判斷是哪一個零件
          case 0:
            cout<<"Producer 1 (aircraft): get propeller"<<endl;</pre>
                                                        後輸出對應的零件
            break:
          case 1:
            cout<<"Producer 1 (aircraft): get battery"<<endl;</pre>
            break;
       }
     if(p1_item[0]==true && p1_item[1]==true && p1_item[2]==true)
         p1_sum++;
         pdc[0].num++;
         sum++;
         cout<<"Producer 1 (aircraft): OK "<<p1_sum<<" drone(s)"<<endl;</pre>
         p1_item[0] = false;
         p1 item[1] = false;
         p1_item[2] = true;
```

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pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);

```
else if(p_num == 2)
                                                                           207
                                                                                      else
                                                                           208
                                                                            209
                                                                                         bool take=false:
   bool take=false;
   int item_num;
                                                                           210
                                                                                         int item_num;
   pthread_mutex_lock(&lock);
                                                                            211
                                                                                         pthread_mutex_lock(&lock);
                                                                           212
                                                                                         check[2] = true;;
   check[1] = true;
                                                                            213
                                                                                         if(sum == 50)
   if(sum == 50)
                                                                           214
   {
                                                                            215
                                                                                             pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
       pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
                                                                           216
       break:
                                                                            217
   }
                                                                                         for(int i=0;i<3;i++)</pre>
                                                                            219
   for(int i=0;i<3;i++)</pre>
                                                                                             if(dis[i] == true && p3_item[i] == false)
                                                                           221
       if(dis[i] == true && p2_item[i] == false)
                                                                           222
                                                                                             {
                                                                            223
                                                                                                 dis[i]=false;
            dis[i]=false;
                                                                            224
                                                                                                 p3_item[i] = true;
            p2_item[i] = true;
                                                                                                 item_num = i;
                                                                           225
            item_num = i;
                                                                           226
                                                                                                 take = true;
            take = true;
                                                                                                 break;
                                                                           227
                                                                           228
            break:
                                                                           229
230
                                                                                             else
       }
                                                                                                 continue:
       else
                                                                                         }
            continue;
                                                                           231
   }
                                                                            232
                                                                           233
                                                                                         if(take == true)
                                                                            234
   if(take == true)
                                                                           235
                                                                                             switch (item_num)
                                                                            236
       switch (item_num)
                                                                            237
                                                                                                case 0:
       {
                                                                            238
                                                                                                    cout<<"Producer 3: get propeller"<<endl;</pre>
                                                                            239
              cout<<"Producer 2: get propeller"<<endl;</pre>
                                                                            240
              break;
                                                                           241
                                                                                                   cout<<"Producer 3: get battery"<<endl;</pre>
           case 1:
                                                                           242
              cout<<"Producer 2: get battery"<<endl;</pre>
                                                                            243
              break;
                                                                            244
                                                                                                   cout<<"Producer 3: get aircraft"<<endl;</pre>
           case 2:
                                                                           245
                                                                                                   break;
                                                                           246
              cout<<"Producer 2: get aircraft"<<endl;</pre>
                                                                                         }
       }
                                                                            248
                                                                                       if(p3_item[0]==true && p3_item[1]==true && p3_item[2]==true)
   if(p2_item[0]==true && p2_item[1]==true && p2_item[2]==true)
                                                                            250
                                                                                           p3 sum++:
                                                                                           pdc[2].num++;
       p2_sum++;
                                                                            253
                                                                                           cout<<"Producer 3: OK "<<p3_sum<<" drone(s)"<<endl;</pre>
                                                                           254
255
256
                                                                                           p3_item[0] = false;
p3 item[1] = false;
       pdc[1].num++;
        cout<<"Producer 2: OK "<<p2_sum<<" drone(s)"<<endl;</pre>
                                                                                           p3_item[2] = false;
                                                                           257
258
259
260
261
262 }
       p2_item[0] = false;
                                                                                       pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
       p2_item[1] = false;
       p2_item[2] = false;
                                                                                 return NULL;
   pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
```



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Producer 2



Producer 3

由於 producer 2 和 producer 3 的程式碼與 producer 1 的幾乎相同,因此就不多加進行贅述,producer 2 和 producer 3 的程式碼如上

```
286
           pthread_join(thr[3] , NULL);
287
           cout<<endl<<"Dispatcher has prepared "<<dis_item[0]<<" [Propeller] module accessories"<<endl;</pre>
288
           cout<<"Dispatcher has prepared "<<dis_item[1]<<" [Battery] module accessories"<<endl;
cout<<"Dispatcher has prepared "<<dis_item[2]<<" [Aircraft] module accessories"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
289
290
291
292
           sort(pdc , pdc+3, compare);
293
           for(int i=0:i<3:i++)</pre>
                                                                                     當 join 等待 thread 執行完後 main thread 輸
294
               cout<<pdc[i].pi<<pdc[i].num<<" aerial cameras"<<endl;</pre>
295
                                                                                     出 dispatcher 分配給平台的各項零件數
296
297 }
27 pool compare(pi_item p1,pi_item p2)
28
29
      return p1.num > p2.num;
30
```

輸出完後將 pdc 進行排序(compare 為排序依據,由於 struct 的排序需要自己寫排序依據,參考上方綠色框中程式碼),排序完後依序將 pdc[0~2](每個 producer 製作的空拍機數量)輸出,至此所有程式結束

編譯方法:

Box:~/Desktop\$ g++ /home/jacky/Desktop/HW_3.cpp -o/home/jacky/Desktop/HW_3.out -Wall

打開 ubuntu 的 terminal 輸入 g++/檔案位置/檔名.cpp -o/檔案位置/檔名.out -Wall 建立.out 檔

//Desktop\$./HW_3.out 0 10

Producer 2: get battery

輸入 ./檔名.out a b 執行.out 檔及輸入參數

觀看(部分)結果:

```
Dispatcher: propeller
Producer 2:
              get propeller
Producer 2: OK 13 drone(s)
Producer 2: get aircraft
Dispatcher: battery
Producer 1 (aircraft): get battery
Dispatcher: aircraft
Dispatcher: battery
Producer 2: get battery
Dispatcher: battery
Producer 3:
              get battery
Producer 3: OK 16 drone(s)
Producer 3: get aircraft
Dispatcher: propeller
              get propeller
Producer 2:
Producer 2: OK 14 drone(s)
Dispatcher: aircraft
Producer 2: get aircraft
Dispatcher: aircraft
Dispatcher: propeller
Producer 1 (aircraft): get propeller
Producer 1 (aircraft): OK 18 drone(s)
Dispatcher: propeller
Producer 3: get propeller
Dispatcher: battery
Producer 1 (aircraft): get battery
Dispatcher: battery
Producer 2: get battery
Dispatcher: propeller
Producer 2: get propeller
Producer 2: OK 15 drone(s)
Producer 2: get aircraft
Dispatcher: propeller
Producer 1 (aircraft): get propeller
Producer 1 (aircraft): OK 19 drone(s)
Dispatcher has prepared 51 [Propeller] module accessories
Dispatcher has prepared 50 [Battery] module accessories
Dispatcher has prepared 33 [Aircraft] module accessories
producer 1 (aircraft): 19 aerial cameras
producer 3: 16 aerial cameras
producer 2: 15 aerial cameras
```