CIS 350 – INFRASTRUCTURE TECHNOLOGIES SMALL GROUP ACTIVITY #4

Names of group

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Topic: The operation of the CPU and memory, Machine cycle, Instructions

Logistics

- 1. Get in touch with your group of 4 or 5 students. (See Groups folder on Blackboard.)
- 2. Discuss and complete the assignment together via E-mail, Discussion Forum, Blackboard Collaborate Ultra, and/or MS Teams.
- 3. Choose a recorder to prepare the final copy (one per group) and submit it via the Blackboard Assignments/Small Group Activities folder to the instructor.
- 4. Be sure all group members' names are on final copy. Do <u>not</u> add names of your group classmates who did not participate in the assignment.

Assignment One

Suppose that the following instruction is found at the given address/location in memory:

AddressInstruction

05 LDA 20 06

.... Data

20 15

The instruction LDA 20 residing at address 05 loads the contents of memory location 20, which is 15, into the Accumulator (A). Draw the diagram showing the contents of the CPU (PC, IR, A), MAR, Memory, and MDR, after each of the 5 steps of the fetch-execute cycle is executed. Fill in the table below with the contents of the PC, MAR, MDR, IR, and A as each of the 5 steps of the fetch-execute cycle is performed for that instruction. If the content of the register is unknown, write a question mark "?".

CPU	MAR	Main Memory (RAM)
PC A IR		

DC MAR MDR ID	Α	
PC MAR MDR IR		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$? 20	

MDD

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Assignment Two

4. The following common of stone in the instruction such	
1. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle PC → MAR	
MDR → IR If A=0 Then IR [address] → PC Else PC+1 → PC	What instruction does it represent? RP7
The possibilities are: LDA, STO, SUB, ADD, IN, OUT, HLT, BR, B	
2. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle PC → MAR MDR → IR If A≥0 Then IR [address] → PC Else PC+1 → PC	What instruction does it represent? BRP
• •	what instruction does it represent? <u>BRP</u>
3. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle PC → MAR MDR → IR In-basket → A	
$PC + 1 \rightarrow PC$	What instruction does it represent? IN
4. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle $PC \rightarrow MAR$ $MDR \rightarrow IR$	
IR [address] \rightarrow MAR A + MDR \rightarrow A PC+1 \rightarrow PC	What instruction does it represent? ADD
5. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle $PC \rightarrow MAR$ $MDR \rightarrow IR$ $IR [address] \rightarrow PC$	What instruction does it represent? BR
	what instruction does it represent: <u>bix</u>
6. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle PC → MAR MDR → IR IR [address] → MAR A - MDR → A	
PC+1 → PC	What instruction does it represent? <u>SUB</u>
7. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle: PC → MAR MDR → IR IR [address] → MAR	
$\begin{array}{l} MDR \to A \\ PC+1 \to PC \end{array}$	What instruction does it represent? <u>LDA</u>
8. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle $PC \rightarrow MAR$	
MDR \rightarrow IR PC \rightarrow 0 or PC \rightarrow PC (remains the same)	What instruction does it represent? HLT
9. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle $PC o MAR$	
$MDR \rightarrow IR$ $A \rightarrow Out$ -basket	
PC + 1 → PC	What instruction does it represent? <u>OUT</u>
10. The following sequence of steps in the instruction cycle: $PC \rightarrow MAR$ $MDR \rightarrow IR$ $IR [address] \rightarrow MAR$	
$A \rightarrow MDR$ PC+1 \rightarrow PC	What instruction does it represent? <u>STO</u>
	·p· <u>2.0</u>

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