## 615 Assignment 4 Task 3

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12/6/2021

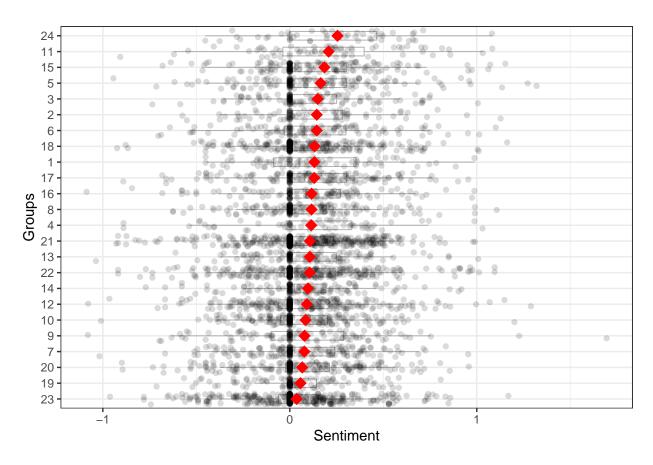
# Get the function from source

```
source("Book2TN-v6A-1.R")
book<-gutenberg_download(105)</pre>
## Determining mirror for Project Gutenberg from http://www.gutenberg.org/robot/harvest
## Using mirror http://aleph.gutenberg.org
# output book into txt file.
# write.table(book, "book.txt")
newbook <- book %>%
  mutate(
    linenumber = row_number(),
    chapter = cumsum(str_detect(text,
                                 regex("^chapter [\\divxlc]",
                                       ignore case = TRUE)))) %>%
  unnest_tokens(word, text)
 # rename the book into tidy_book
tidy_books <- book</pre>
 # read txt table
book_fix <- read.table("book.txt", header = T)</pre>
# Upload book to server
# tnBooksFromLines(book_fix$text, "Jane_Austen/persuation")
# query from tnum server
TQ5<- tnum.query('Jane_Austen/persuation/section# has text', max=70000)
## Returned 1 thru 2877 of 2877 results
# get the tnum method of words
DF5 <- tnum.objectsToDf(TQ5)</pre>
# get the table for book
DF5 %>% select(subject:numeric.value)%>% head()
##
                                                                subject property
## 1 jane_austen/persuation/section:0001/paragraph:0001/sentence:0001
                                                                             text
## 2 jane_austen/persuation/section:0001/paragraph:0002/sentence:0001
                                                                             text
## 3 jane_austen/persuation/section:0001/paragraph:0004/sentence:0001
                                                                             text
```

```
## 4 jane_austen/persuation/section:0001/paragraph:0007/sentence:0001
                                                                           text
## 5 jane_austen/persuation/section:0001/paragraph:0007/sentence:0002
                                                                           text
## 6 jane_austen/persuation/section:0001/paragraph:0007/sentence:0003
                                                                           text
##
## 1
## 2
                                                              ""Walter Elliot, born March 1, 1760, marri
## 4 "Then followed the history and rise of the ancient and respectable family, in the usual terms; how
## 5
## 6
    numeric.value
## 1
## 2
                NA
## 3
                NA
## 4
                NA
## 5
                NA
## 6
                NA
# Select sentence from book in subject, section, value method.
book_sentence<-DF5 %>% separate(col=subject,
                  into = c("path1", "path2", "section",
                           "paragraph", "sentence"),
                  sep = "/"
                  fill = "right") %>%
  select(section:string.value)
book_sentence <-book_sentence %>%
  mutate_at(c('section','paragraph','sentence'),~str_extract_all(.,"\\d+") %>%
              unlist() %>% as.numeric())
```

## Compare with Task2

```
# I use sentimentr to get sentiment score group by thee
# scores with each section to get the average result
sentence_out <- book_sentence %>%
    dplyr::mutate(sentence_split = get_sentences(string.value)) %$%
    sentiment_by(sentence_split, list(section))
# And plot them
plot(sentence_out)
```

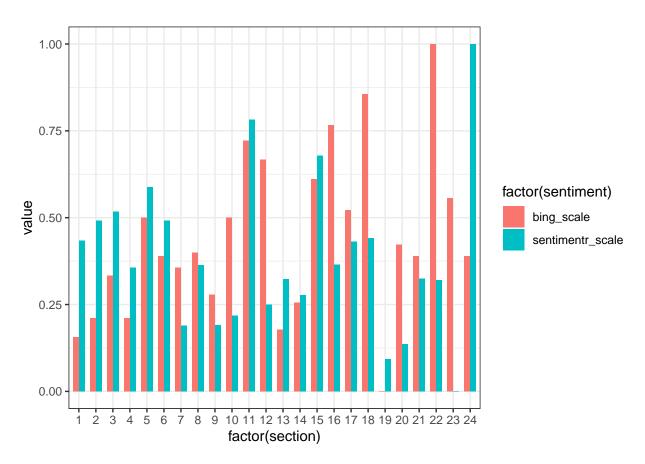


```
## Joining, by = "word"
```

```
# Creat zscore function
zscore<-function(input){
   return((input-min(input))/(max(input)-min(input)))
}
# get the zscore for sentence and word in bing dictionary
new_bing2 <- new_bing %>%
   mutate(bing_scale = zscore(sentiment)) %>%
   select(method, index, bing_scale)

# Rename colname in order to join by section
colnames(new_bing2)[2]='section'
```

```
# get the zscore for sentence_out
sentence_out <- sentence_out %>%
  mutate(sentimentr scale = zscore(ave sentiment))
# join two data frame together
sentence_out_2method <- left_join(sentence_out,new_bing2,by='section')%>%
  select(section,bing_scale,sentimentr_scale)
# use pivot longer for ggplot
sentence_out_2method_plot <- sentence_out_2method %>%
  pivot_longer(cols = c('sentimentr_scale', 'bing_scale'),
               names_to = 'sentiment')
# create barplot to compare
sentence_out_2method_plot %>%
  ggplot(aes(y = value, x = factor(section))) +
  geom_bar(aes(fill = factor(sentiment)),
           stat = 'identity', position = "dodge", width = 0.7) +
  theme_bw()
```



The graph shows the difference between bing zscore and sentiment zscore. We can find that the trend are similar however, the difference between zscore is much larger. In some of the chapter, some words through bing dictionary are more optimistic than sentimentr. However, in some chapter some words through bing dictionary are pessimistic. I think sentiment is much better

Reference: https://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/105 Code are reference from Yuli Jin. Github:https://github.

 $com/MA615-Yuli/MA615\_assignment4\_new\ and\ from\ https://www.tidytextmining.com/sentiment.html$ 

Difference between my code and Jin's code is that due to my book have much more positive words than negative words, I use zscore instead of scale to compare. According to zscore, I can find the similar trend. Without zscore, I found the different trend for emotion for each section.