Lab 5 - Fibonacci Number

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The last laboratory exercise requires you to code the Fibonacci Number routine using the stack.

Please create a file named Fibonacci.asm in ebe (or in any text editor of your choice).

Question 1 - Fibonacci Number.

Write an assembly language program that does the following:

- Reads in a number from terminal using scanf
- Computes the **closest** Fibonacci number to the input number. In the case of equal distance, it should output the higher number.
- Display this number in terminal using printf

The Fibonacci sequence of numbers is defined as in Equation 1:

fib
$$(1) = 1$$
,
fib $(2) = 1$,
fib $(n) = \text{fib}(n-1) + \text{fib}(n-2)$ for $n > 2$

In other words, the first two numbers in the Fibonacci sequence are 1. The subsequent numbers are obtained by adding the previous two numbers in the sequence. Thus,

$$1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, \ldots,$$

is the Fibonacci sequence of numbers.

In this exercise, write a function to compute the closest Fibonacci number to a given input number. In the case of a tie, use the higher number. The main procedure should request this input number and passes it on to the fibonacci function. You must use the **stack** to store the numbers.

The outline can be given as:

```
segment .data
        dq
             0
                       ; the number for comparison
   scanf_format
                  db
                      "%ld",0
   printf_format
                      "The number closest to the fib(%ld) is = %ld",0x0a,0
                 db
        segment .text
        global main
        global fibonacci
        extern scanf
        extern printf
main:
```

Submission

The files must be submitted through Canvas by 5pm May 27, 2019. The grading rubric is given in Table 1.

Table 1: Grading rubric

File	Aspects	Points
Fibonacci.asm	Correct result Correct use of stack Correct use of Fibonacci function Correct use of scanf and printf Documentation	20 25 25 20 10