

class09 structural bioinformatics

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```
pdbdata <- read.csv("Data Export Summary.csv")
pdbdata
```

	Molecular.Type	X.ray	EM	NMR	Multiple.methods	Neutron	Other
1	Protein (only)	158,844	11,759	12,296	197	73	32
2	Protein/Oligosaccharide	9,260	2,054	34	8	1	0
3	Protein/NA	8,307	3,667	284	7	0	0
4	Nucleic acid (only)	2,730	113	1,467	13	3	1
5	Other	164	9	32	0	0	0
6	Oligosaccharide (only)	11	0	6	1	0	4
	Total						
1		183,201					
2		11,357					
3		12,265					
4		4,327					
5		205					
6		22					

Q1: What percentage of structures in the PDB are solved by X-Ray and Electron Microscopy.

93.15%

Q2: What proportion of structures in the PDB are protein?

86.67%

Q3: Type HIV in the PDB website search box on the home page and determine how many HIV-1 protease structures are in the current PDB?

200

Q4: Water molecules normally have 3 atoms. Why do we see just one atom per water molecule in this structure?

Only the hydrogen bonding hydrogens in the water molecule are shown

Q5: There is a critical “conserved” water molecule in the binding site. Can you identify this water molecule? What residue number does this water molecule have

Asp 25 binds the water molecule

Q6: Generate and save a figure clearly showing the two distinct chains of HIV-protease along with the ligand. You might also consider showing the catalytic residues ASP 25 in each chain and the critical water (we recommend “Ball & Stick” for these side-chains). Add this figure to your Quarto document.



Q7: [Optional] As you have hopefully observed HIV protease is a homodimer (i.e. it is composed of two identical chains). With the aid of the graphic display can you identify secondary structure elements that are likely to only form in the dimer rather than the monomer?

There is a beta sheet that forms between the two monomers that would not be possible if there was only one monomer.

```
library(bio3d)
pdb <- read.pdb("1hsg")
```

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file

```
pdb
```

```
Call: read.pdb(file = "1hsg")
```

```
Total Models#: 1
Total Atoms#: 1686, XYZs#: 5058 Chains#: 2 (values: A B)

Protein Atoms#: 1514 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 198)
Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)

Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 172 (residues: 128)
Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ HOH (127), MK1 (1) ]
```

```
Protein sequence:
```

```
PQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKEALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYD
QILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTPVNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNFPQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKE
ALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYDQILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTP
VNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNF
```

```
+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
      calpha, remark, call
```

Q7: How many amino acid residues are there in this pdb object?

198

Q8: Name one of the two non-protein residues?

MK1

Q9: How many protein chains are in this structure?

2

```
attributes(pdb)
```

```
$names
[1] "atom"    "xyz"      "seqres" "helix"  "sheet"  "calpha" "remark" "call"
```

```
$class
[1] "pdb" "sse"
```

```
head(pdb$atom)
```

	type	eleno	elety	alt	resid	chain	resno	insert	x	y	z	o	b
1	ATOM	1	N	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.361	39.686	5.862	1	38.10
2	ATOM	2	CA	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	30.307	38.663	5.319	1	40.62
3	ATOM	3	C	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.760	38.071	4.022	1	42.64
4	ATOM	4	O	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	28.600	38.302	3.676	1	43.40
5	ATOM	5	CB	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	30.508	37.541	6.342	1	37.87
6	ATOM	6	CG	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.296	37.591	7.162	1	38.40

	segid	elesy	charge
1	<NA>	N	<NA>
2	<NA>	C	<NA>
3	<NA>	C	<NA>
4	<NA>	O	<NA>
5	<NA>	C	<NA>
6	<NA>	C	<NA>

```
adk <- read.pdb("6s36")
```

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file
PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

```
adk
```

```
Call: read.pdb(file = "6s36")
```

```
Total Models#: 1
Total Atoms#: 1898, XYZs#: 5694 Chains#: 1 (values: A)

Protein Atoms#: 1654 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 214)
Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)
```

Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 244 (residues: 244)
Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [CL (3), HOH (238), MG (2), NA (1)]

Protein sequence:

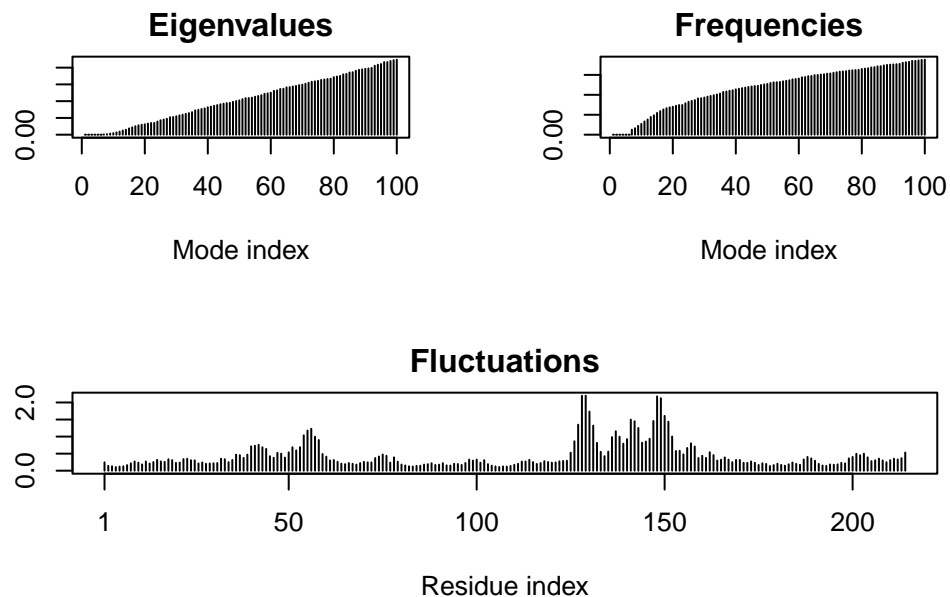
MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMRLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLV
DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDKI
VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPEVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQM TAPLIG
YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTPVAEVRADLEKILG

+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
calpha, remark, call

```
# Perform flexibility prediction  
m <- nma(adk)
```

Building Hessian... Done in 0.013 seconds.
Diagonalizing Hessian... Done in 0.267 seconds.

```
plot(m)
```



```
mktrj(m, file="adk_m7.pdb")
```

Q10. Which of the packages above is found only on BioConductor and not CRAN?

msa

Q11. Which of the above packages is not found on BioConductor or CRAN?:

Grantlab/bio3d-view

Q12. True or False? Functions from the devtools package can be used to install packages from GitHub and BitBucket?

True

```
library(bio3d)
aa <- get.seq("lake_A")
```

Warning in get.seq("lake_A"): Removing existing file: seqs.fasta

Fetching... Please wait. Done.

aa

```

      1      .      .      .      .      .      60
pdb|1AKE|A  MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLV
      1      .      .      .      .      .      60

      61      .      .      .      .      .      120
pdb|1AKE|A  DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDRI
      61      .      .      .      .      .      120

     121      .      .      .      .      .      180
pdb|1AKE|A  VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKNPPKVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIG
     121      .      .      .      .      .      180

     181      .      .      .      214
pdb|1AKE|A  YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTPVAEVRADLEKILG
     181      .      .      .      214
```

Call:

```

read.fasta(file = outfile)

Class:
  fasta

Alignment dimensions:
  1 sequence rows; 214 position columns (214 non-gap, 0 gap)

+ attr: id, ali, call

```

Q13. How many amino acids are in this sequence, i.e. how long is this sequence?

214

```

# Blast or hmmer search
#b <- blast.pdb(aa)

# Plot a summary of search results
#hits <- plot(b)
hits <- NULL
hits$pdb.id <- c('1AKE_A', '6S36_A', '6RZE_A', '3HPR_A', '1E4V_A', '5EJE_A', '1E4Y_A', '3X2S_A', '

# List out some 'top hits'
head(hits$pdb.id)

```

```
[1] "1AKE_A" "6S36_A" "6RZE_A" "3HPR_A" "1E4V_A" "5EJE_A"
```

```

# Download related PDB files
files <- get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path="pdbs", split=TRUE, gzip=TRUE)

```

```
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/1AKE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download
```

```
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6S36.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download
```

```
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6RZE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download
```


Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/3HPR.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/1E4V.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/5EJE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/1E4Y.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/3X2S.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6HAP.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6HAM.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/4K46.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/3GMT.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/4PZL.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

	0%
=====	8%
=====	15%
=====	23%



```
# Align releated PDBs
pdbs <- pdbaln(files, fit = TRUE)
```

Reading PDB files:

```
pdbs/split_chain/1AKE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6S36_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6RZE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3HPR_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/1E4V_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/5EJE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/1E4Y_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3X2S_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6HAP_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6HAM_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4K46_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3GMT_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4PZL_A.pdb
```

```
  PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
.   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
.   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
```

```

.   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
..  PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
.... PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
.   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
...

```

Extracting sequences

```

pdb/seq: 1   name: pdbc/split_chain/1AKE_A.pdb
          PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 2   name: pdbc/split_chain/6S36_A.pdb
          PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 3   name: pdbc/split_chain/6RZE_A.pdb
          PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 4   name: pdbc/split_chain/3HPR_A.pdb
          PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 5   name: pdbc/split_chain/1E4V_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 6   name: pdbc/split_chain/5EJE_A.pdb
          PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 7   name: pdbc/split_chain/1E4Y_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 8   name: pdbc/split_chain/3X2S_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 9   name: pdbc/split_chain/6HAP_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 10  name: pdbc/split_chain/6HAM_A.pdb
          PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 11  name: pdbc/split_chain/4K46_A.pdb
          PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 12  name: pdbc/split_chain/3GMT_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 13  name: pdbc/split_chain/4PZL_A.pdb

```

```

# Vector containing PDB codes for figure axis
ids <- basename.pdb(pdbc$id)

```

```

# Draw schematic alignment
#plot(pdbc, labels=ids)
# Received this when rendering to PDF:
# Error in `plot.new()`:
# ! figure margins too large

```

```

anno <- pdb.annotate(ids)
unique(anno$source)

```

- [1] "Escherichia coli"
- [2] "Escherichia coli K-12"
- [3] "Escherichia coli O139:H28 str. E24377A"
- [4] "Escherichia coli str. K-12 substr. MDS42"
- [5] "Photobacterium profundum"
- [6] "Burkholderia pseudomallei 1710b"
- [7] "Francisella tularensis subsp. tularensis SCHU S4"

anno

	structureId	chainId	macromoleculeType	chainLength	experimentalTechnique
1AKE_A	1AKE	A	Protein	214	X-ray
6S36_A	6S36	A	Protein	214	X-ray
6RZE_A	6RZE	A	Protein	214	X-ray
3HPR_A	3HPR	A	Protein	214	X-ray
1E4V_A	1E4V	A	Protein	214	X-ray
5EJE_A	5EJE	A	Protein	214	X-ray
1E4Y_A	1E4Y	A	Protein	214	X-ray
3X2S_A	3X2S	A	Protein	214	X-ray
6HAP_A	6HAP	A	Protein	214	X-ray
6HAM_A	6HAM	A	Protein	214	X-ray
4K46_A	4K46	A	Protein	214	X-ray
3GMT_A	3GMT	A	Protein	230	X-ray
4PZL_A	4PZL	A	Protein	242	X-ray

	resolution	scopDomain	pfam	ligandId
1AKE_A	2.00	Adenylate kinase	Adenylate kinase (ADK)	AP5
6S36_A	1.60	<NA>	Adenylate kinase (ADK)	CL (3),NA,MG (2)
6RZE_A	1.69	<NA>	Adenylate kinase (ADK)	NA (3),CL (2)
3HPR_A	2.00	<NA>	Adenylate kinase (ADK)	AP5
1E4V_A	1.85	Adenylate kinase	Adenylate kinase (ADK)	AP5
5EJE_A	1.90	<NA>	Adenylate kinase (ADK)	AP5,CO
1E4Y_A	1.85	Adenylate kinase	Adenylate kinase (ADK)	AP5
3X2S_A	2.80	<NA>	Adenylate kinase (ADK)	JPY (2),AP5,MG
6HAP_A	2.70	<NA>	Adenylate kinase (ADK)	AP5
6HAM_A	2.55	<NA>	Adenylate kinase (ADK)	AP5
4K46_A	2.01	<NA>	Adenylate kinase (ADK)	ADP,AMP,PO4
3GMT_A	2.10	<NA>	Adenylate kinase (ADK)	SO4 (2)
4PZL_A	2.10	<NA>	Adenylate kinase (ADK)	CA,FMT,GOL

	ligandName
1AKE_A	BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
6S36_A	CHLORIDE ION (3),SODIUM ION,MAGNESIUM ION (2)
6RZE_A	SODIUM ION (3),CHLORIDE ION (2)

3HPR_A		BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
1E4V_A		BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
5EJE_A		BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE, COBALT (II) ION
1E4Y_A		BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
3X2S_A	N-(pyren-1-ylmethyl)acetamide (2),	BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE, MAGNESIUM ION
6HAP_A		BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
6HAM_A		BIS(ADENOSINE)-5'-PENTAPHOSPHATE
4K46_A		ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE, ADENOSINE MONOPHOSPHATE, PHOSPHATE ION
3GMT_A		SULFATE ION (2)
4PZL_A		CALCIUM ION, FORMIC ACID, GLYCEROL

source

1AKE_A	Escherichia coli
6S36_A	Escherichia coli
6RZE_A	Escherichia coli
3HPR_A	Escherichia coli K-12
1E4V_A	Escherichia coli
5EJE_A	Escherichia coli 0139:H28 str. E24377A
1E4Y_A	Escherichia coli
3X2S_A	Escherichia coli str. K-12 substr. MDS42
6HAP_A	Escherichia coli 0139:H28 str. E24377A
6HAM_A	Escherichia coli K-12
4K46_A	Photobacterium profundum
3GMT_A	Burkholderia pseudomallei 1710b
4PZL_A	Francisella tularensis subsp. tularensis SCHU S4

1AKE_A STRUCTURE OF THE COMPLEX BETWEEN ADENYLATE KINASE FROM ESCHERICHIA COLI AND THE INHIBIT

6S36_A
6RZE_A
3HPR_A
1E4V_A
5EJE_A
1E4Y_A
3X2S_A
6HAP_A
6HAM_A
4K46_A
3GMT_A
4PZL_A

Cryst

The crys

	citation	rObserved	rFree
1AKE_A	Muller, C.W., et al. J Mol Biol (1992)	0.19600	NA
6S36_A	Rogne, P., et al. Biochemistry (2019)	0.16320	0.23560
6RZE_A	Rogne, P., et al. Biochemistry (2019)	0.18650	0.23500
3HPR_A	Schrank, T.P., et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A (2009)	0.21000	0.24320

1E4V_A	Muller, C.W., et al. Proteins (1993)	0.19600	NA
5EJE_A	Kovermann, M., et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A (2017)	0.18890	0.23580
1E4Y_A	Muller, C.W., et al. Proteins (1993)	0.17800	NA
3X2S_A	Fujii, A., et al. Bioconjug Chem (2015)	0.20700	0.25600
6HAP_A	Kantaev, R., et al. J Phys Chem B (2018)	0.22630	0.27760
6HAM_A	Kantaev, R., et al. J Phys Chem B (2018)	0.20511	0.24325
4K46_A	Cho, Y.-J., et al. To be published	0.17000	0.22290
3GMT_A	Buchko, G.W., et al. Biochem Biophys Res Commun (2010)	0.23800	0.29500
4PZL_A	Tan, K., et al. To be published	0.19360	0.23680

```

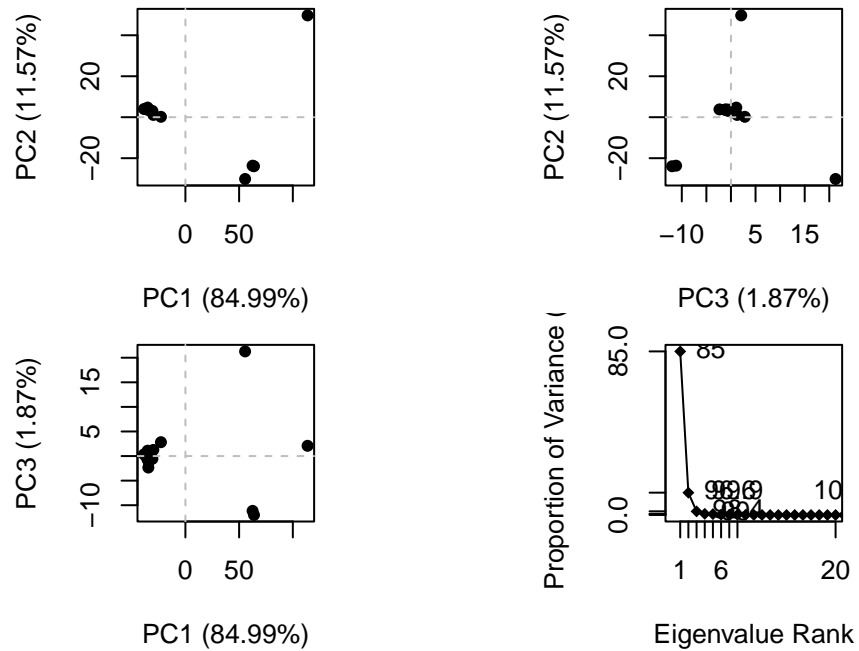
rWork spaceGroup
1AKE_A 0.19600 P 21 2 21
6S36_A 0.15940 C 1 2 1
6RZE_A 0.18190 C 1 2 1
3HPR_A 0.20620 P 21 21 2
1E4V_A 0.19600 P 21 2 21
5EJE_A 0.18630 P 21 2 21
1E4Y_A 0.17800 P 1 21 1
3X2S_A 0.20700 P 21 21 21
6HAP_A 0.22370 I 2 2 2
6HAM_A 0.20311 P 43
4K46_A 0.16730 P 21 21 21
3GMT_A 0.23500 P 1 21 1
4PZL_A 0.19130 P 32

```

```

# Perform PCA
pc.xray <- pca(pdbx)
plot(pc.xray)

```

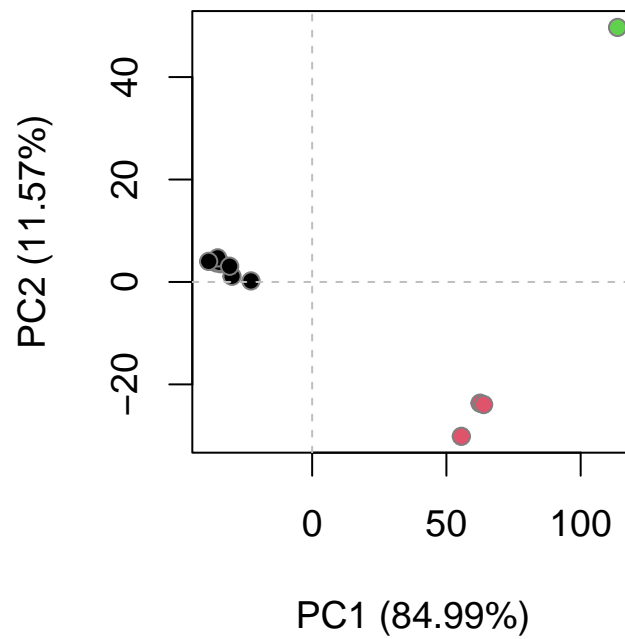


```
# Calculate RMSD
rd <- rmsd(pdbbs)
```

Warning in rmsd(pdbbs): No indices provided, using the 204 non NA positions

```
# Structure-based clustering
hc.rd <- hclust(dist(rd))
grps.rd <- cutree(hc.rd, k=3)

plot(pc.xray, 1:2, col="grey50", bg=grps.rd, pch=21, cex=1)
```



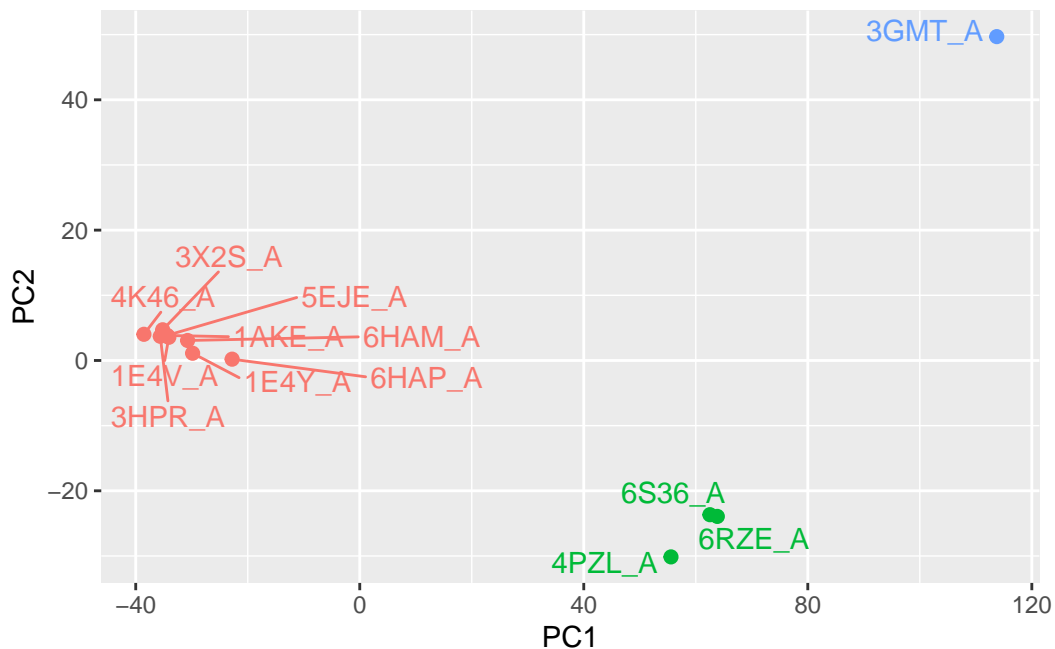
```
# Visualize first principal component
pc1 <- mktrj(pc.xray, pc=1, file="pc_1.pdb")
```

```
#Plotting results with ggplot2
library(ggplot2)
library(ggrepel)
```

```
df <- data.frame(PC1=pc.xray$z[,1],
                 PC2=pc.xray$z[,2],
                 col=as.factor(grps.rd),
                 ids=ids)
```

```
p <- ggplot(df) +
  aes(PC1, PC2, col=col, label=ids) +
  geom_point(size=2) +
  geom_text_repel(max.overlaps = 20) +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
```

```
p
```

```
# NMA of all structures
modes <- nma(pdbbs)
```

Details of Scheduled Calculation:

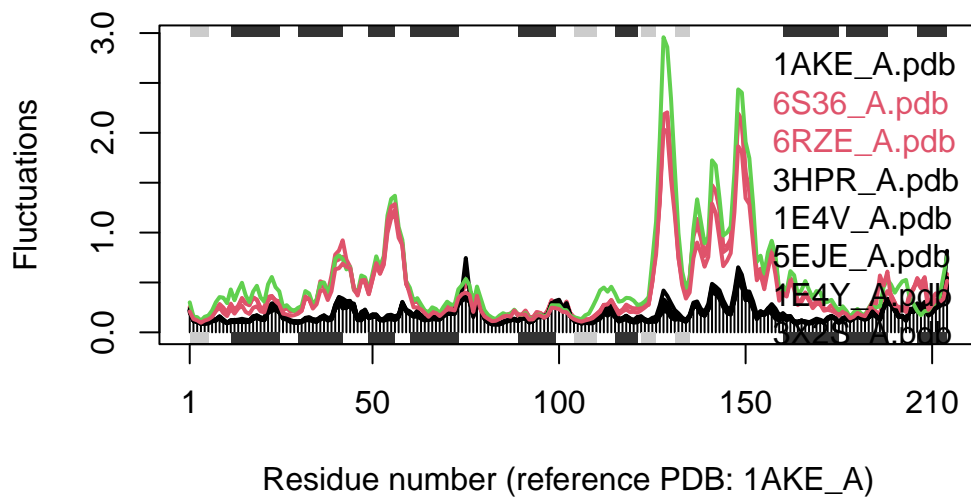
```
... 13 input structures
... storing 606 eigenvectors for each structure
... dimension of x$U.subspace: ( 612x606x13 )
... coordinate superposition prior to NM calculation
... aligned eigenvectors (gap containing positions removed)
... estimated memory usage of final 'eNMA' object: 36.9 Mb
```

		0%
=====		8%
=====		15%
=====		23%



```
plot(modes, pdbs, col=grps.rd)
```

Extracting SSE from pdbs\$sse attribute



Q14. What do you note about this plot? Are the black and colored lines similar or different? Where do you think they differ most and why?

The black lines have less fluctuation than the colored lines. They likely differ most in parts of the protein that are not folded into secondary structures such as sheets or helices. The active sites are also likely places with low fluctuation.