

Work and Energy Worked Example

- A spring with an unstretched length of 40 cm and a k value of 120 N/cm is used to lift a $\frac{1}{2}$ kilogram box from a height of 20 cm to a height of 30 cm. If the box starts at rest, what would you expect the final velocity to be?



$$PE_{sp} = W_{sp} = \frac{1}{2} k \Delta x^2$$

$$\Delta x_i = (0.4 - 0.2) = 0.2 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta x_f = (0.4 - 0.3) = 0.1 \text{ m}$$

$$x_{nom} = 0.4 \text{ m}$$

$$PE_{gi} = mgh_i$$

$$PE_{gf} = mgh_f$$

$$k = 120 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{cm}} = 12,000 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}}$$

$$KE_i + PE_i + W_{i \rightarrow f} = KE_f + PE_f$$

$$mgh_i + \frac{1}{2} k \Delta x_i^2 = \frac{1}{2} m v_f^2 + mgh_f + \frac{1}{2} k \Delta x_f^2$$

$$(0.5)(9.8)(0.2) + \frac{1}{2} (12,000)(0.2)^2 = \frac{1}{2} (0.5) v_f^2 + (0.5)(9.8)(0.3) + \frac{1}{2} (12,000)(0.1)^2$$

$$v_f = 8.37 \text{ m/s}$$