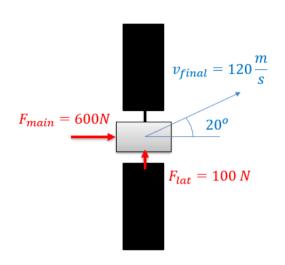
Force Method in Two Dimensions (Worked Example)

 You are controlling a satellite with a mass of 300 kg. The main and lateral thrusters can exert the forces shown. How long do you need to run each of the thrusters to achieve the final velocity as shown in the diagram? Assume the satellite has zero initial velocity.





$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{120 \cos(20) m/s}{t}$$

$$V(t) = \alpha t \rightarrow \alpha =$$