

**TEST 1**

**Part 1** Part 1 consists 8 questions worth 5 points each. Clearly indicate your answer in the space provided after each question.

*Show all of your work for full credit!*

In evaluating the limits that appear in some of the problems in Part 1, use the limit theorems, limit properties, and techniques studied thus far (but no educated guessing). Consider  $\infty$  and  $-\infty$  as possible values. If a limit has no value, not even  $\infty$  or  $-\infty$ , state this and indicate why the limit fails to exist.

1. If functions  $f, g$  are continuous with  $f(2) = 5$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} [4f(x) - g(x)] = 11$ , find  $g(2)$ .

2. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x + 1}{5x - 2}$ .

3. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x + 2}$ .

4. If  $f(x) = x \sin(x^2) + 1$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$ , what is the function  $f \circ g$ ?

5. Determine the  $x$ -values where the following function  $y = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$  **fails** to be continuous.

6. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-3x^2 + 2x}{9x^2 - 4x + 1}$

7. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{1-x}{x-2}$

8. Evaluate  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+h)^2 - 1}{h}$ .

**Part 2.** Part 2 consists of 5 problems #1 is worth 12 points, #2-4 are worth 10 each, and #5 is worth 18 points. Again, show all the work required to work the problems.

A final answer (even if correct) without the relevant steps will not earn full credit.

- a. Suppose the position  $s$  (in feet) of a particle moving along the  $y$ -axis at time  $t$  (in sec) is given by  $s = y = t^2 - 2t$ ,  $t \geq 0$ . Find the **average** velocity  $v_{ave}$  (complete with units of measure) of the particle over the time interval from  $t = 1$  to  $t = 4$  seconds.
  - b. Find the equation of the tangent line to the function  $y = f(x)$  at the point  $P$  whose  $x$ -coordinate is 2 if it is known that  $f(2) = -3$  and  $f'(2) = 7$

2 a. For what value of the constant  $c$  is the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + c & \text{if } x \geq 2 \\ -cx + 8 & \text{if } x < 2 \end{cases}$  continuous at  $x = 2$ ?

b. Does the  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sin x$  have a value? If so, what is the value (include  $\infty$  and  $-\infty$  as possible values)? If not, why not?

3. Let  $f(x) = \frac{3}{x}$ . Use the **limit definition of the derivative** to find the derivative  $f'(x)$ .

4. Sketch the graph of an example of a function  $f$  such that

$$\begin{array}{lll} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = 1, & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = -1, & f(0) \text{ is undefined} \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = 0, & \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = 1 & f(2) = 1, \\ & & \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = -1 \end{array}$$

5. a. The graph of  $y = f(x)$  is given to the right.

i. What is the domain of  $f$ ? \_\_\_\_\_

ii. For which value (s) of  $a$  in the domain of  $f$  does  
the  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$  **fail** to exist?  
\_\_\_\_\_

iii. For which value(s) of  $a$  in the domain of  $f$  does  
 $f$  **fail** to be continuous at  $x = a$  ?  
\_\_\_\_\_

b. The graph of  $y = f(x)$  is given to the right. Which of  
the following statements here are *true* (*T*) and which  
are *false* (*F*)?

i.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x)$  does not exist.

ii. The function  $f$  is continuous from the right at  $x=1$ .

iii. The function  $f$  is differentiable at  $x=0$ .