

Generating Julia:

Generating Julia: McMaster Finding Commonalities between 00 and Procedural Languages University

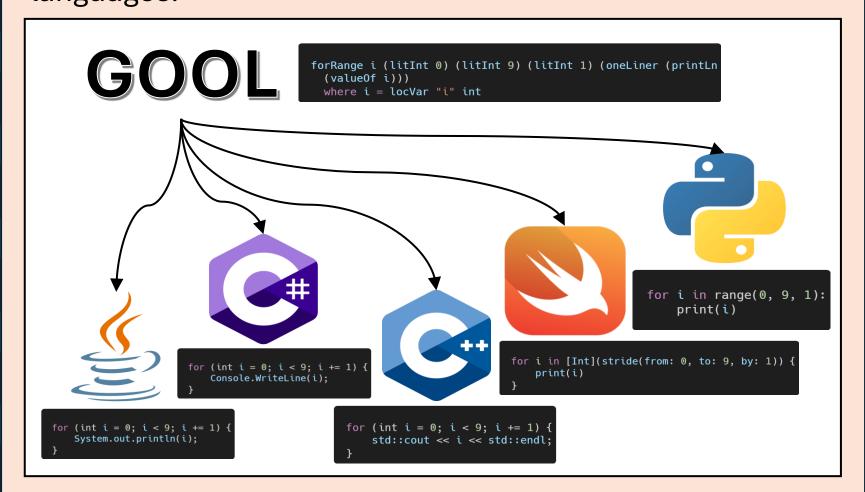
Computing & Software

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Introduction

What is GOOL?

GOOL is our Generic Object-Oriented Language, which we use to generate code in a variety of OO languages. It consists of a series of Haskell typeclasses which together represent an abstract OO language. At the start of the summer, we had 5 renderers from GOOL to different languages.

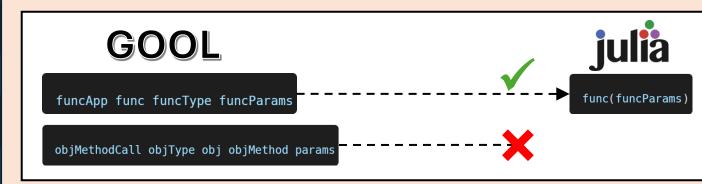


The Task

We want to be able to generate Julia code from GOOL. This will align well with GOOL's primary use case – the Drasil project, which is well-suited towards Scientific Computing.

Problem: Julia is not 00

Julia is not OO, so not everything we can express in GOOL can be expressed in Julia.



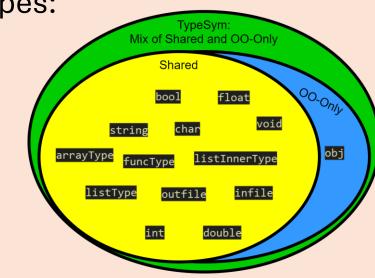
Solution: A New Generic Language!

Since GOOL is too flexible, we need a new set of typeclasses to express what can be expressed in procedural languages. We created GProc, the GOOL of procedural programs.

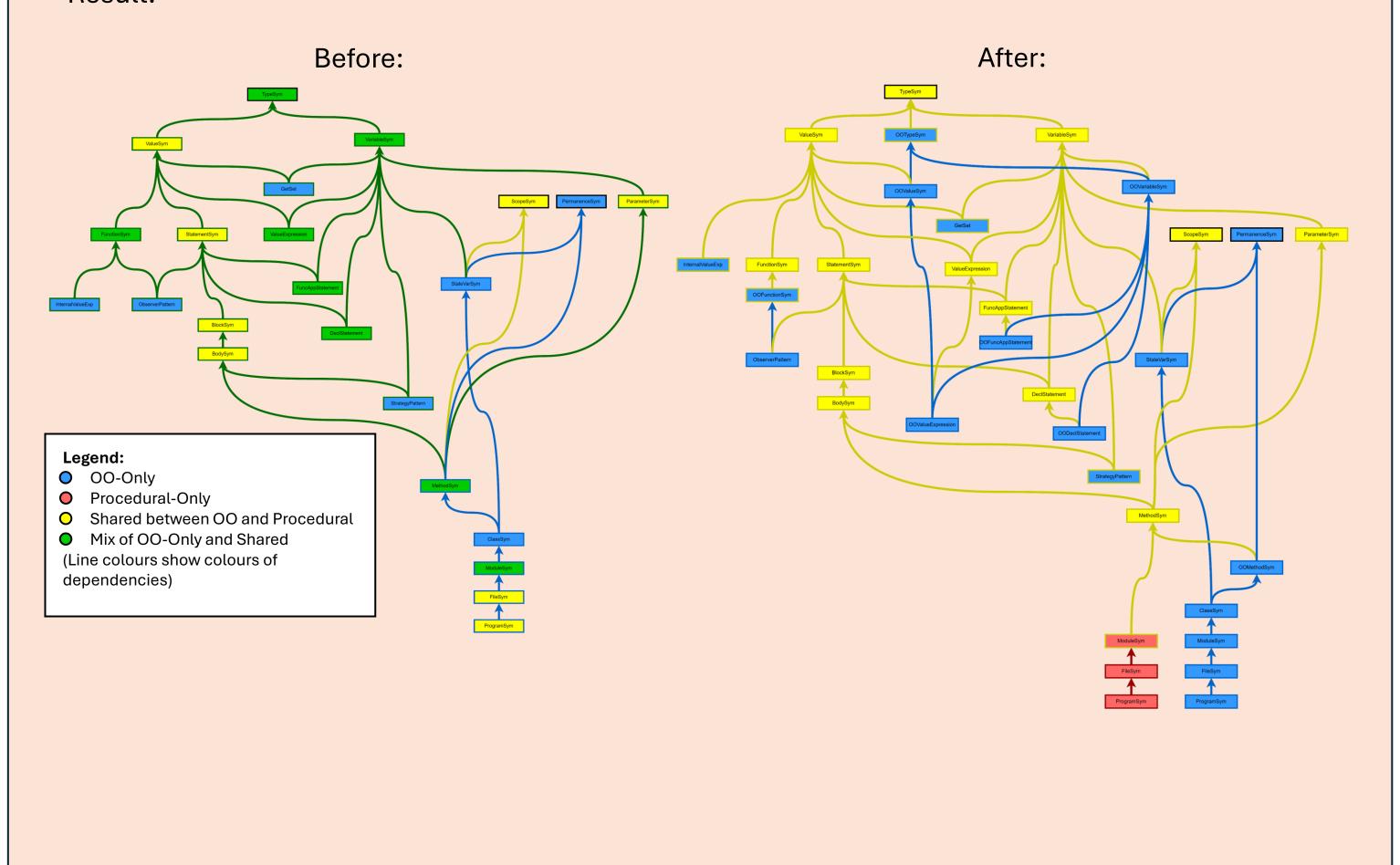
Designing GProc

Goal: minimize code duplication between GOOL and GProc.

- Since most of GOOL is the same as most of GProc, we can reuse many of the typeclasses, as well as their implementations in different renderers.
- Problem: many typeclasses are a mix of elements that can be shared and things that are OO-Only. E.g., types:



- Solution: Split up Mixed typeclasses into Shared and OO-Only components.
- OO typeclasses can inherit from Shared typeclasses.
- Result:



Conclusions and Future Work

- OO and procedural languages have a lot in common:
- 37 typeclasses are shared.
- 19 typeclasses are OO-Only, making GOOL 66% shared.
- 3 typeclasses are Procedural-Only, making GProc 93% shared.
- Next steps:
 - Add struct support to GProc. This will allow for better data-bundling techniques, which are currently lacking in GProc.

