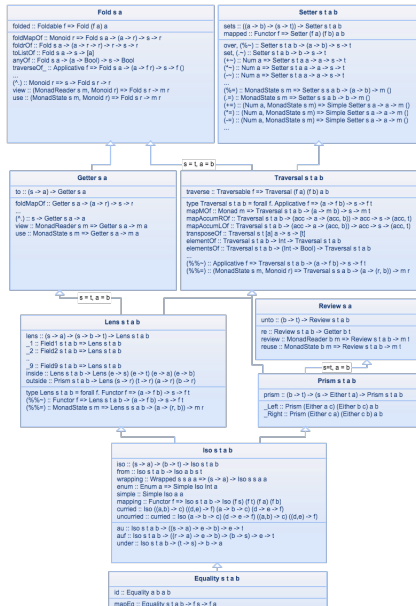


Optics and Type Equivalences

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Optics



Based on a 'reversible' core:

Iso s t a b

```
iso :: (s -> a) -> (b -> t) -> Iso s t a b
from :: Iso s t a b -> Iso a b s t
wrapping :: Wrapped s s a a => (s -> a) -> Iso s s a a
enum :: Enum a => Simple Iso Int a
simple :: Simple Iso a a
mapping :: Functor f => Iso s t a b -> Iso (f s) (f t) (f a) (f b)
curried :: Iso ((a,b) -> c) ((d,e) -> f) (a -> b -> c) (d -> e -> f)
uncurried :: curried :: Iso (a -> b -> c) (d -> e -> f) ((a,b) -> c) ((d,e) -> f)

au :: Iso s t a b -> ((s -> a) -> e -> b) -> e -> t
auf :: Iso s t a b -> ((r -> a) -> e -> b) -> (b -> s) -> e -> t
under :: Iso s t a b -> (t -> s) -> b -> a
```

Lens in Haskell

```
data Lens s a = Lens { view  :: s -> a, set   :: s -> a -> s }
```

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data Lens s a = Lens { view :: s -> a, set :: s -> a -> s }
```

Example:

```
_1 :: Lens (a , b) a  
_1 = Lens { view = fst , set = \s a -> (a, snd s) }
```

Lens in Haskell

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data Lens s a = Lens { view :: s -> a, set :: s -> a -> s }
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Example:

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Laws? Optimizations?

```
view (set s a) == a  
set s (view s) == s  
set (set s a) a' == set s a'
```

Lens in Agda

record **GS-Lens** { $ls\ la : \text{Level}$ } ($S : \text{Set } ls$) ($A : \text{Set } la$) : $\text{Set } (ls \sqcup la)$ where
field

get : $S \rightarrow A$

set : $S \rightarrow A \rightarrow S$

getput : $\{s : S\} \{a : A\} \rightarrow \text{get } (\text{set } s a) \equiv a$

putget : $(s : S) \rightarrow \text{set } s (\text{get } s) \equiv s$

putput : $(s : S) (a\ a' : A) \rightarrow \text{set } (\text{set } s a) a' \equiv \text{set } s a'$

open **GS-Lens**

Works... but the proofs can be tedious in larger examples (later)

Lens in Agda

record **GS-Lens** { $\ell s \ell a : \text{Level}$ } ($S : \text{Set } \ell s$) ($A : \text{Set } \ell a$) : **Set** ($\ell s \sqcup \ell a$) **where**
 field

get : $S \rightarrow A$

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open **GS-Lens**

Works... but the proofs can be tedious in larger examples (later)

fst : $\{A B : \text{Set}\} \rightarrow \text{GS-Lens } (A \times B) A$

fst = **record** { **get** = **proj₁**
 ; **set** = $\lambda s a \rightarrow (a, \text{proj}_2 s)$
 ; **getput** = **refl**
 ; **putget** = $\lambda _ \rightarrow \text{refl}$
 ; **putput** = $\lambda _ _ _ \rightarrow \text{refl}$ }

Lens in Agda 2

Or, the return of constant-complement lenses:

```
record Lens1 {ℓ : Level} (S : Set ℓ) (A : Set ℓ) : Set (suc ℓ) where
  constructor ∃-lens
  field
    {C} : Set ℓ
    iso : S ≃ (C × A)
```

Lens in Agda 2

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`record Lens1 {ℓ : Level} (S : Set ℓ) (A : Set ℓ) : Set (suc ℓ) where`

`constructor ∃-lens`

`field`

`{C} : Set ℓ`

`iso : S ≃ (C × A)`

`fst : {A B : Set} → Lens1 (A × B) A`

`fst = ∃-lens swap★equiv`

Lens in Agda 2

where

record **isqinv** $\{\ell \ell'\} \{A : \text{Set } \ell\} \{B : \text{Set } \ell'\} (f : A \rightarrow B) :$

$\text{Set } (\ell \sqcup \ell')$ **where**

constructor **qinv**

field

$g : B \rightarrow A$

$\alpha : (f \circ g) \sim \text{id}$

$\beta : (g \circ f) \sim \text{id}$

$\underline{\simeq} : \forall \{\ell \ell'\} \rightarrow \text{Set } \ell \rightarrow \text{Set } \ell' \rightarrow \text{Set } (\ell \sqcup \ell')$

$A \simeq B = \sum (A \rightarrow B) \text{ isqinv}$

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```

```
sound : {ℓ : Level} {S A : Set ℓ} → Lens1 S A → GS-Lens S A
```

Lens in Agda 2

Or, the return of constant-complement lenses:

```
record Lens1 {ℓ : Level} (S : Set ℓ) (A : Set ℓ) : Set (suc ℓ) where
  constructor ∃-lens
  field
    {C} : Set ℓ
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```

`sound` : {ℓ : Level} {S A : Set ℓ} → Lens₁ S A → GS-Lens S A

`complete` requires moving to `Setoid` – see online code.

```
__≈__under__ : ∀ {ℓ} {S A : Set ℓ} → (s t : S) (l : GS-Lens S A) → Set ℓ
__≈__under__ s t l = ∀ a → set l s a ≡ set l t a
```

Exploiting type equivalences

module `_` {`A B D : Set`} where

`l1 : Lens1 A A`

`l1 = ∃-lens uniti★equiv`

`l2 : Lens1 (B × A) A`

`l2 = ∃-lens id≃`

`l3 : Lens1 (B × A) B`

`l3 = ∃-lens swap★equiv`

`l4 : Lens1 (D × (B × A)) A`

`l4 = ∃-lens assocl★equiv`

`l5 : Lens1 ⊥ A`

`l5 = ∃-lens factorzequiv`

`l6 : Lens1 ((D × A) ⊔ (B × A)) A`

`l6 = ∃-lens factorequiv`

`uniti★equiv : A ≃ (⊤ × A)`

`id≃ : A ≃ A`

`swap★equiv : A × B ≃ B × A`

`assocl★equiv : (A × B) × C ≃ A × (B × C)`

`factorzequiv : ⊥ ≃ (⊥ × A)`

`factorequiv : ((A × D) ⊔ (B × D)) ≃ ((A ⊔ B) × D)`

Proof relevance

Different proofs that $A \times A \simeq A \times A$ give different lenses:

$l_7 : \text{Lens}_1 (A \times A) A$

$l_7 = \exists\text{-lens id} \simeq$

$l_8 : \text{Lens}_1 (A \times A) A$

$l_8 = \exists\text{-lens swap} \star \text{equiv}$

Plain Curry-Howard: $A \wedge A \equiv A$ implies $A \times A \longleftrightarrow A$ (equi-inhabitation).

Type Equivalences

Semiring

$$a = a$$

$$0 + a = a$$

$$a + b = b + a$$

$$a + (b + c) = (a + b) + c$$

$$1 \cdot a = a$$

$$a \cdot b = b \cdot a$$

$$a \cdot (b \cdot c) = (a \cdot b) \cdot c$$

$$0 \cdot a = 0$$

$$(a + b) \cdot c = (a \cdot c) + (b \cdot c)$$

Type Equivalences

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Types

$$A \simeq A$$

$$\perp \uplus A \simeq A$$

$$A \uplus B \simeq B \uplus A$$

$$A \uplus (B \uplus C) \simeq (A \uplus B) \uplus C$$

$$\top * A \simeq A$$

$$A * B \simeq B * A$$

$$A * (B * C) \simeq (A * B) * C$$

$$\perp * A \simeq \perp$$

$$(A \uplus B) * C \simeq (A * C) \uplus (B * C)$$

Categorify: weak symmetric Rig Groupoids!

Let $c_1 : t_1 \leftrightarrow t_2$, $c_2 : t_3 \leftrightarrow t_4$, $c_3 : t_1 \leftrightarrow t_2$, and $c_4 : t_3 \leftrightarrow t_4$.

Let $a_1 : t_5 \leftrightarrow t_1$, $a_2 : t_6 \leftrightarrow t_2$, $a_3 : t_1 \leftrightarrow t_3$, and $a_4 : t_2 \leftrightarrow t_4$.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} c_1 \leftrightarrow c_3 & c_2 \leftrightarrow c_4 & \\ \hline c_1 \oplus c_2 \leftrightarrow c_3 \oplus c_4 & & c_1 \otimes c_2 \leftrightarrow c_3 \otimes c_4 \\ (a_1 \odot a_3) \oplus (a_2 \odot a_4) \leftrightarrow (a_1 \oplus a_2) \odot (a_3 \oplus a_4) & & \\ (a_1 \odot a_3) \otimes (a_2 \odot a_4) \leftrightarrow (a_1 \otimes a_2) \odot (a_3 \otimes a_4) & & \end{array}$$

Categorify: weak symmetric Rig Groupoids!

Let $c_1 : t_1 \leftrightarrow t_2$, $c_2 : t_2 \leftrightarrow t_3$, and $c_3 : t_3 \leftrightarrow t_4$:

$$c_1 \odot (c_2 \odot c_3) \Leftrightarrow (c_1 \odot c_2) \odot c_3$$

$$(c_1 \oplus (c_2 \oplus c_3)) \odot \text{assocl}_+ \Leftrightarrow \text{assocl}_+ \odot ((c_1 \oplus c_2) \oplus c_3)$$

$$(c_1 \otimes (c_2 \otimes c_3)) \odot \text{assocl}_\times \Leftrightarrow \text{assocl}_\times \odot ((c_1 \otimes c_2) \otimes c_3)$$

$$((c_1 \oplus c_2) \oplus c_3) \odot \text{assocr}_+ \Leftrightarrow \text{assocr}_+ \odot (c_1 \oplus (c_2 \oplus c_3))$$

$$((c_1 \otimes c_2) \otimes c_3) \odot \text{assocr}_\times \Leftrightarrow \text{assocr}_\times \odot (c_1 \otimes (c_2 \otimes c_3))$$

$$\text{assocr}_+ \odot \text{assocr}_+ \Leftrightarrow ((\text{assocr}_+ \oplus \text{id}\leftrightarrow) \odot \text{assocr}_+) \odot (\text{id}\leftrightarrow \oplus \text{assocr}_+)$$

$$\text{assocr}_\times \odot \text{assocr}_\times \Leftrightarrow ((\text{assocr}_\times \otimes \text{id}\leftrightarrow) \odot \text{assocr}_\times) \odot (\text{id}\leftrightarrow \otimes \text{assocr}_\times)$$

Categorify: weak symmetric Rig Groupoids!

Let $c_1 : t_1 \leftrightarrow t_2$, $c_2 : t_3 \leftrightarrow t_4$, and $c_3 : t_5 \leftrightarrow t_6$:

$$((c_1 \oplus c_2) \otimes c_3) \odot \text{dist} \Leftrightarrow \text{dist} \odot ((c_1 \otimes c_3) \oplus (c_2 \otimes c_3))$$

$$(c_1 \otimes (c_2 \oplus c_3)) \odot \text{distl} \Leftrightarrow \text{distl} \odot ((c_1 \otimes c_2) \oplus (c_1 \otimes c_3))$$

$$((c_1 \otimes c_3) \oplus (c_2 \otimes c_3)) \odot \text{factor} \Leftrightarrow \text{factor} \odot ((c_1 \oplus c_2) \otimes c_3)$$

$$((c_1 \otimes c_2) \oplus (c_1 \otimes c_3)) \odot \text{factorl} \Leftrightarrow \text{factorl} \odot (c_1 \otimes (c_2 \oplus c_3))$$

Categorify: weak symmetric Rig Groupoids!

Let $c_0, c_1, c_2, c_3 : t_1 \leftrightarrow t_2$ and $c_4, c_5 : t_3 \leftrightarrow t_4$:

$$id \leftrightarrow \odot c_0 \Leftrightarrow c_0 \quad c_0 \odot id \Leftrightarrow c_0 \quad c_0 \odot ! c_0 \Leftrightarrow id \leftrightarrow \quad ! c_0 \odot c_0 \Leftrightarrow id \leftrightarrow$$

$$id \leftrightarrow \oplus id \Leftrightarrow id \leftrightarrow \quad id \leftrightarrow \otimes id \Leftrightarrow id \leftrightarrow$$

$$c_0 \Leftrightarrow c_0 \quad \frac{c_1 \Leftrightarrow c_2 \quad c_2 \Leftrightarrow c_3}{c_1 \Leftrightarrow c_3} \quad \frac{c_1 \Leftrightarrow c_4 \quad c_2 \Leftrightarrow c_5}{c_1 \odot c_2 \Leftrightarrow c_4 \odot c_5}$$

Categorify: weak symmetric Rig Groupoids!

Let $c_0 : 0 \leftrightarrow 0$, $c_1 : 1 \leftrightarrow 1$, and $c_3 : t_1 \leftrightarrow t_2$:

$$\begin{aligned} unite_+ l \odot c_3 &\Leftrightarrow (c_0 \oplus c_3) \odot unite_+ l & unit_+ l \odot (c_0 \oplus c_3) &\Leftrightarrow c_3 \odot unit_+ l \\ unite_+ r \odot c_3 &\Leftrightarrow (c_3 \oplus c_0) \odot unite_+ r & unit_+ r \odot (c_3 \oplus c_0) &\Leftrightarrow c_3 \odot unit_+ r \\ unite_{\times} l \odot c_3 &\Leftrightarrow (c_1 \otimes c_3) \odot unite_{\times} l & unit_{\times} l \odot (c_1 \otimes c_3) &\Leftrightarrow c_3 \odot unit_{\times} l \\ unite_{\times} r \odot c_3 &\Leftrightarrow (c_3 \otimes c_1) \odot unite_{\times} r & unit_{\times} r \odot (c_3 \otimes c_1) &\Leftrightarrow c_3 \odot unit_{\times} r \\ unite_{\times} l &\Leftrightarrow distl \odot (unite_{\times} l \oplus unite_{\times} l) \\ unite_+ l &\Leftrightarrow swap_+ \odot unite_+ r & unite_{\times} l &\Leftrightarrow swap_{\times} \odot unite_{\times} r \end{aligned}$$

Categorify: weak symmetric Rig Groupoids!

Let $c_1 : t_1 \leftrightarrow t_2$ and $c_2 : t_3 \leftrightarrow t_4$:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{swap}_+ \odot (c_1 \oplus c_2) &\Leftrightarrow (c_2 \oplus c_1) \odot \text{swap}_+ & \text{swap}_\times \odot (c_1 \otimes c_2) &\Leftrightarrow (c_2 \otimes c_1) \odot \text{swap}_\times \\ (\text{assocr}_+ \odot \text{swap}_+) \odot \text{assocr}_+ &\Leftrightarrow ((\text{swap}_+ \oplus \text{id} \leftrightarrow) \odot \text{assocr}_+) \odot (\text{id} \leftrightarrow \oplus \text{swap}_+) \\ (\text{assocl}_+ \odot \text{swap}_+) \odot \text{assocl}_+ &\Leftrightarrow ((\text{id} \leftrightarrow \oplus \text{swap}_+) \odot \text{assocl}_+) \odot (\text{swap}_+ \oplus \text{id} \leftrightarrow) \\ (\text{assocr}_\times \odot \text{swap}_\times) \odot \text{assocr}_\times &\Leftrightarrow ((\text{swap}_\times \otimes \text{id} \leftrightarrow) \odot \text{assocr}_\times) \odot (\text{id} \leftrightarrow \otimes \text{swap}_\times) \\ (\text{assocl}_\times \odot \text{swap}_\times) \odot \text{assocl}_\times &\Leftrightarrow ((\text{id} \leftrightarrow \otimes \text{swap}_\times) \odot \text{assocl}_\times) \odot (\text{swap}_\times \otimes \text{id} \leftrightarrow) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{unite}_+ r \oplus \text{id} \leftrightarrow \Leftrightarrow \text{assocr}_+ \odot (\text{id} \leftrightarrow \oplus \text{unite}_+ l)$$

$$\text{unite}_\times r \otimes \text{id} \leftrightarrow \Leftrightarrow \text{assocr}_\times \odot (\text{id} \leftrightarrow \otimes \text{unite}_\times l)$$

Categorify: weak symmetric Rig Groupoids!

Let $c : t_1 \leftrightarrow t_2$:

$$\begin{aligned}(c \otimes id \leftrightarrow) \odot absorbl &\Leftrightarrow absorbl \odot id \leftrightarrow & (id \leftrightarrow \otimes c) \odot absorbr &\Leftrightarrow absorbr \odot id \leftrightarrow \\ id \leftrightarrow \odot factorzl &\Leftrightarrow factorzl \odot (id \leftrightarrow \otimes c) & id \leftrightarrow \odot factorzr &\Leftrightarrow factorzr \odot (c \otimes absorbr) \\ absorbr &\Leftrightarrow absorbl\end{aligned}$$

$$absorbr \Leftrightarrow (distl \odot (absorbr \oplus absorbr)) \odot unite_+l$$

$$unite_{\times}r \Leftrightarrow absorbr \quad absorbl \Leftrightarrow swap_{\times} \odot absorbr$$

$$absorbr \Leftrightarrow (assocl_{\times} \odot (absorbr \otimes id \leftrightarrow)) \odot absorbr$$

$$(id \leftrightarrow \otimes absorbr) \odot absorbl \Leftrightarrow (assocl_{\times} \odot (absorbl \otimes id \leftrightarrow)) \odot absorbr$$

$$id \leftrightarrow \otimes unite_+l \Leftrightarrow (distl \odot (absorbl \oplus id \leftrightarrow)) \odot unite_+l$$

Categorify: weak symmetric Rig Groupoids!

$$\begin{aligned} ((\text{assocl}_+ \otimes \text{id} \leftrightarrow) \odot \text{dist}) \odot (\text{dist} \oplus \text{id} \leftrightarrow) &\Leftrightarrow (\text{dist} \odot (\text{id} \leftrightarrow \oplus \text{dist})) \odot \text{assocl}_+ \\ \text{assocl}_\times \odot \text{distl} &\Leftrightarrow ((\text{id} \leftrightarrow \otimes \text{distl}) \odot \text{distl}) \odot (\text{assocl}_\times \oplus \text{assocl}_\times) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\text{distl} \odot (\text{dist} \oplus \text{dist})) \odot \text{assocl}_+ &\Leftrightarrow \text{dist} \odot (\text{distl} \oplus \text{distl}) \odot \text{assocl}_+ \odot \\ &(\text{assocr}_+ \oplus \text{id} \leftrightarrow) \odot \\ &((\text{id} \leftrightarrow \oplus \text{swap}_+) \oplus \text{id} \leftrightarrow) \odot \\ &(\text{assocl}_+ \oplus \text{id} \leftrightarrow) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\text{id} \leftrightarrow \otimes \text{swap}_+) \odot \text{distl} &\Leftrightarrow \text{distl} \odot \text{swap}_+ \\ \text{dist} \odot (\text{swap}_\times \oplus \text{swap}_\times) &\Leftrightarrow \text{swap}_\times \odot \text{distl} \end{aligned}$$

So what?

Up shot: coherence theorem (like the one for monoidal categories).

Sound and complete set of rewrites / optimization rules for type equivalences.

More lens programs

`data Colour : Set where red green blue : Colour`

`∃-Colour-in-A+A+A : (A : Set) → Lens1 (A ⊔ A ⊔ A) Colour`

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For $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and nA , `Lens1` proof terms $O(n)$, `GS-Lens` are $O(n^3)$.

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For $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and nA , `Lens1` proof terms $O(n)$, `GS-Lens` are $O(n^3)$.

Inspired by Quantum Computing:

`gcnot-equiv : {A B C : Set} →`

`((A ⊔ B) × (C ⊔ C)) ≃ ((A ⊔ B) × (C ⊔ C))`

`gcnot-equiv = factorequiv • id≃ ⊔≃ (id≃ ×≃ swap+equiv) • distequiv`

`gcnot-lens : {A B C : Set} → Lens1 ((A ⊔ B) × (C ⊔ C)) (C ⊔ C)`

`gcnot-lens {A} {B} = ∃-lens gcnot-equiv`

Equality	$S = A$
Iso	$S \simeq A$
Lens	$\exists C. S \simeq C \times A$
Prism	$\exists C. S \simeq C + A$
Achroma	$\exists C. S \simeq (\top \uplus C) \times A$
Affine	$\exists C, D. S \simeq D \uplus (C \times A)$
Grate	$\exists I. S \simeq I \rightarrow A$
Setter	$\exists F : Set \rightarrow Set. S \simeq FA$

Interfaces for Lens, Prism, etc: \exists -free equivalent!

Geometric interpretation

Iso	$S \simeq A$	S is A up to change of coordinates (CoC)
Lens	$\exists C. S \simeq C \times A$	S is a <i>cartesian product</i> over A , up to CoC
Prism	$\exists C. S \simeq C + A$	S has a <i>partition</i> into A and C , up to CoC

Take home: Really dig into PL for change of coordinates