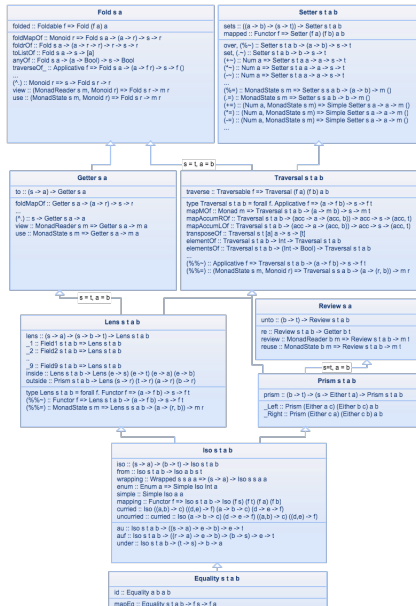


# Optics and Type Equivalences

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# Optics



Based on a 'reversible' core:

## **Iso s t a b**

```
iso :: (s -> a) -> (b -> t) -> Iso s t a b
from :: Iso s t a b -> Iso a b s t
wrapping :: Wrapped s s a a => (s -> a) -> Iso s s a a
enum :: Enum a => Simple Iso Int a
simple :: Simple Iso a a
mapping :: Functor f => Iso s t a b -> Iso (f s) (f t) (f a) (f b)
curried :: Iso ((a,b) -> c) ((d,e) -> f) (a -> b -> c) (d -> e -> f)
uncurried :: curried :: Iso (a -> b -> c) (d -> e -> f) ((a,b) -> c) ((d,e) -> f)

au :: Iso s t a b -> ((s -> a) -> e -> b) -> e -> t
auf :: Iso s t a b -> ((r -> a) -> e -> b) -> (b -> s) -> e -> t
under :: Iso s t a b -> (t -> s) -> b -> a
```

# Lens in Haskell

```
data Lens s a = Lens { view  :: s -> a, set   :: s -> a -> s }
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Example?

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fst :: Lens (a , b) a
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fst = Lens { view = \(a,b) -> a , set = \(a,b) a' -> (a',b) }
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Laws? Optimizations?

```
view (set s a) == a  
set s (view s) == s  
set (set s a) a' == set s a'
```

# Lens in Agda

**record** **GS-Lens** { $ls\ \ell a : \text{Level}$ } ( $S : \text{Set } ls$ ) ( $A : \text{Set } \ell a$ ) : **Set** ( $ls \sqcup \ell a$ ) **where**  
  **field**

**get** :  $S \rightarrow A$

**set** :  $S \rightarrow A \rightarrow S$

**getput** :  $\{s : S\} \{a : A\} \rightarrow \text{get } (\text{set } s\ a) \equiv a$

**putget** :  $(s : S) \rightarrow \text{set } s\ (\text{get } s) \equiv s$

**putput** :  $(s : S) (a\ a' : A) \rightarrow \text{set } (\text{set } s\ a)\ a' \equiv \text{set } s\ a'$

**open** **GS-Lens**

Works... but the proofs can be tedious.

**fst** :  $\{A\ B : \text{Set}\} \rightarrow \text{GS-Lens } (A \times B)\ A$

**fst** = **record** { **get** =  $\lambda \{(a, b) \rightarrow a\}$   
  ; **set** =  $\lambda \{(a, b)\ a' \rightarrow (a', b)\}$   
  ; **getput** =  $\lambda \{s\} \{a\} \rightarrow \text{refl}$   
  ; **putget** =  $\lambda \{(a, b) \rightarrow \text{refl}\}$   
  ; **putput** =  $\lambda \{(a_0, b)\ a_1\ a_2 \rightarrow \text{refl}\}$  }

# Lens in Agda 2

Or, the return of constant-complement lenses:

```
record Lens1 {ℓ : Level} (S : Set ℓ) (A : Set ℓ) : Set (suc ℓ) where
  constructor ∃-lens
  field
    {C} : Set ℓ
    iso : S ≃ (C × A)
fst : {A B : Set} → Lens1 (A × B) A
fst = ∃-lens swap⋆equiv
```



# Lens in Agda 2

where

**record** **isqinv** { $\ell \ell'$ } { $A : \text{Set } \ell$ } { $B : \text{Set } \ell'$ } ( $f : A \rightarrow B$ ) :

**Set** ( $\ell \sqcup \ell'$ ) **where**

**constructor** **qinv**

**field**

$g : B \rightarrow A$

$\alpha : (f \circ g) \sim \text{id}$

$\beta : (g \circ f) \sim \text{id}$

$\underline{\simeq} : \forall \{ \ell \ell' \} \rightarrow \text{Set } \ell \rightarrow \text{Set } \ell' \rightarrow \text{Set } (\ell \sqcup \ell')$

$A \simeq B = \Sigma (A \rightarrow B) \text{ isqinv}$

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sound : {ℓ : Level} {S A : Set ℓ} → Lens1 S A → GS-Lens S A
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```
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```
sound : {ℓ : Level} {S A : Set ℓ} → Lens1 S A → GS-Lens S A
```

complete requires moving to **Setoid** – see online code.

```
__≈__under__ : ∀ {ℓ} {S A : Set ℓ} → (s t : S) (l : GS-Lens S A) → Set ℓ
```

```
__≈__under__ s t l = ∀ a → set l s a ≡ set l t a
```

# Exploiting type equivalences

module `_` {`A B D` : `Set`} where

`l1` : `Lens1` `A` `A`

`l1` = `∃-lens` `uniti★equiv`

`l2` : `Lens1` (`B` × `A`) `A`

`l2` = `∃-lens` `id`≃

`l3` : `Lens1` (`B` × `A`) `B`

`l3` = `∃-lens` `swap★equiv`

`l4` : `Lens1` (`D` × (`B` × `A`)) `A`

`l4` = `∃-lens` `assocl★equiv`

`l5` : `Lens1` ⊥ `A`

`l5` = `∃-lens` `factorzequiv`

`l6` : `Lens1` ((`D` × `A`) ⊔ (`B` × `A`)) `A`

`l6` = `∃-lens` `factorequiv`

`uniti★equiv` :  $A \simeq (\top \times A)$

`id`≃ :  $A \simeq A$

`swap★equiv` :  $A \times B \simeq B \times A$

`assocl★equiv` :  $(A \times B) \times C \simeq A \times (B \times C)$

`factorzequiv` :  $\perp \simeq (\perp \times A)$

`factorequiv` :  $((A \times D) \uplus (B \times D)) \simeq ((A \uplus B) \times D)$