

# Package ‘GeoCleanR’

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**Title** Functions and Packages to Process Geospatial Data in R

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**Description**

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spam,  
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gdalUtils,  
fields,  
cleangeo

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agg_fun	<i>Aggregate Raster</i>
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**Description**

Aggregate Raster

**Usage**

agg\_fun(i, rast)

**Arguments**

i	aggregation factor
rast	raster being aggregated

**Value**

raster

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COUNTIESm	<i>Functions to read in County Shapefiles</i>
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**Description**

Functions to read in County Shapefiles

**Usage**

COUNTIESm(myyears, rddir)

COUNTIESmm(mmyears, rddir)

COUNTIESh(hyears, ddir)

Arguments

- myears                years to grab
- rdir                   from what directory

Details

- Modern Counties
- Middle Modern Counties
- Historical Counties from 1690:2000

Value

- shapefile

---

CRAST_fun	<i>Transform Polygon Shapefile to Raster</i>
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Description

- Transform Polygon Shapefile to Raster

Usage

- CRAST\_fun(SHP, field\_name, Base, GDAL = TRUE, cropmask = TRUE)

Arguments

- SHP                   spatialPolygonDF object
- field\_name           which variable to turn into raster?
- Base                   project SHP to this raster
- GDAL                   which method
- cropmask             mask the raster afterwards

Value

- raster

---

create_counties	<i>Wrapper Functions for County Shapefiles</i>
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**Description**

Wrapper Functions for County Shapefiles

**Usage**

```
create_counties(hyears = c(1980, 1990, 2000), mmyears = 2008:2010,  
               myears = 2011:2015, ddir, rdir)
```

**Arguments**

hyeays, myears, mmyears	vectors of years
ddir, rdir	directory of shapefiles

**Value**

list of county shapefiles

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DF2Raster	<i>Formatting dataframe as rasterstack</i>
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**Description**

Formatting dataframe as rasterstack

**Usage**

```
DF2Raster(DF)
```

**Arguments**

DF	dataframe
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**Value**

rasterstack

**See Also**

DF2stack

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df2raster	<i>rdname DF2Raster</i>
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**Description**

rdname DF2Raster

**Usage**

df2raster(DF)

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DF2stack	<i>Formatting dataframe as rasterstack</i>
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**Description**

Formatting dataframe as rasterstack

**Usage**

DF2stack(DF, dfname)

**Arguments**

DF	dataframe
dfname	names to keep

**Value**

rasterstack

**See Also**

DF2Raster

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df2stack	<i>rdname DF2stack</i>
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**Description**

rdname DF2stack

**Usage**

df2stack(DF, dfname)

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download.raster	<i>Download Rasters</i>
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**Description**

Download Rasters

**Usage**

```
download.raster(shape_url, layer, outdir = getwd(), layer_new = layer)
```

**Arguments**

shape_url	the directory containing the shape files (.shp, .shx, ...)
layer	the name of file to download
outdir	the directory where to save the files
layer_new	the filename to save

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download.shapefile	<i>Download Shapefiles</i>
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**Description**

Download Shapefiles

**Usage**

```
download.shapefile(shape_url, layer, outdir = getwd(),  
  layer_new = layer)
```

**Arguments**

shape_url	the directory containing the shape files (.shp, .shx, ...)
layer	the name of file to download
outdir	the directory where to save the files
layer_new	the filename to save

**References**

jw hollister, Oct 10, 2012

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dyad-maker0	<i>Make Skeleton for Dyadic Panel</i>
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**Description**

Make Skeleton for Dyadic Panel

**Usage**

```
dyad-maker0(times, dyad_name = c("Dyad", "Year"))
```

**Arguments**

times	time period
dyad_name	

**Value**

An empty list to be filled in dyad-maker1

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dyad-maker1	<i>Make A list of dyads</i>
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**Description**

Make A list of dyads

**Usage**

```
dyad-maker1(dyad, d_times, t_span, d_df, d_df_id, d_df_names, d_df2,
  d_df2_names, d_df2_aggnames1, d_df2_aggnames2, d_tab = NULL, d_tabx,
  d_taby)
```

**Arguments**

dyad	, empty list from DYADmaker0 to be filled
d_times	, time periods to create dyads
t_span	number of periods after d_times to include for data-grouping
d_df	, X variables to merge ()
d_df_id	, X merger ID
d_df_names	, X var name of ID
d_df2	<- DT
d_df2_names	<- "Start"
d_tab	, Y variable to merge ( table of battles )
d_tabx	, "BTABx"
d_taby	, "BTABy"
d_df_aggnames1	, X merger name
d_df_aggnames2	<- X merger name

**Value**

A list

---

DYADmaker0

*Make Skeleton for Dyadic Panel*


---

**Description**

Make Skeleton for Dyadic Panel

**Usage**

```
DYADmaker0(times, dyad_name = c("Political", "Dyad", "Year"))
```

**Arguments**

times                      time periods  
dyad\_name

**Value**

An empty list to be filled in DYADmaker1

---

DYADmaker1

*Make A list of dyads*


---

**Description**

Make A list of dyads

**Usage**

```
DYADmaker1(dyad, d_times, t_span, d_df, d_df_var, d_df_id, d_df_names,  
          d_df_aggnames1, d_df_aggnames2, d_df2, d_df2_names, d_tab = NULL,  
          d_tabx, d_taby)
```

**Arguments**

dyad                      , empty list from DYADmaker0 to be filled  
d\_times                   , time periods to create dyads  
t\_span                    number of periods after d\_times to include for data-grouping  
d\_df                      , X variables to merge (POLIS2)  
d\_df\_var                  , X variable names  
d\_df\_id                   , X merger ID  
d\_df\_names               , X var name of ID  
d\_df\_aggnames1          , X merger name  
d\_df\_aggnames2          <- X merger name



```

d_df2      <- DT
d_df2_names <- "Start"
d_tab      , Y variable to merge ( table of battles )
d_tabx     , "BTABx"
d_taby     , "BTABy"

```

**Value**

A list

---

DYADmaker2

*Dyad List Formatting*


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**Description**

Dyad List Formatting

**Usage**

```
DYADmaker2(dfname, dyad, ...)
```

**Arguments**

```

dyad      , DYAD
dfname=c("Polis1",
         "Polis2", "Battles", "Pol1.Politic", "Pol2.Politic", "Year")

```

**Details**

Transforming List into Dyadic DF (Part 3)

**Value**

A dataframe with Battle and Political Data

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ExtractClosest

*Spatial Points/Polygon Extract Closest from Raster*


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**Description**

Spatial Points/Polygon Extract Closest from Raster

Wrapper for Extract Closest

**Usage**

```

ExtractClosest(rast, spdf, ncore = 24, setvals = FALSE,
               returnvec = TRUE)

```

```
extract_closest(rast, spdf, ncore = 24, setvals = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

rast	A raster
spdf	A SpatialPoints, SpatialPointsDataFrame, Matrix or Dataframe of coordinates
ncore	the size of the window used in the neighbourhood calculations
setvals	set raster values to extract
returnvec	return a list (defaults to vector)

**Details**

Extract Closest non-NA Raster Values to Spatial Points in parallel. Use returnlist to return a list when the nearest raster locations are not unique

```
library(raster) xy <- cbind(x=seq(-1,2,by=.1), y=seq(2,-1,by=-.1) ) spdf <- sp::SpatialPoints( xy )
rast <- raster::raster( matrix(runif(100), 10, 10) ) raster::crs(spdf) <- raster::crs(rast) <- "+proj=moll
+lon_0=0 +x_0=0 +y_0=0 +ellps=WGS84 +datum=WGS84 +units=m +no_defs" ExtractClosest(rast,
spdf, 1)
```

**Value**

A list with raster values for each spatial point

---

getSmallPolys	<i>Trim Polygon of Small Areas</i>
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---

**Description**

Trim Polygon of Small Areas

**Usage**

```
getSmallPolys(poly, minarea = 0.01)
```

**Arguments**

poly	shapefile
minarea	only get polygons > minarea

**Value**

shapefile

---

layer_list	<i>Transform RasterStack to Data.Table using Parallel Processing</i>
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**Description**

Transform RasterStack to Data.Table using Parallel Processing

**Usage**

```
layer_list(stack)
```

**Arguments**

stack                stack of rasters to be converted, must have coordinate columns (x,y)

**Value**

datatable

---

quickdf	<i>Formatting at dataframe</i>
---------	--------------------------------

---

**Description**

Formatting at dataframe

**Usage**

```
quickdf(1)
```

**Arguments**

1                    list

**Value**

rasterstack

---

Raster2DF	<i>rdname stack2df</i>
-----------	------------------------

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**Description**

rdname stack2df

**Usage**

```
Raster2DF(Rstack)
```

---

stack2df	<i>Transform RasterStack into DataFrame</i>
----------	---------------------------------------------

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**Description**

Transform RasterStack into DataFrame

**Usage**

```
stack2df(Rstack)
```

**Arguments**

Rstack	stack of rasters
--------	------------------

**Value**

data.frame

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TRI	<i>Calculate Terrain Ruggedness with Padding</i>
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**Description**

Calculate Terrain Ruggedness with Padding

**Usage**

```
TRI(E1, nr = 3, nc = nr)
```

**Arguments**

E1	A raster measuring elevation
nr	the number of rows in the window used in the neighbourhood calculations
nc	the number of columns in the window used in the neighbourhood calculations

**Value**

A raster with TRI values

**Examples**

```
TRI( raster::raster(matrix( runif(9), 3,3) ) )
```

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