

Planning and Documentation for Celestial

Pseudocode for Player Movement

Y direction = gravity

If "A" key is pressed

{

 X direction = -1

}

Else if "D" key is pressed

{

 X direction = 1

}

Else

{

 If player is grounded

 {

 X direction = 0

 }

}

If player is grounded

{

 Y direction = gravity

 Move(x direction * speed, 0)

}

Else if player is jumping

{

 If jump height >= 0 and jump height < maximum jump height

 {

 Jump height += jump height per frame

 Move(x direction * speed, jump height per frame)

```

    }
    Else
    {
        Player is falling
    }
}
Else if player is falling
{
    Y direction *= 1.005
    Move(x direction * speed, y direction)
}

```

As can be seen the “A” and “D” keys dictate the x direction the player moves in. If the player is falling, their downwards force increases exponentially. They also continue in the x direction they were going, until they land. The combination of the exponential down force and the continued forward force creates a curved trajectory.

Pseudocode for Platform Collision

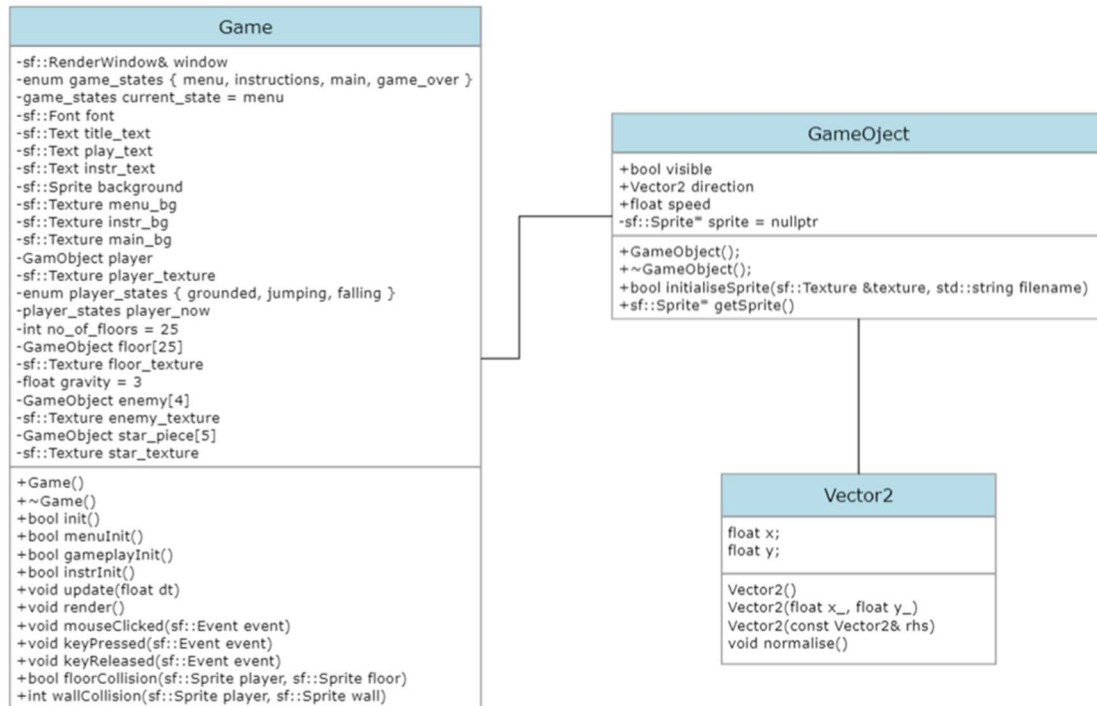
```

If
(player x position + player width >= platform x position &&
player x position <= floor x position + floor width &&
player y position + player height >= floor y position &&
player y position <= floor y position + floor height)
{
    Return true
}
Return false

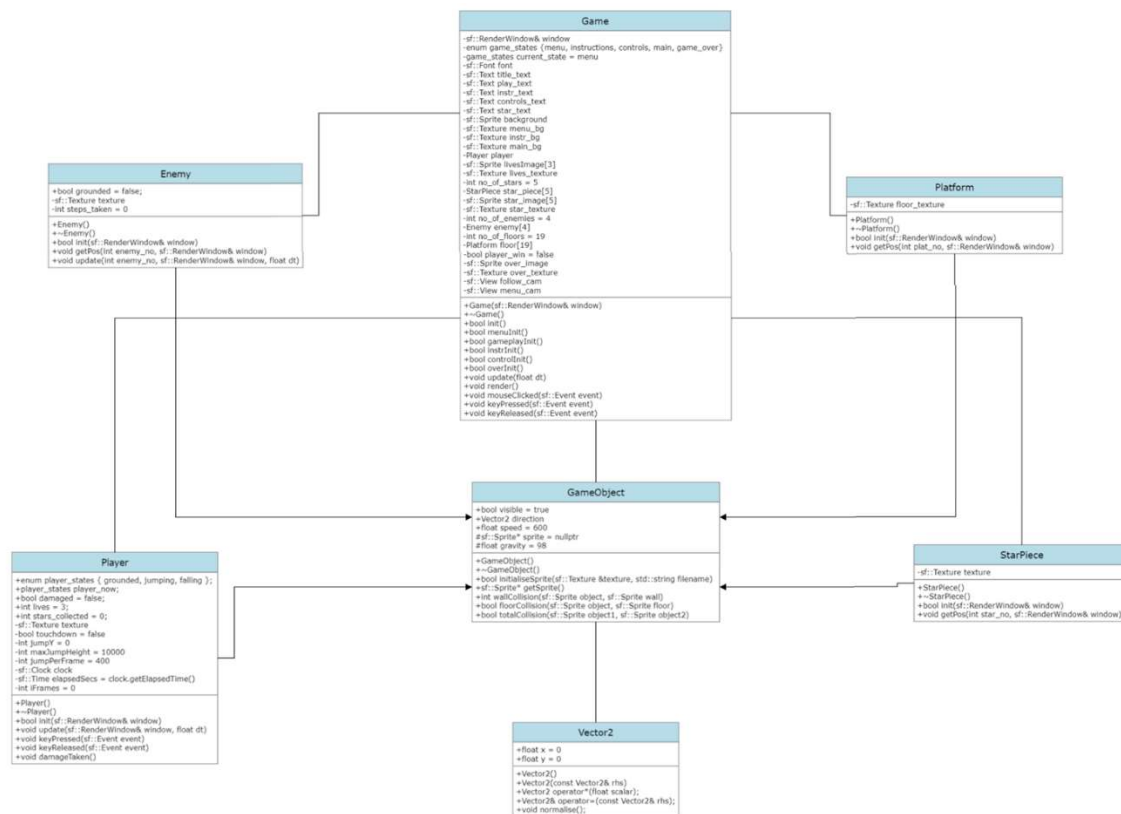
```

UML Class Diagrams:

Before making the game:



After making the game:



As can be seen, the final product was a lot more complex than expected. This is because I decided to make the codebase more object-oriented than I initially had intended. Instead of having all of the elements as GameObjects in the main Game class, I decided to create separate classes for the Player, Enemies, Platforms, and StarPieces, and have instances of them as their own objects. This meant the Game class was more tidy. I also implemented 2 cameras, which was not originally planned.

PNGs for the class diagrams can also be found in the same folder as this document