Ratings encoding

In the table below, each row represents a user's ratings of movies: \checkmark (check) indicates the person liked the movie, \checkmark (x) that they didn't, and \bullet (dot) that they didn't rate it one way or another (neutral rating or didn't watch).

| Person | Fyre | Frozen II | Picard | Ratings written as a 3-tuple |
|------------------|------|--------------|--------|------------------------------|
| $\overline{P_1}$ | Х | • | ✓ | |
| P_2 | 1 | \checkmark | X | |
| P_3 | 1 | ✓ | ✓ | |
| P_4 | • | X | ✓ | |

Defining sets

To define a set using **roster method**, explicitly list its elements. That is, start with { then list elements of the set separated by commas and close with }.

To define a set using **set builder definition**, either form "The set of all x from the universe U such that x is ..." by writing

$$\{x \in U \mid ...x...\}$$

or form "the collection of all outputs of some operation when the input ranges over the universe U" by writing

$$\{...x... \mid x \in U\}$$

We use the symbol \in as "is an element of" to indicate membership in a set.

Example sets: For each of the following, identify whether it's defined using the roster method or set builder notation.