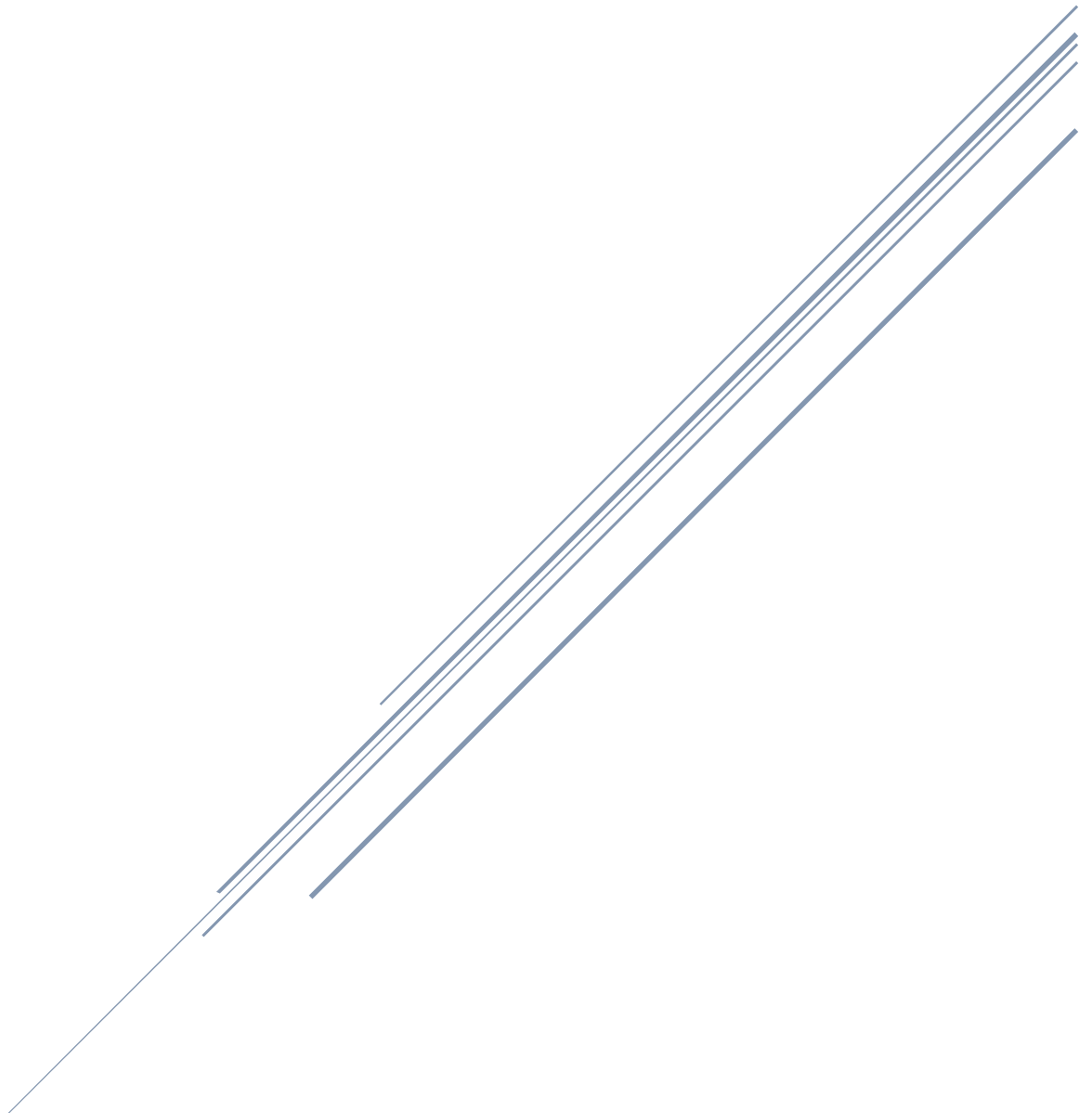


FTP – INSTALL,CONFIG AND SECURE



Jadhusan. M. S

VSFTP CONFIGURATION

```
Activities Terminal ▾ Dec 1 10:55
server@localhost:/home/server

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[root@localhost server]# hostnamectl set-hostname ftpserver.redhat.com
[root@localhost server]# hostnamectl
  Static hostname: ftpserver.redhat.com
        Icon name: computer-vm
        Chassis: vm
        Machine ID: d830072eb7d842dca32a037d2097e998
        Boot ID: 82472942e30445059a5dcf1e2097fa14
        Virtualization: vmware
        Operating System: CentOS Linux 8 (Core)
        CPE OS Name: cpe:/o:centos:centos:8
        Kernel: Linux 4.18.0-147.el8.x86_64
        Architecture: x86-64
[root@localhost server]#
```

```
Activities Terminal ▾ Dec 1 10:59
server@localhost:/home/server

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[root@localhost server]# yum install vsftpd -y
Last metadata expiration check: 0:00:14 ago on Tue 01 Dec 2020 10:59:06 AM EST.
Package vsftpd-3.0.3-28.el8.x86_64 is already installed.
Dependencies resolved.
=====
Package                Architecture      Version           Repository        Size
=====
Upgrading:
vsftpd                 x86_64            3.0.3-31.el8     AppStream         180 k
=====
Transaction Summary
=====
Upgrade 1 Package

Total download size: 180 k
Downloading Packages:
vsftpd-3.0.3-31.el8.x86_64.rpm                                96 kB/s | 180 kB    00:01
-----
Total                                                                    72 kB/s | 180 kB    00:02
warning: /var/cache/dnf/AppStream-a520ed22b0a8a736/packages/vsftpd-3.0.3-31.el8.x86_64.rpm: Header V3 RSA/SHA256 Signature, key ID 8483c65d: NOKEY
CentOS-8 - AppStream                                              1.6 MB/s | 1.6 kB    00:00
Importing GPG key 0x8483c65d:
  Userid : "CentOS (CentOS Official Signing Key) <security@centos.org>"
  Fingerprint: 99DB 70FA E1D7 CE22 7FB6 4882 05B5 55B3 8483 C65D
  From : /etc/pki/rpm-gpg/RPM-GPG-KEY-centosofficial
Key imported successfully
Running transaction check
Transaction check succeeded.
Running transaction test
█
```

```
Activities Terminal ▾ Dec 1 11:04
server@localhost:/home/server

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[root@localhost server]# systemctl start vsftpd
[root@localhost server]# systemctl enable vsftpd
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/vsftpd.service → /usr/lib/systemd/system/vsftpd.service
[root@localhost server]# systemctl status vsftpd
● vsftpd.service - Vsftpd ftp daemon
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/vsftpd.service; enabled; vendor preset: disabled)
   Active: active (running) since Tue 2020-12-01 10:59:58 EST; 22s ago
     Main PID: 40846 (vsftpd)
       Tasks: 1 (limit: 4873)
      Memory: 968.0K
     CGroup: /system.slice/vsftpd.service
            └─40846 /usr/sbin/vsftpd /etc/vsftpd/vsftpd.conf

Dec 01 10:59:58 ftpserver.redhat.com systemd[1]: Starting Vsftpd ftp daemon...
Dec 01 10:59:58 ftpserver.redhat.com systemd[1]: Started Vsftpd ftp daemon.
```

```
Activities Terminal ▾ Dec 1 11:05
server@localhost:/home/server

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[root@localhost server]# firewall-cmd --zone=public --permanent --add-port=21/tcp
success
[root@localhost server]# firewall-cmd --zone=public --permanent --add-service=ftp
usage: see firewall-cmd man page
firewall-cmd: error: unrecognized arguments: --add-service=ftp
[root@localhost server]# firewall-cmd --zone=public --permanent --add-service=ftp
success
[root@localhost server]# firewall-cmd --reload
success
[root@localhost server]# firewall-cmd --list-all
public (active)
  target: default
  icmp-block-inversion: no
  interfaces: ens33
  sources:
  services: cockpit dhcpv6-client ftp ssh
  ports: 21/tcp
  protocols:
  masquerade: no
  forward-ports:
  source-ports:
  icmp-blocks:
  rich rules:
```

```
Activities Terminal ▾ Dec 1 11:15
server@ftpserver:/etc/vsftpd
File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help
server@ftpserver:/etc/vsftpd
[root@ftpserver server]# cp /etc/vsftpd/vsftpd.conf /etc/vsftpd/vsftpd.conf.bak
[root@ftpserver server]# cd /etc/vsftpd/
[root@ftpserver vsftpd]# ls
ftpusers  user_list  vsftpd.conf  vsftpd.conf.bak  vsftpd_conf_migrate.sh
[root@ftpserver vsftpd]#
```

Now add these two following options to restrict FTP users to their Home directories.

chroot_local_user=YES

allow_writeable_chroot=YES

chroot_local_user=YES means local users will be placed in a chroot jail, their home directory after login by default settings.

And also by default, vsftpd does not allow the chroot jail directory to be writable for security reasons, however, we can use the option `allow_writeable_chroot=YES` to override this setting.

Set the SELinux boolean below to allow FTP to read files in a user's home directory. Note that this was initially done using the the command:

```
# setsebool -P ftp_home_dir on
```

semanage command to set SELinux rule to allow FTP to read/write user's home directory

```
# semanage boolean -m ftpd_full_access --on
```

We have to restart vsftpd to effect all the changes we made so far above:

```
# systemctl restart vsftpd
```

Activities Terminal ▾ Dec 1 11:24

server@ftpserver:/etc/vsftpd

File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help

server@ftpserver:/etc/vsftpd ×

```
[root@ftpserver vsftpd]# setsebool -P ftp_home_dir on
Boolean ftp_home_dir is not defined
[root@ftpserver vsftpd]# semanage boolean -m ftpd_full_access --on
[root@ftpserver vsftpd]# systemctl restart vsftpd
```

Activities Terminal ▾ Dec 1 11:27

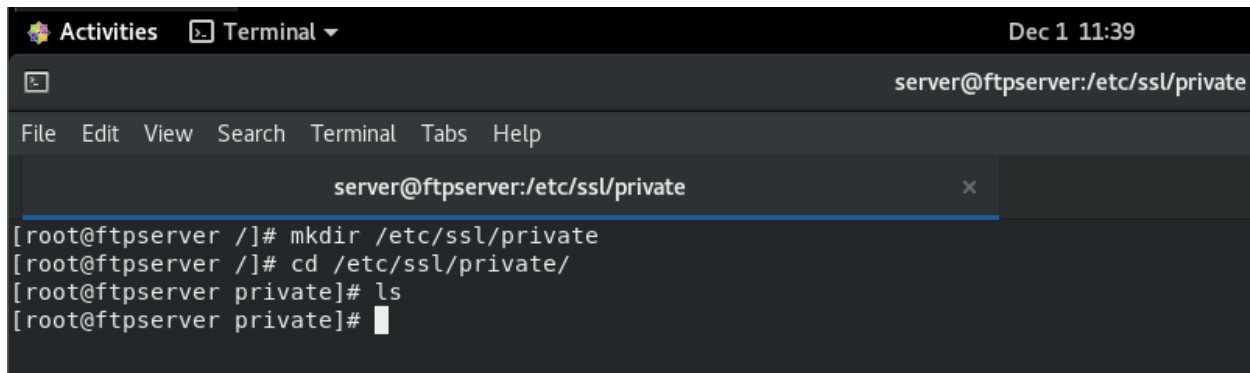
server@ftpserver:/etc/vsftpd

File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help

server@ftpserver:/etc/vsftpd ×

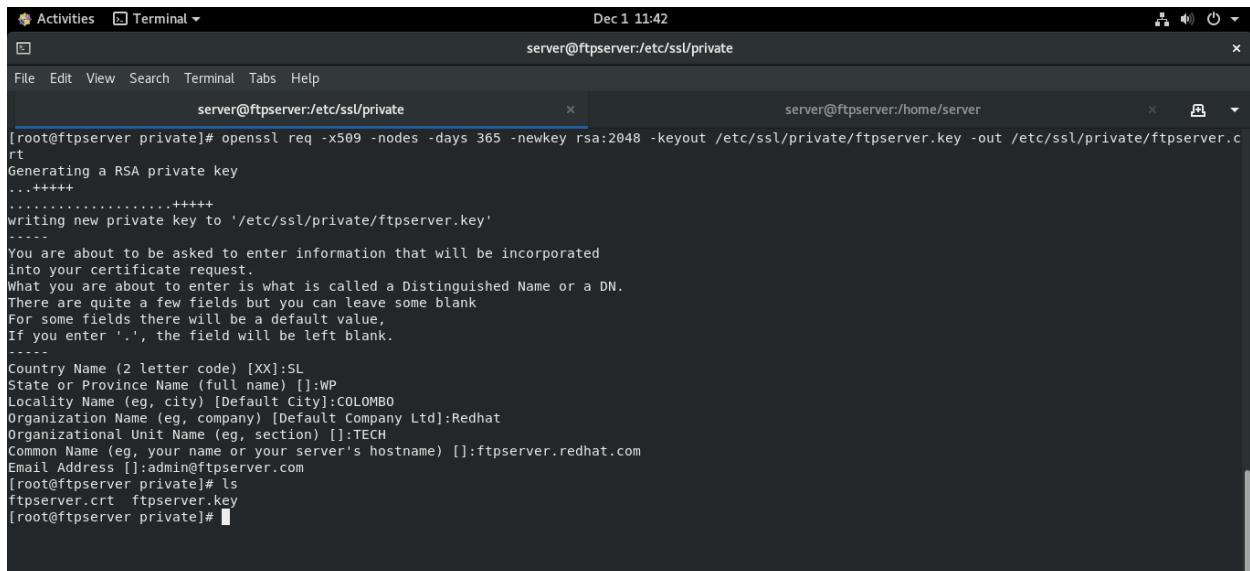
```
[root@ftpserver vsftpd]# ftp 192.168.33.131
Connected to 192.168.33.131 (192.168.33.131).
220 (vsFTPd 3.0.3)
Name (192.168.33.131:root): server
331 Please specify the password.
Password:
230 Login successful.
Remote system type is UNIX.
Using binary mode to transfer files.
ftp>
```

SSL CONFIGURATION



A terminal window titled 'Activities Terminal' with a timestamp of 'Dec 1 11:39'. The window shows the user 'server@ftpservers' in the directory '/etc/ssl/private'. The terminal output shows the following commands and their results:

```
[root@ftpservers /]# mkdir /etc/ssl/private
[root@ftpservers /]# cd /etc/ssl/private/
[root@ftpservers private]# ls
[root@ftpservers private]#
```



A terminal window titled 'Activities Terminal' with a timestamp of 'Dec 1 11:42'. The window shows the user 'server@ftpservers' in the directory '/etc/ssl/private'. The terminal output shows the following commands and their results:

```
[root@ftpservers private]# openssl req -x509 -nodes -days 365 -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout /etc/ssl/private/ftpservers.key -out /etc/ssl/private/ftpservers.c
rt
Generating a RSA private key
...+++++
.....+++++
writing new private key to '/etc/ssl/private/ftpservers.key'
-----
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
-----
Country Name (2 letter code) [XX]:SL
State or Province Name (full name) []:WP
Locality Name (eg, city) [Default City]:COLOMBO
Organization Name (eg, company) [Default Company Ltd]:Redhat
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:TECH
Common Name (eg, your name or your server's hostname) []:ftpservers.redhat.com
Email Address []:admin@ftpservers.com
[root@ftpservers private]# ls
ftpservers.crt  ftpservers.key
[root@ftpservers private]#
```

```
Activities Terminal Dec 2 10:21
server@ftpserver:/etc/ssl/private

File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help

server@ftpserver:/etc/ssl/private x server@ftpserver:/etc/ssl/private x
use_localtime=YES

allow_writeable_chroot=YES
#-----
#enable ssl
ssl_enable=YES
#prevent anonymous
allow_anon_ssl=NO
#encryption of both your username/password
force_local_data_ssl=YES
force_local_logins_ssl=YES
#version of SSL and TLS to use
ssl_tlsv1_2=YES
ssl_tlsv1_2=NO
ssl_tlsv1_3=NO
#disable all reuse of SSL data connections
require_ssl_reuse=NO
ssl_ciphers=HIGH #SSL ciphers HIGH to allow encrypted SSL connections.
#path
rsa_cert_file=/etc/ssl/private/ftpserver.crt
rsa_private_key_file=/etc/ssl/private/ftpserver.key
#the client uses the control connection to send a PASV command to the server
pasv_min_port=40000
pasv_max_port=50000
#for troubleshooting
debug_ssl=YES
:nohl 153,20 Bot
```

```
Activities Terminal Dec 1 12:00
server@ftpserver:/etc/ssl/private

File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help

server@ftpserver:/etc/ssl/private x server@ftpserver:/home/server x
[root@ftpserver private]# yum install epel-release filezilla -y
Extra Packages for Enterprise Linux Modular 8 - x86_64 11 kB/s | 98 kB 00:09
Extra Packages for Enterprise Linux 8 - x86_64 257 kB/s | 8.4 MB 00:33
Package epel-release-8-8.el8.noarch is already installed.
Dependencies resolved.

=====
Package Architecture Version Repository Size
=====
Installing:
filezilla x86_64 3.49.1-3.el8 epel 4.8 M
Upgrading:
epel-release noarch 8-9.el8 epel 22 k
Installing dependencies:
libfilezilla x86_64 0.23.0-3.el8 epel 262 k
libstorj x86_64 1.0.3-6.el8 epel 110 k
pugixml x86_64 1.9-1.el8 epel 97 k
wxBase3 x86_64 3.0.4-11.el8 epel 1.1 M
wxGTK3 x86_64 3.0.4-11.el8 epel 4.8 M
wxGTK3-i18n noarch 3.0.4-11.el8 epel 510 k
=====

Transaction Summary
=====
Install 7 Packages
Upgrade 1 Package

Total download size: 12 M
Downloading Packages:
```

CONNECTION

