Exercise 1 - Configure Certificate Revocation Lists (CRLs)

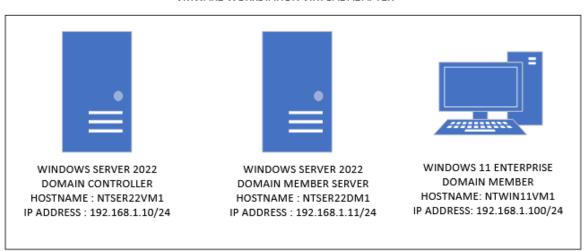
When an administrator revokes a user certificate for any reason, the Certificate Server logs the cancellation in order to prevent a user from reusing a revoked certificate. The revocation of the certificate in a broad network must be replicated to other computers. CA servers block the use of revoked certificates to access network resources.

In this exercise:

- Request User Certificates
- Verify Issued Certificate
- Configure a New Path for CRLs
- Add Certificate Managers

Topology

VMWARE WORKSTATION VIRTUAL ADAPTER



DOMAIN = networktute.com

NTSER22VM1 = Windows Server 2022 - Domain Controller

NTSER22DM1 = Windows Server 2022 – Domain Member Server

NTWIN11VM1 = Windows 11 - Domain Member

Prerequisite

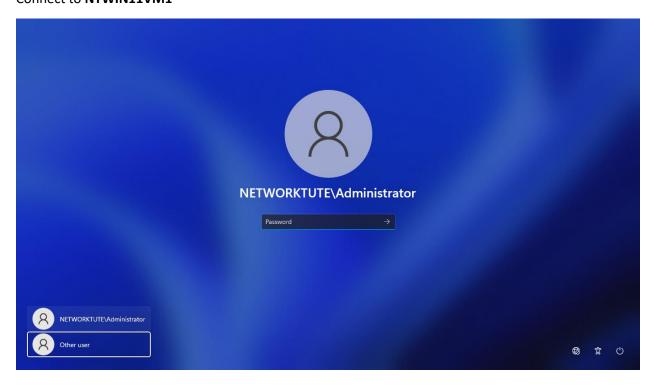
- VMware Workstation 16 Pro
 - When making this tutorial, we used the "Windows Server 2019" VM Template and "Windows 10 & later" VM Template. Since VMware didn't have the updated templates.

- Microsoft Windows Server 2022
- Microsoft Windows 11

Task 1: Request User Certificates

After you've set up the CA servers, you'll need to request a certificate as an Active Directory user. Follow the steps below to request a user certificate in Windows 10:

Step 1:
Connect to NTWIN11VM1

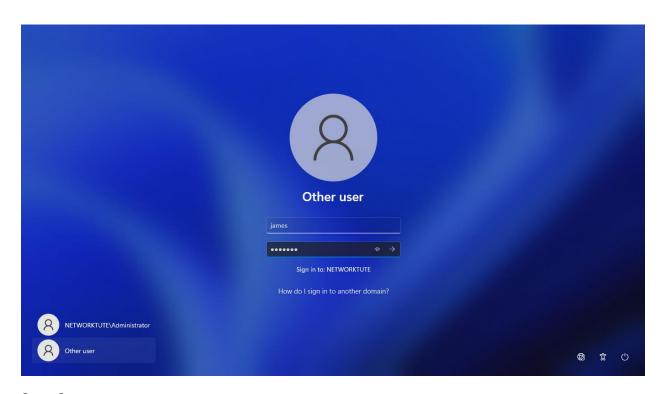


Step 2:

On the windows login screen, click "Other user".

Sign in with the following credentials and then press **Enter**: **james**

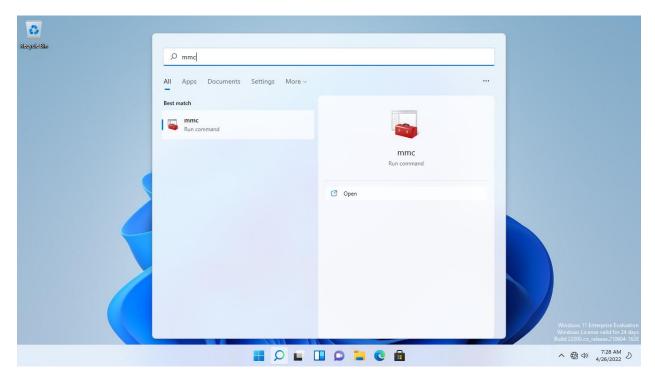
Type the Password: networktute@1



Step 3:

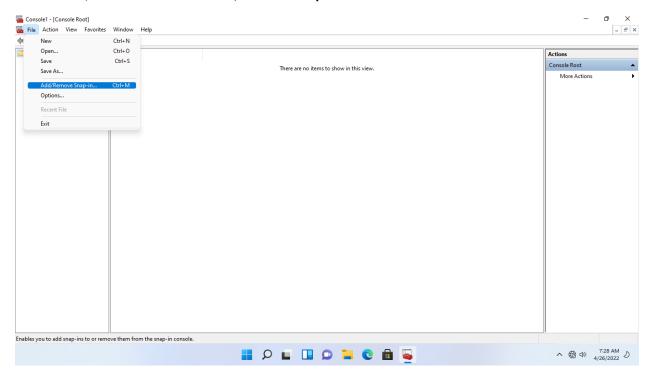
In the $\ensuremath{\mathbf{Type}}$ here to search textbox, type the following text: $\ensuremath{\boldsymbol{mmc}}$

Select mmc from the Best match menu.



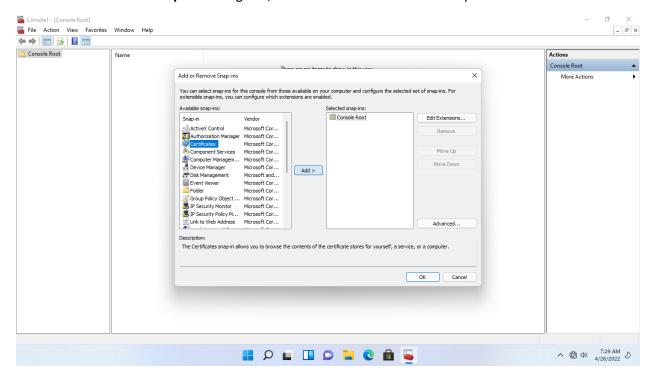
Step 4:

In Console1, click File and select Add/Remove Snap-in.



Step 5:

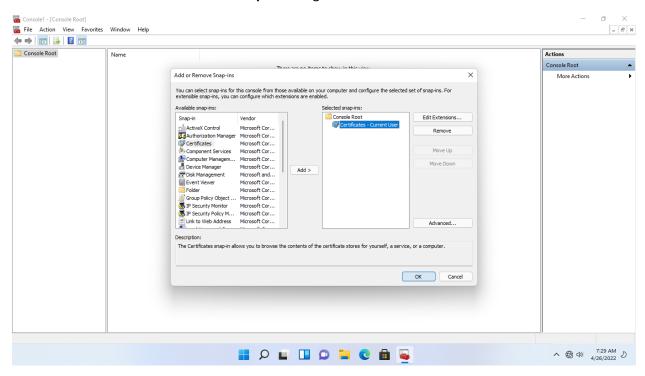
In the Add or Remove Snap-ins dialog box, select Certificates from the left pane and click Add.



Step 6:

Certificates - **Current User** is now added in the right pane.

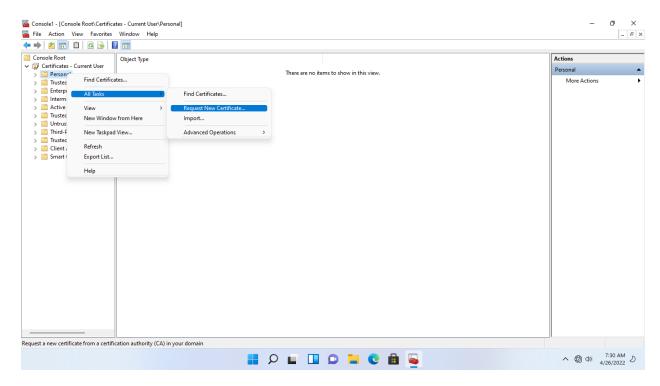
Click **OK** to close the **Add or Remove Snap-in** dialog box.



Step 7:

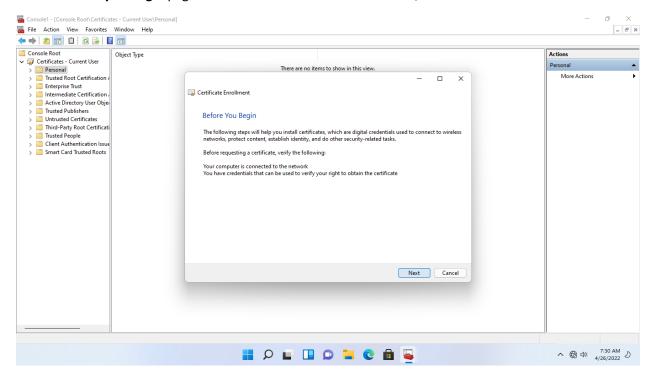
From Console1, expand Certificates-Current User and then select Personal.

Right-click **Personal** and select **All Tasks**, then select **Request New Certificate**.



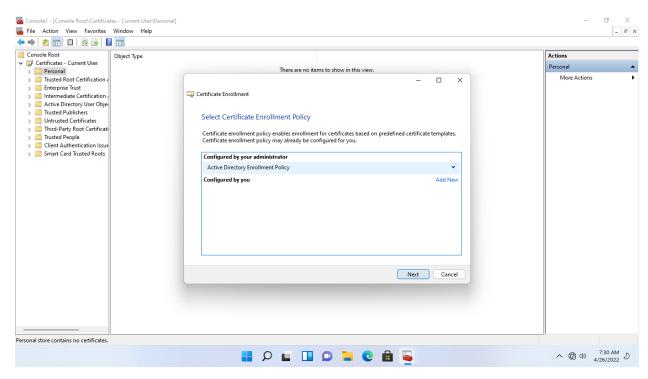
Step 8:

On the **Before you Begin** page of the **Certificate Enrollment** wizard, click **Next**.



Step 9:

On the **Select Certificate Enrollment Policy** page, ensure **Active Directory Enrollment Policy** is selected and click **Next**

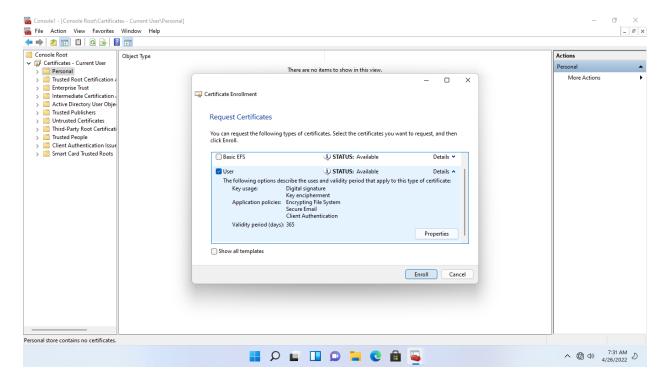


Step 10:

In **Request Certificates**, click the **User** checkbox and click the **Details** down arrow button.

If there are no certificates listed,

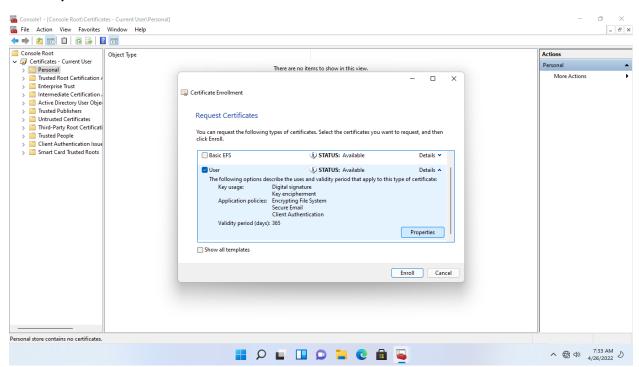
- open a Command prompt as administrator
- run: gpupdate /force
- Re-attempt from step 7 again



Step 11:

The details now display additional information about this certificate.

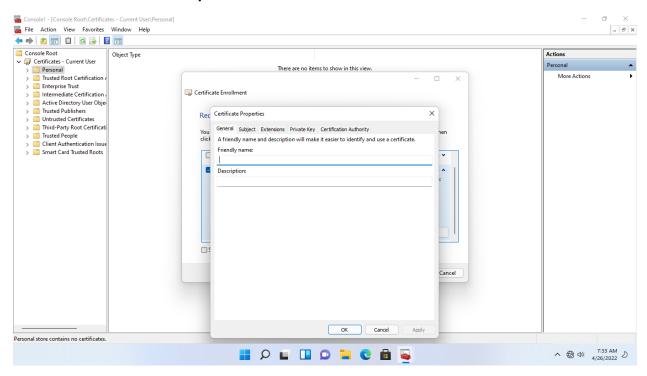
Click **Properties**.



Step 12:

The **Certificate Properties** dialog box is displayed.

Click the **Certification Authority** tab.



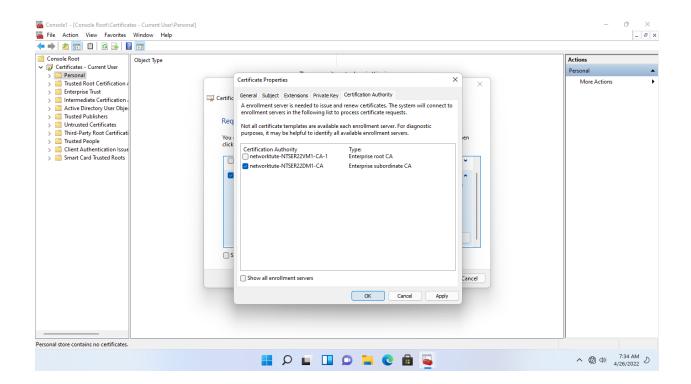
Step 13:

On the Certification Authority tab, you will find the servers that can issue certificates to the user.

Deselect the networktute-NTSER22VM1-CA-1 checkbox.

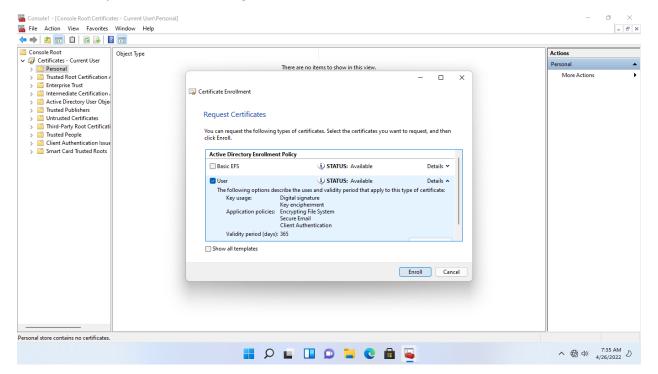
Leave the **networktute-NTSER22DM1-CA** checkbox selected.

Click OK.



Step 14:

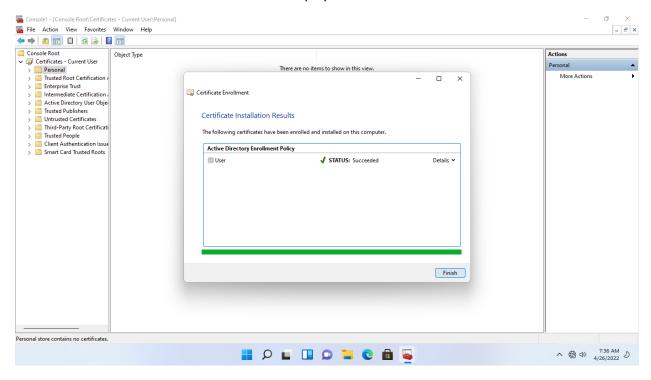
Back in the **Request Certificates** dialog box, click **Enroll**.



Step 15:

Wait for the enrolment to be completed.

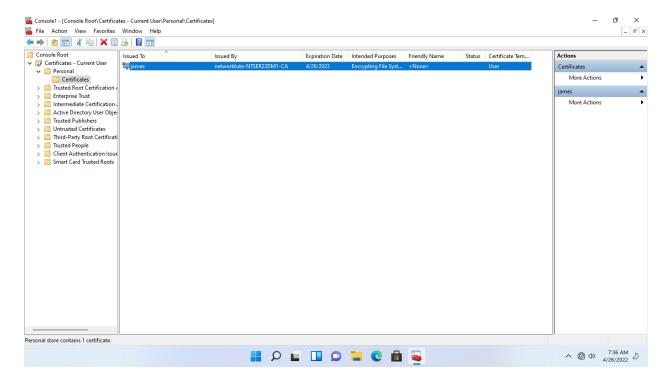
Then click **Finish** when **STATUS**: **Succeeded** is displayed.



Step 16:

Expand Personal and then click the Certificates folder.

A user certificate has now been issued to James.



Task 2: Verify Issued Certificate

Remember that you configured the **NTWIN11VM1** machine to enroll with the **NTSER22DM1** server during the certificate enrollment.

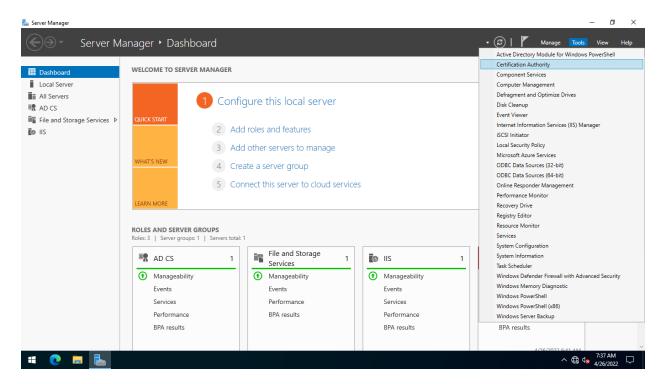
Now let's, verify the certificate issued to User.

Step 1:

Toggle over to the NTSER22DM1 device. If the system is locked, use the Administrator account to log in.

Ensure that the **Server Manager** is open.

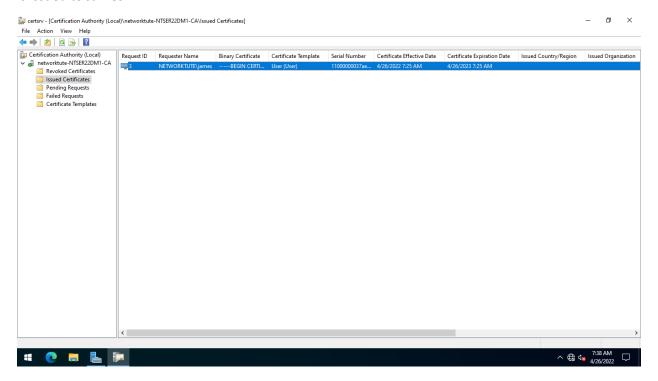
Click Tools and then select Certification Authority.



Step 2:

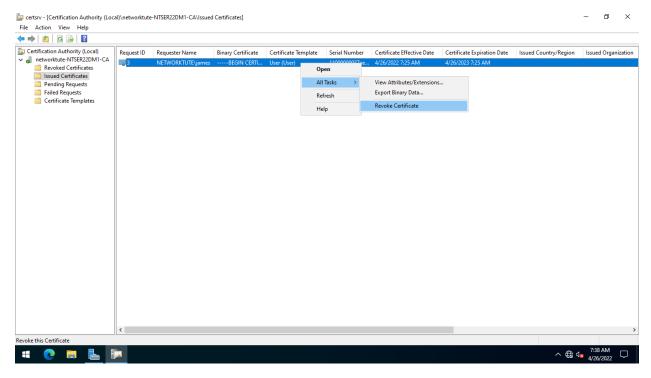
Certification Authority (Local) window opens.

Expand **networktute-NTSER22DM1-CA** and select the **Issued Certificates** folder. Notice that a certificate is issued to **James**



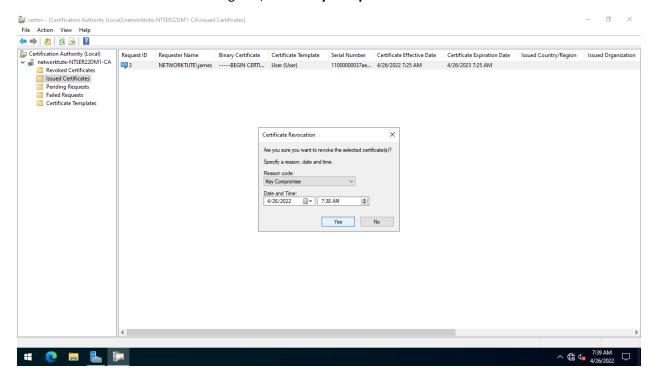
Step 3:

Right-click the NETWORKTUTE\james certificate, select All Tasks and then select Revoke Certificate



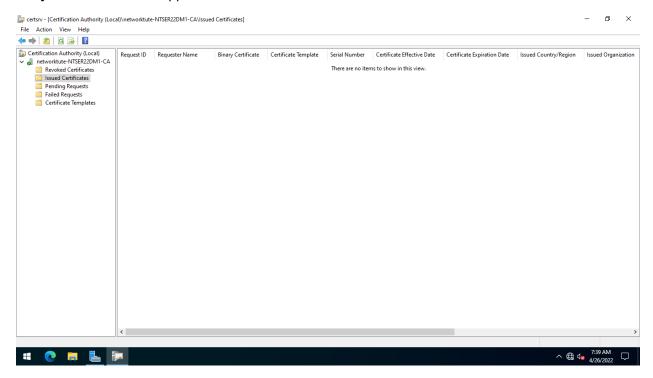
Step 4:

On the Certificate Revocation dialog box, select Key Compromise and then click Yes.



Step 5:

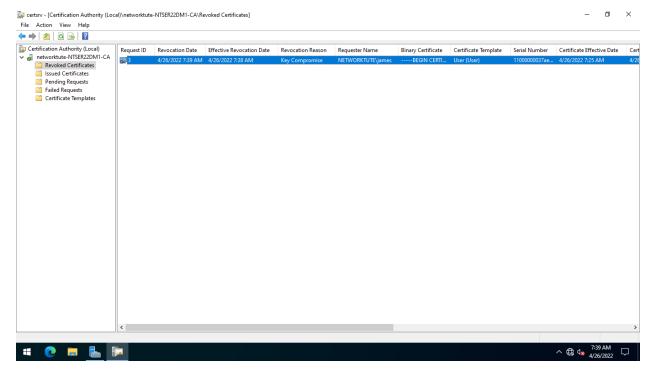
The **james** certificate disappears from the **Issued Certificates** folder.



Step 6:

Click the Revoked Certificates folder.

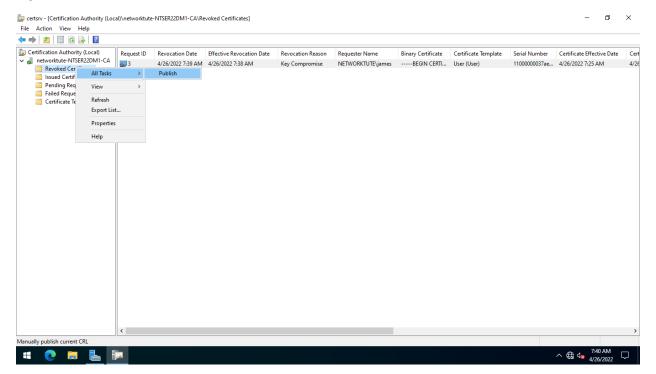
The **Revoked Certificates** folder now displays the revoked certificate of user James



Step 7:

You now need to publish the revoked certificates to other CA servers.

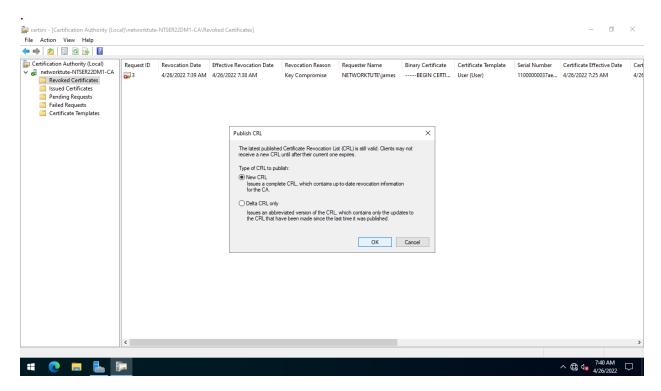
Right-click the Revoked Certificates folder and select All Tasks and then select Publish



Step 8:

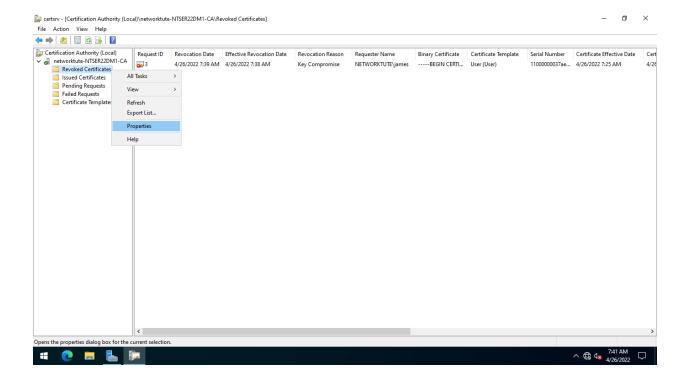
In the **Publish CRL** dialog box, ensure **New CRL** is selected.

Click OK



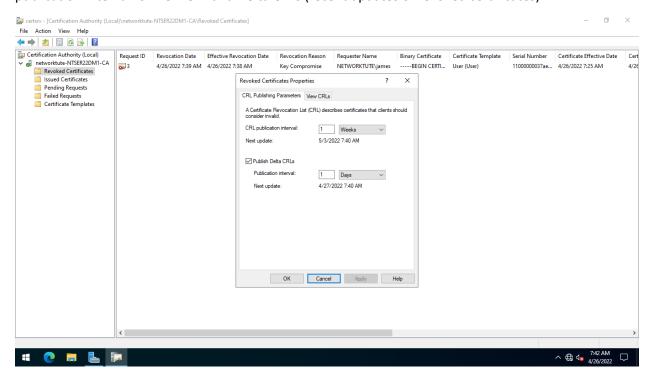
Step 9:

Right-click the **Revoked Certificates** folder and select **Properties**.



Step 10:

The CRL Publishing Parameters tab in the Revoked Certificates Properties dialog box shows the publication interval for New CRL and Delta CRLs (recent updates of revoked certificates).

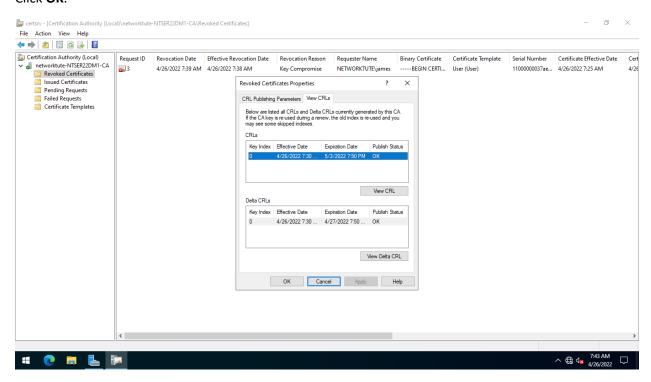


Step 11:

Click the View CRLs tab.

The View CRLs tab displays the publication status of CRLs.

Click OK.

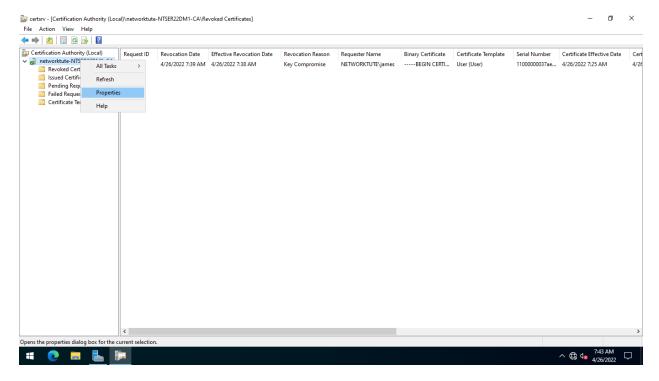


Task 3: Configure a New Path for CRLs

It is also possible to configure a new path for the CRLs.

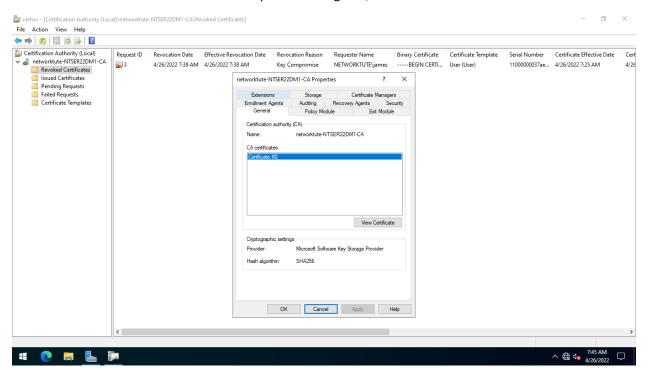
Step 1:

On the NTSER22DM1 server, right-click networktute-NTSER22DM1-CA and select Properties



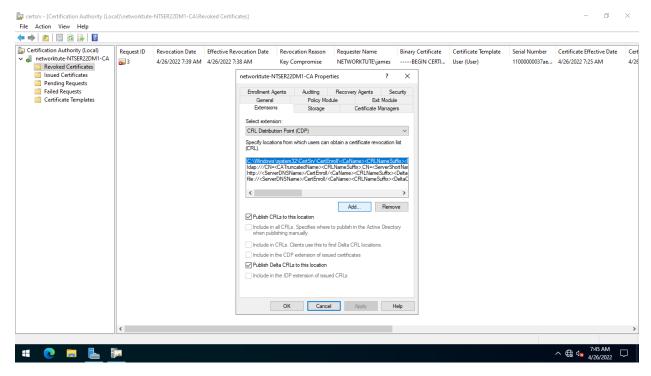
Step 2:

In the **networktute-NTSER22DM1-CA** Properties dialog box, click the **Extensions** tab.



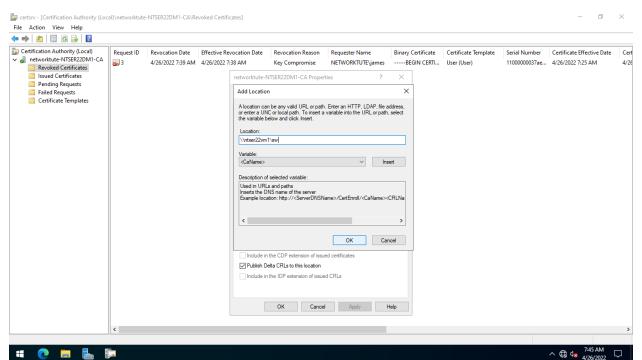
Step 3:

Under the Extensions tab, click Add.



Step 4:

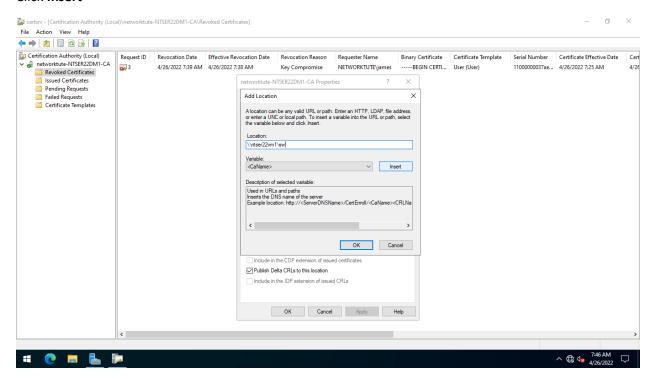
In the Add Location dialog box, in the Location text box, type: \\ntser22vm1\sw



Step 5:

From the **Add Location** dialog box, after adding the network path, put the cursor at the end of the network path location.

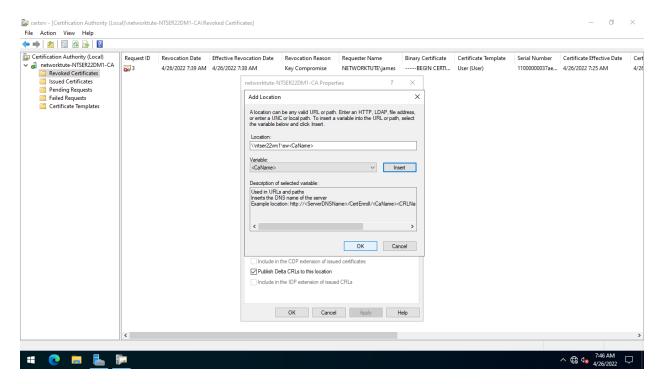
Click Insert



Step 6:

You'll see that **<CaName>** has appended at the end of network path \\ ntser22vm1\sw.

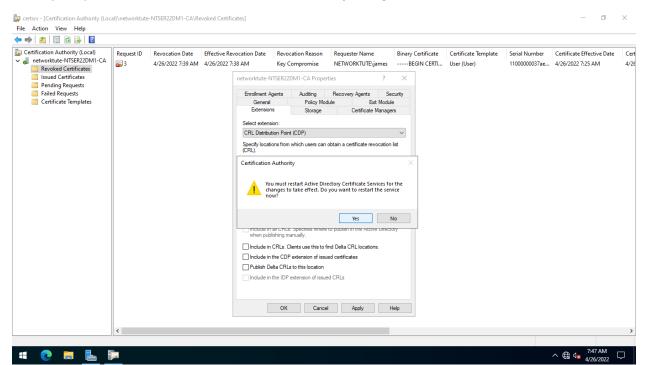
Click OK.



Step 7:

Click **Apply** to save changes in the **Extensions** tab.

When prompted to restart in the Certification Authority dialog box, click Yes.

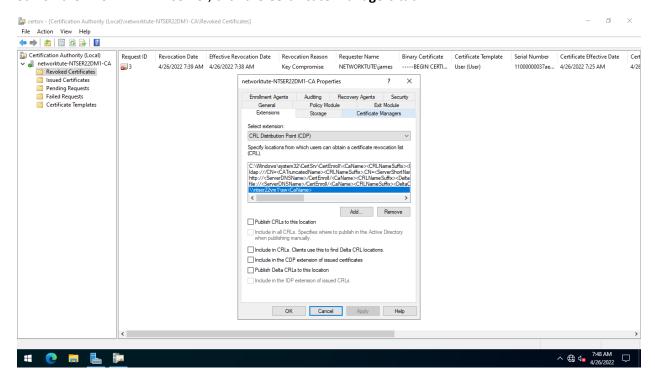


Task 4: Add Certificate Managers

You can limit administrative permissions to certain users in the CA properties. In the Active Directory environment, for example, you can limit permissions to Enterprise Admins. You can even appoint someone as a Certificate Manager.

Step 1:

Still on the NTSER22DM1 server, click the Certificate Managers tab.



Step 2:

On the Certificate Managers tab, select the Restrict certificate managers option.

NOTE: You'll be limiting portions of AD Certificate Services administration to the Domain Admins and Enterprise Admins groups in this domain if you choose this option.

Click OK.