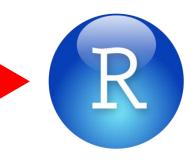
# 有用なR分析技術

① Rの最高のデータ処理のパッケージ"dplyr" 1



# dplyrを使う理由は?

- ①強力な全処理機能!
- →整列、フィルタリング、カラムの選択など簡単にできる
- ②一般的なR関数より直観的で使いやすい!
- →select 、arrange 、filterなど関数名でどのような機能を持っているのか簡単に把握できる
- ③コードの整理が簡単!
- →パイプ記号(%>%)で簡単に整理することもできる(Ctrl+Shift+M)
- 4他のtidyverseパッケージとの連動も簡単!
- →ggplot2などの強力な機能を持つパッケージと同じtidyverseパッケージのため連動が簡単

### 基礎となるdplyrの関数

- 1 filter()
- →提示した条件と一致している資料を表示する
- 2arrange()
- →行(Row)を整列する
- 3select()
- →特定な列(Column)を選択する
- 4mutate()
- →新しい変数を計算・生成する
- **5**summarize()
- →データの統計量を計算し、簡略に表記する

# 練習に使うデータの紹介

#### 以下はとある大学の授業の成績表である

|    | А              | В        | С               | D       | Е     |
|----|----------------|----------|-----------------|---------|-------|
| 1  | Student Number | Name     | Major           | Midterm | Final |
| 2  | 1301           | Choi     | Literature      | 50      | 45    |
| 3  | 1302           | Park     | Engineering     | 76      | 42    |
| 4  | 1303           | Han      | Literature      | 100     | 98    |
| 5  | 1304           | Jin      | Engineering     | 85      | 92    |
| 6  | 1305           | Liu      | Medicine        | 100     | 100   |
| 7  | 1306           | Li       | Engineering     | 86      | 100   |
| 8  | 1307           | Yamaoka  | Social Science  | 75      | 90    |
| 9  | 1308           | Sirasaki | Natural Science | 88      | 90    |
| 10 | 1309           | Honda    | Natural Science | 92      | 88    |
| 11 | 1310           | Yamada   | Social studies  | 45      | 0     |
| 12 | 1311           | Nguyen   | Literature      | 100     | 92    |
| 13 | 1312           | Lee      | Medicine        | 85      | 77    |
| 14 | 1313           | Hong     | Engineering     | 82      | 90    |
| 15 | 1314           | Hua      | Natural Science | 56      | 42    |
| 16 | 1315           | Ма       | Natural Science | 87      | 78    |
| 17 | 1316           | Okusora  | Literature      | 75      | 62    |
| 18 | 1317           | Tu       | Engineering     | 83      | 55    |
| 19 | 1318           | Satou    | Social studies  | 90      | 82    |

| *  | Student <sup>‡</sup><br>Number | Name ‡   | ‡<br>Major      | # Midterm | ‡<br>Final |
|----|--------------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|------------|
| 1  | 1301                           | Choi     | Literature      | 50        | 45         |
| 2  | 1302                           | Park     | Engineering     | 76        | 42         |
| 3  | 1303                           | Han      | Literature      | 100       | 98         |
| 4  | 1304                           | Jin      | Engineering     | 85        | 92         |
| 5  | 1305                           | Liu      | Medicine        | 100       | 100        |
| 6  | 1306                           | Li       | Engineering     | 86        | 100        |
| 7  | 1307                           | Yamaoka  | Social Science  | 75        | 90         |
| 8  | 1308                           | Sirasaki | Natural Science | 88        | 90         |
| 9  | 1309                           | Honda    | Natural Science | 92        | 88         |
| 10 | 1310                           | Yamada   | Social studies  | 45        | 0          |
| 11 | 1311                           | Nguyen   | Literature      | 100       | 92         |
| 12 | 1312                           | Lee      | Medicine        | 85        | 77         |
| 13 | 1313                           | Hong     | Engineering     | 82        | 90         |
| 14 | 1314                           | Hua      | Natural Science | 56        | 42         |
| 15 | 1315                           | Ma       | Natural Science | 87        | 78         |
| 16 | 1316                           | Okusora  | Literature      | 75        | 62         |
| 17 | 1317                           | Tu       | Engineering     | 83        | 55         |
| 18 | 1318                           | Satou    | Social studies  | 90        | 82         |

- ①filter()関数で条件を付けるためには演算子が必要
- →四則演算子 (+, -, x, /)
- →論理演算子(And:&, Or:│, Not:!,
  Same:==, Not same:!=,
  大きさの比較(>, < , >=, <=))
- ②複数の条件を付けて検索することも可能(パイプ記号(%>%)を使うことをおすすめ)

レベル1: MajorがEngineeringの受講生を検索せよ

```
> df %>% dplyr::filter(Major == 'Engineering')
# A tibble: 5 × 5
  `Student Number` Name
                     Major
                                 Midterm Final
           <dbl> <chr> <chr>
                               <dbl> <dbl>
            1302 Park Engineering
                                      76
                                           42
            1304 Jin
                      Engineering
                                  85
                                           92
            1306 Li
                      Engineering
                                  86
                                          100
            1313 Hong Engineering
                                      82
                                           90
                      Engineering
                                      83
            1317 Tu
                                           55
```

レベル2:MajorがEngineering以外の受講生を検索せよ

| > 4£ 8>8 4 | plyr::fil    | ton(Majon   | Territoria de la constantidad de |             |             | 一 しまえし  |
|------------|--------------|-------------|--|-------------|-------------|---------|
|            | : 13 × 5     | cer(najor   | Tinganeer and  | 1           |             | →!=と書くと |
|            |              |             |  |             |             | 自動変換    |
| Studen     | t Number`    | Name        | Major  | Midterm     | Final       | 口到久沃    |
|            | <dbl></dbl>  | <chr></chr> | <chr></chr>  | <dbl></dbl> | <dbl></dbl> |         |
| 1          | <u>1</u> 301 | Choi        | Literature   | 50          | 45          |         |
| 2          | <u>1</u> 303 | Han         | Literature   | 100         | 98          |         |
| 3          | <u>1</u> 305 | Liu         | Medicine   | 100         | 100         |         |
| 4          | <u>1</u> 307 | Yamaoka     | Social Science   | 75          | 90          |         |
| 5          | <u>1</u> 308 | Sirasaki    | <b>Natural Science</b>   | 88          | 90          |         |
| 6          | <u>1</u> 309 | Honda       | <b>Natural Science</b>   | 92          | 88          |         |
| 7          | <u>1</u> 310 | Yamada      | Social studies   | 45          | 0           |         |
| 8          | <u>1</u> 311 | Nguyen      | Literature   | 100         | 92          |         |
| 9          | <u>1</u> 312 | Lee         | Medicine   | 85          | 77          |         |
| 10         | <u>1</u> 314 | Hua         | <b>Natural Science</b>   | 56          | 42          |         |
| 11         | <u>1</u> 315 | Ma          | <b>Natural Science</b>   | 87          | 78          |         |
| 12         | <u>1</u> 316 | Okusora     | Literature   | 75          | 62          |         |
| 13         | <u>1</u> 318 | Satou       | Social studies   | 90          | 82          |         |

レベル3: MajorがLiterature以外で、Midtermが85点以上、Finalが80点以 上の受講生を検索せよ >=と書くと

```
自動変換
 df %>% dplyr::filter(Major ≠ 'Literature' & Midterm ≥ 85 & Final ≥ 80)
  A tibble: 6 \times 5
  Student Number` Name
                          Major
                                          Midterm Final
            <dbl> <chr> <chr>
                                           <dbl> <dbl>
             1304 Jin
                          Engineering
                                              85
                                                    92
                          Medicine
             1305 Liu
                                             100
                                                  100
                          Engineering
             1306 Li
                                              86
                                                  100
             1308 Sirasaki Natural Science
                                              88
                                                    90
5
                          Natural Science
             1309 Honda
                                              92
                                                    88
                          Social studies
             1318 Satou
                                              90
                                                    82
```

# dplyrの関数②:arrange()

- ①arrange()でAscending(昇順)もしくはDescending(降順)にデータを整列することができる
- ②特定なColumnを基準に整列することが可能
- ③重複することも可能

# dplyrの関数②:arrange()

#### 受講生のName基準に昇順整列をせよ

|     | f %>% dplyr::arra<br>tibble: 18 × 5 | ange(Name   | )                      |             |             |
|-----|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| # A | `Student Number`                    |             | Major                  | Midterm     |             |
|     | <dbl></dbl>                         | <chr></chr> | <chr></chr>            | <dbl></dbl> | <dbl></dbl> |
| 1   | <u>1</u> 301                        | Choi        | Literature             | 50          | 45          |
| 2   | <u>1</u> 303                        | Han         | Literature             | 100         | 98          |
| 3   | <u>1</u> 309                        | Honda       | <b>Natural Science</b> | 92          | 88          |
| 4   | <u>1</u> 313                        | Hong        | Engineering            | 82          | 90          |
| 5   | <u>1</u> 314                        | Hua         | Natural Science        | 56          | 42          |
| 6   | <u>1</u> 304                        | Jin         | Engineering            | 85          | 92          |
| 7   | <u>1</u> 312                        | Lee         | Medicine               | 85          | 77          |
| 8   | <u>1</u> 306                        | Li          | Engineering            | 86          | 100         |
| 9   | <u>1</u> 305                        | Liu         | Medicine               | 100         | 100         |
| 10  | <u>1</u> 315                        | Ma          | <b>Natural Science</b> | 87          | 78          |
| 11  | <u>1</u> 311                        | Nguyen      | Literature             | 100         | 92          |
| 12  | <u>1</u> 316                        | Okusora     | Literature             | 75          | 62          |
| 13  | <u>1</u> 302                        | Park        | Engineering            | 76          | 42          |
| 14  | <u>1</u> 318                        | Satou       | Social studies         | 90          | 82          |
| 15  | <u>1</u> 308                        | Sirasaki    | <b>Natural Science</b> | 88          | 90          |
| 16  | <u>1</u> 317                        | Tu          | Engineering            | 83          | 55          |
| 17  | <u>1</u> 310                        | Yamada      | Social studies         | 45          | 0           |
| 18  | <u>1</u> 307                        | Yamaoka     | Social Science         | 75          | 90          |

- ①特定なColumnを選択して表示することができる
- ②複数のColumnを選択したり、特定なカラムを除去して示すことも可能

レベル1:Nameカラムを選択せよ

```
> df %>% dplyr::select(Name)
# A tibble: 18 × 1
   Name
   <chr>
 1 Choi
 2 Park
 3 Han
 4 Jin
 5 Liu
 6 Li
 7 Yamaoka
8 Sirasaki
 9 Honda
10 Yamada
11 Nguyen
12 Lee
13 Hong
14 Hua
15 Ma
16 Okusora
17 Tu
18 Satou
```

#### レベル2:NameとMidterm、Finalカラムを選択せよ

```
df %>% dplyr::select(Name, Midterm, Final)
# A tibble: 18 × 3
   Name
            Midterm Final
            <dbl> <dbl>
   <chr>
 1 Choi
                 50
                       45
 2 Park
                       42
 3 Han
                100
                       98
 4 Jin
                       92
                 85
 5 Liu
                100
                      100
 6 Li
                 86
                      100
 7 Yamaoka
                       90
8 Sirasaki
                       90
9 Honda
                 92
                       88
10 Yamada
11 Nguyen
                100
                       92
12 Lee
                       77
13 Hong
                 82
                       90
14 Hua
                       42
15 Ma
                 87
                       78
16 Okusora
                       62
17 Tu
                       55
                 83
18 Satou
                       82
```

#### レベル3: Student Number以外のすべてのカラムを選択せよ

| <pre>&gt; df %&gt;% dplyr::select(!`Student Number`)</pre> |             |                        |             |             |  |  |  |  |
|--|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| # /  |             |                        |             |             |  |  |  |  |
|  | Name        | Major                  | Midterm     | Final       |  |  |  |  |
|  | <chr></chr> | <chr></chr>            | <dbl></dbl> | <dbl></dbl> |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | Choi        | Literature             | 50          | 45          |  |  |  |  |
| 2  | Park        | Engineering            | 76          | 42          |  |  |  |  |
| 3  | Han         | Literature             | 100         | 98          |  |  |  |  |
| 4  | Jin         | Engineering            | 85          | 92          |  |  |  |  |
| 5  | Liu         | Medicine               | 100         | 100         |  |  |  |  |
| 6  | Li          | Engineering            | 86          | 100         |  |  |  |  |
| 7  | Yamaoka     | Social Science         | 75          | 90          |  |  |  |  |
| 8  | Sirasaki    | <b>Natural Science</b> | 88          | 90          |  |  |  |  |
| 9  | Honda       | <b>Natural Science</b> | 92          | 88          |  |  |  |  |
| 10   | Yamada      | Social studies         | 45          | 0           |  |  |  |  |
| 11   | Nguyen      | Literature             | 100         | 92          |  |  |  |  |
| 12   | Lee         | Medicine               | 85          | 77          |  |  |  |  |
| 13   | Hong        | Engineering            | 82          | 90          |  |  |  |  |
| 14   | Hua         | Natural Science        | 56          | 42          |  |  |  |  |
| 15   | Ma          | <b>Natural Science</b> | 87          | 78          |  |  |  |  |
| 16   | Okusora     | Literature             | 75          | 62          |  |  |  |  |
| 17   | Tu          | Engineering            | 83          | 55          |  |  |  |  |
| 18   | Satou       | Social studies         | 90          | 82          |  |  |  |  |

### dplyrの関数④:mutate()

- ①新しいカラムを追加するとき使う
- ②すべて同じ内容を含むカラムを入れることも、存在するカラムをベースに 計算した結果を追加することもできる
- ③ifと論理演算子を応用することもできる
- ④条件が3つ以上の場合はcase\_when()関数が便利

# dplyrの関数④:mutate()

#### レベル2: MidtermとFinalの平均を計算するカラムを作成せよ

| •           | •            | ate(Avera   | ge = (Midterm+Fi       | nal)/2)     |             |             |
|-------------|--------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| # A tibble: |              |             |                        |             |             |             |
| `Student    | Number`      | Name        | Major                  | Midterm     | Final       | Average     |
|             | <dbl></dbl>  | <chr></chr> | <chr></chr>            | <dbl></dbl> | <dbl></dbl> | <dbl></dbl> |
| 1           | <u>1</u> 301 | Choi        | Literature             | 50          | 45          | 47.5        |
| 2           | <u>1</u> 302 | Park        | Engineering            | 76          | 42          | 59          |
| 3           | <u>1</u> 303 | Han         | Literature             | 100         | 98          | 99          |
| 4           | <u>1</u> 304 | Jin         | Engineering            | 85          | 92          | 88.5        |
| 5           | <u>1</u> 305 | Liu         | Medicine               | 100         | 100         | 100         |
| 6           | <u>1</u> 306 | Li          | Engineering            | 86          | 100         | 93          |
| 7           | <u>1</u> 307 | Yamaoka     | Social Science         | 75          | 90          | 82.5        |
| 8           | <u>1</u> 308 | Sirasaki    | <b>Natural Science</b> | 88          | 90          | 89          |
| 9           | <u>1</u> 309 | Honda       | <b>Natural Science</b> | 92          | 88          | 90          |
| 10          | <u>1</u> 310 | Yamada      | Social studies         | 45          | 0           | 22.5        |
| 11          | <u>1</u> 311 | Nguyen      | Literature             | 100         | 92          | 96          |
| 12          | <u>1</u> 312 | Lee         | Medicine               | 85          | 77          | 81          |
| 13          | <u>1</u> 313 | Hong        | Engineering            | 82          | 90          | 86          |
| 14          | <u>1</u> 314 | Hua         | Natural Science        | 56          | 42          | 49          |
| 15          | <u>1</u> 315 | Ma          | <b>Natural Science</b> | 87          | 78          | 82.5        |
| 16          | <u>1</u> 316 | Okusora     | Literature             | 75          | 62          | 68.5        |
| 17          | <u>1</u> 317 | Tu          | Engineering            | 83          | 55          | 69          |
| 18          | <u>1</u> 318 | Satou       | Social studies         | 90          | 82          | 86          |

## dplyrの関数④:mutate()

レベル4以上!:MidtermとFinalの平均を示す"Average"カラムを作成した後、Averageの数値が60以上は"Pass"、それ以外は"Non-pass"を示す新しいカラムの"Result"を作成せよ

| > 0 | <pre>&gt; df %&gt;% dplyr::mutate(Average = (Midterm+Final)/2,</pre>   |                    |                        |             |             |             |             |  |  |
|-----|--|--------------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|
| +   |  | Resul <sup>*</sup> | t = ifelse(Avera       | ge ≥ 60     | , 'Pass     | s', 'Non-   | -pass'))    |  |  |
| # # | tibble: 18 × 7   |                    |                        |             |             |             |             |  |  |
|     | `Student Number  | Name               | Major                  | Midterm     | Final       | Average     | Result      |  |  |
|     | <dbl< td=""><td>&gt; <chr></chr></td><td><chr></chr></td><td><dbl></dbl></td><td><dbl></dbl></td><td><dbl></dbl></td><td><chr></chr></td></dbl<> | > <chr></chr>      | <chr></chr>            | <dbl></dbl> | <dbl></dbl> | <dbl></dbl> | <chr></chr> |  |  |
| 1   | <u>1</u> 30  | L Choi             | Literature             | 50          | 45          | 47.5        | Non-pass    |  |  |
| 2   | <u>1</u> 30  | 2 Park             | Engineering            | 76          | 42          | 59          | Non-pass    |  |  |
| 3   | <u>1</u> 30  | 3 Han              | Literature             | 100         | 98          | 99          | Pass        |  |  |
| 4   | <u>1</u> 30  | l Jin              | Engineering            | 85          | 92          | 88.5        | Pass        |  |  |
| 5   | <u>1</u> 30  | 5 Liu              | Medicine               | 100         | 100         | 100         | Pass        |  |  |
| 6   | <u>1</u> 30  | 5 Li               | Engineering            | 86          | 100         | 93          | Pass        |  |  |
| 7   | _  | 7 Yamaoka          |                        |             | 90          | 82.5        | Pass        |  |  |
| 8   | <u>1</u> 30  | 3 Sirasaki         | Natural Science        | 88          | 90          | 89          | Pass        |  |  |
| 9   | <u>1</u> 30  | Honda              | <b>Natural Science</b> | 92          | 88          | 90          | Pass        |  |  |
| 10  | <u>1</u> 31  | 9 Yamada           | Social studies         | 45          | 0           | 22.5        | Non-pass    |  |  |
| 11  | <u>1</u> 31  | l Nguyen           | Literature             | 100         | 92          | 96          | Pass        |  |  |
| 12  | <u>1</u> 31  | 2 Lee              | Medicine               | 85          | 77          | 81          | Pass        |  |  |
| 13  | <u>1</u> 31  | 3 Hong             | Engineering            | 82          | 90          | 86          | Pass        |  |  |
| 14  | <u>1</u> 31  | l Hua              | <b>Natural Science</b> | 56          | 42          | 49          | Non-pass    |  |  |
| 15  | <u>1</u> 31  | 5 Ma               | Natural Science        | 87          | 78          | 82.5        | Pass        |  |  |
| 16  | <u>1</u> 31  | 6 Okusora          |                        | 75          | 62          | 68.5        | Pass        |  |  |
| 17  | <u>1</u> 31  | 7 Tu               | Engineering            | 83          | 55          | 69          | Pass        |  |  |
| 18  | <u>1</u> 31  | 3 Satou            | Social studies         | 90          | 82          | 86          | Pass        |  |  |

## dplyrの関数⑤:summarize()

- ①数値型データの統計量を計算する
- ②様々な統計オプションがあるが、以下のオプションが主に使われている
  →mean(x, na.rm = TRUE): 平均値の計算(欠損値を含む場合はFALSEに変更)
- **→n():データの個数**
- ③group\_byを使うことでグループを基準として計算することもできる
- ④"summarise"と書いてもOK

# dplyrの関数⑤:summarize()

レベル1:Midtermの平均値をsummarize関数を用いて計算せよ

### dplyrの関数⑤:summarize()

#### レベル3:専攻別MidtermとFinalの平均値を計算せよ

```
dplyr::summarize(group_by(df, Major),
                   Midterm_average = mean(Midterm),
                   Final_average = mean(Final))
 A tibble: 6 \times 3
                  Midterm_average Final_average
 Major
                             <dbl>
                                           <dbl>
  <chr>>
1 Engineering
                             82.4
                                            75.8
2 Literature
                                            74.2
                             81.2
3 Medicine
                                            88.5
                             92.5
4 Natural Science
                                            74.5
                             80.8
5 Social Science
                                            90
                             75
6 Social studies
                              67.5
                                            41
```

### 演習問題(挑戦)

以下の条件に合わせてデータを処理しなさい

Medicine専攻以外の理系(Natural ScienceとEngineering)の場合、平均値が85点以上の場合は奨学金の対象になる。 MidtermとFinalの平均値を示すAverageカラムを生成し、該当カラムも示すこと。また、対象学生を示すScholarshipカラムを生成し、対象学生には"S"を、対象外の学生には"一"を表記すること。最後に、対象学生のStudent number、Name、Major、Averageのみ示すこと。

### 演習問題(挑戦)

```
df2 ← df %>% dplyr::mutate(Average = (Midterm + Final) / 2) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(Scholarship =
                  ifelse(Average ≥ 85 & (Major == 'Engineering' | Major == 'Natural Science'), "S", "-")) %>%
  dplyr::filter(Scholarship == 'S') %>%
  dplyr::select(`Student Number`, Name, Major, Average)
df2
A tibble: 5 \times 4
'Student Number' Name
                         Major
                                         Average
           <dbl> <chr>
                       <chr>
                                           <dbl>
            1304 Jin
                         Engineering
                                            88.5
            1306 Li
                         Engineering
                                            93
            1308 Sirasaki Natural Science
                                             89
            1309 Honda
                         Natural Science
                                             90
                        Engineering
            1313 Hong
                                             86
```