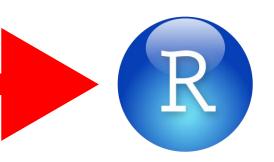
有用なR分析技術

③最高の視覚化Rパッケージ "ggplot2" 2



練習に使うデータの紹介

生徒の肥満度と運動時間(分)を示しているデータセット

# A tibble: 20 × 3		
`Student Number`	`Obesity	/ index` Workout
<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<dbl></dbl>
1 S_001	Obesity	60
2 S_002	Obesity	30
3 S_003	Obesity	120
4 S_004	Obesity	60
5 S_005	Obesity	0
6 S_006	Obesity	60
7 S_ 007	Obesity	120
8 S_008	Obesity	180
9 S_009	Obesity	60
10 S_010	Obesity	45
11 S_011	Normal	30
12 S_012	Normal	105
13 S_013	Normal	90
14 S_014	Normal	135
15 S_015	Normal	120
16 S_016	Normal	90
17 S_ 017	Normal	85
18 S_ 018	Normal	100
19 S_ 019	Normal	120
20 S_020	Normal	60

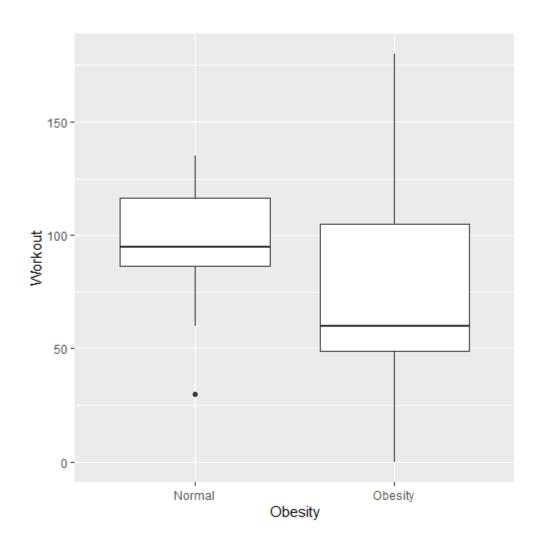
肥満と正常の二つのグルー
→ プに分けて連続数値である
運動時間をy軸とする
箱ひげ図を作成する

データの全処理

```
library(tidyverse)
library(readxl)
getwd()
## Load dataset ##
obesity_data ← readxl::read_excel("./03.Example data (最高の視覚化Rバッケージggplot2_2).xlsx")
View(obesity_data)
obesity_data
## Rename columns ##
obesity_data_renamed ← obesity_data %>% dplyr::rename(Student = `Student Number`,
                                                      Obesity = `Obesity index`)
obesity_data_renamed
## Preprocessing for graph ##
obesity_data_renamed$Obesity ← factor(obesity_data_renamed$Obesity, levels=c("Normal", "Obesity"))
obesity_data_renamed
```

グラフの基本型を作る

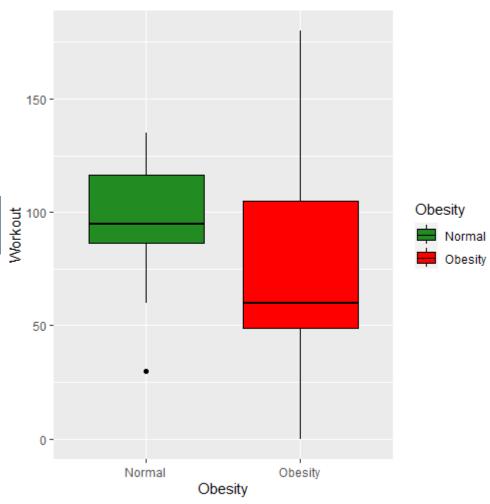
ggplot(obesity_data_renamed, aes(x = Obesity, y = Workout)) +
 geom_boxplot()



①色を設定する

```
ggplot(obesity_data_renamed, aes(x = Obesity, y = Workout, fill = Obesity)) +
   geom_boxplot(color = 'black', outlier.shape = NA) +
   scale_fill_manual(values = c('forestgreen', 'red'))
```

Normalは緑色、Obesityは赤色に設定

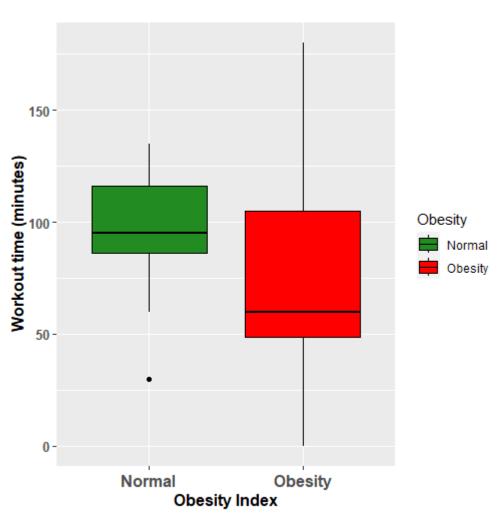


②軸名と目盛のデザインを変更する

```
# Change axes names and tick settings

ggplot(obesity_data_renamed, aes(x = Obesity, y = Workout, fill = Obesity)) +
    geom_boxplot(color = 'black', outlier.shape = NA) +
    scale_fill_manual(values = c('forestgreen', 'red')) +
    xlab('Obesity Index') +
    ylab('Workout time (minutes)') +
    theme(axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = 'bold'))
```

軸名と目盛のサイズの変更及びボルド体に



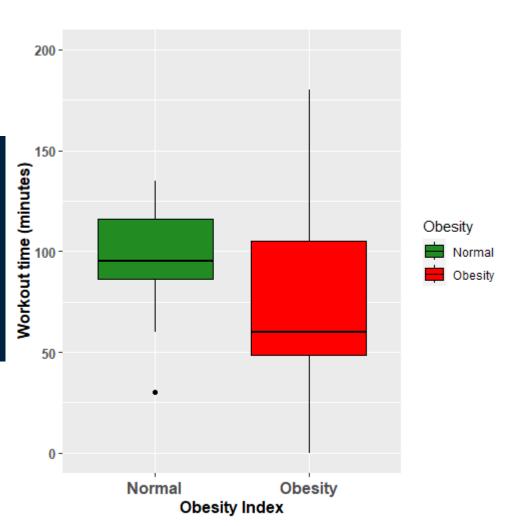
③Y軸の範囲を設定

Y軸の最大値を確認するため

```
max(obesity_data_renamed$Workout) # 180

ggplot(obesity_data_renamed, aes(x = Obesity, y = Workout, fill = Obesity)) +
    geom_boxplot(color = 'black', outlier.shape = NA) +
    scale_fill_manual(values = c('forestgreen', 'red')) +
    xlab('Obesity Index') +
    ylab('Workout time (minutes)') +
    theme(axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = 'bold')) +
    scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0,200))
```

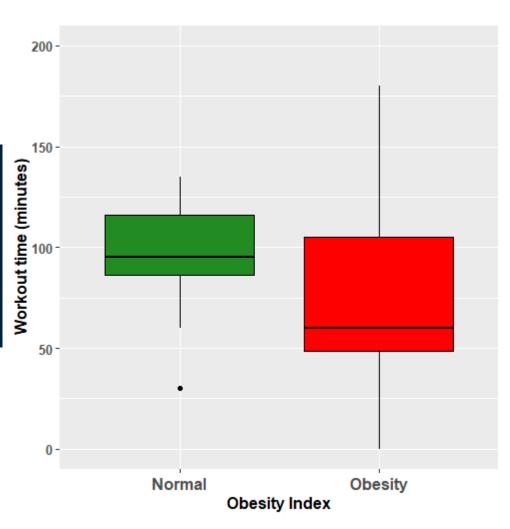
Y軸の範囲を0から200までに設定



4凡例を削除する

```
ggplot(obesity_data_renamed, aes(x = Obesity, y = Workout, fill = Obesity)) +
    geom_boxplot(color = 'black', outlier.shape = NA) +
    scale_fill_manual(values = c('forestgreen', 'red')) +
    xlab('Obesity Index') +
    ylab('Workout time (minutes)') +
    theme(axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = 'bold')) +
    scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0,200)) +
    theme(legend.position = "none")
```

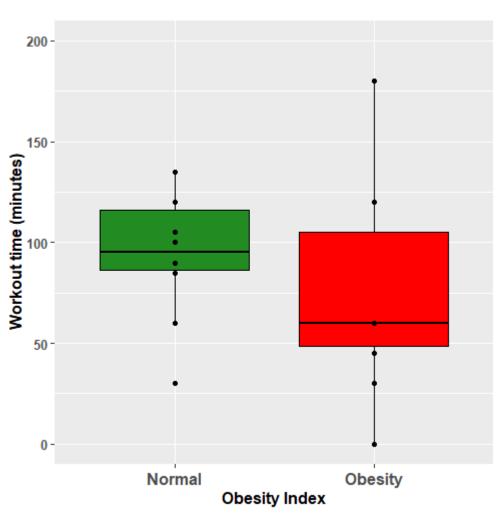
このグラフでは色は重要ではないため削除



⑤点プロットの形式でデータを表記する

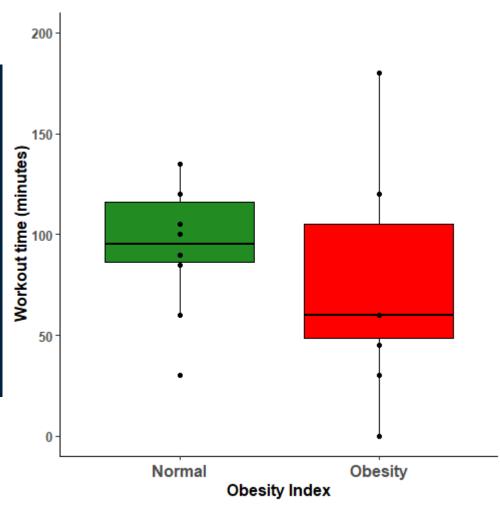
```
ggplot(obesity_data_renamed, aes(x = Obesity, y = Workout, fill = Obesity)) +
    geom_boxplot(color = 'black', outlier.shape = NA) +
    scale_fill_manual(values = c('forestgreen', 'red')) +
    xlab('Obesity Index') +
    ylab('Workout time (minutes)') +
    theme(axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = 'bold')) +
    scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0,200)) +
    theme(legend.position = "none") +
    geom_point(color = "black")
```

黒い点の形式ですべてのデータを表記



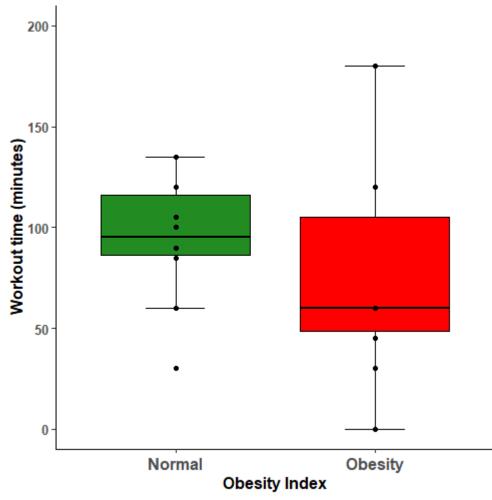
⑥グラフの背景を削除する

```
ggplot(obesity_data_renamed, aes(x = Obesity, y = Workout, fill = Obesity)) +
  geom_boxplot(color = 'black', outlier.shape = NA) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c('forestgreen', 'red')) +
  xlab('Obesity Index') +
  vlab('Workout time (minutes)') +
  # Modified setting #
  theme(axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = 'bold'),
        legend.position = "none",
        panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
        panel.background = element_blank(),
        axis.line = element_line(colour = "black")) +
  scale_y\_continuous(limits = c(0,200)) +
  geom_point(color = "black")
```



⑦エラーバーにひげを追加する

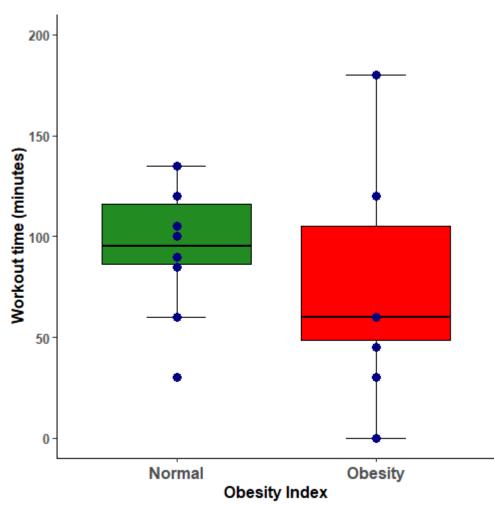
```
ggplot(obesity_data_renamed, aes(x = Obesity, y = Workout, fill = Obesity)) +
  # Modified setting #
  stat_boxplot(geom= 'errorbar' , width = 0.3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.75)) +
 geom_boxplot(color = 'black', outlier.shape = NA) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c('forestgreen', 'red')) +
  xlab('Obesity Index') +
  vlab('Workout time (minutes)') +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
       axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
       axis.text.x = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
       axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = 'bold'),
       legend.position = "none",
       panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
                                               箱ひげ図を作る前に
       panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
       panel.background = element_blank(),
       axis.line = element_line(colour = "black")) +エラーバーを作る
scale_y\_continuous(limits = c(0,200)) +
  geom_point(color = "black")
```



⑧点プロットを見やすくする

```
ggplot(obesity_data_renamed, aes(x = Obesity, y = Workout, fill = Obesity)) + |
 stat_boxplot(geom= 'errorbar' , width = 0.3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.75)) +
geom_boxplot(color = 'black', outlier.shape = NA) +
 scale_fill_manual(values = c('forestgreen', 'red')) +
 xlab('Obesity Index') +
 ylab('Workout time (minutes)') +
 theme(axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
       axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
       axis.text.x = element_text(size = 12, face = 'bold'),
       axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = 'bold'),
       legend.position = "none",
       panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
       panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
       panel.background = element_blank(),
       axis.line = element_line(colour = "black")) +
 scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0,200)) +
 # Modified setting #
 geom_point(color = "navy", size = 3)
```

色をネイビー、サイズを3に変更



結果

