Tables

Heterogeneity in direct replications in psychology and its association with effect size

Table 1 Effect size ρ_{xy} and its heterogeneity as a function of true effect size and measurement reliability.

	$\rho_{xy} = 0$	$ \rho_{xy} = .3 $	$\rho_{xy} = .5$
$\sqrt{R_{xx'}} \times \sqrt{R_{yy'}} = .6$	0	0.18	0.30
$\sqrt{R_{xx'}} \times \sqrt{R_{yy'}} = .7$	0	0.21	0.35
$\sqrt{R_{xx'}} \times \sqrt{R_{yy'}} = .8$	0	0.24	0.40

Note:

Values in cells are observed effect sizes arising from the true effect size ρ_{xy} and measurement reliabilites $\sqrt{R_{xx'}} \times \sqrt{R_{yy'}}$. Code to reproduce table: osf.io/kf6pt/

Table 2
Pre-registered multi-lab replication projects

RP	Paper	k	Countries	Effects	Participants
ML1	Klein, R. A., Ratliff, K. A., Vianello, M., Adams, R. B., Jr., Bahn?k, S., Bernstein, M. J., Nosek, B. A. (2014). Investigating variation in replicability: A "many labs" replication project.	36	10	16	5975
ML3	Ebersole, C. R., Atherton, O. E., Belanger, A. L., Skulborstad, H. M., Allen, J. M., Banks, J. B., & Brown, E. R. (2016). Many Labs 3: Evaluating participant pool quality across the academic semester via replication.	21	2	10	2845
RRR1	Alogna, V. K., Attaya, M. K., Aucoin, P., Bahn?k, S., Birch, S., Birt, A. R., & Buswell, K. (2014). Registered replication report: Schooler and engstler-schooler (1990).	32	10	1	4117
RRR2	Alogna, V. K., Attaya, M. K., Aucoin, P., Bahn?k, S., Birch, S., Birt, A. R., & Buswell, K. (2014). Registered replication report: Schooler and engstler-schooler (1990).	23	8	1	2442
RRR3	Eerland, A., Sherrill, A. M., Magliano, J. P., Zwaan, R. A., Arnal, J. D., Aucoin, P., & Crocker, C. (2016). Registered replication report: Hart & Albarrac?n (2011).	12	2	3	1187
RRR4	Hagger, M. S., Chatzisarantis, N. L., Alberts, H., Anggono, C. O., Batailler, C., Birt, A. R., & Calvillo, D. P. (2016). A multilab preregistered replication of the ego-depletion effect.	23	10	1	2872
RRR5	Cheung, I., Campbell, L., LeBel, E. P., Ackerman, R. A., Aykutoglu, B., Bahn?k, S., & Carcedo, R. J. (2016). Registered Replication Report: Study 1 from Finkel, Rusbult, Kumashiro, & Hannon (2002).	16	5	2	2071
RRR6	Wagenmakers, E. J., Beek, T., Dijkhoff, L., Gronau, Q. F., Acosta, A., Adams Jr, R. B., & Bulnes, L. C. (2016). Registered Replication Report: Strack, Martin, & Stepper (1988).	17	8	1	1894
RRR7	Bouwmeester, S., Verkoeijen, P. P., Aczel, B., Barbosa, F., B?gue, L., Bra?as-Garza, P., & Evans, A. M. (2017). Registered Replication Report: Rand, Greene, and Nowak (2012).	21	12	1	3596
RRR8	O'Donnell, M., Nelson, L., McLatchie, N. M., & Lynott, D. J. (2017). Registered Replication Report: Dijksterhuis & van Knippenberg (1998)	23	13	1	4493

Note:

For studies with several effects the number of participants is the average across effects, rounded to the closest whole number. Participant numbers are those used for primary analyses by original authors (i.e., after exclusions). RP = Replication Project, k = no. primary studies, ML = Many Labs, RRR = Registered Replication Report. Code to reproduce table: <math>osf.io/kf6pt/

Table 3

Heterogeneity across primary effects and statistical power of ten multi-lab replication projects, ordered with respect to estimated between studies variance (τ^2).

RP	Effect	k	Effect type	Effect size estimate	$I^2(\%)$	I^2 95% CI	$ au^2$	τ^2 95% CI	$\frac{\hbox{Type I Error Rate \& Statistical Power}}{\hbox{Level of heterogeneity}}$			
									RRR7	Intuitive-cooperation	21	MD
RRR8	Professor priming	23	MD	0.14	17.32	[0.00, 64.77]	0.73	[0.00, 6.44]	0.05	0.34	0.83	1.00
ML1	Anchoring 3 - Everest	36	SMD.	2.41	91.29	[86.61, 95.23]	0.48	[0.30, 0.91]	0.04	0.46	0.91	1.00
ML1	Allowed vs. forbidden	36	SMD.	1.93	75.56	[60.32, 85.46]	0.25	[0.12, 0.47]	0.05	0.47	0.91	1.00
ML1	Anchoring 2 - Chicago	36	SMD.	2.00	75.36	[61.11, 87.15]	0.13	[0.07, 0.28]	0.05	0.44	0.92	1.00
ML1	Anchoring 4 - Babies	36	SMD.	2.53	64.67	[45.67, 83.33]	0.09	[0.04, 0.24]	0.05	0.47	0.92	1.00
RRR3	Grammar on intentionality	12	MD	-0.25	38.06	[0.00, 85.72]	0.05	[0.00, 0.50]	0.06	0.22	0.68	0.97
ML1	Quote Attribution	36	SMD.	0.31	52.05	[24.63, 76.25]	0.03	[0.01, 0.08]	0.04	0.43	0.91	1.00
ML1	Low vs. high category scales	36	SMD.	0.88	19.20	[0.00, 49.95]	0.02	[0.00, 0.10]	0.04	0.46	0.92	1.00
ML1	Anchoring 1 - NYC	36	SMD.	1.21	40.23	[10.62, 73.94]	0.02	[0.00, 0.10]	0.05	0.45	0.92	1.00
ML1	Gender math attitude	35	SMD.	0.57	28.06	[0.00, 67.34]	0.01	[0.00, 0.07]	0.05	0.44	0.90	1.00
ML1	Norm of reciprocity	36	SMD.	-0.36	17.21	[0.00, 47.51]	0.01	[0.00, 0.04]	0.05	0.43	0.91	1.00
ML1	Gambler's Fallacy	36	SMD.	0.61	22.85	[0.00, 69.16]	0.01	[0.00, 0.06]	0.05	0.44	0.91	1.00
ML1	Imagined Contact	36	SMD.	0.12	20.60	[0.00, 62.50]	0.01	[0.00, 0.04]	0.05	0.44	0.91	1.00
ML3	Subjective Distance interaction	21	\mathbf{r}	0.02	33.51	[0.00, 76.78]	0.00	[0.00, 0.02]	0.05	0.33	0.83	0.99
ML1	IAT correlation math	35	\mathbf{r}	0.39	40.05	[3.93, 64.97]	0.00	[0.00, 0.01]	0.05	0.40	0.91	1.00
ML1	Sunk Costs	36	SMD.	0.29	9.18	[0.00, 45.93]	0.00	[0.00, 0.02]	0.05	0.44	0.91	1.00
ML3	Metaphor	20	\mathbf{r}	0.14	13.03	[0.00, 57.02]	0.00	[0.00, 0.02]	0.05	0.32	0.80	0.99
ML3	Credentials interaction	21	\mathbf{r}	0.02	24.03	[0.00, 73.82]	0.00	[0.00, 0.02]	0.05	0.30	0.81	1.00
RRR1	Verbal overshadowing 1	32	RD	-0.03	12.23	[0.00, 46.51]	0.00	[0.00, 0.01]	0.06	0.38	0.90	1.00
ML3	Availability	21	\mathbf{r}	0.04	0.51	[0.00, 56.09]	0.00	[0.00, 0.01]	0.05	0.34	0.83	1.00
ML1	Gain vs. loss framing	36	SMD.	-0.66	0.01	[0.00, 55.57]	0.00	[0.00, 0.04]	0.05	0.43	0.91	1.00
ML3	Power and Perspective	21	SMD.	0.03	0.01	[0.00, 57.17]	0.00	[0.00, 0.04]	0.05	0.32	0.81	0.99
RRR3	Grammar on intention attribution	12	MD	0.00	0.00	[0.00, 70.62]	0.00	[0.00, 0.03]	0.06	0.24	0.70	0.96
ML3	Conscientiousness and persistence	21	\mathbf{r}	0.02	0.00	[0.00, 61.42]	0.00	[0.00, 0.01]	0.05	0.29	0.79	1.00
RRR3	Grammar on detailed processing	12	MD	-0.10	0.00	[0.00, 54.49]	0.00	[0.00, 0.06]	0.06	0.24	0.70	0.97
RRR5	Commitment on neglect	16	MD	-0.05	0.00	[0.00, 53.18]	0.00	[0.00, 0.04]	0.06	0.28	0.74	0.99
RRR4	Ego depletion	23	SMD.	0.00	0.00	[0.00, 46.91]	0.00	[0.00, 0.03]	0.05	0.32	0.85	1.00
RRR6	Facial Feedback hypothesis	17	MD	0.03	0.00	[0.00, 25.13]	0.00	[0.00, 0.03]	0.06	0.27	0.77	0.99
ML3	Warmth Perceptions	21	SMD.	0.01	0.00	[0.00, 47.10]	0.00	[0.00, 0.03]	0.04	0.37	0.91	1.00
ML3	Weight Embodiment	20	SMD.	0.03	0.00	[0.00, 29.97]	0.00	[0.00, 0.02]	0.05	0.35	0.84	1.00
ML1	Flag Priming	36	SMD.	0.02	0.00	[0.00, 36.23]	0.00	[0.00, 0.01]	0.05	0.43	0.90	1.00
ML1	Money Priming	36	SMD.	-0.02	0.00	[0.00, 33.18]	0.00	[0.00, 0.01]	0.05	0.44	0.91	1.00
RRR5	Commitment on exit	16	MD	-0.06	0.00	[0.00, 17.44]	0.00	[0.00, 0.01]	0.06	0.27	0.77	0.99
RRR2	Verbal overshadowing 2	23	RD	-0.15	0.00	[0.00, 32.36]	0.00	[0.00, 0.00]	0.06	0.31	0.83	1.00
ML3	Elaboration likelihood interaction	20	\mathbf{r}	0.00	0.00	[0.00, 18.62]	0.00	[0.00, 0.00]	0.05	0.31	0.83	0.99
ML3	Stroop effect	21	r	0.41	0.00	[0.00, 13.61]	0.00	[0.00, 0.00]	0.05	0.29	0.80	0.99

Note:

Effects were estimated in metafor using REML. The following effects are odds ratios transformed into standardized mean differences: 'Allowed vs. forbidden', 'Gain vs. loss framing', 'Norm of reciprocity', 'Low vs. high category scales'. RP = Replication Project, k = no. primary studies, CI = confidence intervals. Statistical power and type I error rates were simulated, where Zero = simulated type 1 error, and the other headers represent simulated power under small/medium/large heterogeneity ($I^2 = 25/50/75\%$) respectively. SMD = Standardized Mean difference (Hedge's g), MD = Mean Difference, RD = Risk Difference, r = correlation. Code to reproduce table: osf.io/kf6pt/

^a These effects were simulated as standardized mean differences