## Lab8 Binary Search Tree

## 1. Main program

- 1) Menu 구성: (1. Insert, 2. Delete, 3. Search, 4. Print 5. Traverse 6. Leaf 7. Quit)
- 2) For each command;
  - Insert: "Enter number to insert: " insert\_tree( Num)
  - **Delete:** If (!tree\_empty()) "Enter number to delete" **delete\_tree**( Num) else "**Tree is empty**"
  - Search: if (!tree\_empty()) "Enter number to search: " temp=search\_tree(root, Num) if (temp==NULL) "NOT found" else "number is found" else "Tree is empty"
  - Traverse: if (!tree\_empty()) inrder/preorder/postorder(); else "Tree is empty"
  - Leaf (node) : // if tree is empty then return count 0; if (node->left == NULL) &&(node->right == NULL) count++; else count = leaf(node->left) + leaf(node->right);
  - Print: Draw\_tree() // lab7 의 drawtree 함수 이용할 수 있음
- 3. 알고리즘 (강의노트 참조)

Delete → FINDMAX 알고리즘 사용할 것.

## 4. 테스트 절차(예):

- 1) **Delete** : Tree is empty
- 2) **Traverse** : Tree is empty
- 3) Insert: (30 40 20 10 50) 순서대로 insert 후, DRAWTRE 로 트리를 보일것
- **4) Leaf:** 2
- 5) Delete test:
  - Single 노드 테스트→ delete 20, DRAWTREE 로 트리를 보일것
  - Leaf 노드 테스트 → delete 50, DRAWTREE 로 트리를 보일것
  - 양쪽노드 테스트 → delete 30, DRAWTREE 로 트리를 보일것
- 6) Search: 30 "Not Found" Search: 10 "Found"
- 7) Traverse:
  - inorder: 10 40 postorder: 40 10 preorder: 10 40