Reliable Software - Assignment 1

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- 1 General
- $2\quad Task\ 1$
- 2.1 Code

- 3 Task 2
- 3.1 Code

```
int x = 0;
proctype P() {
      int k;
      int N = 5;
      int local_x;
      for (k: 1..N) {
            local_x = x; /* LOAD */
local_x++; /* INCREMENT */
x = local_x; /* STORE */
      }
}
proctype check() {
      :: (\_nr\_pr == 1) \rightarrow \mathbf{printf}("x\_is\_\%d \ n", x); \mathbf{assert} (x == 3);
}
init {
            \mathbf{run}\ P();\ \mathbf{run}\ P();\ \mathbf{run}\ P();
      run check();
}
```

- 4 Task 3
- 4.1 Code

```
#define N 3 // Number of people
#define B_MIN 0
\#define B_MAX 4
#define NUMM 300
byte PERSON1 = 0;
byte PERSON2 = 1;
byte PERSON3 = 2;
chan c1 = [NUMM] of \{int\};
chan c2 = [NUMM] of \{int\};
chan c3 = [NUMM] of \{int\};
byte a1 = 5, a2 = 6, a3 = 7;
byte b[N];
           // Lower bounds b[i] for each person
            // Candidate dates d[i] for each person
byte d[N];
            // Earliest available dates f[i] for each person
byte f[N];
// MAIN IDEA: RECEIVE TO YOUR OWN IDS CHANNEL, SEND TO NEXT
active proctype P1(byte id) {
  byte prev_date;
  d[id] = 0;
  f[id] = 0;
  do
  :: true ->
    d[id] = f[id];
    c2 ! d[id];
    c1 ? prev_date;
    i f
    :: prev_date > d[id] -> d[id] = prev_date;
    :: else \rightarrow skip;
    fi:
    f[id] = (d[id] - b[id] + a1);
    :: f[id] <= prev_date -> break;
    :: else \rightarrow skip;
```

```
fi;
  od;
}
active proctype P2(byte id) {
  byte prev_date;
  d[id] = 0;
  f[id] = 0;
  do
  :: true \rightarrow
    d[id] = f[id];
    c3 ! d[id];
     c2 ? prev_date;
     i f
     :: prev_date > d[id] \rightarrow d[id] = prev_date;
     :: else \rightarrow skip;
     fi;
     f\,[\,id\,] \;=\; (\,d\,[\,id\,] \;-\; b\,[\,id\,] \;+\; a2\,)\,;
     i f
     :: f[id] <= prev_date -> break;
     :: else \rightarrow skip;
     fi;
  od;
}
active proctype P3(byte id) {
  byte prev_date;
  d[id] = 0;
  f[id] = 0;
  do
  :: true \rightarrow
    d[id] = f[id];
    c1 ! d[id];
    c3 ? prev_date;
```

```
:: prev_date > d[id] -> d[id] = prev_date;
    :: \ \mathbf{else} \ -\!\!\!> \ \mathbf{skip} \, ;
    fi;
    f[id] = (d[id] - b[id] + a3);
    i f
    :: f[id] <= prev_date -> break;
    :: else \rightarrow skip;
    fi;
  od;
}
init {
  // Initialize lower bounds b[i] and intervals a[i]
  byte b1, b2, b3;
  // Loop through possible values of b1, b2, and b3
  for (b1: B_MIN..B_MAX) {
  for (b2: B_MIN..B_MAX) {
  for (b3: B_MIN..B_MAX) {
    // Initialize lower bounds and intervals for each person
    b[0] = b1; b[1] = b2; b[2] = b3;
    run P1(PERSON1);
         run P2(PERSON2);
         run P3(PERSON3);
    // TODO: Fix this loop
    do
    :: _nr_pr > 1 \rightarrow 0;
    :: else \rightarrow break;
    od;
    // Print the largest possible meeting date and the corresponding lower bo
    d[0] > d[1] \& d[0] > d[2] - printf("Largest-meeting-date:-%d,-b1:-%d]
    :: d[1] > d[0] \&\& d[1] > d[2] \rightarrow \mathbf{printf}("Largest-meeting-date:-%d,-b1:-%d)
    :: d[2] > d[0] \&\& d[2] > d[1] -> printf("Largest-meeting-date:-%d,-b1:-%d")
    :: else \rightarrow skip;
    fi;
```

i f

}

- 5 Task 4
- 5.1 Code

```
\mathbf{mtype} \,=\, \{\mathtt{p}\,,\mathtt{v}\,\}; \ // \ \mathsf{P} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{Wait}\,, \ \mathsf{V} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{signal}
chan S = [0] of {mtype};
byte N = 0;
proctype semaphore(byte n) {
     N = n;
     do
     :: N > 0 \rightarrow
          S? p;
          N--;
     :: N == 0 ->
          S ? v;
          N++;
     od
}
active[5] proctype c() {
     do
     :: S ! p;
          printf("%d-bien-here!\n", _pid);
         S ! v;
     od
}
active proctype check() {
     assert (N >= 0);
init {
     byte n = 3;
     run semaphore(n);
     // run check();
     /*bit i;
     for (i: 1..5) {
    run c();
}*/
}
```

- 6 Task 5
- 6.1 Code

```
\mathbf{mtype} \,=\, \{ \ \mathbf{p} \,,\, \ \mathbf{v} \ \}; \ // \quad \mathbf{P} \ \mathbf{for} \ \mathbf{Wait} \,, \ \mathbf{V} \ \mathbf{for} \ \mathbf{signal}
chan S = [0] of {mtype};
// TODO: Impl chanl
chan C = [5] of \{int\};
byte N = 0;
proctype semaphore(byte n) {
     N = n;
     do
     :: N > 0 \rightarrow
          S ? p;
          N--;
     :: N == 0 ->
          S ? v;
          N++;
     od
}
active[5] proctype c() {
     do
     :: S ! p;
          printf("%d-bien-here!\n", _pid);
         S ! v;
     od
}
active proctype check() {
     assert (N >= 0);
init {
     byte n = 3;
     run semaphore(n);
     // run check();
     /*bit i;
     for (i: 1..5) {
     run c();
}
```