Simulation #7

Two port network – Z Parameters



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Aim of the Expt.:

- Understand two port circuits
- Calculate Z parameters for two port networks
- Use Multisim to find the Z parameters for given circuit

Theory:

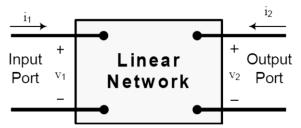


Figure 1 Generalisation of two port network

There are six groups of two-port circuit parameters (e.g., the impedance z-parameters, admittance y-parameters, hybrid h-parameters, etc) that can be used to relate the input/output voltage & current variables. Any set of parameters can be derived from the other ones.

The z-parameters are defined by:

$$V_1 = Z_{11} I_1 + Z_{12} I_2$$

 $V_2 = Z_{21} I_1 + Z_{22} I_2$

These parameters can be measured by the following tests (based on open-circuit input port condition, and open-circuit output port condition):

$$Z_{11} = V_1 / I_1$$
 when $I_2 = 0$
 $Z_{12} = V_1 / I_2$ when $I_1 = 0$
 $Z_{21} = V_2 / I_1$ when $I_2 = 0$
 $Z_{22} = V_2 / I_2$ when $I_1 = 0$

Circuit:

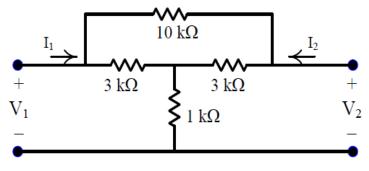


Figure 2 Circuit for experiment

Simulation:

- 1. Build the circuit of Figure 2 in Multisim Electronics Workbench.
- 2. Apply a DC voltage test source to the input port with the output port open. Use a voltmeter and ammeter to read the values of the voltages and currents necessary to compute Z₁₁ and Z₂₁. Observe the proper polarity of the currents.
- 3. Repeat a similar procedure with a DC voltage test source applied to the output port with the input port open. Use a voltmeter and ammeter to read the voltage and current values, and derive the parameters Z₂₂ and Z₁₂.
- 4. Record the values of the Z-parameters in Table 1.

| Z-parameters | Z11 | Z12 | Z21 | Z22 |
|---------------------|-----|-----|------------|-----|
| Simulation | | | | |
| Calculation | | | | |

Table 1 Z-parameters for circuit 1

Questions:

- 1. Explain whether this two-port circuit is reciprocal, and why?
- 2. Explain whether this two-port circuit is symmetric, and why?
- 3. Run the simulation for a loaded two port network as shown in Figure 3 and find the voltage and current gain. Vs= 10 V DC, Gv=V2/Vs and current gain Gi=I2/I1.

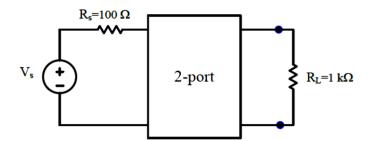


Figure 3 Loaded two-port network