Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 19

Section 1: MCQ

1. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is

push(1); pop(); push(2); push(3);

```
pop();
   push(4);
pop();
   pop();
   push(5);
   Answer
   1
   Status: Correct
```

Marks: 1/1

3. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

Answer

Popping an element from an empty stack

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct

4. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
 #define MAX_SIZE 5
 int stack[MAX_SIZE];
 int top = -1;
void display() {
   if (top == -1) {
      printf("Stack is empty\n");
   } else {
      printf("Stack elements: ");
     for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
        printf("%d ", stack[i]);
     printf("\n");
   }
 void push(int value) {
if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
```

```
printf("Stack Overflow\n");
} else {
    stack[++top] = value;
}
int main() {
    display();
    push(10);
    push(20);
    push(30);
    display();
    push(40);
    push(50);
    push(60);
    display();
    return 0;
}

Answer
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30

5. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it?

Answer

20 10

Peek

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

Answer

Last In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

First node

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    int stack[MAX_SIZE];
    int top = -1;
    int isEmpty() {
     return (top == -1);
    int isFull() {
      return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
    void push(int item) {
      if (isFull())
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      else
        stack[++top] = item;
    int main() {
     printf("%d\n", isEmpty())
push(10);
```

```
push(20);
push(30);
printf("%d\n", isFull());
return 0;
}
Answer
10
Status: Correct
```

Marks : 1/1

10. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - *?

Answer

· 18

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / * 8 - is

Answer

142

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3*(6*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Answer

4

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top

element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack. Given the following sequence of operations: push(10);pop();push(5);top(); What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations? Answer The top element in the stack is 5 Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 14. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack? push(1); pop(); push(2); push(3);pop(); push(2); pop(); pop(); push(4); pop(); pop(); push(5); Answer **Underflow Occurs** Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 15. Elements are Added on of the Stack. Answer 2A75Top

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

Answer

Pop

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
   void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
      if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
        return;
      stack[++(*top)] = item;
   int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
      if (*top == -1) {
      printf("Stack Underflow\n");
        return -1;
      return stack[(*top)--];
   int main() {
      int stack[MAX_SIZE];
      int top = -1;
      push(stack, &top, 10);
      push(stack, &top, 20);
      push(stack, &top, 30);
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
    printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
```

```
printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
return 0;
}
```

Answer

302010Stack Underflow

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

18. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

Answer

At the beginning of the list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a fixed size?

Answer

Efficient memory usage

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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