

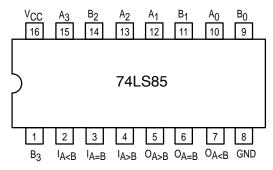
# 4-BIT MAGNITUDE COMPARATOR

The SN54/74LS85 is a 4-Bit Magnitude Camparator which compares two 4-bit words (A, B), each word having four Parallel Inputs (A0-A3, B0-B3); A3, B3 being the most significant inputs. Operation is not restricted to binary codes, the device will work with any monotonic code. Three Outputs are provided: "A greater than B" (OA>B), "A less than B" (OA<B), "A equal to B" (OA=B). Three Expander Inputs, IA>B, IA<B, IA=B, allow cascading without external gates. For proper compare operation, the Expander Inputs to the least significant position must be connected as follows: IA<B=IA>B=L, IA=B=H. For serial (ripple) expansion, the OA>B, OA<B and OA=B Outputs are connected respectively to the IA>B, IA<B, and IA=B Inputs of the next most significant comparator, as shown in Figure 1. Refer to Applications section of data sheet for high speed method of comparing large words.

The Truth Table on the following page describes the operation of the SN54/74LS85 under all possible logic conditions. The upper 11 lines describe the normal operation under all conditions that will occur in a single device or in a series expansion scheme. The lower five lines describe the operation under abnormal conditions on the cascading inputs. These conditions occur when the parallel expansion technique is used.

- Easily Expandable
- Binary or BCD Comparison
- O<sub>A>B</sub>, O<sub>A<B</sub>, and O<sub>A=B</sub> Outputs Available

#### **CONNECTION DIAGRAM DIP (TOP VIEW)**



NOTE: The Flatpak version has the same pinouts (Connection Diagram) as the Dual In-Line Package.

LOADING (Note a)

#### **PIN NAMES**

|                                |                                       | HIGH                 | LOW                    |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| $A_0 - A_3, B_0 - B_3$         | Parallel Inputs A = B Expander Inputs | 1.5 U.L.<br>1.5 U.L. | 0.75 U.L.<br>0.75 U.L. |
| A=B<br> A <b,  a="">B</b,>     | A < B, A > B, Expander Inputs         | 0.5 U.L.             | 0.75 U.L.<br>0.25 U.L. |
| O <sub>A&gt;B</sub>            | A Greater Than B Output (Note b)      | 10 U.L.              | 5 (2.5) U.L.           |
| O <sub>A<b< sub=""></b<></sub> | B Greater Than A Output (Note b)      | 10 U.L.              | 5 (2.5) U.L.           |
| $O_{A=B}$                      | A Equal to B Output (Note b)          | 10 U.L.              | 5 (2.5) U.L.           |
| NOTES:                         |                                       |                      |                        |

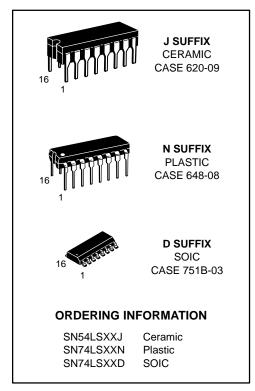
a) 1 TTL Unit Load (U.L.) = 40  $\mu$ A HIGH/1.6 mA LOW.

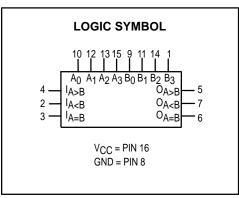
b) The Output LOW drive factor is 2.5 U.L. for Military (54) and 5 U.L. for Commercial (74) Temperature Ranges.

## SN54/74LS85

# 4-BIT MAGNITUDE COMPARATOR

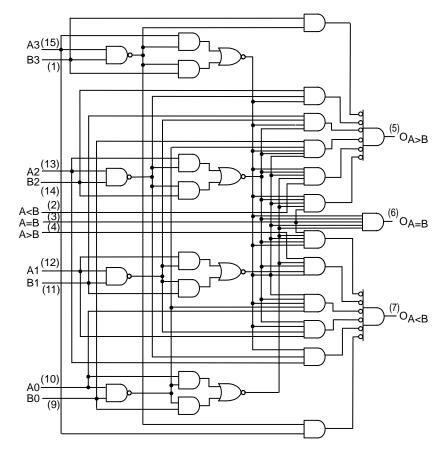
LOW POWER SCHOTTKY





# SN54/74LS85

#### **LOGIC DIAGRAM**



**TRUTH TABLE** 

| COMPARING INPUTS                |                                |                                 | CASCADING<br>INPUTS |                     |                                | OUTPUTS          |                     |                                |                  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| A3,B3                           | A <sub>2</sub> ,B <sub>2</sub> | A <sub>1</sub> ,B <sub>1</sub>  | $A_0,B_0$           | I <sub>A&gt;B</sub> | I <sub>A<b< sub=""></b<></sub> | I <sub>A=B</sub> | O <sub>A&gt;B</sub> | O <sub>A<b< sub=""></b<></sub> | O <sub>A=B</sub> |
| A3>B3                           | Х                              | Х                               | Х                   | Х                   | Х                              | Х                | Н                   | L                              | L                |
| A <sub>3</sub> <b<sub>3</b<sub> | Χ                              | Χ                               | Χ                   | Х                   | Χ                              | Χ                | L                   | Н                              | L                |
| A <sub>3</sub> =B <sub>3</sub>  | $A_2>B_2$                      | Χ                               | Χ                   | Х                   | Χ                              | X                | Н                   | L                              | L                |
| A3=B3                           | $A_2 < B_2$                    | Χ                               | Χ                   | Х                   | Χ                              | Χ                | L                   | Н                              | L                |
| A3=B3                           | $A_2=B_2$                      | A <sub>1</sub> >B <sub>1</sub>  | Χ                   | Х                   | Χ                              | X                | Н                   | L                              | L                |
| A3=B3                           | $A_2=B_2$                      | A <sub>1</sub> <b<sub>1</b<sub> | Χ                   | Х                   | Χ                              | X                | L                   | Н                              | L                |
| A3=B3                           | $A_2=B_2$                      | A <sub>1</sub> =B1              | $A_0 > B_0$         | Х                   | Χ                              | X                | Н                   | L                              | L                |
| A3=B3                           | $A_2=B_2$                      | $A_1 = B_1$                     | $A_0 < B_0$         | Х                   | Χ                              | X                | L                   | Н                              | L                |
| A3=B3                           | $A_2=B_2$                      | A <sub>1</sub> =B <sub>1</sub>  | $A_0 = B_0$         | Н                   | L                              | L                | Н                   | L                              | L                |
| A3=B3                           | $A_2=B_2$                      | A <sub>1</sub> =B <sub>1</sub>  | $A_0 = B_0$         | L                   | Н                              | L                | L                   | Н                              | L                |
| A3=B3                           | $A_2 = B_2$                    | A <sub>1</sub> =B <sub>1</sub>  | $A_0 = B_0$         | Х                   | Χ                              | Н                | L                   | L                              | Н                |
| A3=B3                           | $A_2 = B_2$                    | A <sub>1</sub> =B <sub>1</sub>  | $A_0 = B_0$         | Н                   | Н                              | L                | L                   | L                              | L                |
| A <sub>3</sub> =B <sub>3</sub>  | $A_2 = B_2$                    | A <sub>1</sub> =B <sub>1</sub>  | $A_0 = B_0$         | L                   | L                              | L                | Н                   | Н                              | L                |

H = HIGH Level L = LOW Level X = IMMATERIAL

#### **GUARANTEED OPERATING RANGES**

| Symbol         | Parameter                           |          | Min         | Тур        | Max         | Unit |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------|-------------|------------|-------------|------|
| VCC            | Supply Voltage                      | 54<br>74 | 4.5<br>4.75 | 5.0<br>5.0 | 5.5<br>5.25 | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub> | Operating Ambient Temperature Range | 54<br>74 | -55<br>0    | 25<br>25   | 125<br>70   | °C   |
| loh            | Output Current — High               | 54, 74   |             |            | -0.4        | mA   |
| lOL            | Output Current — Low                | 54<br>74 |             |            | 4.0<br>8.0  | mA   |

#### SN54/74LS85

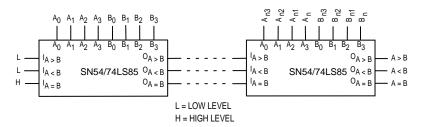


Figure 1. Comparing Two n-Bit Words

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Figure 2 shows a high speed method of comparing two 24-bit words with only two levels of device delay. With the technique shown in Figure 1, six levels of device delay result when comparing two 24-bit words. The parallel technique can be expanded to any number of bits, see Table 1.

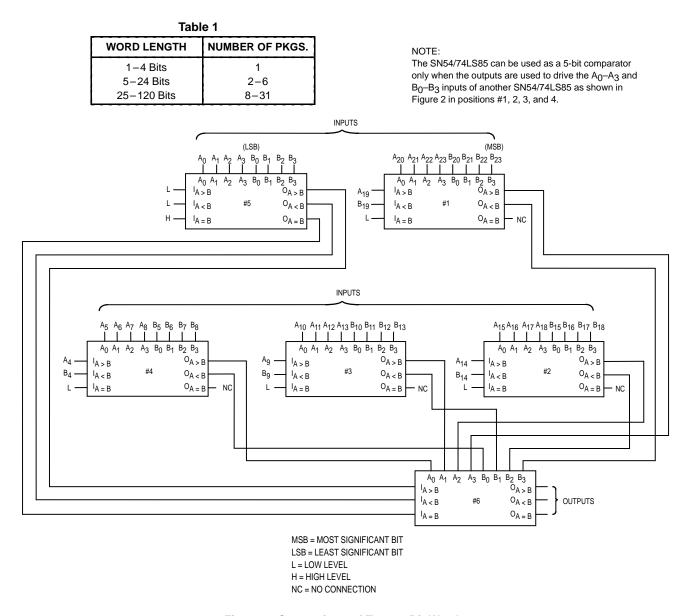


Figure 2. Comparison of Two 24-Bit Words

### SN54/74LS85

#### DC CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE (unless otherwise specified)

|                                     |  |        |     | Limits |              |      |   |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------|-----|--------|--------------|------|---|--|
| Symbol                              | pol Parameter                                      |        | Min | Тур    | Max          | Unit | Tes   | t Conditions                           |
| VIH                                 | /IH Input HIGH Voltage                             |        | 2.0 |        |              | V    | Guaranteed Input HIGH Voltage for All Inputs                                    |  |
| V Laurett OW Valle and              |  | 54     |     |        | 0.7          | V    | Guaranteed Input LOW Voltage for  |  |
| VIL.                                | V <sub>IL</sub> Input LOW Voltage                  |        |     |        | 0.8          | V    | All Inputs  |  |
| VIK                                 | Input Clamp Diode Voltage                          | _      |     | -0.65  | -1.5         | V    | $V_{CC} = MIN, I_{IN} = -18 \text{ mA}$   |  |
| \/a                                 | Output HIGH Voltage                                | 54     | 2.5 | 3.5    | o            | ٧    | V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN, I <sub>OH</sub> = MAX, V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> |  |
| V <sub>OH</sub> Output HIGH Voltage |  | 74     | 2.7 | 3.5    |              | V    | or V <sub>IL</sub> per Truth T  | āble                                   |
| Va                                  | Output LOW Voltage                                 | 54, 74 |     | 0.25   | 0.4          | V    | I <sub>OL</sub> = 4.0 mA  | V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> MIN, |
| VOL                                 |  | 74     |     | 0.35   | 0.5          | V    | I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA  | VIN = VIL or VIH<br>per Truth Table    |
| Iн                                  | Input HIGH Current<br>A < B, A > B<br>Other Inputs |        |     |        | 20<br>60     | μΑ   | V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7 V                                  |  |
|                                     | A < B, A > B<br>Other Inputs                       |        |     |        | 0.1<br>0.3   | mA   | V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>IN</sub> = 7.0 V                                  |  |
| ημ                                  | Input LOW Current A < B, A > B Other Inputs        |        |     |        | -0.4<br>-1.2 | mA   | $V_{CC} = MAX$ , $V_{IN} = 0.4 V$   |  |
| los                                 | S Output Short Circuit Current (Note 1)            |        | -20 |        | -100         | mA   | V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX   |  |
| Icc                                 | Power Supply Current                               |        |     |        | 20           | mA   | V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX   |  |

Note 1: Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, nor for more than 1 second.

## AC CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>A</sub> = $25^{\circ}$ C, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V)

|                                      |                            | Limits |          |          |      |   |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|----------|----------|------|---|
| Symbol                               | Parameter                  | Min    | Тур      | Max      | Unit | Test Conditions                                     |
| <sup>t</sup> PLH<br><sup>t</sup> PHL | Any A or B to A < B, A > B |        | 24<br>20 | 36<br>30 | ns   |   |
| <sup>t</sup> PLH<br><sup>t</sup> PHL | Any A or B to A = B        |        | 27<br>23 | 45<br>45 | ns   |   |
| <sup>t</sup> PLH<br><sup>t</sup> PHL | A < B or A = B to A > B    |        | 14<br>11 | 22<br>17 | ns   | $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$<br>$C_{L} = 15 \text{ pF}$ |
| <sup>t</sup> PLH<br><sup>t</sup> PHL | A = B to A = B             |        | 13<br>13 | 20<br>26 | ns   |   |
| <sup>t</sup> PLH<br><sup>t</sup> PHL | A > B or A = B to A < B    |        | 14<br>11 | 22<br>17 | ns   |   |

#### **AC WAVEFORMS**

