```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
In [2]: | df = pd.read_csv('Downloads/amazon_alexa.csv')
         df.head(10)
Out[2]:
                                              reviews sentiment
          0
                                         Love my Echo!
          1
                                              Loved it!
            Sometimes while playing a game, you can answer...
                                                              1
          3
                  I have had a lot of fun with this thing. My 4 ...
                                                              1
          4
                                                Music
                                                              1
          5
                I received the echo as a gift. I needed anothe...
          6
               Without having a cellphone, I cannot use many ...
          7
                   I think this is the 5th one I've purchased. I'...
          8
                                            looks great
                                                              1
          9
                  Love it! I've listened to songs I haven't hear...
                                                              1
In [3]:
         df.isnull().sum()
         df.dropna(inplace=True)
In [4]:
         import nltk
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
         from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
         import string
In [5]: # Tokenizing words
         nltk.download('punkt')
         df['reviews'] = df['reviews'].apply(nltk.word_tokenize)
         [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to
         [nltk data]
                           C:\Users\jagap\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
         [nltk_data]
                         Package punkt is already up-to-date!
In [6]: | df['reviews'] = df['reviews'].apply(lambda x: [word.lower() for word in x])
In [7]:
         # Removing Punctuations
         nltk.download('stopwords')
         punct = string.punctuation
         df['reviews'] = df['reviews'].apply(lambda x: [word for word in x if word not
         [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to
         [nltk data]
                           C:\Users\jagap\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
         [nltk_data]
                         Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
```

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```
In [8]: # Removing Stop words
         stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
         df['reviews'] = df['reviews'].apply(lambda x: [word for word in x if word not
 In [9]: # Stemming or Lemmatizing the words
         nltk.download('wordnet')
         porter_stemmer = PorterStemmer()
         wordnet_lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
         df['reviews'] = df['reviews'].apply(lambda x: [porter_stemmer.stem(word) for w
         [nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to
                         C:\Users\jagap\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
         [nltk_data]
         [nltk_data]
                       Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
In [10]: | from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
In [11]: # Using Count Vectorizer
         count_vectorizer = CountVectorizer()
         X = count_vectorizer.fit_transform(df['reviews'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join(x)))
In [12]: | from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         y = df['sentiment']
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, rando
In [13]: from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
         from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
         from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, classification report
In [14]: | nb = MultinomialNB()
         lr = LogisticRegression()
         knn = KNeighborsClassifier()
```

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```
models = {'MultinomialNB': nb, 'Logistic Regression': lr, 'KNN': knn}
In [15]:
         for name, model in models.items():
              print(name)
             model.fit(X_train, y_train)
             y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
              print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
              print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
         MultinomialNB
          [[ 17 41]
           [ 11 561]]
                                      recall f1-score
                        precision
                                                          support
                     0
                             0.61
                                        0.29
                                                  0.40
                                                               58
                     1
                             0.93
                                        0.98
                                                  0.96
                                                              572
                                                  0.92
                                                              630
              accuracy
             macro avg
                             0.77
                                        0.64
                                                  0.68
                                                              630
         weighted avg
                             0.90
                                        0.92
                                                  0.90
                                                              630
         Logistic Regression
          [[ 19 39]
             3 569]]
                                      recall f1-score
                        precision
                                                          support
                     0
                             0.86
                                        0.33
                                                  0.48
                                                               58
                     1
                             0.94
                                        0.99
                                                  0.96
                                                              572
                                                  0.93
                                                              630
              accuracy
                             0.90
                                        0.66
                                                  0.72
                                                              630
             macro avg
         weighted avg
                             0.93
                                        0.93
                                                  0.92
                                                              630
         KNN
             2 56]
          [[
              0 572]]
                        precision
                                      recall f1-score
                                                          support
                     0
                             1.00
                                        0.03
                                                  0.07
                                                               58
                     1
                             0.91
                                        1.00
                                                  0.95
                                                              572
                                                  0.91
              accuracy
                                                              630
                                                              630
             macro avg
                             0.96
                                        0.52
                                                  0.51
         weighted avg
                             0.92
                                        0.91
                                                  0.87
                                                              630
```

C:\Users\jagap\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\neighbors\\_classification. py:228: FutureWarning: Unlike other reduction functions (e.g. `skew`, `kurtos is`), the default behavior of `mode` typically preserves the axis it acts alo ng. In SciPy 1.11.0, this behavior will change: the default value of `keepdim s` will become False, the `axis` over which the statistic is taken will be el iminated, and the value None will no longer be accepted. Set `keepdims` to Tr ue or False to avoid this warning.

mode, \_ = stats.mode(\_y[neigh\_ind, k], axis=1)

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