

HW2: Orthogonality

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1 Cosines

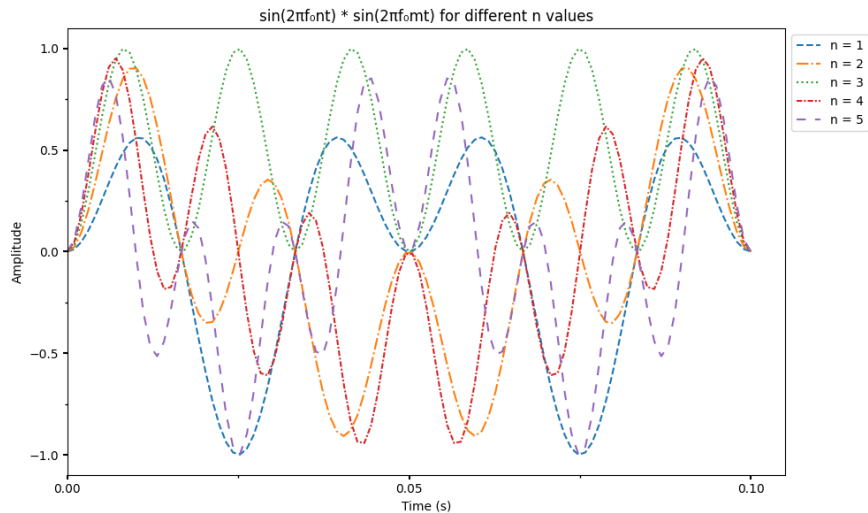


Figure 1: Plot of the product of $\sin(2\pi m f_0 t)$ and $\sin(2\pi n f_0 t)$ for $m=3$, $n=1,2,3,4,5$

$$\int_{t=0}^T \cos(2\pi n f_0 t) * \cos(2\pi m f_0 t) dt = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\int_{t=0}^T \cos(2\pi n f_0 t) * \cos(2\pi n f_0 t) dt = \frac{1}{2f_0} \quad (2)$$

I wrote the following code to do the numerical integrals. The example shown is for Eq. 1, but can be adapted by changing `np.cos` to `np.sin` in the necessary locations to match Eq. 3 and Eq. 5.

```
print("Cosines:")
for i in n:
    print(f"\nn = {i}")
    sum = 0
    for j in range(len(t) - 1):
        # Calculate the integral
        cos_i = (np.cos(2 * np.pi * m * f_0 * t[j])) * np.cos(2 * np.pi * i * f_0 * t[j])
        cos_i1 = (np.cos(2 * np.pi * m * f_0 * t[j + 1])) * np.cos(2 * np.pi * i * f_0 * t[j + 1])
        sum += (cos_i + cos_i1) / 2 * dt
        #print(f"t = {t[j]:.4f}, partial sum = {sum:.4f}")
    print(f"Integral of cos(2*pi*{m}*f0*t) * cos(2*pi*{i}*f0*t) over one period: {sum:.4f}")
```

In the cases where $m = n$, shown in Eq. 2 and Eq. 4, I calculated $\frac{1}{2f_0} = 0.05$. I then ran the integrals and checked that the values matched what was expected.

For Eqs. 1 and 2, the output was:

Cosines:

```
n = 1
Integral of cos(2*pi*3*f0*t) * cos(2*pi*1*f0*t) over one period: -0.0000

n = 2
Integral of cos(2*pi*3*f0*t) * cos(2*pi*2*f0*t) over one period: -0.0000

n = 3
Integral of cos(2*pi*3*f0*t) * cos(2*pi*3*f0*t) over one period: 0.0500

n = 4
Integral of cos(2*pi*3*f0*t) * cos(2*pi*4*f0*t) over one period: 0.0000

n = 5
Integral of cos(2*pi*3*f0*t) * cos(2*pi*5*f0*t) over one period: 0.0000
```

2 Sines

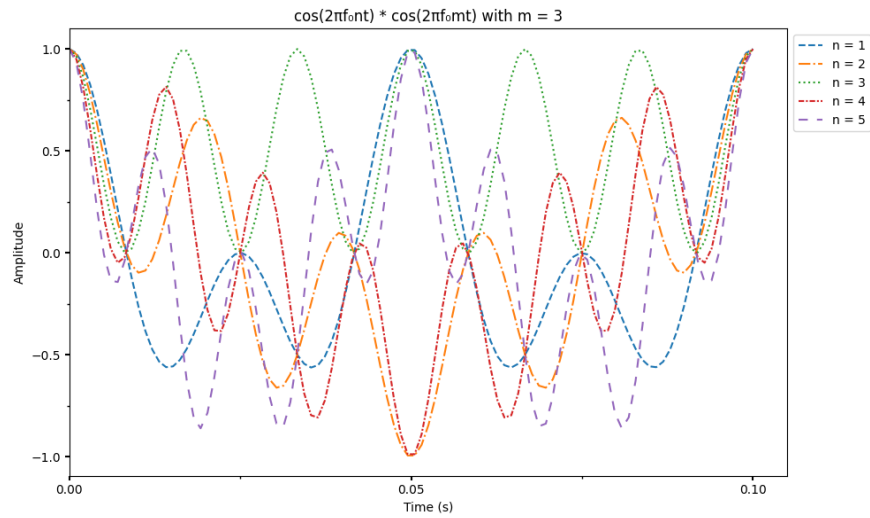


Figure 2: Plot of the product of $\cos(2\pi mf_0t)$ and $\cos(2\pi nf_0t)$ for $m=3$, $n=1,2,3,4,5$

$$\int_{t=0}^T \sin(2\pi nf_0t) * \sin(2\pi mf_0t) dt = 0 \quad (3)$$

$$\int_{t=0}^T \sin(2\pi nf_0t) * \sin(2\pi nf_0t) dt = \frac{1}{2f_0} \quad (4)$$

For Eqs. 3 and 4, the output was:

Sines:

$n = 1$

Integral of $\sin(2\pi * 3 * f_0 * t) * \sin(2\pi * 1 * f_0 * t)$ over one period: -0.0000

$n = 2$

Integral of $\sin(2\pi * 3 * f_0 * t) * \sin(2\pi * 2 * f_0 * t)$ over one period: 0.0000

$n = 3$

Integral of $\sin(2\pi * 3 * f_0 * t) * \sin(2\pi * 3 * f_0 * t)$ over one period: 0.0500

$n = 4$

Integral of $\sin(2\pi * 3 * f_0 * t) * \sin(2\pi * 4 * f_0 * t)$ over one period: 0.0000

$n = 5$

Integral of $\sin(2\pi * 3 * f_0 * t) * \sin(2\pi * 5 * f_0 * t)$ over one period: 0.0000

3 Sine and Cosine

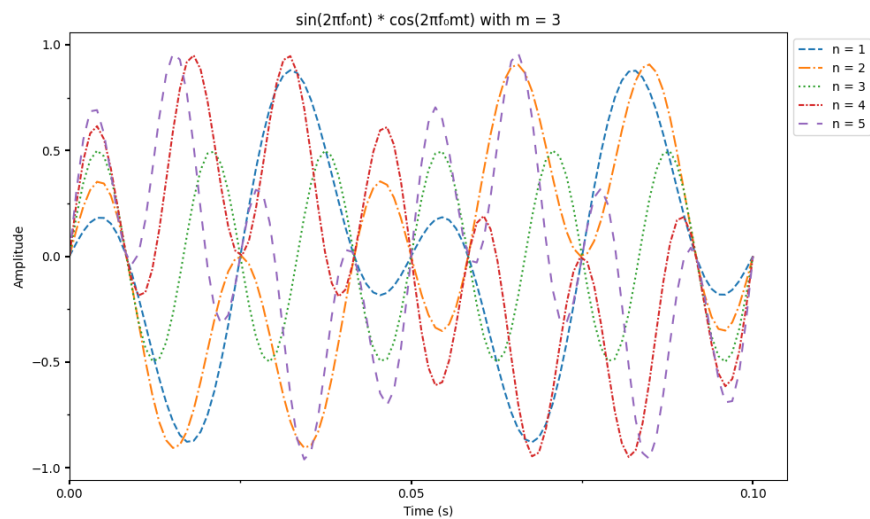


Figure 3: Plot of the product of $\cos(2\pi mf_0t)$ and $\sin(2\pi nf_0t)$ for $m=3$, $n=1,2,3,4,5$

$$\int_{t=0}^T \sin(2\pi nf_0t) * \cos(2\pi mf_0t) dt = 0 \quad (5)$$

And for Eq. 5, the output was:

Sine and Cosine:

```
n = 1
Integral of cos(2*pi*3*f0*t) * sin(2*pi*1*f0*t) over one period: -0.0000

n = 2
Integral of cos(2*pi*3*f0*t) * sin(2*pi*2*f0*t) over one period: -0.0000

n = 3
Integral of cos(2*pi*3*f0*t) * sin(2*pi*3*f0*t) over one period: 0.0000

n = 4
Integral of cos(2*pi*3*f0*t) * sin(2*pi*4*f0*t) over one period: 0.0000

n = 5
Integral of cos(2*pi*3*f0*t) * sin(2*pi*5*f0*t) over one period: -0.0000
```