

```
In [ ]: import DW_oscillator as DW
import numpy as np
from IPython.display import clear_output

from torchdiffeq import odeint
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.optim as optim
from torch.nn import functional as F
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

"run\_field\_sequence" that randomly generates and simulates a set of fields. It returns the time, DW position and angle plus the input time sequence. field\_low and field\_high specify the range the fields will be generated over while N\_fields is the number of fields in the sequence and T is the time period of each field.

The outputs of interest are t, y and h\_t. y[0] is the DW position over time (at time points given in t) and h\_t is the magnetic field (serves as input) at the same times.

```
In [ ]: device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
print("Using device:", device)
```

Using device: cuda

```
In [ ]: t, y, h_t, fields, periods = DW.run_field_sequence(field_low = 100, field_high = 100,
[100.]
[60.]
```

```
In [ ]: t.shape, y.shape, h_t.shape, fields.shape, periods.shape
```

```
Out[ ]: ((600,), (2, 600), (600,), (1,), (1,))
```

```
In [ ]: fields, periods
```

```
Out[ ]: (array([100.]), array([60.]))
```

```
In [ ]: class DWODE(nn.Module):
        """
        neural network for learning the chaotic lorenz system
        """
        def __init__(self):
            super(DWODE, self).__init__()
            self.lin = nn.Linear(3, 128)
            self.lin2 = nn.Linear(128, 256)
            self.lin3 = nn.Linear(256, 512)
            self.lin4 = nn.Linear(512, 3)
            self.tanh = nn.Tanh()
            self.lrelu = nn.LeakyReLU()

        def forward(self, t, x):
```

```

        x = self.lrelu(self.lin(x))
        x = self.lrelu(self.lin2(x))
        x = self.tanh(self.lin3(x))
        x = self.lin4(x)
        return x

```

```
In [ ]: time = torch.tensor(t).to(device)
```

```
In [ ]: time.shape
```

```
Out[ ]: torch.Size([600])
```

```
In [ ]: time_train = torch.tensor(t).to(device)
```

```
In [ ]: time_test = torch.tensor(t[300:]).to(device)
```

```
In [ ]: time_train.shape, time_test.shape
```

```
Out[ ]: (torch.Size([600]), torch.Size([300]))
```

```

In [ ]: h_t_ = torch.tensor(h_t, dtype=torch.float64) # Converting to column vector
        y_0_ = torch.tensor(y[0], dtype=torch.float64) # Converting to column vector
        y_1_ = torch.tensor(y[1], dtype=torch.float64) # Converting to column vector

        # Stack the tensors horizontally
        data = torch.stack((torch.div(h_t_, 1000.), torch.div(y_0_, 1000.), y_1_)).to(device)

```

```
In [ ]: data.shape
```

```
Out[ ]: torch.Size([3, 600])
```

```
In [ ]: train = data[:, :].transpose(0, 1)
```

```
In [ ]: test = data[:, 300:].transpose(0, 1)
```

```
In [ ]: train.shape, test.shape
```

```
Out[ ]: (torch.Size([600, 3]), torch.Size([300, 3]))
```

```
In [ ]: model = DNODE().double().to(device)
```

```
In [ ]: optimizer = optim.AdamW(model.parameters(), lr=1e-3)
```

```

In [ ]: def get_batch(true_y, time, batch_size):
        num_samples = len(true_y)
        indices = np.random.choice(np.arange(num_samples - batch_size, dtype=np.int64),
        indices.sort()
        #print(indices)
        batch_y0 = true_y[indices] # (batch_size, D)
        batch_t = time[:batch_size] # (batch_size)

```

```
batch_y = torch.stack([true_y[indices + i] for i in range(batch_size)], dim=0)
return batch_y0, batch_t, batch_y
```

```
In [ ]: from torchdiffeq import odeint_adjoint as adjoint
```

```
In [ ]: losses = []
whole_losses = []
best_loss = 100.0
for i in range(500):

    optimizer.zero_grad()

    init, batch_t, truth = get_batch(train, time_train, 16)
    #print(init, batch_t, truth)
    pred_y = adjoint(model, init, batch_t, method='dopri5')
    loss = F.mse_loss(pred_y, truth)
    loss.backward()
    losses.append(loss.item())
    optimizer.step()
    if loss.item() < best_loss:
        best_loss = loss.item()
        torch.save(model.state_dict(), 'saved_models/domain_best_single_file')
    if i % 100 == 0:

        with torch.no_grad():
            pred_y = adjoint(model, train[0], time_train, method='dopri5')
            loss = F.mse_loss(pred_y, train)
            whole_losses.append(loss.item())

            print('Iter {:04d} | Total Loss {:.6f}'.format(i, loss.item()))
            x_pred = pred_y[:,0].cpu()
            y_pred = pred_y[:,1].cpu()
            z_pred = pred_y[:,2].cpu()

            # Extract the x, y, z coordinates from X_train_plt
            x_train = train[:,0].cpu()
            y_train = train[:,1].cpu()
            z_train = train[:,2].cpu()

            fig, ax = plt.subplots(3, 1, figsize=(5, 5))
            ax[0].plot(x_train, label='True')
            ax[0].plot(x_pred, label='Predicted', linestyle='--')
            ax[0].set_ylabel('H_T')
            ax[0].set_title('Projection')
            ax[0].legend()

            ax[1].plot(y_train, label='True')
            ax[1].plot(y_pred, label='Predicted', linestyle='--')
            ax[1].set_ylabel('Y[0]')
            ax[1].set_title('Projection')
            ax[1].legend()

            ax[2].plot(z_train, label='True')
            ax[2].plot(z_pred, label='Predicted', linestyle='--')
            ax[2].set_ylabel('Y[1]')
```

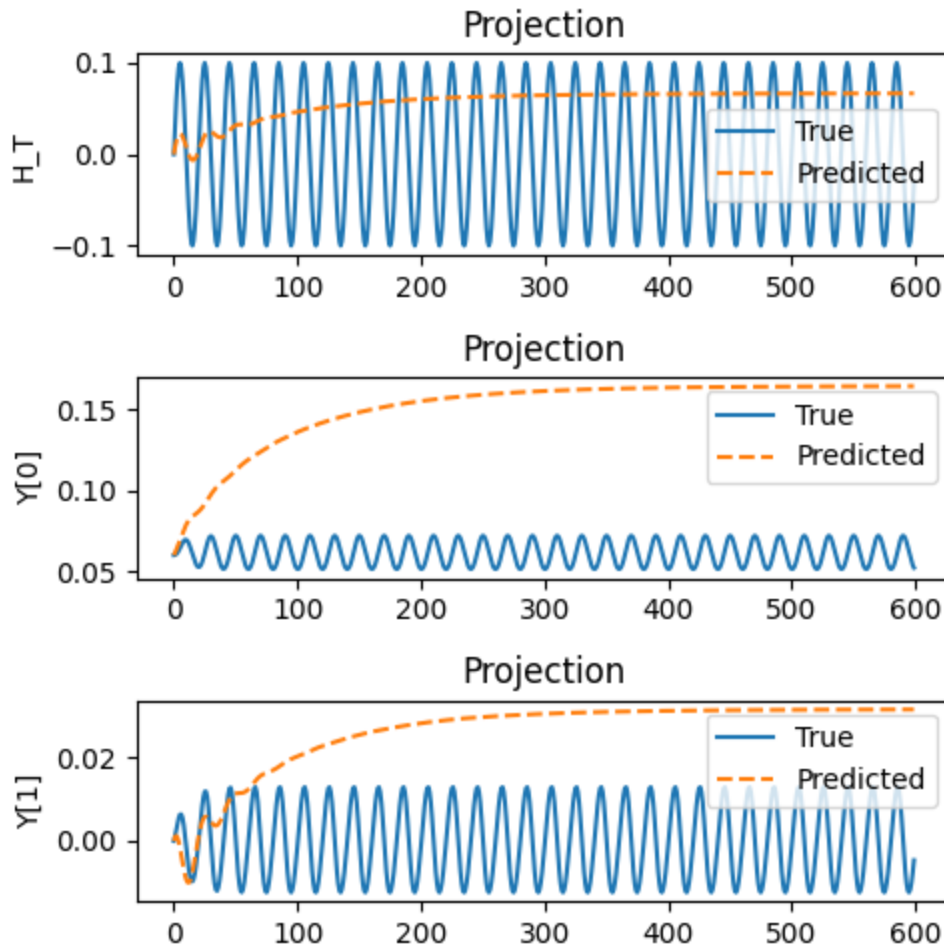
```

ax[2].set_title('Projection')
ax[2].legend()

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
clear_output(wait=True)

```

Iter 0400 | Total Loss 0.005946



```
In [ ]: print(best_loss)
```

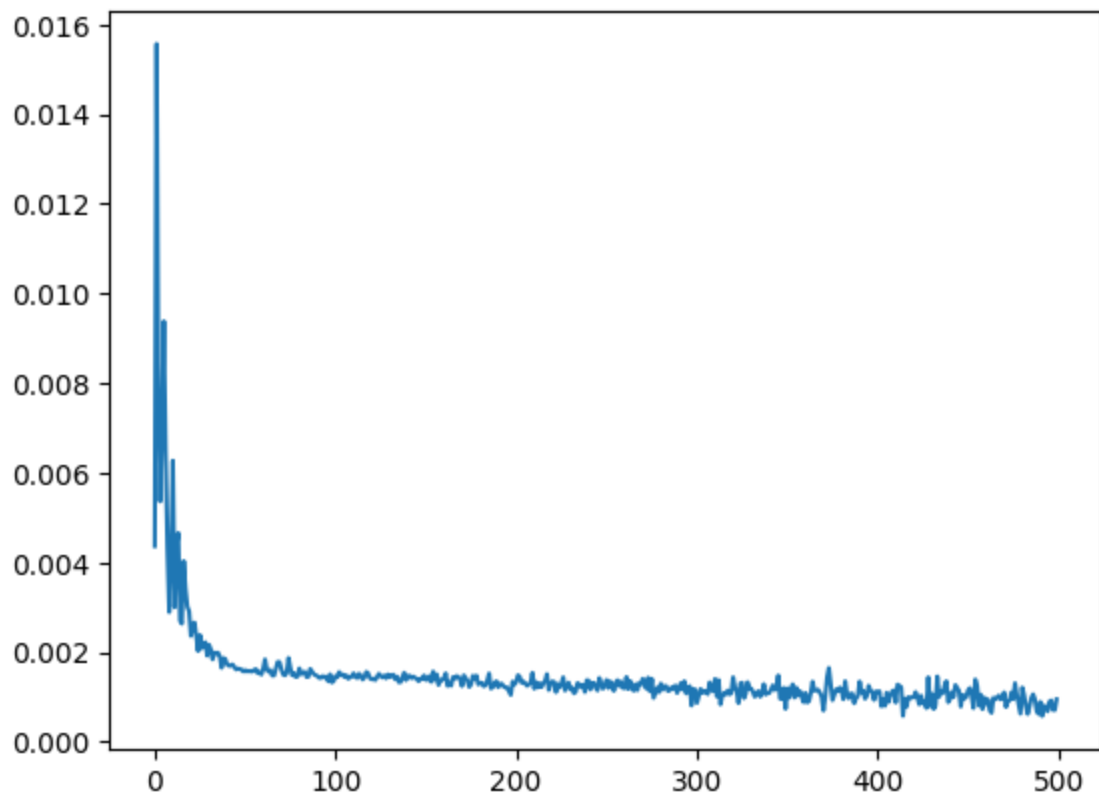
0.0005760219379882456

```
In [ ]: test_model = DWODE().double().to(device)
```

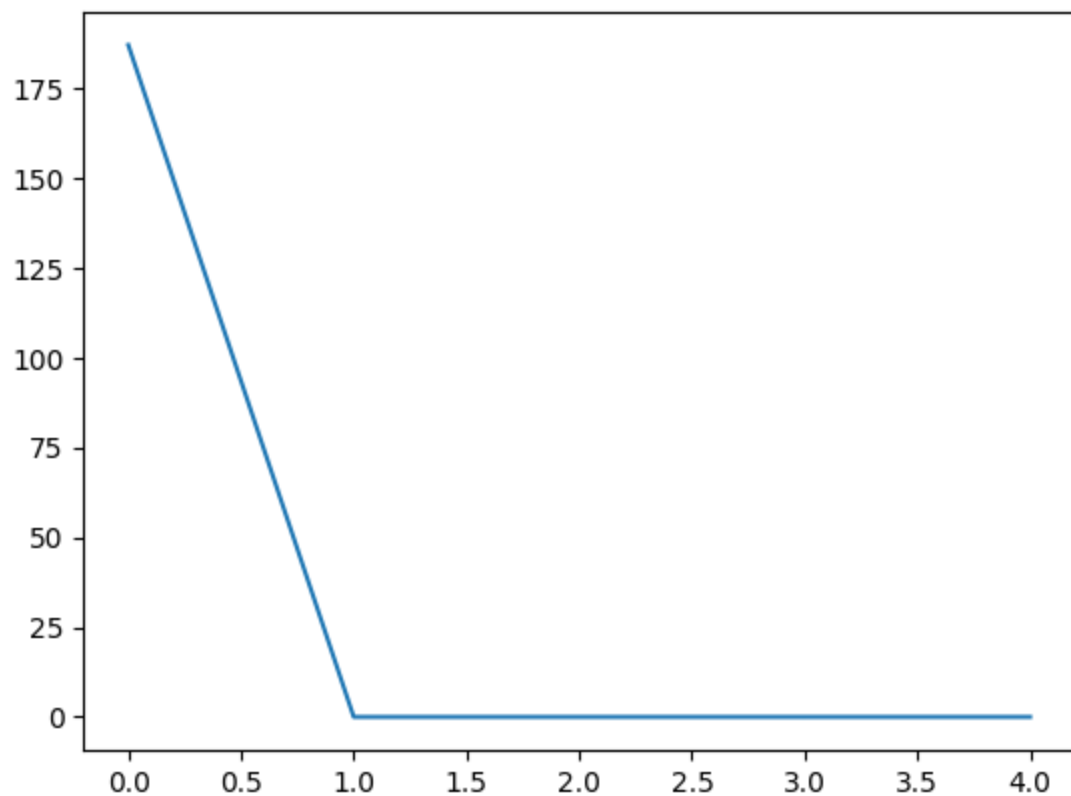
```
In [ ]: test_model.load_state_dict(torch.load('saved_models\domain_best_single_field_only1r
```

```
Out[ ]: <All keys matched successfully>
```

```
In [ ]: plt.plot(losses)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: plt.plot(whole_losses)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: with torch.no_grad():
    pred = adjoint(test_model, train[0], time, method='dopri5')
```

```
In [ ]: pred = pred.cpu().detach().numpy()
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]: pred.shape, data.shape
```

```
Out[ ]: ((600, 3), torch.Size([3, 600]))
```

```
In [ ]: data = data.transpose(0,1)
```

```
In [ ]: # Extract the x, y, z coordinates from predictions_plt
x_pred = pred[:,0]
y_pred = pred[:,1]
z_pred = pred[:,2]

# Extract the x, y, z coordinates from X_train_plt
x_train = data[:,0].cpu()
y_train = data[:,1].cpu()
z_train = data[:,2].cpu()

fig, ax = plt.subplots(3, 1, figsize=(8, 12))
ax[0].plot(x_train, label='True')
ax[0].plot(x_pred, label='Predicted', linestyle='--')
ax[0].set_ylabel('H_T')
ax[0].set_title('Projection')
ax[0].legend()

ax[1].plot(y_train, label='True')
ax[1].plot(y_pred, label='Predicted', linestyle='--')
ax[1].set_ylabel('Y[0]')
ax[1].set_title('Projection')

ax[1].legend()

ax[2].plot(z_train, label='True')
ax[2].plot(z_pred, label='Predicted', linestyle='--')
ax[2].set_ylabel('Y[1]')
ax[2].set_title('Projection')
ax[2].legend()
plt.savefig('projection_full_1_batch_lrelu_5thrun_60pos_start_2.png')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

