**pydm**  
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The "pydm" is the Python Data Middleware that gives flexibility to interact with  
databases, data analysis tool, data processing tool, algorithms library, and data visualization tool.  
This middleware allows direct interaction with a database and perform SQL queries.  
  
Package Structure & Installation:  
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 datamidware/ Top-level package  
 \_\_init\_\_.py  
 pyalgo/  
 \_\_init\_\_.py  
 pydp/  
 \_\_init\_\_.py  
 pydb/  
 \_\_init\_\_.py  
 pyviz/  
 \_\_init\_\_.py  
 pydm/  
 \_\_init\_\_.py  
 create\_mysql\_db.py  
 file2db.py  
 db2file.py  
 csv2mysql.py  
 json2mysql.py  
 mysql2csv.py  
 mysql\_query.py  
 settings/  
 \_\_init\_\_.py  
 tests/  
 \_\_init\_\_.py  
 test\_data/  
 test\_result/  
 test\_pyviz.py  
 test\_search.py  
 test\_sort.py  
 test\_pydb.py  
 test\_pydp.py  
 test\_pydm  
 test\_mysql\_query.py  
  
Installation: ##  
  
  
  
Modules:  
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 1. file2db.file2db(host, user, password, filename, db\_name, tb\_name, file\_type="file\_type", db\_type="db\_type") :  
  
 Imports raw structured/semi-structured data (csv, json) into database (MySQL, NoSQL).  
  
 Parameters:  
 host: host name  
 user: user name  
 password: password  
 filename: filename to send to database  
 file\_type: file type (csv, json), str  
 db\_type: database type (mysql, nosql), str  
 tb\_name: name of the table where data will be stored  
  
 Import statement: from datamidware.pydm import file2db  
  
  
  
 2. db2file.db2file(host, user, password, file\_path, db\_name, tb\_name, file\_type="file\_type", db\_type="db\_type") :  
  
 Exports table data as csv/json format from the database  
  
 parameters:  
 host: host name  
 user: user name  
 password: password  
 file\_path: file path to export data from database  
 file\_type: file type (csv, json)  
 db\_type: database type (mysql, nosql)  
 db\_name: database name from where data is exported  
 tb\_name: name of the table from where data will be exported  
  
 Import statement: from datamidware.pydm import db2file  
  
  
  
 3. create\_mysql\_db.create\_mysql\_db(host, user, password, db\_name) :  
  
 Creates a new MySQL database  
  
 parameters:  
 host: host name  
 user: user name  
 password: password  
 db\_name: database name to be created  
  
 Import statement: from datamidware.pydm import create\_mysql\_db  
  
  
  
 4. csv2mysql.csv2mysql(host, user, password, filename, db\_name, tb\_name) :  
  
 Imports csv file into mysql database  
  
 Parameters:  
 host: host name  
 user: user name  
 password: password  
 filename: filename to send to database  
 db\_name: name of the database -- if database already exists, import data  
 in the existing database, if not exists, create new database and import  
 data.  
 tb\_name: name of the table -- if table already exists, add data  
 in the existing table, if not exists, create new table and import  
 data.  
  
 Import statement: from datamidware.pydm import csv2mysql  
  
  
 5. json2mysql.json2mysql(host, user, password, filename, db\_name, tb\_name, key=None) :  
  
 Imports json file and converts json file into pandas DataFrame.  
 Sends DataFrame to mysql database table  
  
 Parameters:  
 host: host name  
 user: user name  
 password: password  
 filename: filename to send to database  
 db\_name: name of the database -- if database already exists, import data  
 in the existing database, if not exists, create new database and import  
 data.  
 tb\_name: name of the table -- if table already exists, add data  
 in the existing table, if not exists, create new table and import  
 data.  
 key: json key name to create mysql table  
  
 Import statement: from datamidware.pydm import json2mysql  
  
  
 6. mysql2csv.mysql2csv(host, user, password, file\_path, db\_name, tb\_name) :  
  
 Exports csv file from mysql database table  
  
 Parameters:  
 host: host name  
 user: user name  
 password: password  
 file\_path: file path to save csv file  
 db\_name: name of the database from where data will be exported  
 tb\_name: name of the table from where data will be exported  
  
 Import statement: from datamidware.pydm import mysql2csv  
  
  
 . class mysql\_query.MySQLDatabase() :  
 Database connection class.  
 Performs mysql queries.  
 For example:  
  
 --> mysql\_query.MySQLDatabase.select(tb\_name, row\_count="all")  
  
 Execute SQL query: SELECT \* FROM table.  
 Selecting all(or one if row\_count="one") rows from the table.  
  
 Parameters:  
 query: SQL query to select rows: SELECT \* FROM <table>  
 row\_count: "all" or "one" row. default "all".  
 return: list of rows selected.  
  
 --> mysql\_query.MySQLDatabase.drop\_column(tb\_name, col\_name)  
  
 Drop a column in a table.  
  
 Execute SQL query:  
  
 "ALTER TABLE <table name>  
 DROP COLUMN <column name>"  
  
 Parameters:  
 tb\_name: The name of the table to modify  
 col\_name: The name of the column to delete from the table.  
 return: number of rows affected after modification  
  
 --> mysql\_query.MySQLDatabase.rename\_column(tb\_name, old\_name, new\_name, col\_def, col\_pos=None)  
 Rename a column in a table.  
  
 Execute SQL query:  
  
 "ALTER TABLE <table name>  
 CHANGE COLUMN <old name> <new name>  
 column\_definition  
 [ FIRST | AFTER column\_name ]"  
  
 Parameters:  
 tb\_name: The name of the table to modify  
 old\_name: The column name to rename  
 new\_name: The new name for the column  
 col\_def: The data type and definition of the column (NULL or NOT NULL, etc).  
 You must specify the column definition when renaming the column,  
 even if it does not change.  
 col\_pos: Optional. It tells MySQL where in the table to position the column,  
 if you wish to change its position.  
 return: number of rows affected after modification  
  
  
  
Configuration file & Unittest:  
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 # To test all the modules, run following unittest command  
 from the top-level directory  
  
 python3 -m unittest tests/test\_pydm.py  
  
Note: To successfully run the test, config.ini file needs to be updated  
  
To write config.ini file, follow the below steps:  
  
-> go to settings  
-> update write\_config.py with database connection credentials, for e.g.,  
  
(for MYSQL database connection)  
  
 config\_object["MYSQL"] = {  
 "host": "hostname",  
 "user": "username",  
 "password": "password"  
 }  
  
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