

Green University of Bangladesh Department of Computer Science and Engineering(CSE)

Faculty of Sciences and Engineering Semester: (Spring, Year:2021), B.Sc. in CSE (Day)

LAB REPORT NO #3

Course Title:Database System lab
Course Code:CSE210 Section:PC-193D

Lab Experiment Name: Querying and Filtering data in MySQL Table.

Student Details

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Lab Date : 18.07.2021 Submission Date : 08.07.2021

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Lab Report Status Marks:	Signature:
Comments:	Date:

***** TITLE OF THE LAB EXPERIMENT:

Querying and Filtering data in MySQL Table.

OBJECTIVES/AIM:

In this lab report, we will implement query and filtering related commands in my MySQL.

PROCEDURE / ANALYSIS / DESIGN:

First of all we will start the Mysql server and will write all our queries on that server. We will do this by **XAMPP** software.

***** IMPLEMENTATION:

- List of topics:
- Using different relational operators
- And, or, not (logical operator)
- Limit,Order BY,IN,Not in,Between,Not between
- Like operator

Relational Operators: A relational operator is a programming language construct or operator that tests or defines some kind of relation between two entities. These include **numerical equality** (e.g., 5 = 5) and inequalities (e.g., $4 \ge 3$).

Logical operators: In SQL, all logical operators evaluate to TRUE, FALSE, or NULL (UNKNOWN). In MySQL, these are implemented as 1 (TRUE), 0 (FALSE), and NULL. Most of this is common to different SQL database servers, although some servers may return any nonzero value for TRUE.

Limit: MySQL provides a LIMIT clause that is used to specify the number of records to return.

ORDER BY: The ORDER BY keyword is used to sort the result-set in ascending or descending order.

IN operator: The IN operator allows you to determine if a value matches any value in a list of values. Here's the syntax of the IN operator

NOT IN operator: MySQL NOT IN() makes sure that the expression proceeded does not have any of the values present in the arguments.

BETWEEN: The BETWEEN operator selects values within a given range. The values can be numbers, text, or dates.

NOT BETWEEN: MySQL NOT BETWEEN AND operator checks whether a value is not present between a starting and a closing expression.

Like operator: The LIKE operator is used in a WHERE clause to search for a specified pattern in a column.

There are two wildcards often used in conjunction with the LIKE operator:

- The percent sign (%) represents zero, one, or multiple characters.
- The underscore sign (_) represents one, single character.

MySQL Relational operators:

ID	Name	website_name
1001	10 minschool	www.10minuteschool.com
1002	khan academy	www.khanacademy.com
1003	amaderschool	www.amaderschool.com
1004	courseera	www.courseera.com
1005	goorilearing	www.goorilearning.com

• Equality operator :

```
SELECT * FROM learn WHERE Name = 'khan academy';
```

Output:

ID	Name	website_name
1002	khan academy	www.khanacademy.com

• Inequality operator :

•

```
SELECT * FROM learn WHERE Name <> 'courseera';
```

1001 10 minschool www.10minute 1002 khan academy www.khanaca 1003 amaderschool www.amaders	9
· ·	school.com
1003 amaderschool www.amaders	lemy.com
	chool.com
1005 goorilearing www.goorilear	ning.com

• Greater than operator :

```
SELECT * FROM learn WHERE ID > 1002;
```

1	- 1		
	ID	Name	website_name
	1003	amaderschool	www.amaderschool.com
	1004	courseera	www.courseera.com
	1005	goorilearing	www.goorilearning.com

• Greater than or Equal operator :

```
SELECT * FROM learn WHERE ID >= 1003;
```



ID	Name	website_name
1003	a mader school	www.amaderschool.com
1004	courseera	www.courseera.com
1005	goorilearing	www.goorilearning.com

• Less than operator :

```
SELECT * FROM learn WHERE ID < 1003;
```

ID Name website_name
1001 10 minschool www.10minuteschool.com
1002 khan academy www.khanacademy.com

• Less than or Equal operator :

```
SELECT * FROM learn WHERE ID <= 1004;
```

ID	Name	website_name
1001	10 minschool	www.10minuteschool.com
1002	khan academy	www.khanacademy.com
1003	amaderschool	www.amaderschool.com
1004	courseera	www.courseera.com

• AND operator :

```
SELECT * FROM learn
WHERE Name = 'courseera' AND website_name='www.courseera.com';
```

ID	Name	website_name
1004	courseera	www.courseera.com

• OR operator :

```
SELECT * FROM learn
WHERE Name = 'courseera' OR website_name='www.khanacademy.com';
```

ID	Name	website_name
1002	khan academy	www.khanacademy.com
1004	courseera	www.courseera.com

• NOT and LIKE operator :

SELECT * FROM learn WHERE Name NOT LIKE 'N%';

ID	Name	website_name
1001	10 minschool	www.10minutes chool.com
1002	khan academy	www.khanacademy.com
1003	amaderschool	www.amaderschool.com
1004	courseera	www.courseera.com
1005	goorilearing	www.goorilearning.com

• LIMIT operator :

SELECT * FROM learn LIMIT 2;

ID	Name	website_name
1001	10 minschool	www.10minuteschool.com
1002	khan academy	www.khanacademy.com

• ORDER BY:

SELECT * FROM learn ORDER BY Name;

ID	Name 🔺 1	website_name
1001	10 minschool	www.10minuteschool.com
1003	amaderschool	www.amaderschool.com
1004	courseera	www.courseera.com
1005	goorilearing	www.goorilearning.com
1002	khan academy	www.khanacademy.com

• ORDER IN:

```
SELECT * FROM learn
WHERE Name IN ('courseera', 'goorilearning', 'amaderschool');

ID Name website_name

1003 amaderschool www.amaderschool.com

1004 courseera www.courseera.com
```

• NOT IN operator:

```
SELECT * FROM learn
WHERE Name NOT IN ('courseera', 'goorilearning', 'amaderschool');
```

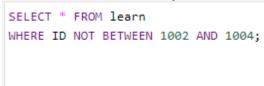
ID	Name	website_name
1001	10 minschool	www.10minuteschool.com
1002	khan academy	www.khanacademy.com
1005	goorilearing	www.goorilearning.com

• BETWEEN operator :

```
SELECT * FROM learn
WHERE ID BETWEEN 1002 AND 1004;
```

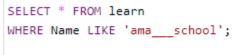
ID	Name	website_name
1002	khan academy	www.khanacademy.com
1003	amaderschool	www.amaderschool.com
1004	courseera	www.courseera.com

• NOT BETWEEN operator :





• LIKE operator :



-			
	ID	Name	website_name
	1003	amaderschool	www.amaderschool.com

*** TEST RESULT / OUTPUT:**

Run code successfully in MariaDB server by using XAMPP software and checked the validity.

***** ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION:

The lab report is usefull to Mysql to Using different relational operators, And, or, not (logical operator), Limit,Order BY,IN,Not in,Between,Not between ,Like operator.I did not face any problem when I work MariaDB.

SUMMARY:

In this lab report, We have learn about filtering and querying in MySQL table. We executed our code in the xampp software.