FALLEN STAR

(Trading Meteor fragments as NFT's)

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MOTIVATION:

The main idea of this project is to save the space history, meteor fragments itself is an antique collection piece. Users (Here users are customers). If users do not have an active certification of the type of meteoroid, they are holding they can create an NFT based on the exact details of the material. In this way we can keep a track of rarest elements. Example: Cheylabinsk meteor: fragments are sold in auction, the person who bought in the auction was given a certification of the type of meteoroid and his details on it. We are implementing the same technique by providing certification in the form of NFT to everyone who comes with the meteoroids.

WHY TO BUY THESE PRODUCTS:

Meteoroids are considered as a best investment in pawn shops based on the element present inside the fragment, we are doing the same process but in a digital marketplace. The product values depend upon the age of the meteoroid, if the meteoroid is held as a family heirloom the value can be increased and at a time it can decrease because, even if the meteoroid is old and kept for a long time on earth when comparing the actual age of the meteor to the new meteor entering earth may be older than the one kept as a family heirloom.

The value of these fragments entirely depends on

- Age of the meteor (Includes the spacetime)
- Material rarity
- Liability issues for uncertified meteor fragments (uncertified fragments are risky because people can easily start a lawsuit about the ownership of the fragment).

If the meteor age is older, then it is more valuable the demand for obtaining one will increase thus increased its share price. We will base the rarity of the meteor to increase and decrease stock price.

DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF HOW SYSTEM WORKS:

The system works in a simple way- Trading of meteoroids as NFT's. we create a user-friendly interface where users(customers) can sell or purchase NFTs. They can buy the whole NFT, or they can buy shares (shares are fragments of an NFT split into pieces and sold). We have two types of customers

- Customers with valid certification, they can directly start selling and purchasing shares because
 we don't get any issues if they have a valid certificate. We will create a NFT for their meteoroid.
 The image on NFT will be a replica of the meteoroid even the cuts, shapes, dents everything
 In-order to maintain the uniqueness and rarity.
- Customers without valid certification, they will also get the same benefits and perks as the other category customers, but they should sign a contract stating that they will be responsible for all the liability issues in the future.

Users are required to use ETH token when purchasing NFT shares, or they can trade with their own NFT fragment with another person's fragment.

Users can also sell their NFT as a whole or they can fragment their NFT into pieces we will set a threshold of 20 pieces in an NFT. Because we are dealing with image of the meteoroid if we allow more than 20 then the uniqueness and rarity of the meteoroid cannot be traced, or we will be met with a lot of legal issues because if we split into a million pieces the ownership of every fragment is difficult to keep in track and if the meteoroid is black, we cannot trace the details which can describe the history of the meteoroid.

MONETIZATION:

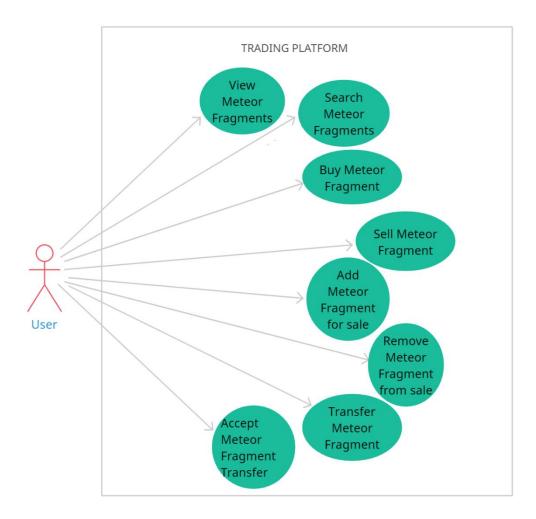
We create customers NFT's we will take some percentage; customers can give us ETH tokens the amount will be determined based on the quality checks of the material. Customers can fragment their created NFT's and sell them as shares- they can offer these shares to us instead of ETH tokens, they should provide valid ownership for the piece of fragment if they decide to give the shares as commission.

BACKGROUND CHECK (Who are eligible to join):

Before launching the marketplace, we are checking with some meteoroid specialists who can help us understand how to check and what to check in the piece of rock.

Users should agree to the terms and conditions where we state that if any lawsuits or liability issues occur for the uncertified meteoroids in the future the original seller will be held liable for all the damages.

USE CASE DIAGRAM EXPLAINING PROJECT IDEA:

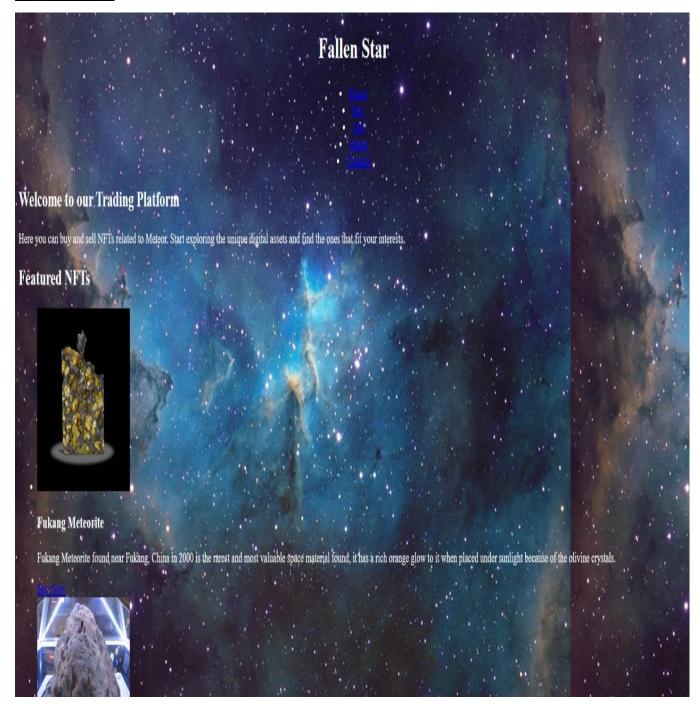


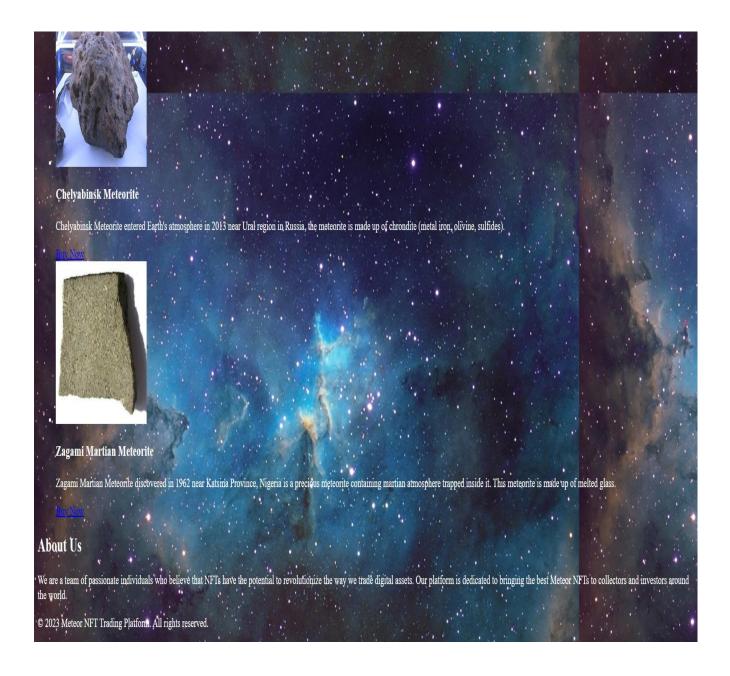
The User is the person who interacts with the DApp (Trading Platform) to buy, sell, or transfer meteor fragments as NFTs. The Trading Platform is the system that facilitates these transactions.

- **View Meteor Fragments:** This use case allows the User to view a list of all meteor fragments currently available for sale on the Trading Platform.
- **Search Meteor Fragments:** This use case allows the User to search for specific meteor fragments by name, date, or other criteria.
- **Buy Meteor Fragment:** This use case allows the User to purchase a meteor fragment from the Trading Platform.
- **Sell Meteor Fragment:** This use case allows the User to list a meteor fragment for sale on the Trading Platform.
- Add Meteor Fragment for sale: This use case allows the User to add a meteor fragment to the Trading Platform's list of items for sale.
- **Remove Meteor Fragment from sale:** This use case allows the User to remove a meteor fragment from the Trading Platform's list of items for sale.
- **Transfer Meteor Fragment:** This use case allows the User to transfer ownership of a meteor fragment to another User.

• **Accept Meteor Fragment Transfer:** This use case allows the Trading Platform to confirm the transfer of ownership of a meteor fragment from one User to another.

UI Framework:





REFERENCES:

- 1. B. Ramamurthy. Blockchain in Action (BIA), book
- 2. Lecture Notes
- 3. Introduction to smart contracts | ethereum.org
- 4. UI creation: HTML Styles CSS (w3schools.com)

APPROVED BY:

ZHAOFENG

CODE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DIGITAL ASSETS-TOKEN SMART CONTRACTS:

```
pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
import "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC721/ERC721.sol";
contract TradingMeteorFragment is ERC721 {
    struct MeteorFragment {
        string name;
        uint256 rarity; // Rarity score (0-100)
        uint256 price; // Price in ether
    MeteorFragment[] public meteorFragments;
    mapping (uint256 => address) public meteorFragmentToOwner;
    constructor() ERC721("TradingMeteorFragment", "TMF") {}
    function createMeteorFragment(string memory name, uint256 rarity, uint256 price) public {
        uint256 meteorFragmentId = meteorFragments.length;
        meteorFragments.push(MeteorFragment( name, rarity, price));
        _mint(msg.sender, meteorFragmentId);
        meteorFragmentToOwner[meteorFragmentId] = msg.sender;
    function buyMeteorFragment(uint256 _meteorFragmentId) public payable {
```

```
function buyMeteorFragment(uint256 meteorFragmentId) public payable {
         require(meteorFragmentToOwner[ meteorFragmentId] != address(0), "Meteor fragment does not exist");
         address payable owner = payable(meteorFragmentToOwner[_meteorFragmentId]);
        require(msg.value >= meteorFragments[_meteorFragmentId].price, "Insufficient funds");
        transfer(owner, msg.sender, meteorFragmentId);
        meteorFragmentToOwner[ meteorFragmentId] = msg.sender;
        owner.transfer(msg.value);
    function sellMeteorFragment(uint256 meteorFragmentId, uint256 price) public {
         require(_exists(meteorFragmentId), "meteorFragment Id does not exist");
        require(msg.sender == ownerOf(meteorFragmentId), "Only the owner can sell");
        meteorFragments[meteorFragmentId].price=price;
                             Q Search with transaction hash or address
[block:8 txIndex:0] from: 0xE9E...31487 to: TradingMeteorFragment.(constructor) value: 0 wei data: 0x608...20033 logs: 0 hash: 0xa53...8a7a5
                                                                                                                                 Debug
```