EmojiPred

Emoji Prediction on the Fly!

See Website

See Code

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Motivation



- Emojis are extensively used by both English and Non-English
 - speakers.
- Very few Emoji recommendation keyboards
- > No such keyboard for Indian languages.



Literature Review

Using millions of emoji occurrences to learn any-domain representations for detecting sentiment, emotion and sarcasm



- Their dataset had 1.2 billion tweets.
- Used transfer learning technique chain-thaw from DeepMoji
- Used BiLSTM and attention.

Emoji Recommendation in Private Instant Messages

- ➤ MultiLabel-Random Forest algorithm on real private instant message corpus
- > Predicted upto 169 emojis.
- ➤ Modelled it as a multi-label classification approach, each emoji being a possible label.

Preprocessing

Dataset Description



- Kaggle dataset
- For English, 70,000 anonymised tweets containing 20 unique emojis. For Bengali and Hindi, we have 60000 tweets. We have separate 20000 tweets for Telegu.
- > The percentages of Hindi, Bengali and Telugu tweets used were as shown.



Table 2: Percentage of emojis in Hindi tweets

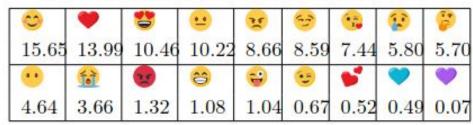


Table 3: Percentage of emojis in Bengali tweets

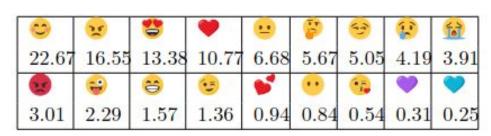
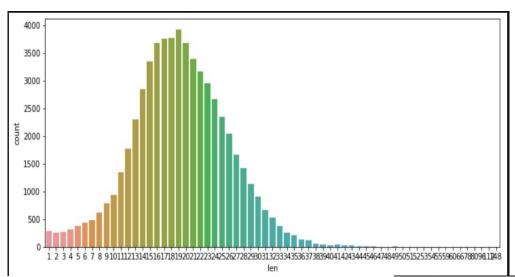


Table 4: Percentage of emojis in Telugu tweets

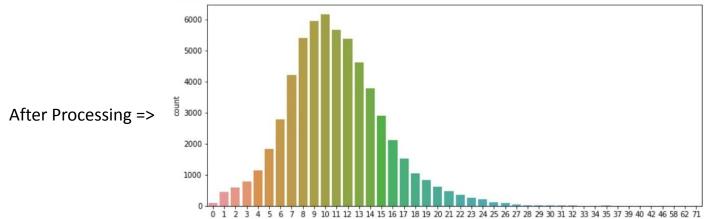
Dataset Preprocessing



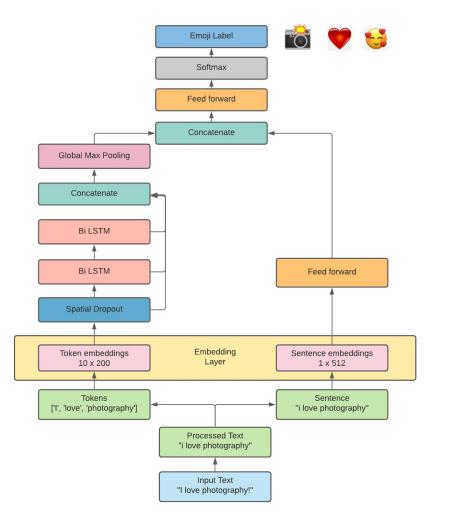
- 1. Data Cleaning (removed punctuation, hashtags etc.)
- Data Augmentation (using Back Translation)



<= Before Processing



Methodology/ Model



Embedding



- Token-level and Sentence Embedding.
- Used Google Translate API for processing Hindi, Bengali and Telugu.
- GloVe for Token-level embedding pre-trained on 1.2 billion

Model Architecture



EmojiPred implements two parallel pipelines- one at the token level and the other at the sentence level. These are integrated together at a later stage to yield the final predictions.

Token level Pipeline: Word-level embedding is used followed by a spatial dropout layer helping in regularisation and overfitting. The output is fed to two BiLSTM layers implementing skip-connections. The result is then passed to Global Max Pooling stage to reduce the output from 3 dimensions to 2 dimensions.

Metrics



Accuracy

Precision

Recall

• F1-Score

Result & Analysis

Baselines



Machine Learning based models:

- MultinomialNB
- Decision Trees based

Deep Learning based models:

- Multi-layer Perceptron
- Causal Convolution

Comparison of EmojiPred against Baselines



Model	Accuracy	
Multinomial Naive Bayes	0.24	
SVM	0.40	
Multilayer Perceptron	0.57	
Causal Convolutions	0.66	
EmojiPred	0.72	

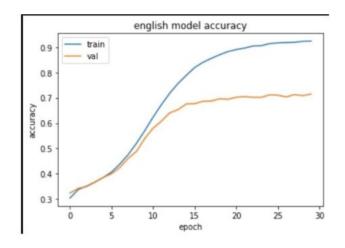
Results on various languages

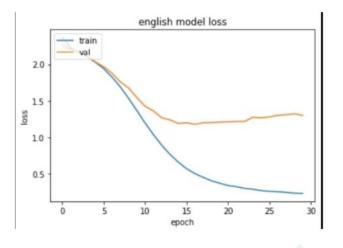


Language	Accuracy	Top-5 Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1-score
English	0.72	0.77	0.69	0.66	0.67
Hindi	0.17	0.59	0.17	0.17	0.14
Bengali	0.23	0.68	0.13	0.23	0.14
Telugu	0.42	0.76	0.43	0.42	0.41

Accuracy and Loss Plots for Emoji Pred







Experiments

Ablation Studies



Model	Accuracy	
EmojiPred	0.72	
EmojiPred – USE	0.69	
EmojiPred - Spatial Dropouts	0.64	
EmojiPred – BiLSTM	0.44	

Table 3: Importance of components of EmojiPred towards overall performance.

Conclusion



- EmojiPred is a well-performing multi-recommendation model.
- It used very less data for training and can be made better by training it on large datasets.

Contributions



Ideation: All

Data scraping and preprocessing: Harsh

Baseline Models: Jahnvi

EmojiPred Model Pipeline: Varun

Machine Translation: Varun

Model Deployment: Harsh

Report and ppt: Jahnvi

Thank You