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## **Exercise 1.** Find the following limits

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to 4} \frac{4-x}{x^2 - 16}$$

(b) 
$$\lim_{x \to -3} \frac{x^2 + 2x - 3}{x + 3}$$

(c) 
$$\lim_{x \to -1} \frac{x+1}{(2x-1)^2 - 9}$$

(d) 
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \left( \frac{1}{1-x} - \frac{3}{1-x^3} \right)$$

(e) 
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{\sqrt{x+3} - 2}{x^3 - 1}$$

(f) 
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x+13}}{x^2 - 9}$$

(g) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x - 9}{x + 1 - \sqrt{1 - 2x - x^2}}$$
$$-x - 1$$

(h) 
$$\lim_{x \to -1} \frac{-x - 1}{1 - \sqrt{-x}}$$

## **Exercise 2.** Find the following limits

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{2x^5 - 5x + 6}{3x^3 - 2x}$$

(b) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{4x^2 - 8}{2x^3 - 3x^2 + x}$$

(c) 
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{x^5 - 5x^3 + 6}{3x^6 - x}$$

(d) 
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{5x^3 - 9}{2x^2 - x^3 + 2x}$$

(d) 
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{5x^3 - x}{2x^2 - x^3 + 2x}$$
(e) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{-2x^6 - 3x^2 + 3}{4x^3 + 6}$$

(f) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{4x\sqrt{x^2 + 7}}{9x^2 - 13}$$

(g) 
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{4x\sqrt{x^2 + 7}}{9x^2 - 13}$$

(h) 
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left( \sqrt{x^2 + 2x} - \sqrt{x^2 - 4x} \right)$$

(i) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \sqrt{2x} \left( \sqrt{x+3} - \sqrt{x} \right)$$

$$(j) \lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\frac{2x+1}{2x-5}\right)^{4x}$$

(k) 
$$\lim_{x\to\infty} \left(\frac{3x-4}{3x+2}\right)^{\frac{x+1}{3}}$$

(i) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 4x}{x}$$

$$(j) \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 7x}{\sin 5x}$$

(k) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{2x}{\tan 3x}$$

(l) 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sin 7x + \sin 3x}{\sin 5x - 4x}$$

$$\text{(m)} \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin^2 2x}{8x^2}$$

(n) 
$$\lim_{x \to 4} \frac{x^2 - 3x - 4}{\sin(x - 4)}$$

(o) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+4} - 2}{\sin 3x}$$

(p) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{1 + \sin x} - \sqrt{1 - \sin x}}{\tan x}$$

(l) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left( \frac{x+1}{x-2} \right)^{2x-1}$$

(m) 
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left( \frac{x^2 + 2}{x^2 - 3} \right)^{\frac{x^2}{3}}$$

(n) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} x^2 \left( \ln \frac{x+1}{x} + \ln \frac{2x+3}{2x} \right)$$

(o) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left( \frac{x^2}{3} \ln \frac{2x}{2x+1} \right)$$

(p) 
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \cos(\arctan x)$$

(q) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \sin(\arctan x)$$

(r) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \log_2 \left| \frac{x+1}{x^2+2} \right|$$

(s) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \arcsin \frac{1-x}{x+1}$$

(t) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{(x+2) \arctan x}{x}$$

$$(u) \lim_{x \to \infty} \ln(\sin(\arctan x))$$

(v) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} e^{\sin(\operatorname{arccot}(\frac{2+x}{2-x}))}$$

(w) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \ln(\sin(\operatorname{arccot} \frac{1}{x}))$$

**Exercise 3.** Find the following one-sided limits

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to 2^+} \frac{x^2 - 9}{2 - x}$$

(b) 
$$\lim_{x \to 5^-} \frac{4x^2 - 100}{(x - 5)^2}$$

(c) 
$$\lim_{x \to -1^{-}} \frac{x^2 + 2x + 1}{x^4 - 1}$$
  
(d)  $\lim_{x \to 3^{-}} \frac{x - \pi}{-x^2 + 5x - 6}$ 

(d) 
$$\lim_{x\to 3^-} \frac{x-\pi}{-x^2+5x-6}$$

(e) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0^{+}} e^{\frac{1}{x}}$$

(f) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0^-} \frac{1}{1 - \pi^{\frac{1}{x}}}$$

(g) 
$$\lim_{x \to 1^+} \arctan \frac{1}{1-x}$$

(h) 
$$\lim_{x \to 1^{-}} 2^{\frac{1}{(x-1)^2}}$$

(h) 
$$\lim_{x \to 1^{-}} 2^{\frac{1}{(x-1)^2}}$$
  
(i)  $\lim_{x \to 0^{+}} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{x}}$   
(j)  $\lim_{x \to 0^{-}} \frac{x}{1 + e^{\frac{1}{x}}}$ 

(j) 
$$\lim_{x\to 0^-} \frac{x}{1+e^{\frac{1}{x}}}$$

**Exercise 4.** Find all the vertical asymptotes of the following functions

(a) 
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 9x + 14}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$

(b) 
$$f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x}$$

(c) 
$$f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 10x^2 + 16x}{x^2 - 8x}$$

**Exercise 5.** Examine the continuity of a function:

(a) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 5 & x < -2 \\ (\frac{1}{2})^x + 1 & -2 \le x \le 0 \\ \log_{0.5}(x + \frac{1}{2}) & 0 < x \le 1.5 \\ \frac{-2}{2x - 3} & x > 1.5 \end{cases}$$
(b) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \operatorname{arccot}(\ln x) & x > 0 \\ x - \pi & x \le 0 \end{cases}$$
(c) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2^x & -1 \le x \le 0 \\ -x + 1 & 0 < x \le 1 \\ \log x & 1 < x \le 2 \end{cases}$$
(d) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x + 1} & x < -1 \\ -3 & x = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\pi \tan(x - 1)}{x^2 - 1} & -1 < x < 1 \end{cases}$$

(b) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \operatorname{arccot} (\ln x) & x > 0 \\ x - \pi & x \le 0 \end{cases}$$

(c) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2^x & -1 \le x \le 0 \\ -x+1 & 0 < x \le 1 \\ \log x & 1 < x \le 2 \end{cases}$$

(d) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{-x+1}{x+1} & x < -1 \\ -3 & x = -1 \\ \frac{\pi \tan(x-1)}{x^2 - 1} & -1 < x < 1 \\ \frac{\pi}{2} & x = 1 \\ \arctan \frac{1}{x-1} & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

**Exercise 6.** Find the values of parameters a, b, so that the functions are continuous:

(a) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} (x-a)^2 & x < 1\\ 2^x - 1 & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$

(b) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3 - 1}{1 - x} & x \neq 1\\ 6a^2 - a - 5 & x = 1 \end{cases}$$

(a) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} (x-a)^2 & x < 1\\ 2^x - 1 & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$
(b) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3 - 1}{1 - x} & x \ne 1\\ 6a^2 - a - 5 & x = 1 \end{cases}$$
(c) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x + \cos a & x < 1\\ b^2 & x = 1\\ 3\ln x + 3\sqrt[3]{x} & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

(d) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \arctan(\frac{\sin|x|}{x\sqrt{3}}) & x < 0\\ \frac{\pi}{2}(1 - \sqrt{a^2 - 1}) & x = 0\\ \frac{1}{\pi}e^{\frac{x-1}{x^2}} - b & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

(d) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \arctan(\frac{\sin|x|}{x\sqrt{3}}) & x < 0\\ \frac{\pi}{2}(1 - \sqrt{a^2 - 1}) & x = 0\\ \frac{1}{\pi}e^{\frac{x - 1}{x^2}} - b & x > 0 \end{cases}$$
(e) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\pi}\arctan\left(\log_{\frac{1}{2}}|2 - x|\right) & x < 2\\ a^2 - x^2 & 2 \le x \le 3\\ \pi^{\frac{1}{3-x}} + 6\cos b & x > 3 \end{cases}$$