

## Experiment -2

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Design a UI where users recall visual elements (e.g., icons or text chunks). Evaluate the effect of chunking on user memory.

### EXPERIMENT: VISUAL MEMORY RECALL USING “SPOT THE DIFFERENCE” GAME

#### Objective:

Design a UI where users recall visual elements and evaluate the effect of chunking on user memory using a game-based approach.

#### FRAME 1: INTRODUCTION PAGE

##### Analysis of the Introduction Screen

This screen introduces the user to the **Memorial Task – Spot the Difference game** and sets the cognitive context for the experiment.

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#### 1. Purpose of the Screen

- Introduces the concept of visual memory recall.
- Explains that the task is based on spotting differences between images.
- Prepares users for a memory-based activity.

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#### 2. Chunking Strategy Applied

- Information is divided into **short paragraphs** instead of long text.
- Key ideas such as *game objective*, *memory focus*, and *chunking concept* are clearly separated.
- This reduces cognitive load and improves comprehension.

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#### 3. Visual & UX Design

- Simple background with minimal distractions.
- Clear heading “**Memorial Task**” draws attention.
- “NEXT” button provides clear navigation to the next stage.

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#### 4. Cognitive Benefit

- Gradual introduction helps users understand the task before performing it.
- Chunked explanation improves information retention.

# **Memorial Task**

## **Introduction:**

- **This game is about spotting the difference.**
- **Mainly recall your memory .**
- **This experiment uses a “Find the Difference” game interface to study visual memory and attention.**
- **Chunking helps reduce cognitive load by grouping related information into meaningful units.**
- **The study evaluates the impact of chunking on recall accuracy , response time and overall usability.**

**NEXT**

FRAME 2: INSTRUCTION PAGE

### **Analysis of the Instruction Screen**

This screen provides step-by-step instructions for playing the Spot the Difference game.

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#### **1. Purpose of the Screen**

- Guides users on how to perform the task correctly.
- Sets clear rules to avoid confusion during gameplay.

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#### **2. Chunking of Instructions**

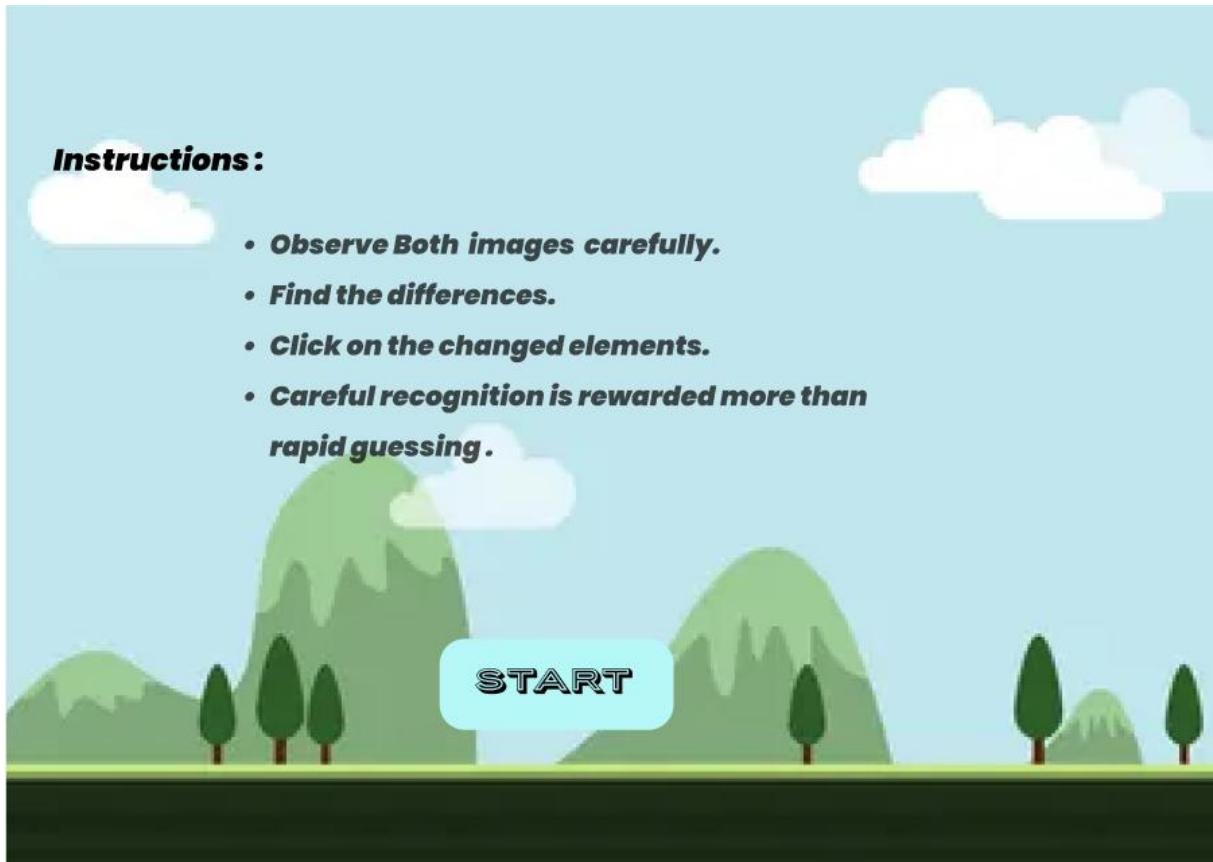
- Instructions are presented as **bullet points**.
- Each bullet focuses on a **single action**:
  - Observe images carefully
  - Find differences
  - Click on changed elements
  - Accuracy over speed

### 3. Visual Hierarchy

- Instructions are placed centrally for readability.
  - “START” button is highlighted to indicate the next action.
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### 4. Cognitive & UX Benefits

- Chunked instructions reduce mental effort.
- Clear sequencing improves task execution.



FRAME 3: GAME SCREEN – OBSERVATION PHASE

#### Analysis of the Spot the Difference Game Screen

This screen represents the **visual encoding phase**, where users observe two similar images.

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### 1. Purpose of the Screen

- Allows users to observe and memorize visual elements.
  - Users begin forming mental representations of the scene.
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## 2. Chunking in Visual Design

- Images are placed **side by side**, enabling easy comparison.
  - Visual elements are grouped naturally (furniture, toys, decorations).
  - This grouping helps users remember elements as **chunks** rather than individual objects.
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## 3. Interactive Elements

- “GO” button indicates transition to recall phase.
  - Clean layout avoids unnecessary distractions.
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## 4. Cognitive Benefit

- Chunked visual layout supports short-term memory encoding.
- Enhances pattern recognition and spatial memory.



### FRAME 4: RECALL PHASE

#### Analysis of the Recall Screen

This screen tests the user’s ability to recall and identify differences.

## **1. Purpose of the Screen**

- Evaluates visual memory retrieval.
  - Users actively recall previously seen differences.
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## **2. Chunking Strategy**

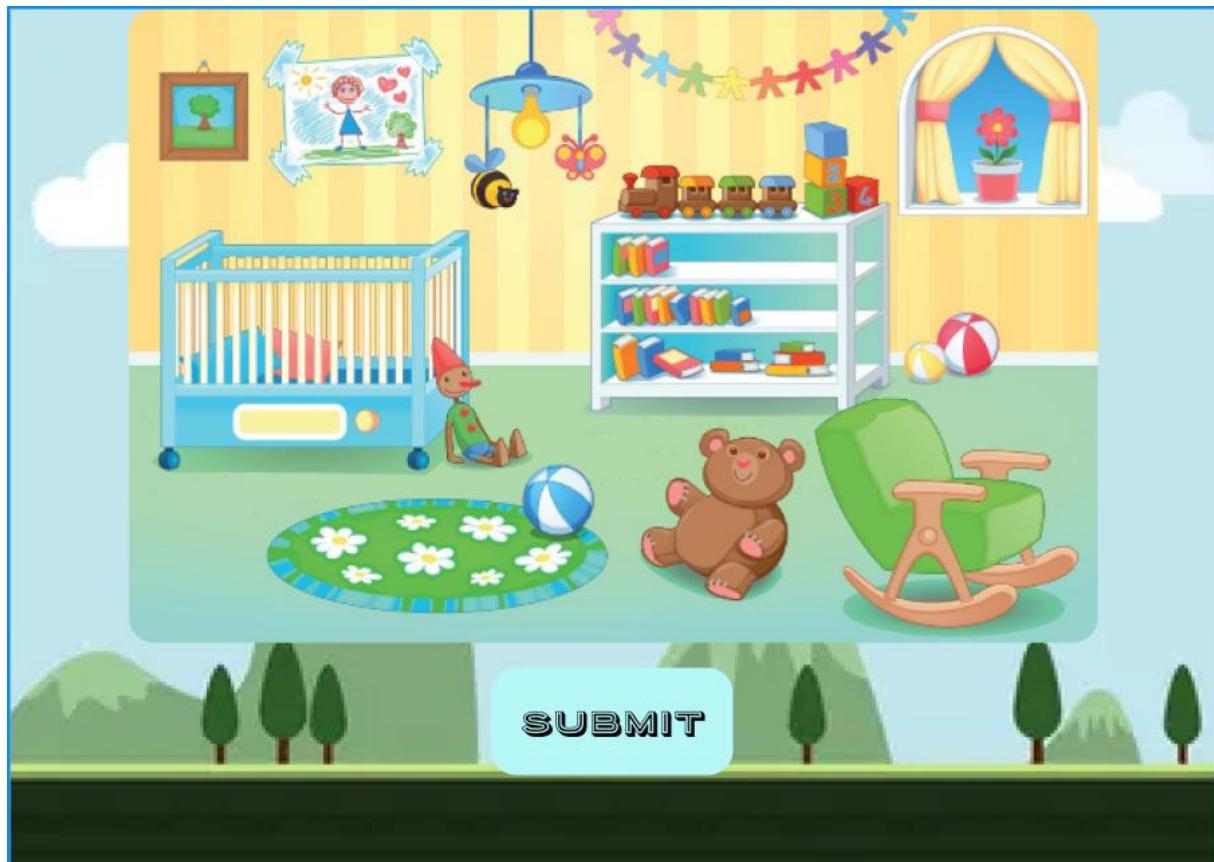
- Differences are placed within related areas of the image.
  - Users recall changes by focusing on grouped regions.
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## **3. Interaction Design**

- Users click on detected differences.
  - “SUBMIT” button finalizes their recall choices.
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## **4. Cognitive & UX Benefits**

- Encourages accurate recall rather than guessing.
- Tests effectiveness of chunked memory storage.



## **FRAME 5: FINAL SCORECARD**

### **Analysis of the Scorecard Screen**

This screen provides feedback on the user's performance.

## 1. Purpose of the Screen

- Displays final recall score.
- Summarizes user performance clearly.

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## 2. Score Presentation

- Score shown as **5/6**, indicating correct differences found.
- A circular progress indicator visually represents performance.

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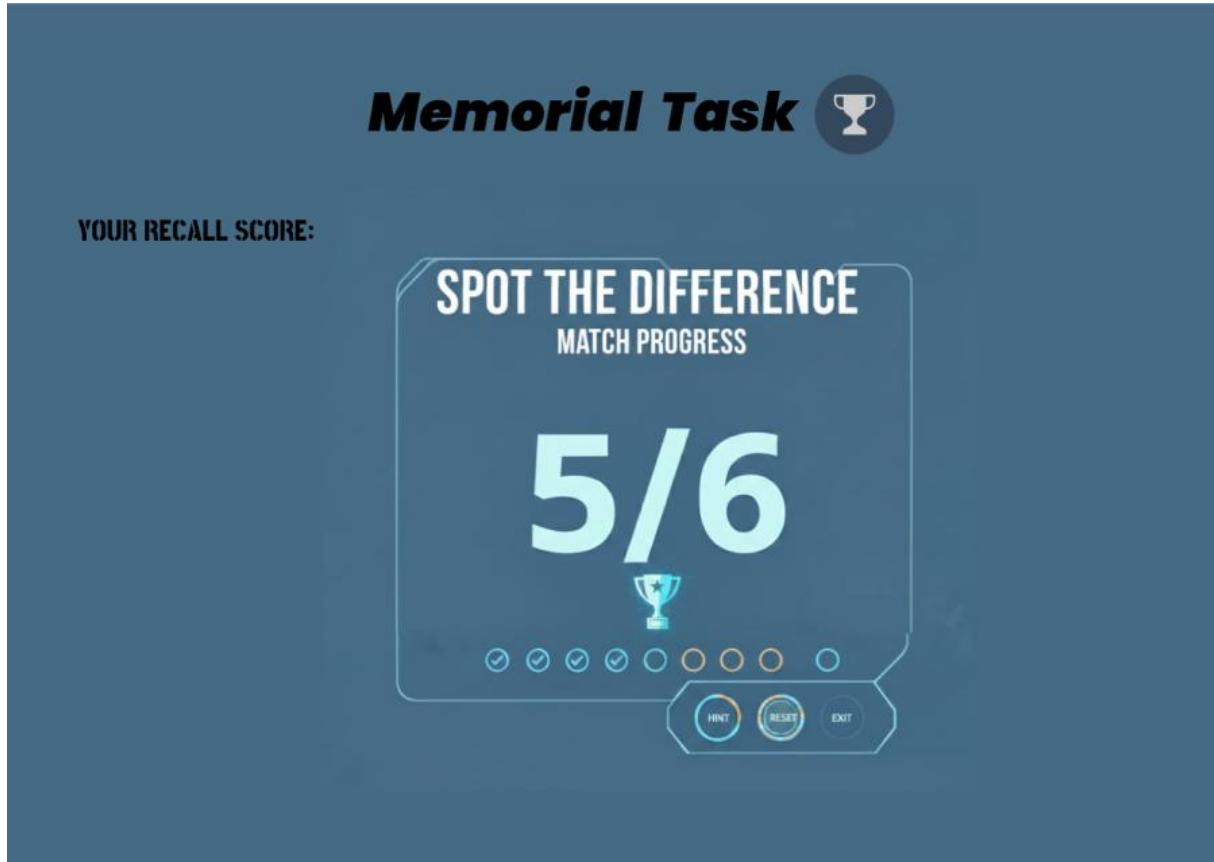
## 3. Feedback & Motivation

- Simple, uncluttered design focuses attention on results.
- Helps users understand how well they performed.

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## 4. Cognitive & UX Benefits

- Immediate feedback reinforces learning.
- Visual score representation improves result comprehension.



PROTOTYPE LINK:

<https://www.figma.com/proto/XoW9CVmWxC7spY5R2mT387/Memorial-Task?node-id=7-10&t=W050shToA6kQWp6I-0&scaling=scale-down&content-scaling=fixed&page-id=0%3A1&starting-point-node-id=7%3A10>