5 Differences between

Arrow & Regular

Functions

```
{.js}
JavaScript
```

```
const greet = function(who) {
  return `Hello, ${who}`;
}
```

```
const greet = (who) ⇒ {
  return `Hello, ${who}!`;
}
```



01 this value

Regular Function

```
// indirect invocation
function myFunction() {
  console.log(this);
}
const myContext = { value: 'A' };
myFunction.call(myContext); // logs { value: 'A' }
myFunction.apply(myContext); // logs { value: 'A' }
```

```
const myObject = {
  myMethod(items) {
    console.log(this); // logs myObject
    const callback = () ⇒ {
      console.log(this); // logs myObject
    };
    items.forEach(callback);
  }
};
myObject.myMethod([1, 2, 3]);
```



02 Constructors

Regular Function

```
function Car(color) {
  this.color = color;
}
const redCar = new Car('red');
redCar instanceof Car; // ⇒ true
```

```
const Car = (color) ⇒ {
  this.color = color;
};
const redCar = new Car('red');
// TypeError: Car is not a constructor
```



03

Arguments Object

Regular Function

```
function myFunction() {
  console.log(arguments);
}
myFunction('a', 'b');
// logs { 0: 'a', 1: 'b', length: 2 }
```

```
function myRegularFunction() {
  const myArrowFunction = () ⇒ {
    console.log(arguments);
  }
  myArrowFunction('c', 'd');
}
myRegularFunction('a', 'b');
// logs { 0: 'a', 1: 'b', length: 2 }
```



04 Implicit return

Regular Function

```
function myFunction() {
  return 42;
}
myFunction(); // ⇒ 42
```

```
const increment = (num) ⇒ num + 1;
increment(41); // ⇒ 42
```



04 Methods

Regular Function

```
class Hero {
  constructor(heroName) {
    this.heroName = heroName;
  }
  logName() {
    console.log(this.heroName);
  }
}
const batman = new Hero('Batman');
```

```
class Hero {
  constructor(heroName) {
    this.heroName = heroName;
  }
  logName = () ⇒ {
    console.log(this.heroName);
  }
}
const batman = new Hero('Batman');
```



Thanks for reading!

Follow my profile for more coding related contents

Like and Share the post with your network

@Anandhraj Mudaliyar