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Week #4 Homework

Split the dataset used in this week's class into training_data (80%) and test_data (20%). Build kNN model with k=1, 15, 50 on the training set. Calculate the prediction accuracy on the test set.

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         %matplotlib inline
 In [3]: | url = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/empathy87/The-Elements-of-Statistical
         -Learning-Python-Notebooks/master/data/mixture.txt"
         raw data = pd.read csv(url, sep=',')
         raw data.head()
 Out[3]:
                 х1
                         x2 y
         0 2.526093 0.321050 0
          1 0.366954 0.031462 0
          2 0.768219 0.717486 0
          3 0.693436 0.777194 0
          4 -0.019837 0.867254 0
 In [4]: from sklearn.model_selection import train test split
         training data, test data = train test split(raw data, test size=0.2)
 In [7]: #training data for 80%
         training_data.shape
 Out[7]: (160, 3)
 In [9]: #test data for 20%
         test data.shape
 Out[9]: (40, 3)
         KNN For k = 1
In [24]: from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
         knn1 = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=1)
         knn1.fit(training_data[["x1", "x2"]], training_data[["y"]])
         C:\Users\Kevin J\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel launcher.py:3: DataC
         onversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expecte
         d. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples, ), for example using ravel
          This is separate from the ipykernel package so we can avoid doing imports
         until
Out[24]: KNeighborsClassifier(algorithm='auto', leaf size=30, metric='minkowski',
                             metric params=None, n jobs=None, n neighbors=1, p=2,
                             weights='uniform')
In [25]: predictions = knn1.predict(test data[["x1", "x2"]])
         predictions
0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
In [26]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
         accuracy score(test data['y'], predictions)
Out[26]: 0.75
         KNN For k = 15
In [27]: knn15 = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=15)
         knn15.fit(training data[["x1", "x2"]], training data[["y"]])
         C:\Users\Kevin J\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel launcher.py:2: DataC
         onversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expecte
         d. Please change the shape of y to (n samples, ), for example using ravel
         ().
Out[27]: KNeighborsClassifier(algorithm='auto', leaf size=30, metric='minkowski',
                             metric params=None, n jobs=None, n neighbors=15, p=2,
                             weights='uniform')
In [29]: predictions1 = knn15.predict(test data[["x1", "x2"]])
         predictions1
Out[29]: array([0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1,
                0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
In [30]: accuracy score(test data['y'], predictions1)
Out[30]: 0.75
         KNN For k = 50
In [37]: from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
         knn5 = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=50)
         knn5.fit(training data[["x1", "x2"]], training data[["y"]])
         C:\Users\Kevin J\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel launcher.py:3: DataC
         onversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expecte
         d. Please change the shape of y to (n samples, ), for example using ravel
          This is separate from the ipykernel package so we can avoid doing imports
         until
Out[37]: KNeighborsClassifier(algorithm='auto', leaf size=30, metric='minkowski',
                             metric params=None, n jobs=None, n neighbors=50, p=2,
                             weights='uniform')
In [38]: predictions2 = knn5.predict(test data[["x1", "x2"]])
```

predictions2

0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0], dtype=int64)