### Android Asynchronous Task

Android asynchronous task runs on a background thread.

Android asynchronous task comprises 4 steps:

- onPreExecute
- doInBackground
- onProgressUpdate
- onPostExecute

#### Accessing Internet with Android

- Create an Activity
- Within the Activity, create a class (eg. ReadCurrencyJSON) that extends from AsyncTask<String, Void, String>

Params: type of parameters sent to the AsyncTask

Progress: type of progress units published during the background computation. Eg. if it is integer, use it to show a progress bar.

Result: type of result returned by the AsyncTask.

Example: **private class** ReadCurrencyJSON **extends** AsyncTask<String, Void, String> {

Within ReadCurrencyJSON class, define the following:

```
protected String doInBackground(String... urls) {
  return getJSON(urls[0]);
}
```

Within ReadCurrencyJSON class, define the following:

```
public String getJSON(String URL_string) {
    /**** HttpClient and HttpGet are deprecated from API 22 onwards
     HttpClient httpClient = new DefaultHttpClient();
     HttpGet httpGet = new HttpGet(URL);
     ***/
    URL url
                                               = convertToUrl(URL_string);
     HttpURLConnection httpUrlConnection = null;
    int responseCode
                                               = -1;
                                               = new StringBuilder();
    StringBuilder stringBuilder
```

```
URL url = converttourl(url string);
try {
  httpUrlConnection = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();
  httpUrlConnection.setRequestMethod("GET");
  httpUrlConnection.connect();
  responseCode = httpUrlConnection.getResponseCode();
  if (responseCode == httpUrlConnection.HTTP_OK) {
    InputStream inputStream = httpUrlConnection.getInputStream();
    BufferedReader reader
                               = new BufferedReader(
                                 new InputStreamReader(inputStream));
    String line;
    while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
      stringBuilder.append(line);
                                                    StringBuilder stringBuilder = new
                                                    StringBuilder();
    inputStream.close();
```

HttpURLConnection

httpUrlConnection =

null;

```
} catch (MalformedURLException e) {
  System.out.println("Error -- Bad URL " + e.getMessage());
  e.printStackTrace();
} catch (Exception e) {
  System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
  e.printStackTrace();
} finally { httpUrlConnection.disconnect(); }
 return stringBuilder.toString();
```

Within ReadCurrencyJSON class, define also the following:

```
JSONArray response = new JSONArray();
protected void onPostExecute(String result) {
    try {
       JSONObject jsonObject = new JSONObject(result);
       JSONObject ratesObj = jsonObject.getJSONObject("rates");
       String rate = ratesObj.getString(txtToCurrency.getEditableText().
              toString().toUpperCase());
       Toast.makeText(InternetActivity.this, "rate is " + rate,
                                            Toast. LENGTH_LONG).show();
    } catch (Exception e) {
       Log.d("ReadCurrencyJSON", e.getLocalizedMessage());
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```

```
// the following code convertToUrl is from
// http://fancifulandroid.blogspot.sg/2013/07/android-convert-string-to-valid-url.html
private URL convertToUrl(String urlStr) {
  try {
    URL url = new URL(urlStr);
    URI uri = new URI(url.getProtocol(), url.getUserInfo(),
         url.getHost(), url.getPort(), url.getPath(),
         url.getQuery(), url.getRef());
    url = uri.toURL();
    return url;
  } catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
  return null;
```

• Finally, to initiate the internet access, use the following:

txtFromCurrency.getEditableText().toString().toUpperCase());

new ReadCurrencyJSON().execute(

"http://api.fixer.io/latest?base="+

```
Eg. if txtFromCurrency.getEditableText() == "USD", then http://api.fixer.io/latest?base=USD will return

{"base":"USD","date":"2015-08-28","rates":{"AUD":1.4012,"BGN":1.7357,"BRL": 3.5651,"CAD":1.3271,"CHF":0.9591,"CNY":6.3896,"CZK":24.004,"DKK":6.6232,"GBP": 0.6497,"HKD":7.75,"HRK":6.7102,"HUF":279.38,"IDR":14017.35,"ILS":3.9208,"INR": 66.162,"JPY":120.84,"KRW":1177.85,"MXN":16.93,"MYR":4.1857,"NOK": 8.289,"NZD":1.551,"PHP":46.708,"PLN":3.7633,"RON":3.9326,"RUB":67.039,"SEK": 8.4268,"SGD":1.4061,"THB":35.888,"TRY":2.9216,"ZAR":13.236,"EUR":0.8875}}
```

Don't forget to add the following in AndroidManifest.xml:

<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET"/>

# Async Task Skeleton Code

```
new ReadCurrencyJSON().execute("http://api.fixer.io/latest?base=USD");
protected String doInBackground(String... urls) { return getJSON(urls[0]); }
                                         public String getJSON(String URL string) {
           httpUrlConnection = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();
           httpUrlConnection.setRequestMethod("GET");
           httpUrlConnection.connect();
           responseCode = httpUrlConnection.getResponseCode();
           if (responseCode == httpUrlConnection.HTTP_OK) {
             InputStream inputStream = httpUrlConnection.getInputStream();
         finally { httpUrlConnection.disconnect(); }
          return stringBuilder.toString();
```

JSONObject
jsonObject = new
JSONObject(result);

protected void onPostExecute(String result) {

## Asynchronous Task Skeleton Code

```
public class ClassAsyncTask extends AsyncTask<String, Void, String> {
  public String doInBackground(String... str) {
    return "This string is from doInBackground";
  public void onPostExecute(String result) {
    Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(), "in onPostExecute, string = "+result,
Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
public void onClick AsyncTask1(View view) {
  ClassAsyncTask classAsyncTask = new ClassAsyncTask();
  classAsyncTask.execute("This is my input String");
```

#### **Access Internet**

```
public String getJSON(String urlStr) {
  URL url = convertToUrl(urlStr);
  HttpURLConnection httpURLConnection = null;
  int responseCode;
  StringBuilder stringBuilder = new StringBuilder();
  String line;
  try {
    httpURLConnection = (HttpURLConnection)url.openConnection();
    httpURLConnection.setRequestMethod("GET");
    httpURLConnection.connect();
    responseCode = httpURLConnection.getResponseCode();
    if (responseCode == httpURLConnection.HTTP OK) {
      InputStream inputStream = httpURLConnection.getInputStream();
      BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(inputStream));
      while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
        stringBuilder.append(line);
      inputStream.close();
  } catch (Exception e) {
    System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
    e.printStackTrace();
  } finally {
    httpURLConnection.disconnect();
  return stringBuilder.toString();
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```

```
// the following code convertToUrl is from
// http://fancifulandroid.blogspot.sg/2013/07/android-convert-string-to-valid-url.html
private URL convertToUrl(String urlStr) {
  try {
    URL url = new URL(urlStr);
    URI uri = new URI(url.getProtocol(), url.getUserInfo(),
               url.getHost(), url.getPort(), url.getPath(),
               url.getQuery(), url.getRef());
    url = uri.toURL();
    return url;
  } catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
  return null;}
```

#### Parse JSON

```
public class ClassAsyncTask4 extends AsyncTask<String, Void, String> {
  public String doInBackground(String... str) {
    return getJSON(str[0]);
  public void onPostExecute(String result) {
 try {
      JSONObject isonObject = new JSONObject(result);
      JSONObject ratesObj = jsonObject.getJSONObject("rates");
      rate = ratesObj.getString(txtToCurrency.getEditableText().toString().toUpperCase());
      currencyRateDisplay = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.textView currencyRate);
      currencyRateDisplay.setText("1" + txtFromCurrency.getEditableText().toString().toUpperCase() +
" = " + rate + " " + txtToCurrency.getEditableText().toString().toUpperCase());
    } catch (Exception e) {
      Log.d("ReadCurrencyJSON", e.getLocalizedMessage());
```

```
public void btnGetCurrency(View view) {
    EditText txtFromCurrency = (EditText) findViewById(R.id.editText_fromCurrency);

ClassAsyncTask4 classAsyncTask4 = new ClassAsyncTask4();

classAsyncTask4.execute("http://api.fixer.io/latest?
base="+txtFromCurrency.getEditableText().toString().toUpperCase());
}
```