

Parul University

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY

COMPILER DESIGN (203105352)

6TH SEMESTER

COMPUTER SCIENCE DEPARTMENT

Laboratory Manual



Subject Code: 203105352

B.Tech : **CSE**, Year : **3**, Semester : **6**

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Experiment No: 1

Aim: Program to implement Lexical Analyzer.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void keyw(char *p);
int i=0,id=0,kw=0,num=0,op=0,sp=0,ar=0,count=0,new_line=0;
char keys[32][10]={"auto","break","case","char","const","continue","default",
                                      "do", "double", "else", "enum", "extern", "float", "for", "goto",
                                      "if","int","long","register","return","short","signed",
                                      "sizeof", "static", "struct", "switch", "typedef", "union",
                                      "unsigned", "void", "volatile", "while" };
main()
  char ch,str[25],seps[20]=" t\n,;(){}[]#\"<>",oper[]="!\%^&*-+=~|.<>/?";
  int j;
  char fname[50];
  FILE *f1;
  f1 = fopen("Laxcode.txt","r");
  if(f1==NULL)
    printf("file not found");
     exit(0);
  }
  while((ch=fgetc(f1))!=EOF)
       for(j=0;j<=14;j++)
       if(ch==oper[j])
                              printf("%c is an operator\n",ch);
          op++;
          count++;
          str[i]='\0';
          keyw(str);
       }
     if(ch=='\n')
       new_line++;
               }
```



```
for(j=0;j<=14;j++)
  if(i==-1)
           break;
  if(ch==seps[j])
     if(ch=='#')
        while(ch!='>')
           printf("%c",ch);
           ch=fgetc(f1);
        printf("%c is a header file\n",ch);
        i=-1;
        break;
      }
     if(ch=="")
        do
           ch=fgetc(f1);
           printf("%c",ch);
         }while(ch!="");
        printf("\b is an argument\n");
        i=-1;
        ar++;
        count++;
        break;
     if(ch==',' \parallel ch==';' \parallel ch=='(' \parallel ch==')' \parallel ch=='\{' \parallel ch=='\}' \parallel ch=='[' \parallel ch==']') \{
           printf("%c is a Sepretor\n",ch);
           sp++;
           count++;
                             }
     str[i]='\0';
     keyw(str);
   }
if(i!=-1)
  str[i]=ch;
  i++;
else
  i=0;
```



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%d\nNumbers:

```
printf("\nKeywords:
                                 %d\nIdentifiers:
                                                            %d\nOperators:
%d\nSepretor:%d\nArgument:%d",kw,id,op,num,sp,ar);
       printf("\nTotal number of Token:%d",count);
       printf("\n Number Of lines:%d",new_line);
void keyw(char *p)
  int k,flag=0;
  for(k=0;k<=31;k++)
    if(strcmp(keys[k],p)==0)
       printf("%s is a keyword\n",p);
       kw++;
       count++;
       flag=1;
       break;
     }
  }
  if(flag==0)
    if(isdigit(p[0]))
       printf("%s is a number\n",p);
       num++;
       count++;
     }
    else
       if(p[0]!='\setminus 0')
          printf("%s is an identifier\n",p);
         id++;
          count++;
       }
     }
  }
  i=-1;
```



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Output:

```
int is a keyword
( is a Sepretor
main is an identifier
) is a Sepretor
{ is a Sepretor
int is a keyword
= is an operator
a is an identifier
 is a Sepretor
10 is a number
= is an operator
b is an identifier
; is a Sepretor
20 is a number
( is a Sepretor
if is a keyword
> is an operator
a is an identifier
) is a Sepretor
b is an identifier
return is a keyword
; is a Sepretor
a is an identifier
else is a keyword
return is a keyword
; is a Sepretor
b is an identifier
} is a Sepretor
Keywords: 6
Identifiers: 7
Operators: 3
Numbers: 2
Sepretor:10
Argument:0
Total number of Token:28
Number Of lines:7
Process exited after 0.6474 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

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Experiment No: 2

Aim: Program to count digits, vowels and symbols in C.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main(){
       char str[100];
       int i=0;
       int vowels=0,consonant=0,digit=0,symbols=0,spaces=0;
       FILE *fp;
       char ch;
       fp = fopen("input.txt", "r");
  if (fp == NULL)
  {
    printf("File not opened ");
    exit(1);
  }
  ch = fgetc(fp);
  printf("Your string is :\n");
  while (!feof(fp))
  {
    str[i++]=ch;
    ch = fgetc(fp);
```



```
}
                       str[i]='\0';
                       printf("%s",str);
                      fclose(fp);
                                                                   for(i=0;str[i]!=\0';i++)
                                                                     {
                                                                                                                                     if(str[i] == 'a' \parallel str[i] == 'A' \parallel str[i] == 'e' \parallel str[i] == 'E' \parallel str[i] == 'i' \parallel str[i] == 'I' \parallel str[i] == 'o' \parallel str[i] == 'a' \parallel str[i] ==
str[i] {==} \text{'}O' \parallel str[i] {==} \text{'}u' \parallel str[i] {==} \text{'}U') \{
                                                                                                                                                                                                          vowels++;
                                                                                                                                           }
                                                                                                                                       else if((str[i]>='a' && str[i]<='z')||(str[i]>='A' && str[i]<='Z'))
                                                                                                                                        {
                                                                                                                                                                                                          consonant++;
                                                                                                                                           }
                                                                                                                                     else if(str[i]>='0' && str[i]<='9'){
                                                                                                                                                                                                          digit++;
                                                                                                                                           }
                                                                                                                                       else if (str[i]==' ')
                                                                                                                                          {
                                                                                                                                                                                                          spaces++;
                                                                                                                                           }
                                                                                                                                       else{
                                                                                                                                                                                                          symbols++;
                                                                                                                                           }
                                                                      }
```



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```
printf("\nVowels: %d",vowels);
printf("\nConsonant: %d",consonant);
printf("\nDigit: %d",digit);
printf("\nSpecialSymbols: %d",symbols);
printf("\nWhite spaces: %d", spaces);
return 0;
}
```

Output:



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Experiment No: 3

Aim: Program to check validation of User Name and Password in C.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main(){
       char str[25],pwd[20];
       int a,i=0,j=0,h=0,m=0;
       FILE *fp,*fp1;
       char ch,ch1;
       fp = fopen("user.txt", "r");
  if (fp == NULL)
  {
    printf("File not opened ");
    exit(1);
  }
  ch = fgetc(fp);
  printf("Your Username is :\n");
  while (!feof(fp))
  {
    str[i++]=ch;
    ch = fgetc(fp);
```



```
}
  str[i]='\0';
  printf("%s",str);
  fclose(fp);
       if(strcmp(str,"JayDepani")==0 || strcmp(str,"DepaniJay")==0 || strcmp(str,"JayPatel")==0 ||
strcmp(str,"PatelJay")==0){
               printf("\n This Username is Already there,please try to other Username.");
               return 0;
        }
       if(str[0]<'A' || str[0]>'Z'){}
               printf("\n First character of the Username should be Capital.");
        }
       for(i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++){
               if(str[i] >= '0' \&\& str[i] <= '9'){
                       m=1;
                       break;
                }
               m=0;
        }
       if(m==1){
               printf("\n Digit is not Allow in the Username.");
        }
```



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```
for(i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++){
                                                                                                                             if(str[i] == '\sim' \parallel str[i] == '!' \parallel str[i] == '@' \parallel str[i] == '\#' \parallel str[i] == '\$' \parallel str[i] == '\%' \parallel str[i] ==
|| str[i]=='&' || str[i]=='*'){
                                                                                                                                                                                               m=1;
                                                                                                                                                                                               break;
                                                                                                                                  }
                                                                                                                              m=0;
                                                                 }
                                                              if(m==1){
                                                                                                                                printf("\n Spacial Symbols are not Allow in Username.");
                                                                                                                              return 0;
                                                                 }
                                                              fp1 = fopen("pass.txt", "r");
                     if (fp1 == NULL)
                     {
                                         printf("File not opened ");
                                         exit(1);
                      }
                     ch1 = fgetc(fp1);
                     printf("\nYour Password is :\n");
                    while (!feof(fp1))
                     {
                                         pwd[j++]=ch1;
```



```
ch1 = fgetc(fp1);
   }
   pwd[j]='\0';
  printf("%s",pwd);
   fclose(fp1);
         a=strlen(pwd);
        if(a < 8 \parallel a > 15){
                  printf("\n Password length should be 8 to 15 characters.");
         }
        for(i=0;pwd[i]!='\0';i++){
                 if(pwd[i] >= '0' \&\& pwd[i] <= '9'){
                           h=0;
                           break;
                  }
                 h=1;
         }
        if(h==1){
                 printf("\n Minimum one digit is complasary to use in password like 1,2,3...");
         }
        for(i=0;pwd[i]!='\0';i++){
                 if(pwd[i]=='\sim' \parallel pwd[i]=='!' \parallel pwd[i]=='@' \parallel pwd[i]=='\#' \parallel pwd[i]=='\$' \parallel pwd[i]=='\%'
\parallel pwd[i] == '^' \parallel pwd[i] == '\&' \parallel pwd[i] == '*') \{
```



```
h=0;
               break;
        }
       h=1;
}
if(h==1){
       printf("\n Must be use one Spacial Symbols in Password like ~,!,@,#,$,%,^,&,*.");
       return 0;
}
for(i=0;pwd[i]!='\0';i++){}
       if(pwd[i]==' '){
               h=1;
               break;
        }
       h=0;
}
if(h==1){
       printf("\n Password should not contain any space.");
       return 0;
}
printf("\n Now Your Username is Created.\n Your Username is:%s",str);
printf("\n Now your Password is Created.\n your Password is :%s",pwd);
return 0;
```



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Output:

}

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Experiment No: 4

Aim: Program to implement Predictive Parsing LL(1) in C.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
char prol[10][10]={"E","E"","E"","T","T"","T"","F","F"};
char pror[10][10]={"TE","+TE","@","FT","*FT","@","(E)","%"};
char prod[10][10]={"E->TE","E'->+TE","T->FT","T->*F","F->(E)","F->%"};
char first[10][10]={"(%","+@","(%","*@","(%");
char\ follow [10][10] = \{"\$)", "\$)", "+\$)", "+\$)", "*+\$)"\};
char table[5][6][10];
numr(char c)
{
      switch(c)
{
case 'E': return 0;
case 'T': return 1;
case 'F': return 2;
case '+': return 0;
case '*': return 1;
case '(': return 2;
case ')': return 3;
case '%': return 4;
case '$': return 5;
```



```
return(2);
 }
void main()
{ int i,j,k;
// clrscr();
for(i=0;i<5;i++)
for(j=0;j<6;j++)
strcpy(table[i][j]," ");
printf("\nThe following is the predictive parsing table for the following grammar:\n");
for(i=0;i<10;i++)
printf("%s\n",prod[i]);
printf("\nPredictive parsing table is\n");
fflush(stdin);
for(i=0;i<10;i++)
{
k=strlen(first[i]);
for(j=0;j<10;j++)
if(first[i][j]!='@')
strcpy(table[numr(prol[i][0])+1][numr(first[i][j])+1],prod[i]);
}
for(i=0;i<10;i++)
if(strlen(pror[i])==1)
if(pror[i][0]=='@')
 {
```



```
k=strlen(follow[i]);
for(j=0;j< k;j++)
strcpy(table[numr(prol[i][0])+1][numr(follow[i][j])+1],prod[i]);
} } }
strcpy(table[0][0]," ");
strcpy(table[0][1],"+");
strcpy(table[0][2],"*");
strcpy(table[0][3],"(");
strcpy(table[0][4],")");
strcpy(table[0][5],"%");
strcpy(table[0][5],"$");
strcpy(table[1][0],"E");
strcpy(table[2][0],"T");
strcpy(table[3][0],"F");
printf("\n____\n");
for(i=0;i<5;i++)
for(j=0; j<6; j++)
printf("\%-10s",table[i][j]); \ if(j==5) \ printf("\n ------- \n");
}
getch();
```



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Output:

	Compiler Design	predictive LL!.exe					
E->TE' E'->+TE' T->FT' T->*F F->(E) F->%	wing is the	e predictiv	ve parsing	table for	the	following	grammar:
	. 3						
		*	()	 \$		
 E	+		(T->FT'			 T'	
	+ T->FT'	*		T->FT'	 T->F		
	+ T->FT'	*		T->FT'	 T->F		



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Experiment No.: 5

Aim: Program to implement Recursive Descent Parsing in C.

```
#include<stdio.h>
static char c[10];
char input;
void E(),EPRIME();
int main()
  printf("Enter a String: ");
  scanf("%s",c);
  E();
  if(c[input]=='$')
     printf("Valid String\n");
  else
     printf("Invalid String\n");
  return 0;
}
void E()
  if (c[input] == 'i')
     input++;
  EPRIME();
}
void EPRIME()
```



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```
{
    if (c[input]== '+') {
        input++;
        if(c[input]=='i')
        input++;
        EPRIME();
    }
    else
        return;
}
```

Output:

```
■ D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\All Programs\1\RecursiveDescentParser.exe

Enter a String: i+i$

Valid String

------

Process exited after 2.594 seconds with return value 0

Press any key to continue . . . ■
```

```
Enter a String: i*i+i
Invalid String
------
Process exited after 12.83 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

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Experiment No: 6

Aim: Program to implement Operator Precedence Parsing in C.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
char stack[20],ip[20],opt[10][10][1],ter[10];
int i,j,k,n,top=0,row,col;
int len;
for(i=0;i<10;i++)
{
stack[i]=NULL;
ip[i]=NULL;
for(j=0;j<10;j++)
opt[i][j][1]=NULL;
}
}
printf("Enter the no.of terminals:");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("\nEnter the terminals:");
scanf("%s",ter);
printf("\nEnter the table values:\n");
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
```



```
for(j=0;j< n;j++)
{
printf("Enter the value for %c %c:",ter[i],ter[j]);
scanf("%s",opt[i][j]);
}
}
printf("\nOPERATOR PRECEDENCE TABLE:\n");
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
{
printf("\t%c",ter[i]);
printf("\n_____
                                                        _");
printf("\n");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
printf("\n%c |",ter[i]);
for(j=0;j< n;j++)
printf("\t%c",opt[i][j][0]);
}
stack[top]='$';
printf("\n\nEnter the input string(append with $):");
scanf("%s",ip);
i=0;
```



```
printf("\nSTACK\t\t\tINPUT\ STRING\t\t\tACTION\n");
printf("\n%s\t\t\t%s\t\t\t",stack,ip);
len=strlen(ip);
while(i<=len)
for(k=0;k< n;k++)
{
if(stack[top]==ter[k])
row=k;
if(ip[i]==ter[k])
col=k;
}
if((stack[top]=='\$')\&\&(ip[i]=='\$'))
{
printf("String is ACCEPTED");
break;
}
else if((opt[row][col][0]=='<') ||(opt[row][col][0]=='='))
{
stack[++top]=opt[row][col][0];
stack[++top]=ip[i];
ip[i]=' ';
printf("Shift %c",ip[i]);
i++;
}
```



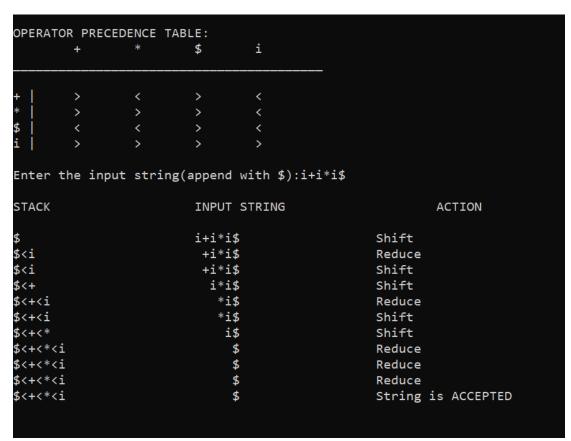
```
else
if(opt[row][col][0]=='>')
{
while(stack[top]!='<')</pre>
--top;
}
top=top-1;
printf("Reduce");
}
else
printf("\nString is not accepted");
break;
}
printf("\n");
printf("%s\t\t\t%s\t\t\t",stack,ip);
}
getch();
```



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Output:

```
■ D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\All Programs\1\operrator.exe
Enter the no.of terminals:4
Enter the terminals:+*$i
Enter the table values:
Enter the value for + +:>
Enter the value for + *:<
Enter the value for + $:>
Enter the value for + i:<
Enter the value for * +:>
Enter the value for * *:>
Enter the value for * $:>
Enter the value for * i:<
Enter the value for $ +:<
Enter the value for $ *:<
Enter the value for $ $:>
Enter the value for $ i:<
Enter the value for i +:>
Enter the value for i *:>
Enter the value for i $:>
Enter the value for i i:>
```





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Experiment No: 7

Aim: Program to implement LALR Parsing in C.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
void push(char *,int *,char);
char stacktop(char *);
void isproduct(char,char);
int ister(char);
int isnter(char);
int isstate(char);
void error();
void isreduce(char,char);
char pop(char *,int *);
void printt(char *,int *,char [],int);
void rep(char [],int);
struct action
{
char row[6][5];
};
const struct action A[12]={
{"sf","emp","emp","se","emp","emp"},
{"emp", "sg", "emp", "emp", "emp", "acc"},
{"emp","rc","sh","emp","rc","rc"},
```



```
{"emp","re","re","emp","re","re"},
{"sf","emp","emp","se","emp","emp"},
{"emp","rg","rg","emp","rg","rg"},
{"sf","emp","emp","se","emp","emp"},
{"sf","emp","emp","se","emp","emp"},
{"emp","sg","emp","emp","sl","emp"},
{"emp","rb","sh","emp","rb","rb"},
{"emp","rb","rd","emp","rd","rd"},
{"emp","rf","rf","emp","rf","rf"}
};
struct gotol
char r[3][4];
};
const struct gotol G[12]={
{"b","c","d"},
{"emp","emp","emp"},
{"emp","emp","emp"},
{"emp","emp","emp"},
{"i","c","d"},
{"emp","emp","emp"},
{"emp","j","d"},
{"emp","emp","k"},
{"emp","emp","emp"},
{"emp","emp","emp"},
};
```



```
char ter[6]={'i','+','*',')','(','$'};
char nter[3]={'E','T','F'};
char\ states[12] = \{ \ 'a', \ 'b', \ 'c', \ 'd', \ 'e', \ 'f', \ 'g', \ 'h', \ 'm', \ 'j', \ 'k', \ 'l' \};
char stack[100];
int top=-1;
char temp[10];
struct grammar
{
char left;
char right[5];
};
const struct grammar rl[6]={
\{'E', "e+T"\},\
\{'E', "T"\},\
{T', T^*F''},
{"T',"F"},
\{'F',"(E)"\},\
{'F',"i"},
};
int main()
{
char inp[80],x,p,dl[80],y,bl='a';
int i=0,j,k,l,n,m,c,len;
printf(" Enter the input :");
scanf("%s",inp);
len=strlen(inp);
```



```
inp[len]='$';
inp[len+1]='\0';
push(stack,&top,bl);
printf("\n stack \t\t input");
printt(stack,&top,inp,i);
do
x=inp[i];
p=stacktop(stack);
isproduct(x,p);
if(strcmp(temp,"emp")==0)
error();
if(strcmp(temp,"acc")==0)
break;
else
if(temp[0]=='s')
push(stack,&top,inp[i]);
push(stack,&top,temp[1]);
i++;
else
if(temp[0]=='r')
{
```



```
j=isstate(temp[1]);
strcpy(temp,rl[j-2].right);
dl[0]=rl[j-2].left;
dl[1]=\0';
n=strlen(temp);
for(k=0;k<2*n;k++)
pop(stack,&top);
for(m=0;dl[m]!='\setminus 0';m++)
push(stack,&top,dl[m]);
l=top;
y=stack[1-1];
isreduce(y,dl[0]);
for(m=0;temp[m]!=\0';m++)
push(stack,&top,temp[m]);
}
}
printt(stack,&top,inp,i);
\width while (inp[i]!='\0');
if(strcmp(temp,"acc")==0)
printf(" \n accept the input ");
else
printf(" \n do not accept the input ");
getch();
void push(char *s,int *sp,char item)
```



```
{
if(*sp==100)
printf(" stack is full ");
else
*sp=*sp+1;
s[*sp]=item;
}
char stacktop(char *s)
{
char i;
i=s[top];
return i;
}
void isproduct(char x,char p)
{
int k,l;
k=ister(x);
l=isstate(p);
strcpy(temp,A[l-1].row[k-1]);
}
int ister(char x)
{
int i;
for(i=0;i<6;i++)
```



```
if(x==ter[i])
return i+1;
return 0;
}
int isnter(char x)
{
int i;
for(i=0;i<3;i++)
if(x==nter[i])
return i+1;
return 0;
}
int isstate(char p)
{
int i;
for(i=0;i<12;i++)
if(p==states[i])
return i+1;
return 0;
}
void error()
{
printf(" error in the input ");
exit(0);
}
```



void isreduce(char x,char p)

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```
int k,l;
k=isstate(x);
l=isnter(p);
strcpy(temp,G[k-1].r[l-1]);
}
char pop(char *s,int *sp)
{
char item;
if(*sp==-1)
printf(" stack is empty ");
else
item=s[*sp];
*sp=*sp-1;
return item;
void printt(char *t,int *p,char inp[],int i)
{
int r;
printf("\n");
for(r=0;r<=*p;r++)
rep(t,r);
printf("\t \t \t \t ");
```



```
for(r=i;inp[r]!='\0';r++)
printf("%c",inp[r]);
}
void rep(char t[],int r)
{
char c;
c=t[r];
switch(c)
case 'a': printf("0");
break;
case 'b': printf("1");
break;
case 'c': printf("2");
break;
case 'd': printf("3");
break;
case 'e': printf("4");
break;
case 'f': printf("5");
break;
case 'g': printf("6");
break;
case 'h': printf("7");
break;
case 'm': printf("8");
```



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```
break;
case 'j': printf("9");
break;
case 'k': printf("10");
break;
case 'l': printf("11");
break;
default :printf("%c",t[r]);
break;
}
```

```
D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\All Programs\Untitled2.exe
 Enter the input :i+i*i
                              input
 stack
                             i+i*i$
                             +i*i$
0i5
0F3
                             +i*i$
0T2
                             +i*i$
0E1
                             +i*i$
                             i*i$
0E1+6
0E1+6i5
                             *i$
0E1+6F3
                             *i$
0E1+6T9
                             *i$
0E1+6T9*7
                                       i$
0E1+6T9*7i5
                                       $
0E1+6T9*7F10
                                       $
0E1+6T9
0E1
 accept the input \blacksquare
```

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Experiment No: 8

<u>Aim:</u> To Study about Lexical Analyzer Generator (LEX) and Flex (Fast Lexical Analyzer)

Lex - A Lexical Analyzer Generator:-

Lex is a program generator designed for lexical processing of character input streams. It accepts a high-level, problem oriented specification for character string matching, and produces a program in a general purpose language which recognizes regular expressions. The regular expressions are specified by the user in the source specifications given to Lex. The Lex written code recognizes these expressions in an input stream and partitions the input stream into strings matching the expressions.

The grammar in the above diagram is a text file you create with a text editor. Yacc will read your grammar and generate C code for a syntax analyzer or parser. The syntax analyzer uses grammar rules that allow it to analyze tokens from the lexical analyzer and create a syntax tree. The syntax tree imposes a hierarchical structure the tokens. For example, operator precedence and associativity are apparent in the syntax tree. The next step, code generation, does a depth-first Lexical Analyzer Syntax Analyzer a = b + c * d id1 = id2 + id3 * id4 = + * id1 source code tokens syntax tree id2 id3 id4 load id3 mul id4 add id2 store id1 Code Generator generated code Lex Yacc patterns grammar 5 walk of the syntax tree to generate code. Some compilers produce machine code, while others, as shown above, output assembly language.

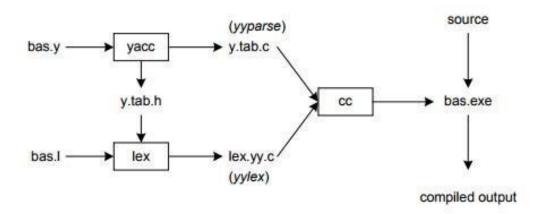


Figure 2: Building a Compiler with Lex/Yacc

What is Flex?

Flex is a powerful, open source application framework which allows to build traditional
applications for browser, mobile and desktop using the same programming model, tool, and
codebase.



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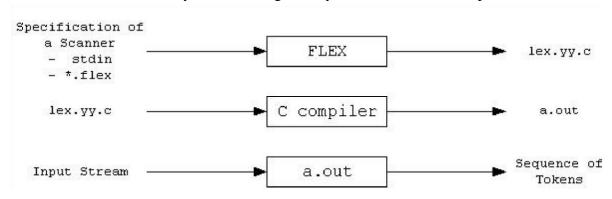
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• Flex provides FLEX SDK consisting of the Flex class library (ActionScript classes), the Flex compilers, the debugger, the MXML and ActionScript programming languages, and other utilities to build expressive and interactive rich internet applications (RIA)

• Flex takes care of the user interface (UI) or the client-side functionality of a web application. Server-side functionality dependent on server-side components written in a traditional scripting language

How to use FLEX?

FLEX (Fast LEXical analyzer generator) is a tool for generating scanners. In stead of writing a scanner from scratch, you only need to identify the *vocabulary* of a certain language (e.g. Simple), write a specification of patterns using regular expressions (e.g. DIGIT [0-9]), and FLEX will construct a scanner for you. FLEX is generally used in the manner depicted here:



First, FLEX reads a specification of a scanner either from an input file *.lex, or from standard input, and it generates as output a C source file *lex.yy.c*. Then, *lex.yy.c* is compiled and linked with the "-lfl" library to produce an executable *a.out*. Finally, *a.out* analyzes its input stream and transforms it into a sequence of tokens.

■ *.lex is in the form of pairs of regular expressions and C code. (<u>sample1.lex</u>, <u>sample2.lex</u>) ■ lex.yy.c defines a routine *yylex()* that uses the specification to recognize tokens. ■ a.out is actually the scanner!

How to Compile & Run LEX / YACC Programs on Windows?

If you are installing Ubuntu (or any Linux based OS) on your system either through Virtual Box or by making your system Multi-Bootable, just to execute your Lex & Yacc programs; then you might be wasting your HDD space & your valuable time. You can easily skip this annoying process and run your programs in Windows OS without any hassles.

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Here's how you can do it:

Installing Softwares:

- 1. Download Flex 2.5.4a
- 2. Download Bison 2.4.1
- **3.** Download <u>**DevC**++</u>
- 4. Install Flex at "C:\GnuWin32"
- 5. Install Bison at "C:\GnuWin32"
- **6. Install** DevC++ at "C:\Dev-Cpp"
- 7. Open Environment Variables.
- 8. Add "C:\GnuWin32\bin;C:\Dev-Cpp\bin;" to path.

Compilation & Execution of your Program:

- 1. Open Command prompt and switch to your working directory where you have stored your lex file (".l") and yacc file (".y")
- 2. Let your lex and yacc files be "hello.1" and "hello.y". Now, follow the preceding steps to compile and run your program.
 - 1. <u>For Compiling **Lex** file only:</u>
 - 1. flex hello.l
 - 2. gcc lex.yy.c
 - 2. For Compiling **Lex & Yacc** file both:
 - 1. flex hello.l
 - 2. bison -dy hello.y
 - 3. gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c
- 3. For **Executing** the Program
 - 1. a.exe

EXAMPLE:- HELLO.L FILE

```
% {
#include "y.tab.h"
int yyerror(char *errormsg);
% }
%%
("hi"|"oi")"\n" { return HI; }
```



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```
("tchau"|"bye")"\n" { return BYE; }
             { yyerror("Unknown char"); }
%%
int main(void)
{
 yyparse();
 return 0;
}
int yywrap(void)
{
 return 0;
}
int yyerror(char *errormsg)
{
  fprintf(stderr, "\%s \n", errormsg);
  exit(1);
}
HELLO.Y FILE
% {
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int yylex(void);
int yyerror(const char *s);
%}
%token HI BYE
%%
```



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```
program:
    hi bye
;
hi:
    HI { printf("Hello World\n"); }
;
bye:
    BYE { printf("Bye World\n"); exit(0); }
;
```

```
D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>flex hello.1

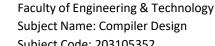
D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>bison -dy hello.y

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>a.exe
hi

Hello World
bye
Bye World

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>=
```



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Experiment No: 9

Aim: A). Create a Lexer to take input from text file and count no of characters, no. of lines & no. of words.

Program:

```
% {
#include<stdio.h>
int lines=0, words=0,s_letters=0,c_letters=0, num=0, spl_char=0,total=0;
%}
%%
\n { lines++; words++;}
[\t ' '] words++;
[A-Z] c_letters++;
[a-z] s_letters++;
[0-9] num++;
. spl_char++;
%%
main(void)
yyin= fopen("practical9.txt","r");
yylex();
total=s_letters+c_letters+num+spl_char;
printf(" This File contains ...");
printf("\n\t%d lines", lines);
printf("\n\t%d words",words);
printf("\n\t%d small letters", s_letters);
printf("\n\t%d capital letters",c_letters);
printf("\n\t%d digits", num);
printf("\n\t%d special characters",spl_char);
printf("\n\tIn total %d characters.\n",total);
int yywrap()
return(1);
Practical9.txt FILE:
Hii
I'm Dijay From Cse
```



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```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19042.804]
(c) 2020 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>flex practical9.1

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>gcc lex.yy.c

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>a.exe

This File contains ...

1 lines

7 words

12 small letters

5 capital letters

6 digits

0 special characters
In total 17 characters.

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>■
```

B). Write a Lex program to count number of vowels and consonants in a given input string.

Program:

```
% {
int vow_count=0;
int const count =0;
% }
%%
[aeiouAEIOU] {vow_count++;}
[a-zA-Z] {const_count++;}
%%
main()
yyin= fopen("practical8.txt","r");
yylex();
printf("The number of vowels are: %d\n",vow_count);
printf("The number of consonants are: %d\n",const_count);
return 0;
yywrap()
return 1;
}
practical8.txt FILE
Hii
```



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I'm Dijay From Cse

```
D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>flex practical9b.l

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>gcc lex.yy.c

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>a.exe

' The number of vowels are: 7

The number of consonants are: 10

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>
```



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Experiment No: 10

Aim: A). Write a Lex program to print out all numbers from the given file.

```
Program:
```

```
% {
#include<stdio.h>
int num=0;
% }
%%
[0-9] num++; ECHO;
%%
main(void)
{
yyin= fopen("practical10.txt","r");
yylex();
printf("\n\t%d digits", num);
int yywrap()
return(1);
}
```

Practical10.txt FILE

23332 23

Sbfjehbcc

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>flex practical10.1
D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>gcc lex.yy.c
D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>a.exe
23332
23
sbfjehbcc
           digits
D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>
```



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B). Write a Lex program to printout all HTML tags in file. Program :

```
% {
#include<stdio.h>
% }

%%

\<[^>]*\> printf("%s\n",yytext);
.\\n;
%%

int yywrap()
{
return 1;
}

int main()
{
yyin=fopen("practical10b.txt","r");
yylex();
return 0;
}
```

Practical10b.txt FILE

<html>
<body>
<h1> Hello</h1>

</body>

</html>



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Output:

```
D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>flex practical10b.l

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>gcc lex.yy.c

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\LexAndYacc>a.exe
<html>
<body>
<h1>
</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

C). Write a Lex program which adds line numbers to the given file and display the same onto the standard output.

Program:

```
% {
       #include<stdio.h>
       int line_number = 1;
%}
line .*\n
%%
{line} { printf("%d %s", line_number++, yytext); }
%%
int yywrap(){}
int main()
       extern FILE *yyin;
       yyin=fopen("add.txt","r");
       if(yyin==NULL){
              printf("File Not Found");
       yylex();
       return 0;
}
```



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Add.txt FILE

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int a=10,b=20;
  int c=a+b;
  printf("Addition of a and b is:%d",c);
  return 0;
}
```

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19042.804]
(c) 2020 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\All Programs\2>flex AddLineNumber.1

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\All Programs\2>gcc lex.yy.c

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\All Programs\2>a.exe

1 #include⟨stdio.h⟩
2 int main()

3 {
4 int a=10,b=20;
5 int c=a+b;
6 printf("Addition of a and b is:%d",c);
7 return 0;

8 }

D:\6th Sem\Compiler Design\All Programs\2>
■
```