

LAB 5

TASK 1

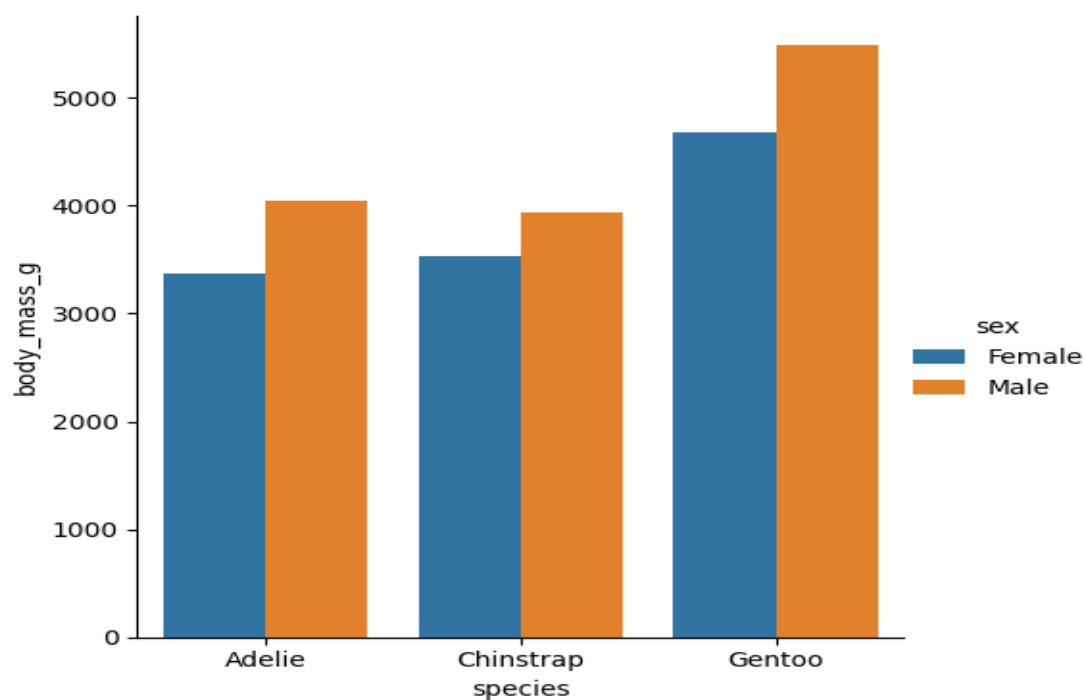
1. Catplot

- o Create a bar catplot to compare average body mass across species and sex.
- o Title: "Average Body Mass by Species and Sex"
- o X-axis: Species
- o Y-axis: Body Mass (g)
- o Hue: Sex

INPUT

```
data_by_avg_body_mass =  
data.groupby(["species", "sex"])['body_mass_g'].mean().reset_index()  
  
sns.catplot(data=data_by_avg_body_mass, x="species", y='body_mass_g', hue='sex',  
kind='bar')  
  
plt.savefig("Image1.png")
```

OUTPUT



TASK 2

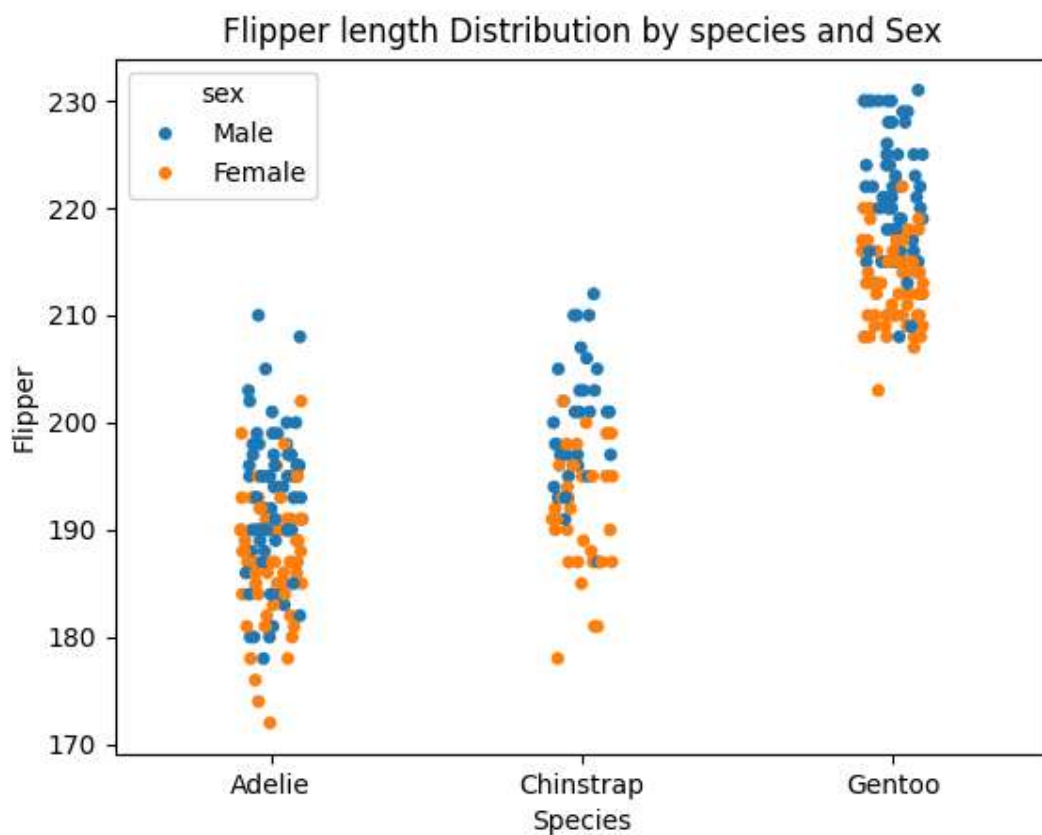
2. Stripplot

- o Visualize flipper length distribution by species and sex.
- o Title: "Flipper Length Distribution by Species and Sex"
- o X-axis: Species
- o Y-axis: Flipper Length (mm)

INPUT

```
sns.stripplot(data=data, x="species", y='flipper_length_mm', hue='sex')  
plt.title("Flipper length Distribution by species and Sex")  
plt.xlabel("Species")  
plt.ylabel("Flipper")  
plt.savefig("Image2.png")
```

OUTPUT



TASK 3

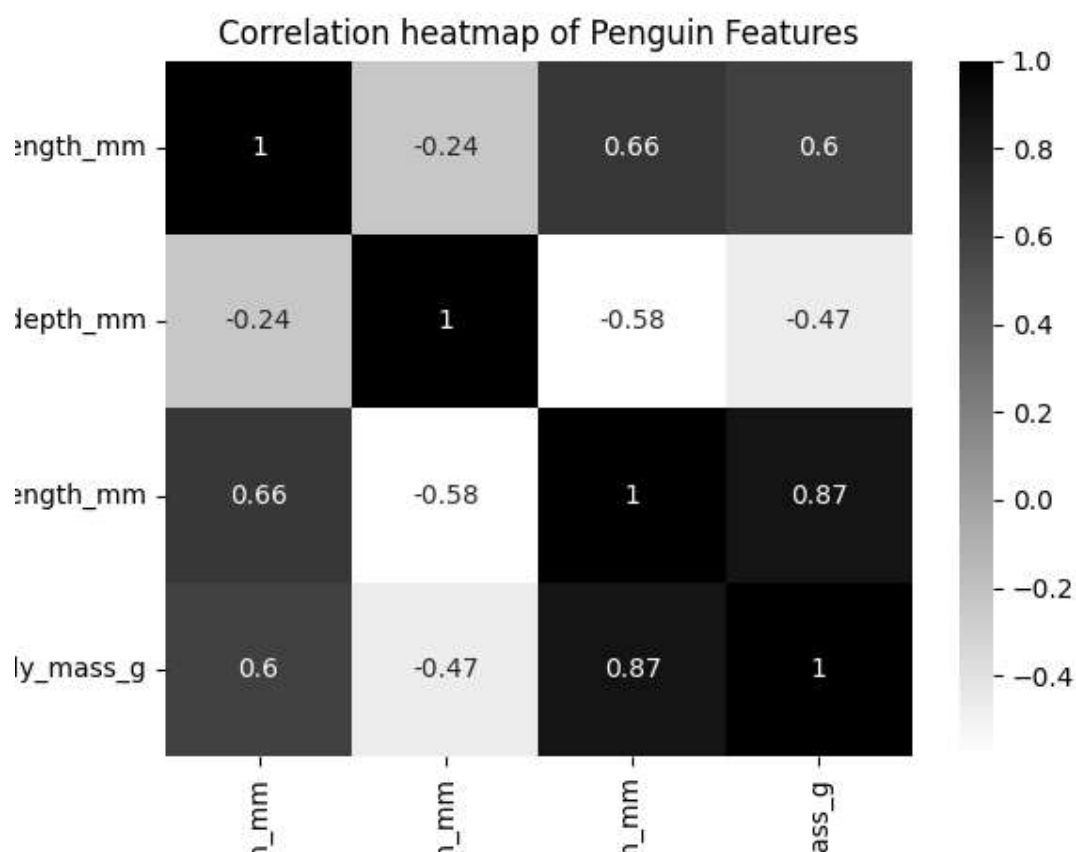
3. Heatmap

- Display correlation matrix of numerical features (bill length, bill depth, flipper length, body mass)
- Annotate values, use colorbar to represent correlation strength.
- Title: "Correlation Heatmap of Penguin Features"

INPUT

```
new_data = data.drop(['species', 'island', 'sex'], axis = 1)
data_corr = new_data.corr()
sns.heatmap(data=data_corr, annot=True, cmap='binary')
plt.title("Correlation heatmap of Penguin Features")
plt.savefig("Image3.png")
```

OUTPUT



TASK 4

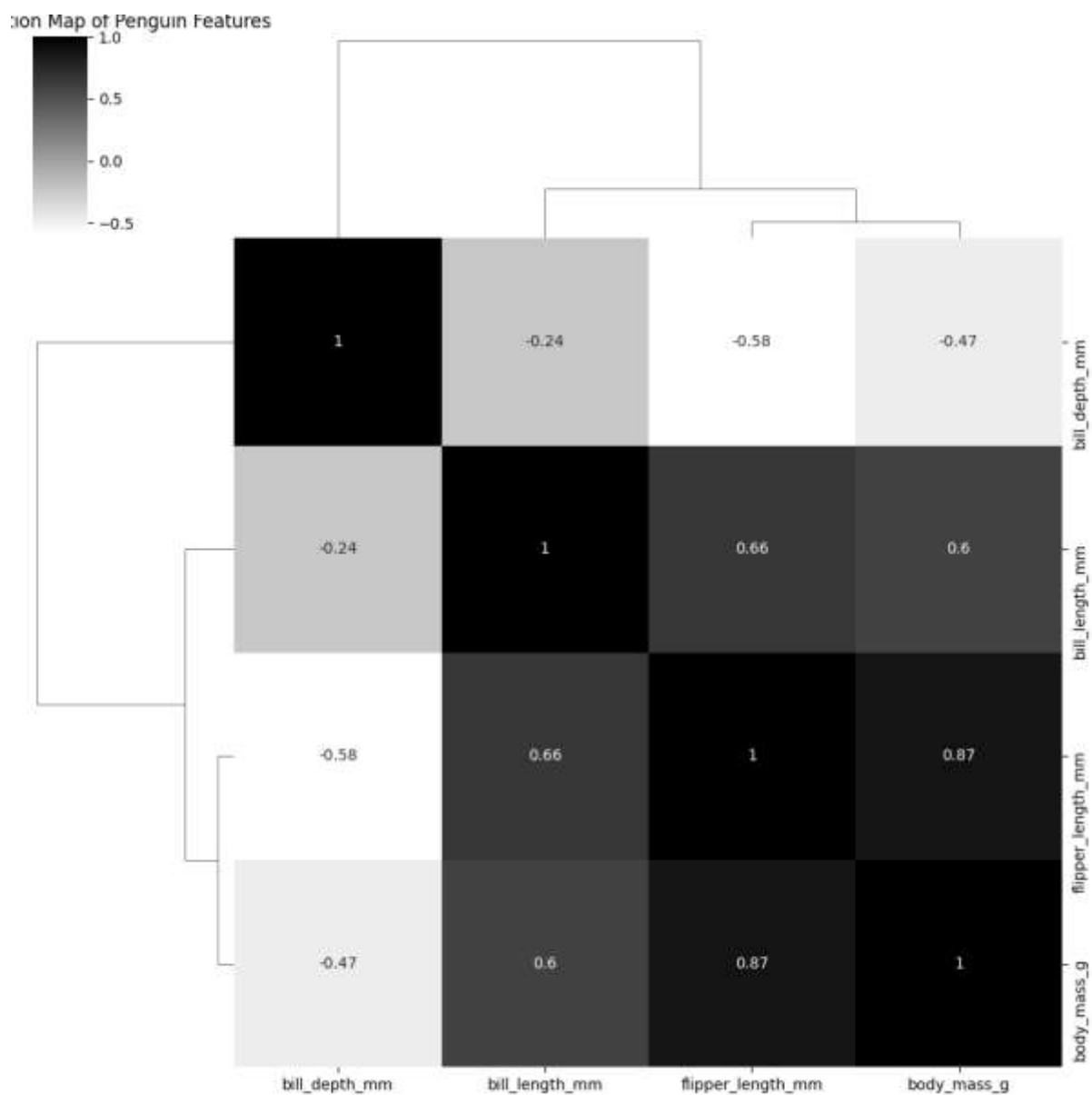
4. Clustermap

- o Create a clustered heatmap to group features based on similarity.
- o Title: "Clustered Correlation Map of Penguin Features"

INPUT

```
sns.clustermap(data=data_corr, annot=True, cmap='binary')
plt.title("Clustered Correlation Map of Penguin Features")
plt.savefig("Image4.png")
```

OUTPUT



TASK 5

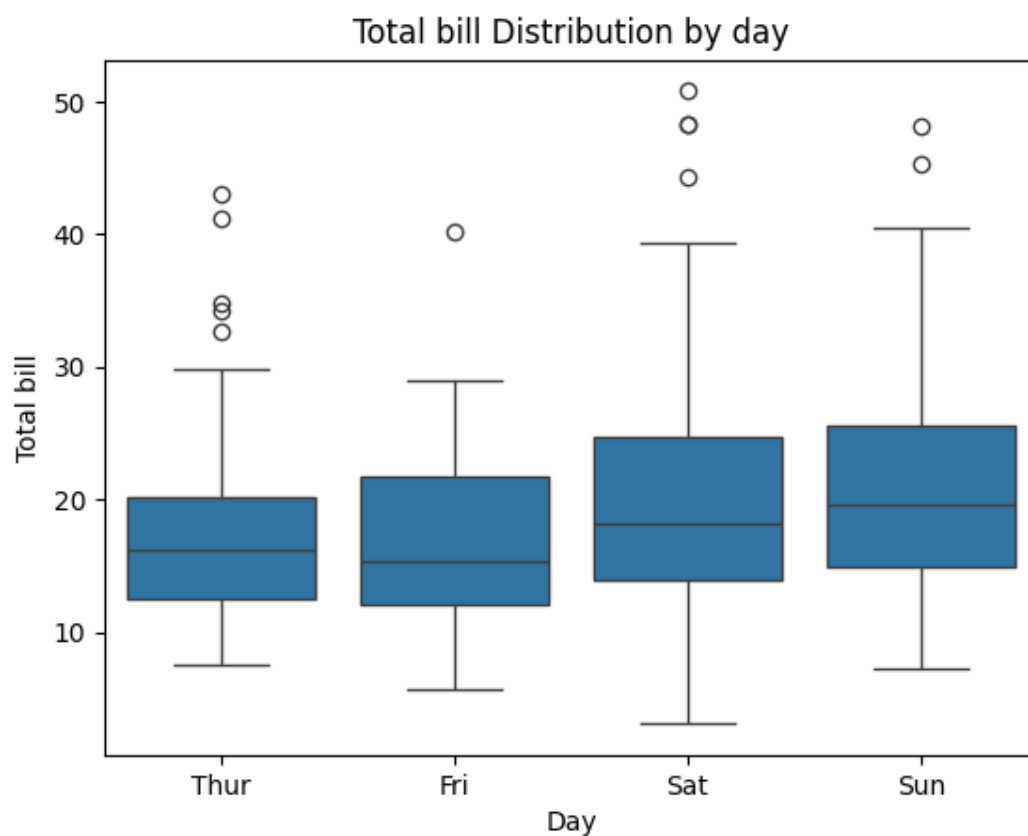
5. Box Plot

- o Compare total bill distribution across days.
- o Title: "Total Bill Distribution by Day"
- o X-axis: Day
- o Y-axis: Total Bill

INPUT

```
sns.boxplot(data=data2, x='day', y='total_bill')  
plt.title("Total bill Distribution by day")  
plt.xlabel("Day")  
plt.ylabel("Total bill")  
plt.savefig("Image5.png")
```

OUTPUT



TASK 6

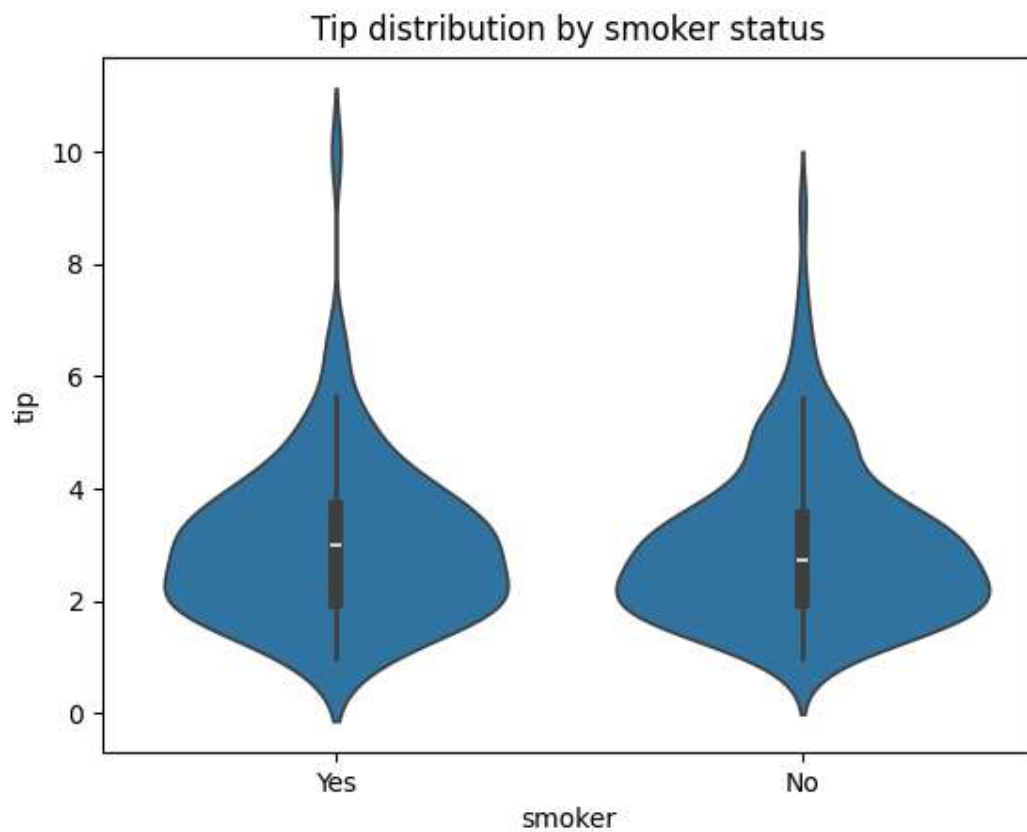
6. PViolin Plot

- o Showtip distribution by smoker status.
- o Title: "Tip Distribution by Smoker Status"
- o X-axis: Smoker
- o Y-axis: Tip

INPUT

```
sns.violinplot(data=data2,x='smoker', y='tip')  
plt.title("Tip distribution by smoker status")  
plt.savefig("Image6.png")  
plt.show()
```

OUTPUT



TASK 7

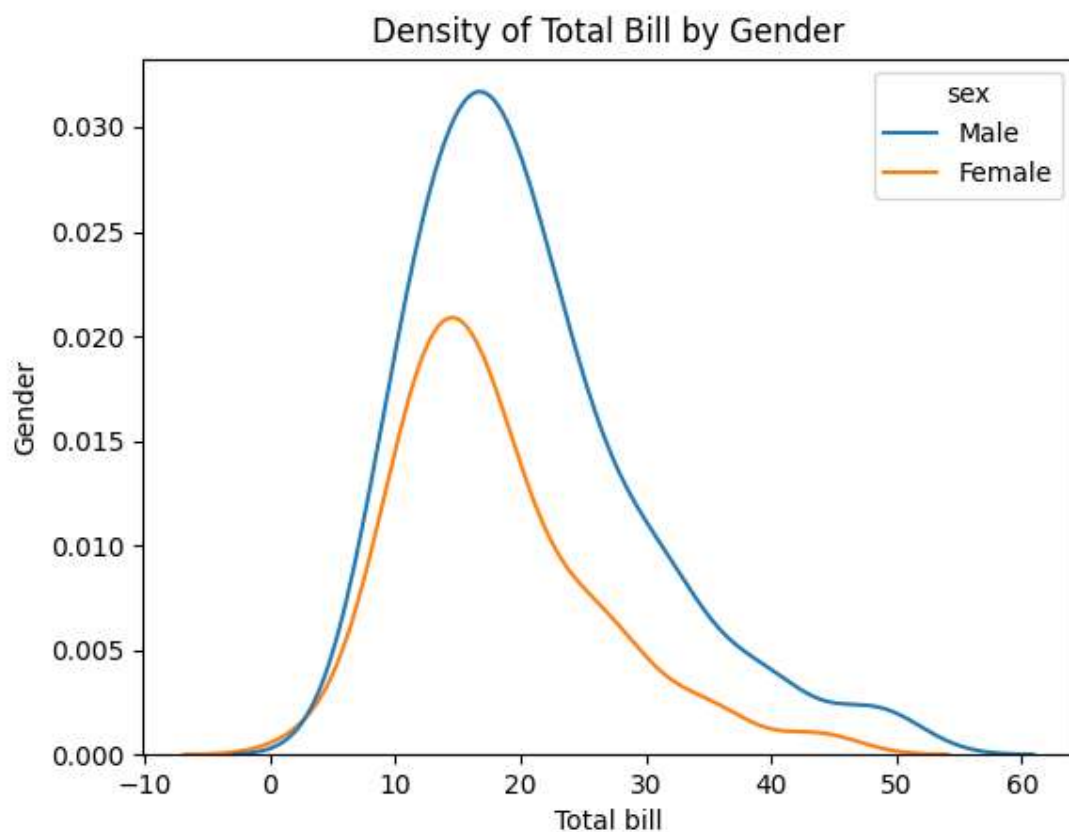
7. KDEPlot

- o Plot density of total bill amounts split by gender.
- o Title: "Density of Total Bill by Gender"
- o X-axis: Total Bill
- o Hue: Gender

INPUT

```
sns.kdeplot(data=data2, x="total_bill", hue='sex')  
plt.title("Density of Total Bill by Gender")  
plt.xlabel("Total bill")  
plt.ylabel("Gender")  
plt.savefig("Image7.png")
```

OUTPUT



TASK 8

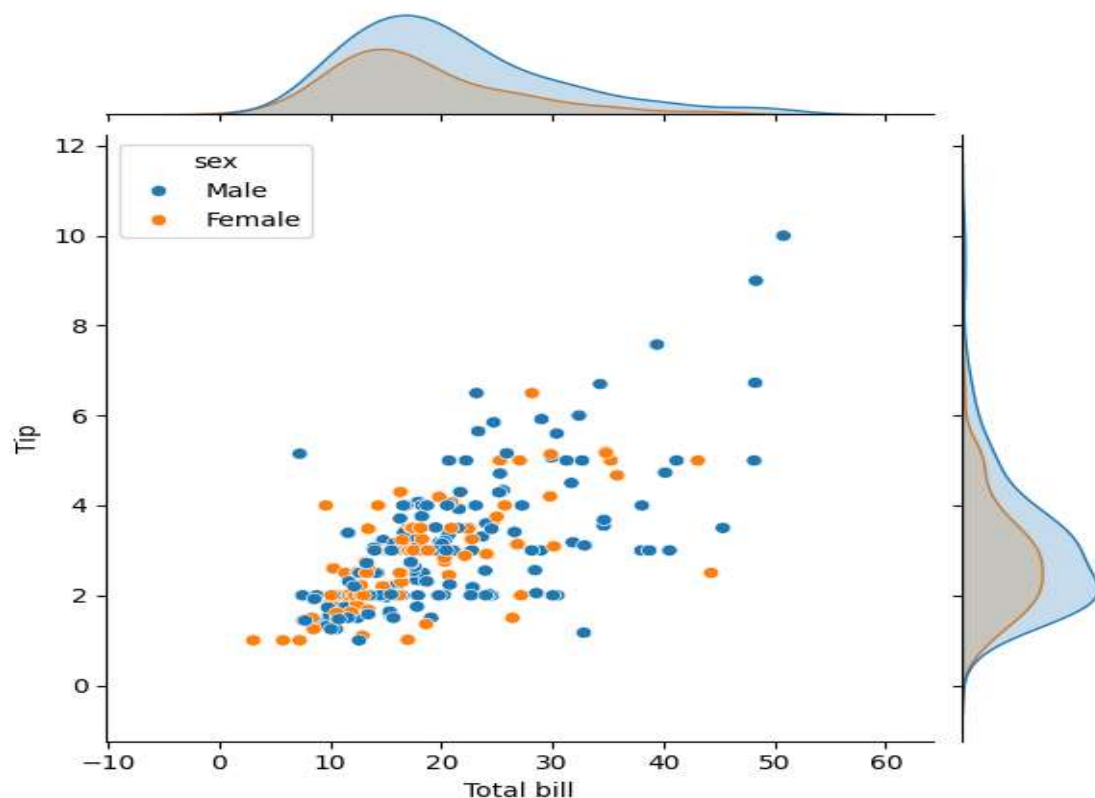
8. Joint Plot

- o Explore relationship between total bill and tip.
- o Title: "Total Bill vs Tip Relationship"
- o X-axis: Total Bill
- o Y-axis: Tip
- o Hue: Gender

INPUT

```
sns.jointplot(data=data2, x="total_bill",y="tip",kind="scatter", hue='sex')  
plt.suptitle("Total Bill vs Tip Relationship", y=1.05)  
plt.xlabel("Total bill")  
plt.ylabel("Tip")  
plt.savefig("Image8.png")
```

OUTPUT



TASK 9

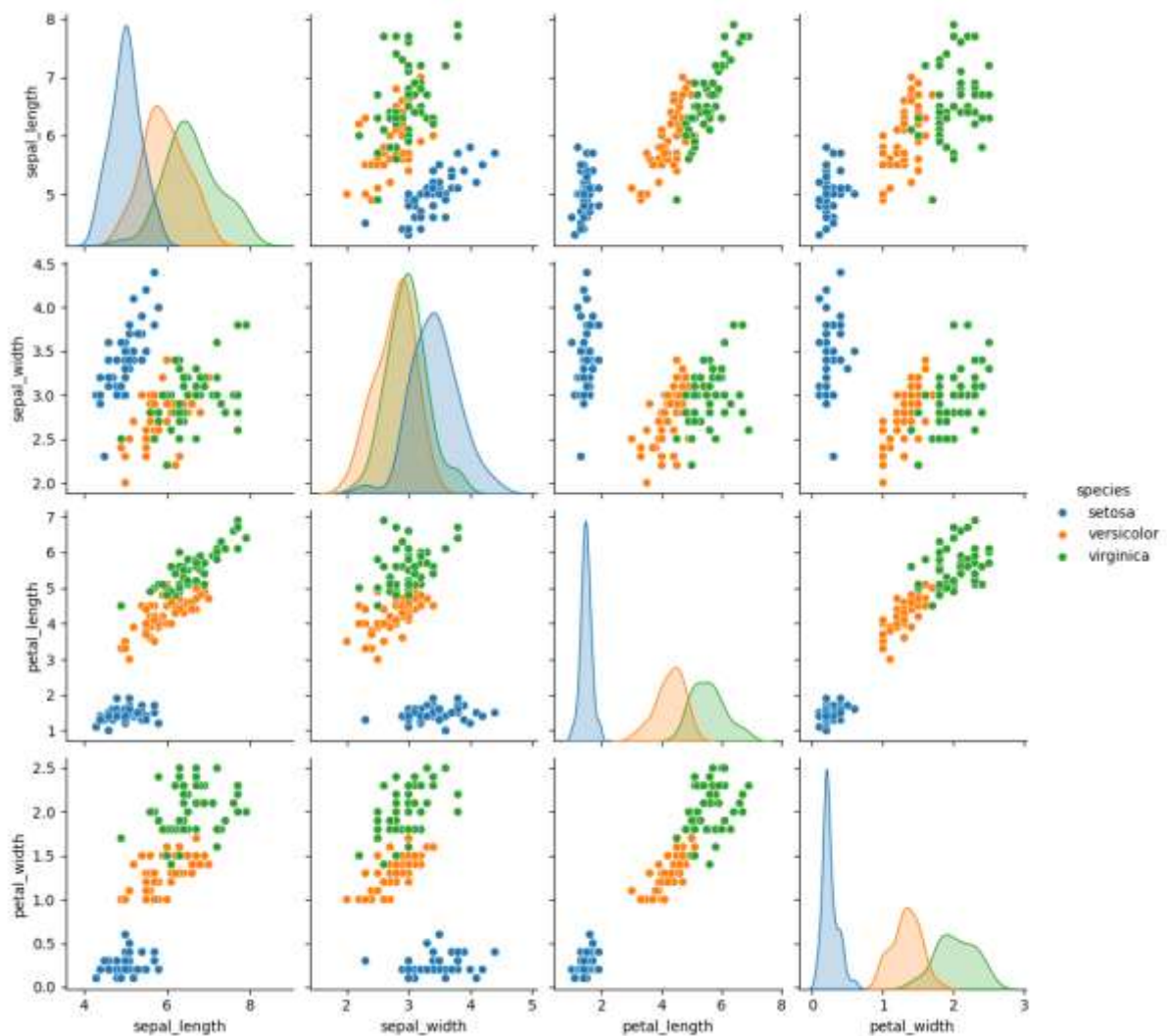
9. Pairplot

- o Create pairwise relationships among all numeric features.
- o Title: "Pairwise Relationships in Iris Dataset"
- o Hue: Species

INPUT

```
sns.pairplot(data=data3, hue='species')  
plt.suptitle("Pairwise Relationship in Iris Dataset", y=1.02)  
plt.savefig("Image9.png")
```

OUTPUT



TASK 10

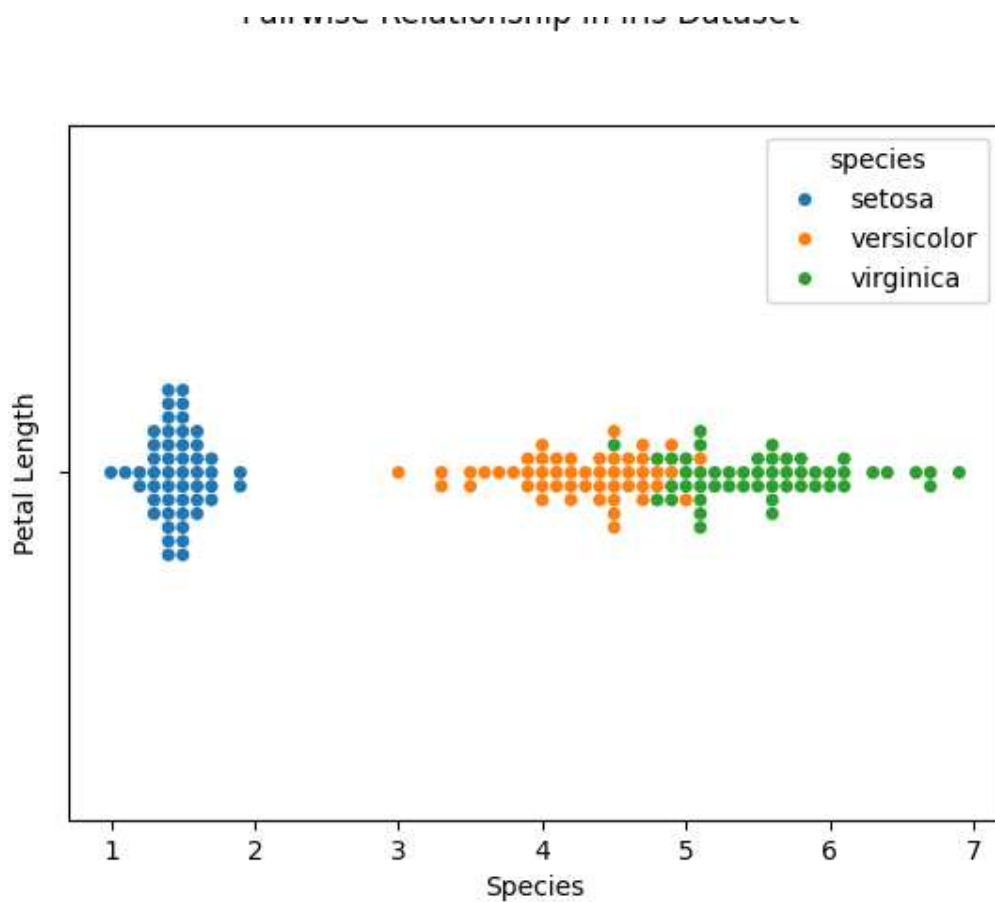
10. SwarmPlot

- o Visualize petal length distribution across species.
- o Title: "Petal Length Distribution by Species"
- o X-axis: Species
- o Y-axis: Petal Length

INPUT

```
sns.swarmplot(data=data3, hue='species', x='petal_length')  
plt.suptitle("Pairwise Relationship in Iris Dataset", y=1.02)  
plt.xlabel("Species")  
plt.ylabel("Petal Length")
```

OUTPUT



TASK 11

10. Bubble Chart (Scatterplot with size)

- o Sepal length vs sepal width
- o bubble size = petal length
- o hue = species.
- o Title: "Sepal vs Petal Dimensions in Iris"

INPUT

```
sns.scatterplot(data=data3,x='sepal_length',y='sepal_width',size='petal_length',hue='species', sizes=(20, 200), alpha=0.7)
```

```
plt.suptitle("Sepal vs Petal Dimensions in Iris", y=1.02)
```

```
plt.xlabel("Sepal Length")
```

```
plt.ylabel("Sepal Width")
```

```
plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
```

```
plt.show()
```

OUTPUT

