

Subject : AML

Subject Code : 3CS1111

Roll No : 20MCED08

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix

from sklearn.datasets import load_iris

FEATURE_NAMES = ['Sepal Length', 'Sepal Width', 'Petal Length', 'Petal Width']

iris = load_iris()
X = pd.DataFrame(iris.data, columns = FEATURE_NAMES)
y = iris.target

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=1)
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier # Import Decision Tree Classifier

# Create Decision Tree classifier object
clf = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion="entropy", max_depth= 3)
clf = clf.fit(X_train, y_train)

from sklearn.tree import export_graphviz
export_graphviz(clf, 'tree.dot', feature_names = FEATURE_NAMES)
! dot -Tpng tree.dot -o tree.png

# Predict the response for test dataset
y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
# Model Accuracy, how often is the classifier correct?

print("Accuracy:", metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))

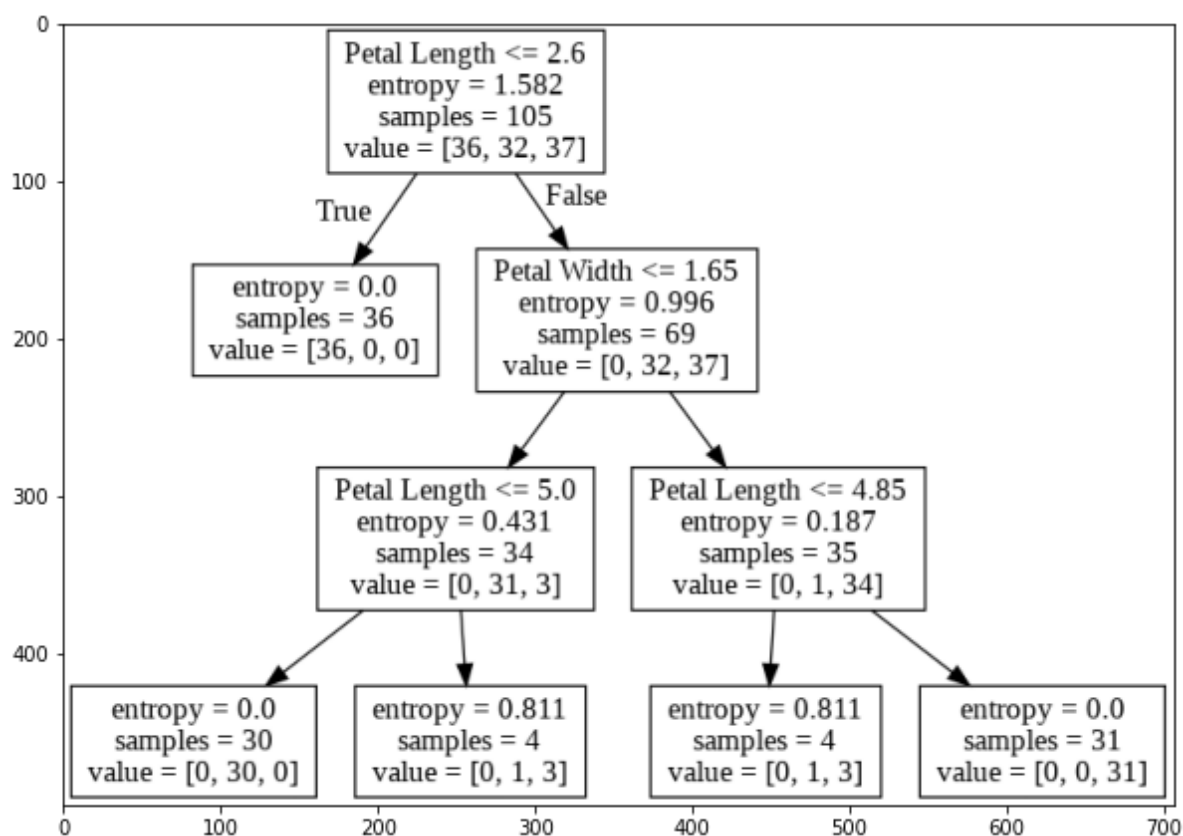
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import cv2
%matplotlib inline
img = cv2.imread('tree.png')
plt.figure(figsize = (10, 10))
plt.imshow(img)
```

Accuracy: 0.9555555555555556

```
[[14  0  0]
 [ 0 17  1]
 [ 0  1 12]]
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	14
1	0.94	0.94	0.94	18
2	0.92	0.92	0.92	13
accuracy			0.96	45
macro avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	45
weighted avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	45

Out[]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f6d9fe0e5c0>



```

In [ ]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix

df = pd.read_csv('animal.csv')
dummies = pd.get_dummies(df.Animal)
df = pd.concat([df, dummies], axis='columns')
df = df.replace('Yes', 1)
df = df.replace('No', 0)
#df["Animal_Name"] = df["Animal"].cat.codes
X = df.drop(['Class', 'Animal'], axis='columns')
FEATURE_NAMES = X.columns
y = df['Class']

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=1)
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier # Import Decision Tree Classifier

# Create Decision Tree classifier object
clf = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion="entropy", max_depth= 3)
clf = clf.fit(X_train, y_train)

from sklearn.tree import export_graphviz
export_graphviz(clf, 'animal.dot', feature_names = FEATURE_NAMES)
! dot -Tpng animal.dot -o animal.png

#Predict the response for test dataset
y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
# Model Accuracy, how often is the classifier correct?

print("Accuracy:", metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import cv2
%matplotlib inline
img = cv2.imread('animal.png')
plt.figure(figsize = (10, 10))
plt.imshow(img)

```

Accuracy: 0.5

```
[[0 0]
 [1 1]]
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
1	1.00	0.50	0.67	2
accuracy			0.50	2
macro avg	0.50	0.25	0.33	2
weighted avg	1.00	0.50	0.67	2

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:127
 2: UndefinedMetricWarning: Recall and F-score are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no true samples. Use `zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.

```
_warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
```

Out[]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f6dbcf09080>

