DATE:

Probability of words in sentences

 $P(\omega_1, \omega_2, -\omega_n) = \prod_{i} P(\omega_i | \omega_1, \omega_2, \omega_3, -\omega_{i-1})$

Unigram (1-gram): No history is used
Bi-gram (z-gram): one word history
Tri-gram (3-gram): Two word history
Four-gram (4-gram): Three word history

Extend upto N-grams

-> cenesculy in pacticul applications, Bi-gram, Tri-gram, four-gram are used

Unigrum (1-98um):

"about five minutes som!"____"

Assume in cospus dinnes word is present with highest Probability

Probubilities with previous words like som, minutes

unigeum will predicut dinnes

" about sive minutes from dinner"

```
Bigrum (2-grum): one word history
P(W, , W2) = M P(W2 | W,)
      181 - 98 (m) (8 - 98 (m) 25 - 181
P(w_i|w_{i-1}) = count(w_{i-1}, w_i)
              count (Wi-1)
 about sive minutes som
Assumption: Next word may be coulege,
       Classes Big Big Big Big
P(coulège about five minutes from)
 = Count (about five minutes from (ouege)
     count (about sive minutes som)
P(class about five minutes from)
  count (about five minutes from class)
   count (about sive minutes som)
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```
count (about five minutes from)
= p(about | <5>) x p(five | about) x

p(minutes | five) x p(from | minutes)
```

count (about five minutes from courge)

= P(about | <5>) x P (five | about) x

P(minutes | five) x P(from | minutes) x

P(courge | from)

count (about five minutes from dass)

= P(about | <5>) × P(five | about) ×

P(minutes | five) × P(from | minutes) ×

P(auss | from)

P(college) about five minutes from college)

count (about five minutes from college)

count (about five minutes from)

= P(college | 520m) Next word depends only on previous word

P(class | about five minutes from)

= count (about five minutes from auss)
count (about five minutes from)

= P(class | from)

we will check whose probability is more if Probability of class is more then next predicated word will be class

TRI- 98um (3-98um): TWO-WORDS history

 $P(\omega_1, \omega_2, \omega_3) = \Pi(\omega_3 | \omega_1, \omega_2)$ i=3

 $P(\omega_i | \omega_{i-1}, \omega_{i-2}) = count(\omega_{i-2}, \omega_{i-1}, \omega_i)$ $count(\omega_{i-2}, \omega_{i-1})$

- As no of previous state (history) increases, it is very difficult to match that set of words in corpus
- Probability of larger collection of word is minimum. To overcom this problem generally Bi-gram model is resea

Exercise! : Estimating Bigram Probabilities

what is the most probable next word predicted by the model for the following word sequence?

25> I do like Henry 2/5>

<5> I am Hengy(15>

<57 I like college <157

(57 DO Henry like college <157

(ST Henry I am <157

<5> DO I like Henry <15>

(57 DO I like collège <157

	word frequency
	(57 7
	<157 7
	I 6
	am Z
152.0	Henry 5
	like 5
	coulège 3
	do 4
	(06/<15/90) e/4
1)	<57 do ?
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	XP(Kamz) day (Cootsma)
	$P(\omega_i \omega_{i-1}) = count(\omega_{i-1}, \omega_i)$
vacrati-	Count (wi-1)
LOK!	Next word probability Next word
	P(<15>100) 0/4
	P(I)40) 2/4011
	P(am/do)
	P(Henzy 100)
	P(like 1 do)
	P(conedel 90)

I is more Probable

P(d0/d0)

(10/41106)9

2) (S) I like Henry) Next word prediction probability wi- = Henry Probability Next word Next word 3/5 (20)9 P(<15>) HENRY) 1/56/109 P(I/Hensy) P(ahn) 20) P(am/Henry) (OH/5200H)9 P(like Henry) P(college | Henry) (00) 35111)9 P(Henry | Henry) (conego da) P(do | Henry) 016/06)9 : <15> is more probuble 3) <5> DO I like? Use tri-grum Here wi= = I and wi= = like What is the most probable next word fredicted by the moder?

- Q: which of the following sentence is better i.e. cets a higher probability with this model
 - use previous corpus [aiven in Exercise1]
 use Bi-grum
 - 1. <S>I like college <15>
 - = P(I | <57) x P(like | I) x P(conege | like) x P(<157 | conege)
 - $\frac{23 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3}{7653}$
 - = 9 70
 - = 0.13
 - 2. <57 do I like Henry </57
 - = P(do/<s>) x P(I/do) x P(line/I) x P(Hensy/line) x P(<1s>/ Henay)
 - $= \frac{3 \times 2 \times 3}{7} \times \frac{2 \times 3}{6} \times \frac{3}{5}$
 - = 0.0257

Figst statement is more probable