

Students

StudRollNo

StudName

Grade

Hobbies

DOJ

Show dbs;

Use ch6mng;

	RDBMS	MONGODB
Create	Create table Students (StudRollNo varchar2(20), StudName varchar2(50), Grade varchar2(5), Hobbies varchar2(50), DOJ date)	db.createCollection("Students")
INSERT	Insert into Students (StudRollNo, StudName, Grade, Hobbies, DOJ) values ('S101',' ','VII',...)	db.Students.insert({ _id:1, StudRollNo:'S101', StudName:., Grade:'VII', Hobbies:'Net Surfing', DOJ:'10-OCT-2012', })
Update	Update Students Set Hobbies='Ice Hockey' Where StudRollNo='S101'	db.Students.update({StudRollNo:'S101'}, {\$set: { Hobbies:'Ice Hockey' } })
	Update Students Set Hobbies='Ice Hockey'	db.Students.update({ }, {\$set: { Hobbies:'Ice Hockey' } })

		<pre> }, {multi:true},) </pre>
Delete	Delete from Students where StudRollNo='S101' Delete from Students	<pre> db.Students.remove({ StudRollNo:'S101' }) db.Students.remove({}) </pre>
Select	Select * from Students Select * from Students Where StudRollNo='S101' Select StudRollNo, StudName, Hobbies from Students Select StudRollNo, StudName, Hobbies from Students Where Grade='VII' and Hobbies='Ice Hockey' Select StudRollNo, StudName, Hobbies from Students Where Grade='VII' or Hobbies='Ice Hockey'	<pre> db.Students.find({}).pretty() db.Students.find({StudRollNo:'S101'}) db.Students.find({}, {StudRollNo:1, StudName:1, Hobbies:1, _id:0}) db.Students.find({Grade:'VII', Hobbies:'Ice Hockey'}, {StudRollNo:1, StudName:1, Hobbies:1, _id:0}) db.Students.find({ \$or :[{Grade:'VII'},{Hobbies:'Ice Hockey'}] }) </pre>

	Select * from Students Where StudName like 'S%'	<pre>db.Students.find({\$or:[{Grade:'VII'}, {Hobbies:'Ice Hockey'}]}, {StudRollNo:1, StudName:1, Hobbies:1, _id:0})</pre> <p>https://docs.mongodb.com/manual/reference/operator/query/or/#mongodb-query-op.-or</p> <pre>db.Students.find({StudName:/^S/})</pre>
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	Objective/Aim	MongoDB Query
1	Show all collections	Show collections
2	Drop a collection named food	db.food.drop()
3	Update else insert	<pre>db.Students.update(..., ..., {upsert:true})</pre>
4	save() method _id exist then replace else insert	<pre>db.Students.save({ _id:1, StudRollNo:'S101', StudName:'James', Grade:'VII', Hobbies:'Net Surfing', DOJ:'10-OCT-2012', })</pre>
5	Adding a new field to existing document	db.Students.update({},{\$set:{Status:"A"}},{multi:true})
6	Removing an existing field from an existing document	db.Students.update({"_id" : 1},{ \$unset:{Status:"A"}})
7	Relational operators	db.Students.find({Grade:{\$ne:"VII"}}).prett

	<p>\$eq \$ne \$gte \$lte \$gt \$lt</p> <p>To find those documents where the grade is not set to 'VII'</p>	y()
8	Regular expression	db.Students.find({StudName:{\$regex:"^J"}}).pretty()
9	Dealing with NULL values	<p>db.Students.update({},{\$set:{Location:null}})</p> <p>db.Students.find({Location:{\$ne:null}}).pretty()</p> <p>https://docs.mongodb.com/manual/tutorial/query-for-null-fields/</p>
10	Count, Limit, Sort and skip	<p>db.Students.count()</p> <p>db.Students.count({})</p> <p>db.Students.find({}).limit(3)</p> <p>db.Students.find({}).sort({StudName:1})</p> <p>1 Ascending -1 Descending</p> <p>db.Students.find({}).sort({StudName:1,Hobbies:-1})</p> <p>db.Students.find({}).skip(2)</p>
	In vs nin Select * from Students	db.Students.find({Hobbies:{\$in:['Chess','Skating']}})

	Where hobbies in ('Chess','Skating');	<pre> }) db.Students.find({ Hobbies:{\$nin:['Chess','Skating']} }) </pre>
		db.Students.count()
Arrays	Food	<pre> db.food.insert({_id:1,fruits:['banana','apple','cherry']}) db.food.insert({_id:2,fruits:['orange','buttefruit','mango']}) db.food.insert({_id:3,fruits:['pineapple','strawberry','grapes']}) db.food.insert({_id:4,fruits:['banana','strawberry','grapes']}) db.food.insert({_id:5,fruits:['orange','grapes']}) </pre>
	To find those documents from the food have fruits array having grapes in the first index position. The index position begins at 0.	db.food.find({'fruits.1':'grapes'})
	To find those documents from the food have fruits array having grapes in the 2nd index position. The index position begins at 0.	db.food.find({'fruits.2':'grapes'})
	To find those documents from the “food” where the size of the array fruits is 2. The size implies that the array holds only 2 values.	<pre> db.food.find({fruits:{\$size:2}}) db.food.find({"fruits":{\$size:2}}) </pre>
	To find those documents from the “food” where the size of the array fruits is 3. The size implies that the array holds only 3 values.	<pre> db.food.find({fruits:{\$size:3}}) db.food.find({"fruits":{\$size:3}}) </pre>
	Show only first two elements of array	db.food.find({_id:1},{"fruits":{\$slice:2}})
	Start from 0 index location, show total two	db.food.find({_id:1},{"fruits":{\$slice:[0,2]}})
	Start from 1 index location, show total two	db.food.find({_id:1},{"fruits":{\$slice:[1,2]}})
		<pre> db.food.find({_id:1},{"fruits":{\$slice:[2,3]}}) </pre> <p>May show 3 or less if not available</p>

	all	db.food.find({"fruits":{"\$all":["orange","grapes"]}})
		db.food.find({'fruits.0':'orange'}) db.food.find({"fruits.0":'orange'})
	Array update Replace the element in the 1st index position	db.food.update({_id:4},{ \$set:{'fruits.1':'apple'}})
		db.food.update({_id:1,'fruits':'apple'},{\$set:{'fruits.\$':'An apple'}})
		db.food.update({_id:2},{ \$push:{price:{orange:60,butterfruit:200,mango:120}}} ,
		db.food.update({_id:4},{ \$addToSet:{fruits:'orange'}})
	Pop The element popped is the one from the end of the array.	db.food.update({_id:4},{ \$pop:{fruits:1}})
	from the beginning of the array.	db.food.update({_id:4},{ \$pop:{fruits:-1}})
		db.food.update({_id:3},{ \$pullAll:{fruits:['pineapple','grapes']}})
		db.food.update({fruits:'banana'},{\$pull:{fruits:'banana'}})
	To pull out an array element based on index position	db.food.update({_id:4},{ \$unset:{'fruits.1':null}}) db.food.update({_id:4},{ \$pull:{'fruits':null}})
	Aggregate Function	https://docs.mongodb.com/manual/aggregation/
		db.Customers.count()

	<p>Single Purpose Aggregation Operations</p>	<p>db.Customers.distinct("CustID") ["C123", "C111"]</p> <p>db.Customers.find()</p> <p>db.Customers.aggregate({\$group:{_id:"\$CustID",TotalAccBal:{\$sum:"\$AccBal"}}})</p> <p>db.Customers.aggregate({\$group:{_id:"\$CustID",MaxAccBal:{\$max:"\$AccBal"}}})</p> <p>db.Customers.aggregate({\$group:{_id:"\$CustID",MinAccBal:{\$min:"\$AccBal"}}})</p> <p>db.Customers.aggregate({\$group:{_id:"\$CustID",AvgAccBal:{\$avg:"\$AccBal"}}})</p> <p>db.Customers.aggregate({\$match:{AccBal:{\$gte:1200}},{\$group:{_id:"\$CustID",AvgAccBal:{\$avg:"\$AccBal"}}})</p> <p>db.Customers.aggregate({\$group:{_id:"\$CustID",AvgAccBal:{\$avg:"\$AccBal"}}},{\$match:{AvgAccBal:{\$gt:1000}}})</p> <p>db.Customers.aggregate({\$match:{AccBal:{\$gte:1200}},{\$group:{_id:"\$CustID",AvgAccBal:{\$avg:"\$AccBal"}}},{\$match:{AvgAccBal:{\$gt:1200}}})</p>
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		<pre>db.Customers.aggregate({\$match:{AccBal:{\$gte:1200}}},{ \$group: {_id:"\$CustID",AvgAccBal:{\$avg:"\$AccBal"}}},{ \$sort: {AvgAccBal:1} })</pre> <pre>db.Customers.aggregate({\$match:{AccBal:{\$gte:1200}}},{ \$group: {_id:"\$CustID",AvgAccBal:{\$avg:"\$AccBal"}}},{ \$sort: {AvgAccBal:-1} })</pre>