

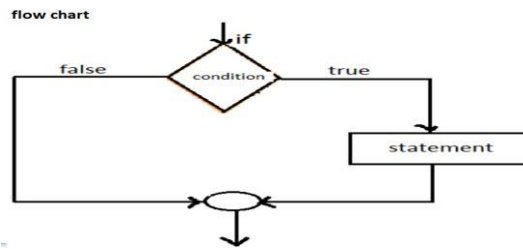
## DECISION MAKING

- In JavaScript, we can take decisions using keyword **if** can take decision.

### SIMPLE IF

Syntax :

```
if (condition)
{
    Statement;
}
```



**If condition is true then statement get execute otherwise skip/bypass these statement**

e.g..

Write a JavaScript, to input a number and find absolute value of the give number

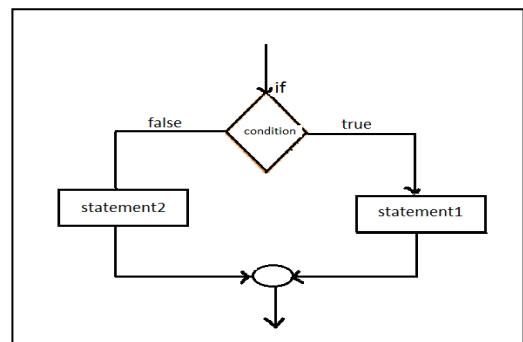
e.g.

```
<html>
  <body>
    <script>
      var num = prompt("Enter a number");
      if ( num < 0 ){
        num = -num ;
      }
      document.write("absolute number is " + num );
    </script>
  </body>
</html>
```

- IF ... ELSE FORMAT**

Syntax :

```
if ( condition ){
    statement 1;
}
else {
    statement2;
}
```



**If condition is true then statement1 will be execute otherwise statement 2.**

***/\*write a script to input a number and check whether the given number is positive or negative.\*/***

e.g.

```
<html>
  <body>
    <script>
      var num = prompt("Enter a number");
      if ( num < 0 ){
        document.write("negative number");
      }
    </script>
  </body>
</html>
```

```

    }
    else{
        document.write("positive number");
    }
</script>
</body>
</html>

```

**Body/block of "if" and "else" contains only one statement, then you can left the pair of curly brackets.**

### NESTED IF

When an "if" contains another simple "if" or if ... else format in its true part or false part then Inner "if" is said to nested if.

forms of "nested if"

```

1.  if ( conditon1)
    {
        statement1;
        if ( condition2 )
        {
            statement2
        }
        statement3;
    }

2.  if ( conditon1)
    {
        statement1;
        if ( condition2 )
        {
            statement2;
        }
        else
        {
            statement3;
        }
        statement4;
    }

3.  if ( conditon1)
    {
        statement1;
        if ( condition2 )
        {
            statement2;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        if(condition3)
        {
            statement3;
        }
        else
        {
            statement4;
        }
    }

4.  if ( condition1)
    {
        if (condition2)
        {
            if ( condition 3)
            {
                statements;
            }
        }
    }

```

- Problems with nested if
  - Care every pair of curly braces.
  - Care of else with respective if
  - Need code indentation.

```

if ( condition1 )
    if ( condition2)
        statement1;
else
    statement2;

```

- Write program to input 5 subject's marks of student input from the keyboard and find out the percentage, if each subject is of 100 marks then print division of the student.
  - If percentage >= 60 then first division
  - if percentage < 60 and per >=50 then second division
  - if percentage < 50 and >=30 then third division

Logical AND operator: &&

- Logical AND operator allow us to form composite condition using two more conditions.
  - e.g.1
    - per < 60.0f && per >= 50.0
  - It returns true(1) only then all conditions are true simultaneously
    - e.g.2

Logical OR operator: ||

- Logical OR operator allow us to form composite condition using two more conditions.

e.g.

ch == 'a' || ch == 'b'

- It returns true (1) when any one condition is true.

```

if ( ch == 'a')
{
    document.write("Vowel");
}
if ( ch == 'e')
{
    document.write("Vowel");
}

if ( ch == 'a' || ch == 'e')
{
    document.write("Vowel");
}

```

- Write a program to input a character and find out whether the character is vowel or consonant.

e.g.

```

<html>
<body>
<script>
var ch= prompt("Enter character");
if(ch=='a' || ch=='e' || ch=='i' || ch=='o' || ch=='u' ||
ch=='A' || ch=='E' || ch=='I' || ch=='O' || ch=='U')
document.write("<b>" + ch + "</b>" + " is a Vowel");
else
    document.write("<b>" + ch + "</b>" + " is a Consonant");
</script>
</body>
</html>

```

#### ELSE IF LADDER:

Syntax:

```

if ( condition 1){
    Statement1;
}
else if ( condition 2){
    Statement 2;
}
else if (condition 3){
    Statement 3;
}
else{
    StatementElse;
}

```

If condition1 is true then statement1 get execute otherwise only condition2 will be check if it is true then statement 2 get execute otherwise only condition 3 will be test and its statement3 get execute and so on. But else execute only when all the condition are false.

e.g.

Write a script to input 5 subject's marks of student input from the keyboard and find out the percentage, if each subject is of 100 marks then print division of the student.

If percentage  $\geq 60$  then first division  
if percentage  $< 60$  and  $\text{per} \geq 50$  then second division  
if percentage  $< 50$  and  $\geq 30$  then third division  
otherwise fail

e.g.

```
<html>
<body>
  <script>
    var a = parseInt(prompt("Enter marks of english"));
    var b = parseInt(prompt("Enter marks of hindi"));
    var c = parseInt(prompt("Enter a chamistry"));
    var d = parseInt(prompt("Enter a physics"));
    var e = parseInt(prompt("Enter a math"));
    var sum = a + b + c + d + e;
    var per = sum * 100.0 / 500;
    if ( per  $\geq 60.0$  ){
      document.write("first division");
    }
    else if ( per  $< 60.0$  && per  $\geq 50.0$  ){
      document.write("second division");
    }
    else if ( per  $< 50.0$  && per  $\geq 30.0$  ){
      document.write("third division");
    }
    else {
      document.write("fail");
    }
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

**Akhilesh Kumar Gupta**  
**(Technical Training specialist)**  
**TechCarrel LLP**