

Question **1**

Correct

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Given a string, **s**, consisting of alphabets and digits, find the frequency of each digit in the given string.

Input Format

The first line contains a string, **num** which is the given number.

Constraints

$$1 \leq \text{len}(\text{num}) \leq 1000$$

All the elements of num are made of English alphabets and digits.

Output Format

Print ten space-separated integers in a

Output Format

Print ten space-separated integers in a single line denoting the frequency of each digit from **0** to **9**.

Sample Input 0

a11472o5t6

Sample Output 0

0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0

Explanation 0

In the given string:

- **1** occurs two times.
- **2, 4, 5, 6** and **7** occur one time each.

The remaining digits **0, 3, 8** and **9** don't occur at all.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     char str[1000];
4     scanf("%s",str);
5     int hash[10]={0,0,0,0,0,
6
```

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1  #include <stdio.h>
2  int main(){
3      char str[1000];
4      scanf("%s",str);
5      int hash[10]={0,0,0,0,0,
6      int temp;
7      for(int i=0;str[i]!='\0'
8          temp=str[i]-'0';
9          if(temp<=9&&temp>=0)
10             hash[temp]++;
11         }
12     }
13     for(int i=0;i<=9;i++){
14         printf("%d ",hash[i]
15     }
16 }
```

	Input	Expected
✓	a11472o5t6	0 2 1 0
✓	lw4n88j12n1	0 2 1 0
✓	1v88886l256338ar0ekk	1 1 1 2

Passed all tests! ✓

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1  <stdio.h>
2
3  r[1000];
4  %s",str);
5  h[10]={0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
6  p;
7  i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++){
8  p=str[i]-'0';
9  temp<=9&&temp>=0){
10   hash[temp]++;
11
12
13  i=0;i<=9;i++){
14  printf("%d ",hash[i]);
15
16

```

	Got	
1 1 1 0 0	0 2 1 0 1 1 1 0 0	✓
1 0 0 0 2 0	0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 0	✓
0 1 2 0 5 0	1 1 1 2 0 1 2 0 5 0	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **2**

Correct

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Today, Monk went for a walk in a garden. There are many trees in the garden and each tree has an English alphabet on it. While Monk was walking, he noticed that all trees with vowels on it are not in good state. He decided to take care of them. So, he asked you to tell him the count of such trees in the garden.

Note: The following letters are vowels: 'A', 'E', 'I', 'O', 'U', 'a', 'e', 'i', 'o' and 'u'.

Input:

The first line consists of an integer T denoting the number of test cases.

Each test case consists of only one string, each character of string denoting the alphabet (may be lowercase or uppercase) on a tree in the garden.

Output:

**Constraints:**

$$1 \leq T \leq 10$$

$$1 \leq \text{length of string} \leq 10^5$$

SAMPLE INPUT

2

nBBZLaosnm

JHklsnZtTL

SAMPLE OUTPUT

2

1

Explanation

In test case 1, a and o are the only vowels.
So, count=2

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int t;
4     scanf("%d",&t);
5     while(t--){
```

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  int main(){
3      int t;
4      scanf("%d",&t);
5      while(t--){
6          char str[100000];
7          int count=0;
8          scanf("%s",str);
9          for(int i=0;str[i];i++)
10             char c=str[i];
11             if((c=='a')||(c=='e')||(c=='i')||(c=='o')||(c=='u'))
12                 count++;
13             }
14         }
15     }
16     printf("%d\n",count);
17 }
18 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2 nBBZLaosnm JHkIsnZtTL	2 1	2 1	✓
✓	2 nBBZLaosnm JHkIsnZtTL	2 1	2 1	✓

Passed all tests! ✓



```
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11 == 'I' ) || (c == 'O' ) || (c == 'U' ) ) {
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
```


	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2 nBBZLaosnm JHkIsnZtTL	2 1	2 1	✓
✓	2 nBBZLaosnm JHkIsnZtTL	2 1	2 1	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **3**

Correct

Marked out of 1.00

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Given a sentence, s , print each word of the sentence in a new line.

Input Format

The first and only line contains a sentence, s .

Constraints

$$1 \leq \text{len}(s) \leq 1000$$

Output Format

Print each word of the sentence in a new line.

Sample Input 0

This is C

Sample Output 0

Answer: (penalty time: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     char s[10000];
4     scanf("%[^\n]s",s);
5     for(int i=0;s[i]!='\0';i++)
6     {
7         printf("%c",s[i]);
8     }else{
9         printf("\n");
10    }
11 }
12 }
```

	Input	Expected	Go
✓	This is C	This is C	Th is C
✓	Learning C is fun	Learning C is fun	Le C is fu

Passed all tests! ✓

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  main(){
3  char s[10000];
4  scanf("%[^\n]s",s);
5  for(int i=0;s[i]!='\0';i++){
6      if(s[i]!=' '){
7          printf("%c",s[i]);
8      }else{
9          printf("\n");
10     }
11 }
12
```

	Expected	Got	
s C	This is C	This is C	✓
ng C is fun	Learning C is fun	Learning C is fun	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marked out of 1.00

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Input Format

You are given two strings, ***a*** and ***b***, separated by a new line. Each string will consist of lower case Latin characters ('a'-'z').

Output Format

In the first line print two space-separated integers, representing the length of ***a*** and ***b*** respectively.

In the second line print the string produced by concatenating ***a*** and ***b*** (***a + b***).

In the third line print two strings separated by a space, ***a'*** and ***b'***. ***a'*** and ***b'*** are the same as ***a*** and ***b***, respectively, except that their first characters are swapped.

Sample Input

abcd

ef

Sample Output

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1  #include <stdio.h>
2  int main(){
3      char str1[10],str2[10],c
4      int i=0,j=0;
5      int c1=0,c2=0;
6      scanf("%s",str1);
7      scanf("%s",str2);
8      while(str1[i]!='\0'){
9          c1++;
10         i++;
11     }
12     while(str2[j]!='\0'){
13         c2++;
14         j++;
15     }
16     printf("%d %d\n",c1,c2);
17     printf("%s%s\n",str1,str
18     c=str1[0];
19     str1[0]=str2[0];
20     str2[0]=c;
21     printf("%s %s",str1,str2
22 }

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	abcd ef	4 2 abcdef ebcd af	4 2 abcdef ebcd af	✓

Passed all tests! ✓



Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1  include <stdio.h>
2  main(){
3      char str1[10],str2[10],c;
4      int i=0,j=0;
5      int c1=0,c2=0;
6      scanf("%s",str1);
7      scanf("%s",str2);
8      while(str1[i]!='\0'){
9          c1++;
10         i++;
11     }
12     while(str2[j]!='\0'){
13         c2++;
14         j++;
15     }
16     printf("%d %d\n",c1,c2);
17     printf("%s%s\n",str1,str2);
18     c=str1[0];
19     str1[0]=str2[0];
20     str2[0]=c;
21     printf("%s %s",str1,str2);
22

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	abcd ef	4 2 abcdef ebcd af	4 2 abcdef ebcd af	✓

Passed all tests! ✓