

### Experiment No. 3

Aim:- Implementation of Singly Linked list and various operations for real-world.

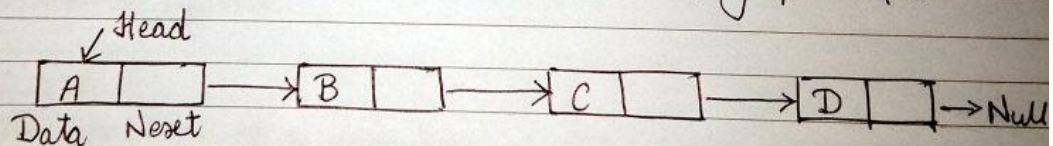
Objectives:-

1. To learn the basic principles of programming as applied to complex data structures.
2. To learn the principles of linked list and its various operation.

Theory:-

Introduction To Linked Lists:

A linked list is a linear data structure, in which the elements are not stored at contiguous memory locations. The elements in a linked list are linked using pointers.



In simple words, a linked list consists of nodes where each node contains a data field and a reference (link) to the next node in the list.

Singly Linked List: It is the simplest type of linked list in which every node contains some data and a pointer to the next node of the same data type. The node contains a



Pointer to the next node means that the node stores the address of the next node in the sequence.

### Insertion :-

The insertion into a singly linked list can be performed at different positions. Based on the position of the new node being inserted, the insertion is categorized into the following categories:

- ① Insertion at beginning → It involves inserting any element at the front of the list.
- ② Insertion at the end of the list → It involves insertion at the last of the linked list. The new node can be inserted as the only node in the list or it can be inserted as the last node.
- ③ Insertion after specified node → It involves insertion after the specified node of the linked list. We need to skip the desired number of nodes in order to reach the node after which the new node will be inserted.

### Deletion :-

The deletion of a node from a singly linked list can be performed at different position. Based on the position of node being deleted, the operation is categorized as:

- ① Deletion at beginning → It involves deletion of a node from the beginning of the list.
- ② Deletion at end → It involves deleting the <sup>last</sup> node of the list.
- ③ Deletion after specified Node → It involves deleting the node after the specified node in the list.



### Traversing :-

In traversing, we simply visit each node of the list at least once in order to perform some specific operation on it.

### Algorithm

#### Insertion in the beginning.

Step 1:- If PTR = NULL

Write overflow.

Go to step 7

[End of If].

Step 2:- SET NEW-NODE = PTR.

Step 3:- SET PTR = PTR → NEXT.

Step 4:- SET NEW-NODE → DATA = VAL

Step 5:- SET NEW-NODE → NEXT = HEAD

Step 6:- SET HEAD = NEW-NODE

Step 7:- EXIT

#### Insertion at the End.

Step 1:- If PTR = NULL write overflow.

Go to step 1

[End of If].

Step 2:- SET NEW-NODE = PTR.

Step 3:- SET PTR = PTR → NEXT.

Step 4:- SET NEW-NODE → DATA = VAL

Step 5:- SET NEW-NODE → NEXT = NULL

Step 6:- SET PTR = HEAD.

Step 7:- Repeat step 8 while PTR → NEXT ≠ NULL

Step 8:- SET PTR = PTR → NEXT

[End of Loop].

Step 9: SET PTR  $\rightarrow$  NEXT = NEW\_NODE

Step 10: EXIT

Insertion at specific node:

Step 1: If PTR = NULL

Write overflow.

Go To Step 12

[End of If].

Step 2: SET NEW\_NODE  $\rightarrow$  PTR

Step 3: NEW\_NODE  $\rightarrow$  DATA = VAL

Step 4: SET TMP = HEAD

Step 5: SET I = 0

Step 6: Repeat Step 5 & 6 until 1

Step 7: TEMP = TEMP  $\rightarrow$  NEXT

Step 8: If TEMP = NULL

Write "Desired Node Not Present".

Go to Step 12

End of If

End of Loop

Step 9: PTR  $\rightarrow$  NEXT = TEMP  $\rightarrow$  NEXT

Step 10: TEMP  $\rightarrow$  NEXT = PTR

Step 11: SET PTR = NEW\_NODE

Step 12: EXIT



Deletion at beginning:

Step 1: If  $HEAD = NULL$

Write underflow.

Go to step 5

[End of if]

Step 2: SET  $PTR = HEAD$

Step 3: SET  $HEAD = HEAD \rightarrow NEXT$

Step 4: FREE  $PTR$

Step 5: EXIT

Deletion at Specified Node.

Step 1: If  $HEAD = NULL$

Write underflow.

Go to step 10

END of IF

Step 2: SET  $TEMP = HEAD$

Step 3: SET  $I = 0$

Step 4: Repeat step 5 to 8 until  $I$

Step 5:  $TEMP1 = TEMP$

Step 6:  $TEMP = TEMP \rightarrow NEXT$

Step 7: If  $TEMP = NULL$

Write "Desired Node Not Present"

Go to step 12.

End of If

Step 8:  $I = I + 1$

End of Loop.

Step 9:  $TEMP1 \rightarrow NEXT = TEMP \rightarrow NEXT$

Step 10: FREE  $TEMP$ .

Step 11: EXIT.

### Deletion at the End.

Step 1: If  $HEAD = NULL$

Write underflow.

Go to step 8

[End of If]

Step 2: SET  $PTR = HEAD$

Step 3: Repeat steps 4 & 5 while  $PTR \rightarrow NEXT \neq NULL$

Step 4: SET  $PREPTR = PTR$

Step 5: SET  $PTR = PTR \rightarrow NEXT$

[End of Loop]

Step 6: SET  $PREPTR \rightarrow NEXT = NULL$

Step 7: FREE  $PTR$ .

Step 8: EXIT.

### Example:-

- ① List of images that need to be burned to a CD in a medical imaging application.
- ② List of objects in a 3D game that need to be emailed some notification.
- ③ List of users of a website that need to be rendered to the screen.

Conclusion:- Thus, we have studied the concepts & implementation of singly linked list and its various operations.

Outcome:- Apply the concepts of singly and doubly linked list for real-world application.



## Program: SLL

```
File Edit Search Run Compile Debug Project Options Window Help
SLL.C
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <malloc.h>

// Defining Structure
typedef struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
} node;

node *createList();
node *Insert_beg(node *head, int x);
node *Insert_end(node *head, int x);
node *Insert_mid(node *head, int x);
node *Delete_beg(node *head);
node *Delete_end(node *head);
node *Delete_mid(node *head);
void PrintList(node *head);

// Main Function
```

```
SLL.C
void main()
{
    int choice, insert_option, delete_option, x;
    node *head = NULL;
    printf("Welcome to the implementation of the singly linked list ! \n");
    do
    {
        printf("Please select an operation to perform from the below list \n")
        printf(" 1. Create a List \n 2. Insert a node \n 3. Delete a node \n 4")
        printf("Enter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        printf("\n \n");
        switch (choice)
        {
            case 1:
                head = createList();
                break;
            case 2:
                do
                {
                    printf("Select a position where you to want to insert new node")
                } while (1);
            case 3:
                delete_option = 1;
                while (delete_option != 0)
                {
                    printf("Enter the position where you want to delete the node: ");
                    scanf("%d", &delete_option);
                }
                Delete_mid(head);
                break;
            case 4:
                break;
        }
    } while (1);
}
```

```

printf(" 1. Beginning of the List \n 2. At the end of the list\n");
printf("Enter your choice: ");
scanf("%d", &insert_option);
switch (insert_option)
{
case 1:
    printf("Enter the data to be inserted: ");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    head = Insert_beg(head, x);
    break;
case 2:
    printf("Enter the data to be inserted: ");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    head = Insert_end(head, x);
    break;
case 3:
    printf("Enter the data to be inserted: ");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    head = Insert_mid(head, x);
    break;
case 4:

```

```

1-1-1
printf("Insert operation Exit");
break;
default:
printf("Please enter a valid choide: 1, 2, 3, 4");
}
} while (insert_option != 4);
printf("\n\n");
break;
case 3:
do
{
printf("Select a position from where you to want to delete the
printf(" 1. Beginning of the List\n 2. At the end of the list\n");
printf("Enter your choice: ");
scanf("%d", &delete_option);
switch (delete_option)
{
case 1:
head = Delete_beg(head);
break;
case 2:

```



```
SLL.C
    head = Delete_end(head);
    break;
case 3:
    head = Delete_mid(head);
    break;
case 4:
    printf("Delete Operation Exit");
    break;
default:
    printf("Please enter a valid choide: 1, 2, 3, 4");
}
} while (delete_option != 4);
printf("\n\n");
break;
case 4:
    PrintList(head);
    break;
case 5:
    printf("Exit: Program Finished !!");
    break;
default:
    printf("Please enter a valid choide: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5");
}
} while (choice != 5);
}

// Function to create List
node *createList()
{
    node *head, *p;
    int i, n;
    head = NULL;
    printf("Enter the number of nodes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the data: ");
    for (i = 0; i <= n - 1; i++)
    {
        if (head == NULL)
        {
            p = head = (node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
        }
        else
        {
            p = (node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
            head->next = p;
        }
        printf("Enter data for node %d: ", i);
        scanf("%d", &p->data);
    }
    p->next = NULL;
    return head;
}
```

```
SLL.C
    printf("Please enter a valid choide: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5");
}
} while (choice != 5);
}

// Function to create List
node *createList()
{
    node *head, *p;
    int i, n;
    head = NULL;
    printf("Enter the number of nodes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the data: ");
    for (i = 0; i <= n - 1; i++)
    {
        if (head == NULL)
        {
            p = head = (node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
        }
        else
        {
            p = (node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
            head->next = p;
        }
        printf("Enter data for node %d: ", i);
        scanf("%d", &p->data);
    }
    p->next = NULL;
    return head;
}
```

```
[■] SLL.C 1=[↓]
{
    p->next = (node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
    p = p->next;
}
p->next = NULL;
scanf("%d", &(p->data));
}
printf("\n\n");
return (head);
}

// Function to insert element
node *Insert_beg(node *head, int x)
{
    node *p;
    p = (node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
    p->data = x;
    p->next = head;
    head = p;
    return (head);
}

* 147:1
```

```
[■] SLL.C 1=[↓]
node *Insert_end(node *head, int x)
{
    node *p, *q;
    p = (node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
    p->data = x;
    p->next = NULL;
    if (head == NULL)
        return (p);
    for (q = head; q->next != NULL; q = q->next)
        ;
    q->next = p;
    return (head);
}

node *Insert_mid(node *head, int x)
{
    node *p, *q;
    int y;
    p = (node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
    p->data = x;
    p->next = NULL;
    printf("After which element you want to insert the new element ?");
}

* 168:1
```



```

SLL.C 1=[+]
scanf("%d", &y);
for (q = head; q != NULL && q->data != y; q = q->next)
;
if (q != NULL)
{
    p->next = q->next;
    q->next = p;
}
else
    printf("ERROR !! Data Not Found");
return (head);
}

// Function to delete element
node *Delete_beg(node *head)
{
    node *p, *q;
    if (head == NULL)
    {
        printf("Empty Linked List");
        return (head);
    }
}
189:1

```

```

SLL.C 1=[+]
}
p = head;
head = head->next;
free(p);
return (head);
}
node *Delete_end(node *head)
{
    node *p, *q;
    if (head == NULL)
    {
        printf("Empty Linked List");
        return (head);
    }
    p = head;
    if (head->next == NULL)
    {
        head = NULL;
        free(p);
        return (head);
    }
}
210:1

```

```

[■] SLL.C 1=[+]
    for (q = head; q->next->next != NULL; q = q->next)
        p = q->next;
    q->next = NULL;
    free(p);
    return (head);
}
node *Delete_mid(node *head)
{
    node *p, *q;
    int x, i;
    if (head == NULL)
    {
        printf("Empty Linked List");
        return (head);
    }
    printf("Enter the data to be deleted: ");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    if (head->data == x)
    {
        p = head;
        head = head->next;
    }
}
231:1
```

```

[■] SLL.C 1=[+]
    free(p);
    return (head);
}
for (q = head; q->next->data != x && q->next != NULL; q = q->next)
    if (q->next == NULL)
    {
        printf("ERROR !! Data Not Found");
        return (head);
    }
    p = q->next;
    q->next = q->next->next;
    free(p);
    return (head);
}
// Function to print the existing list
void PrintList(node *head)
{
    node *p;
    printf("{ ");
    for (p = head; p != NULL; p = p->next)
    {
        printf("%d \t", p->data);
    }
    printf("}");
    printf("\n\n");
}
252:1
```

```

{
    printf("%d \t", p->data);
}
printf("}");
printf("\n\n");
}
258:1
F1 Help Alt-F8 Next Msg Alt-F7 Prev Msg Alt-F9 Compile F9 Make F10 Menu
```



## OUTPUT:-

### 1. Value Inserted[10,20,30,40,50]

```
Welcome to the implementation of the singly linked list !
Please select an operation to perform from the below list
 1. Create a List
 2. Insert a node
 3. Delete a node
 4. Print the existing list
 5. Exit
Enter your choice: 1

Enter the number of nodes: 5
Enter the data: 10
20
30
40
50

Please select an operation to perform from the below list
 1. Create a List
 2. Insert a node
 3. Delete a node
 4. Print the existing list
 5. Exit
Enter your choice:
```

### 2. Display of Singly Linked Links

```
Enter the data: 10
20
30
40
50

Please select an operation to perform from the below list
 1. Create a List
 2. Insert a node
 3. Delete a node
 4. Print the existing list
 5. Exit
Enter your choice: 4

[ 10    20    30    40    50    ]

Please select an operation to perform from the below list
 1. Create a List
 2. Insert a node
 3. Delete a node
 4. Print the existing list
 5. Exit
Enter your choice:
```

### 3. Inserted Node

- Beginning Of the List

```
3. Insert in between
4. Exit the insert operation
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the data to be inserted: 11
Select a position where you to want to insert new node
1. Beginning of the List
2. At the end of the list
3. Insert in between
4. Exit the insert operation
Enter your choice: 2
Enter the data to be inserted: 12
Select a position where you to want to insert new node
1. Beginning of the List
2. At the end of the list
3. Insert in between
4. Exit the insert operation
Enter your choice: 3
Enter the data to be inserted: 13
After which element you want to insert the new element ?20
Select a position where you to want to insert new node
1. Beginning of the List
2. At the end of the list
3. Insert in between
4. Exit the insert operation
Enter your choice:
```

- Ending Of the List/ Inserted in between.

```
[ 10    20    30    40    50    ]

Please select an operation to perform from the below list
1. Create a List
2. Insert a node
3. Delete a node
4. Print the existing list
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 2

Select a position where you to want to insert new node
1. Beginning of the List
2. At the end of the list
3. Insert in between
4. Exit the insert operation
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the data to be inserted: 11
Select a position where you to want to insert new node
1. Beginning of the List
2. At the end of the list
3. Insert in between
4. Exit the insert operation
Enter your choice:
```



- Display Of Inserted List.

```
1. Beginning of the List
2. At the end of the list
3. Insert in between
4. Exit the insert operation
Enter your choice: 4
Insert operation Exit

Please select an operation to perform from the below list
1. Create a List
2. Insert a node
3. Delete a node
4. Print the existing list
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 4

[ 11    10    20    13    30    40    50    12    ]

Please select an operation to perform from the below list
1. Create a List
2. Insert a node
3. Delete a node
4. Print the existing list
5. Exit
Enter your choice: _
```

#### 4. Deletion Node.

- Beginning Of the Lists

```
[ 11    10    20    13    30    40    50    12    ]

Please select an operation to perform from the below list
1. Create a List
2. Insert a node
3. Delete a node
4. Print the existing list
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 3

Select a position from where you to want to delete the element
1. Beginning of the List
2. At the end of the list
3. Somewhere in between
4. Exit the delete operation
Enter your choice: 1
Select a position from where you to want to delete the element
1. Beginning of the List
2. At the end of the list
3. Somewhere in between
4. Exit the delete operation
Enter your choice:
```

- Delection At end.

```
Select a position from where you to want to delete the element
1. Beginning of the List
2. At the end of the list
3. Somewhere in between
4. Exit the delete operation
Enter your choice: 1
Select a position from where you to want to delete the element
1. Beginning of the List
2. At the end of the list
3. Somewhere in between
4. Exit the delete operation
Enter your choice: 2
Select a position from where you to want to delete the element
1. Beginning of the List
2. At the end of the list
3. Somewhere in between
4. Exit the delete operation
Enter your choice: 3
Enter the data to be deleted: 30
Select a position from where you to want to delete the element
1. Beginning of the List
2. At the end of the list
3. Somewhere in between
4. Exit the delete operation
Enter your choice:
```

- Delection Somewhere in between

```
Enter your choice: 3

Select a position from where you to want to delete the element
1. Beginning of the List
2. At the end of the list
3. Somewhere in between
4. Exit the delete operation
Enter your choice: 3
Enter the data to be deleted: 30
Select a position from where you to want to delete the element
1. Beginning of the List
2. At the end of the list
3. Somewhere in between
4. Exit the delete operation
Enter your choice: 4
Delete Operation Exit

Please select an operation to perform from the below list
1. Create a List
2. Insert a node
3. Delete a node
4. Print the existing list
5. Exit
Enter your choice:
```

## 5. Display The List After the operation performed

```
Please select an operation to perform from the below list
```

1. Create a List
2. Insert a node
3. Delete a node
4. Print the existing list
5. Exit

```
Enter your choice:      4
```

```
[ 10      20      13      40      50      ]
```

```
Please select an operation to perform from the below list
```

1. Create a List
2. Insert a node
3. Delete a node
4. Print the existing list
5. Exit

```
Enter your choice:
```