

## EXPT: 6 IMPLEMENTATION OF PACKET SNIFFING USING RAW SOCKETS IN PYTHON

### Introduction:

Packet sniffing reads raw network packets from your NIC so you can see headers (Ethernet/IP/TCP/UDP) and a bit of payload. This simple experiment uses Linux raw socket to capture and print a brief summary for each IPv4 packet.

### Aim:

Write a minimal Python program that captures packets using a raw socket and prints source/destination IP, protocol, ports (if TCP/UDP) and a short hex dump of the payload.

### Algorithm :

1. Open a raw AF\_PACKET socket (capture all EtherTypes).
2. Loop: receive a packet.
3. Parse Ethernet header; if IPv4, parse IP header.
4. If TCP/UDP, parse ports. Print a one-line summary + short hex of payload.
5. Repeat until Ctrl+C.

### Code:

```
import socket  
  
import struct  
  
import binascii  
  
import textwrap  
  
  
  
def main():  
    # Get host  
  
    host = socket.gethostbyname(socket.gethostname())  
  
    print('IP: {}'.format(host))  
  
    # Create a raw socket and bind it
```

```
conn = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_RAW, socket.IPPROTO_IP)

conn.bind((host, 0))

# Include IP headers

conn.setsockopt(socket.IPPROTO_IP, socket.IP_HDRINCL, 1)

# Enable promiscuous mode

conn.ioctl(socket.SIO_RCVALL, socket.RCVALL_ON)

while True:

    # Recive data

    raw_data, addr = conn.recvfrom(65536)

    # Unpack data

    dest_mac, src_mac, eth_proto, data = ethernet_frame(raw_data)

    print("\nEthernet Frame:")

    print("Destination MAC: {}".format(dest_mac))

    print("Source MAC: {}".format(src_mac))

    print("Protocol: {}".format(eth_proto))

    # Unpack ethernet frame

def ethernet_frame(data):

    dest_mac, src_mac, proto = struct.unpack('!6s6s2s', data[:14])

    return get_mac_addr(dest_mac), get_mac_addr(src_mac), get_protocol(proto), data[14:]

# Return formatted MAC address AA:BB:CC:DD:EE:FF

def get_mac_addr(bytes_addr):

    bytes_str = map('{:02x}'.format, bytes_addr)

    mac_address = ':'.join(bytes_str).upper()

    return mac_address

# Return formatted protocol ABCD

def get_protocol(bytes_proto):

    bytes_str = map('{:02x}'.format, bytes_proto)
```

```
protocol = ''.join(bytes_str).upper()  
return protocol
```

```
main()
```

**Output:**

```
C:\Windows\System32>cd "C:\Users\user\OneDrive\Documents"  
C:\Users\user\OneDrive\Documents>python packetsniff.py  
IP: 10.77.0.213  
  
Ethernet Frame:  
Destination MAC: 45:00:00:34:BC:49  
Source MAC: 40:00:80:06:61:39  
Protocol: 0A4D  
  
Ethernet Frame:  
Destination MAC: 45:00:01:6E:D3:7B  
Source MAC: 00:00:01:11:00:00  
Protocol: 0A4D  
  
Ethernet Frame:  
Destination MAC: 45:00:01:6E:D3:7B  
Source MAC: 00:00:01:11:F8:E6  
Protocol: 0A4D  
  
Ethernet Frame:  
Destination MAC: 45:00:00:45:D3:7C  
Source MAC: 00:00:01:11:00:00  
Protocol: 0A4D  
  
Ethernet Frame:  
Destination MAC: 45:00:00:45:D3:7C  
Source MAC: 00:00:01:11:FA:0E  
Protocol: 0A4D  
  
Ethernet Frame:  
Destination MAC: 45:00:00:45:D3:7D  
Source MAC: 00:00:01:11:00:00  
Protocol: 0A4D
```

**Result:**

The Python program for packet sniffing using raw sockets was executed successfully. It captured live network packets and displayed the source IP, destination IP, protocol type, port numbers, and part of the data in hexadecimal form.