

DO NOT DELETE

Guiding notes for editor:

- Supervisor advises on total hours for syllabus and project scale.
- Each point should be 10-15 words max.
- No changes to format (text style, colors, tables).
- Replace blue text only.
- Design tasks to be modular and independent, so each task functions on its own.
- Copy/paste rows/tables where relevant (e.g., project table for more projects).
- Each session is one class; some cover two lessons based on student availability.

Tasks Assigned by Supervisor	Deadlines
<p><i>*Note:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Self-initiate and work on the next project once initial tasks are done.</i>• <i>Check in regularly with the supervisor for clarifications.</i>• <i>Align expectations at each step when unsure.</i>	

MIT APP INVENTOR

Learning Objectives

1. Learning Objective 1:

Integrate AI Functionality into App Development:

Students will learn to design and implement AI-powered features, such as chatbots, image generators, and input filtering systems, to create apps with dynamic and purposeful functionality.

2. Learning Objective 2:

Develop Problem-Solving and Logical Thinking Skills:

Students will apply programming concepts such as list management, conditionals, and iterative logic to create user-friendly applications that align with specific themes, such as sustainability and environmental advocacy.

3. Learning Objective 3:

Enhance User Experience Through Interface and Backend Integration:

Students will design intuitive app interfaces while implementing robust backend logic to process user inputs, validate data, and display relevant outputs effectively.

Syllabus (20hrs)

- Project 1 – [AI Chat Bot](#)
- Project 2 – [AI Image Generator](#)
- Project 3 – [AI Input filtering system](#)

Project 1 – AI ChatBot (Kevin) (hrs)	
Learning Outcomes (5mins)	Learning Outcome 1: Learn to Integrate AI Chatbot Components into App Development <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Students will understand how to incorporate an AI chatbot as a functional component within an app, combining frontend design with backend logic. Learning Outcome 2: Develop Full-Stack Application Skills <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Students will build an interactive user interface to facilitate chatbot communication. ● Implement backend functionality to handle user input, generate AI responses, and display conversations. Learning Outcome 3: Understand and Utilize Key Functions and Variables in App Development: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Students will learn to use essential programming constructs such as function calls, commands, and variables to enable seamless data transfer between the chatbot and the app interface.

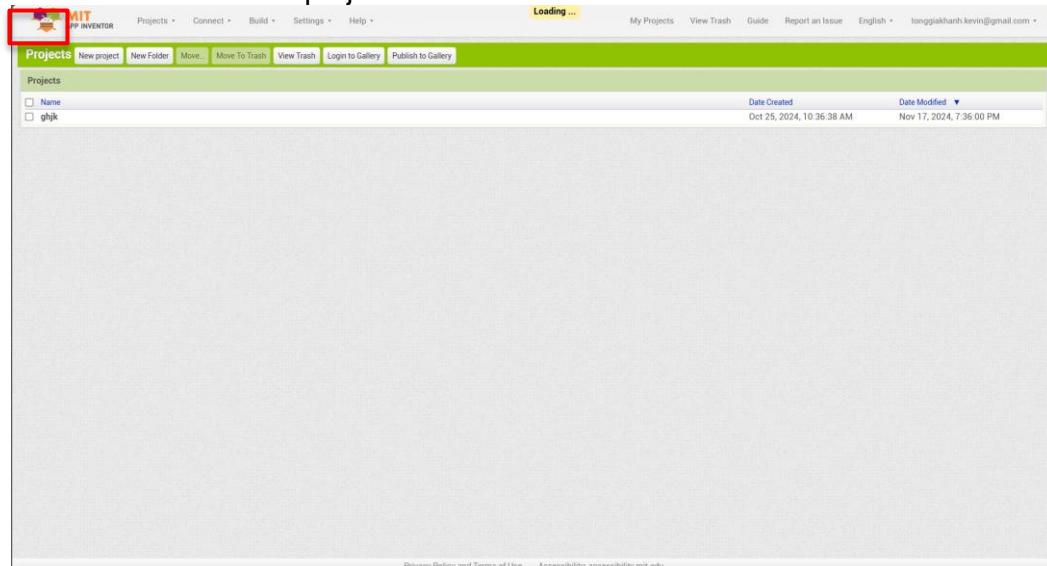
Session No.:
Session Title
(hrs)

Project Brief

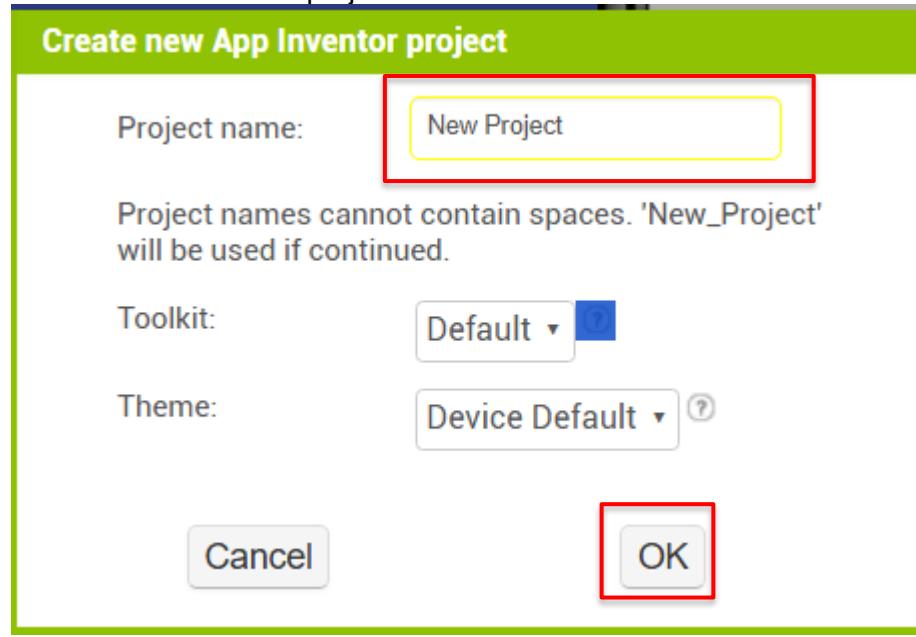
- This project guides students in creating an AI Chatbot using MIT App Inventor, covering both interface design and backend development.

Task:

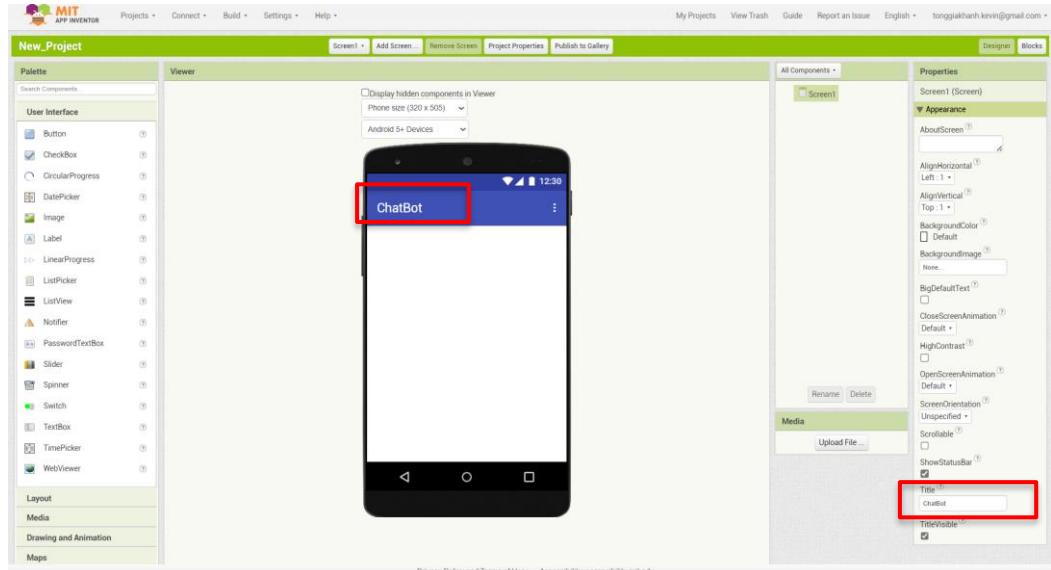
1. Create a new project



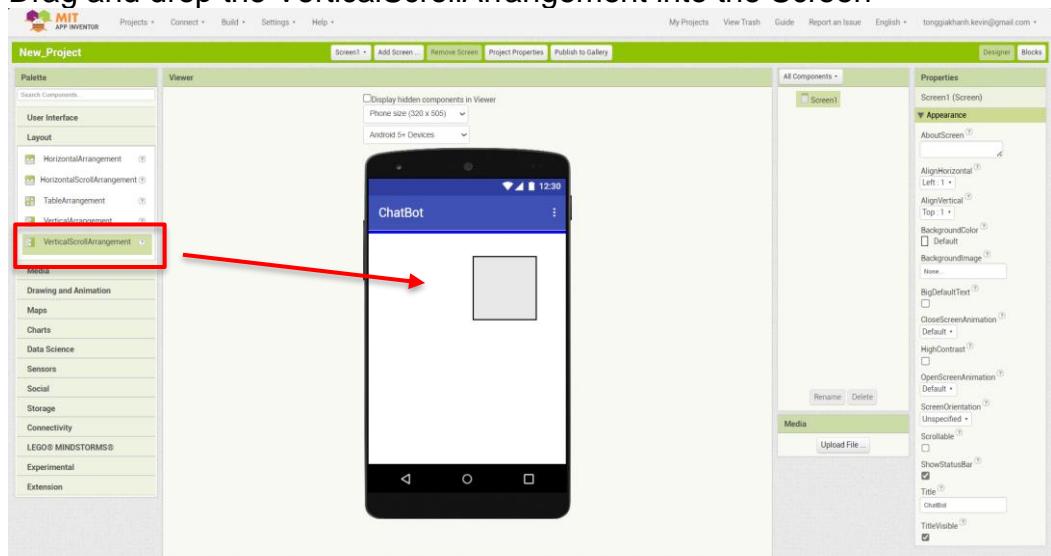
2. Name the new project

A screenshot of the 'Create new App Inventor project' dialog box. It has a green header bar with the title 'Create new App Inventor project'. Below the header, there are two input fields: 'Project name:' containing 'New Project' and 'Toolkit:' set to 'Default'. A note below the name field says: 'Project names cannot contain spaces. 'New_Project' will be used if continued.' Below the toolkit dropdown is a 'Theme:' dropdown set to 'Device Default'. At the bottom of the dialog are two buttons: 'Cancel' on the left and 'OK' on the right. A red box highlights the 'New Project' input field, and another red box highlights the 'OK' button.

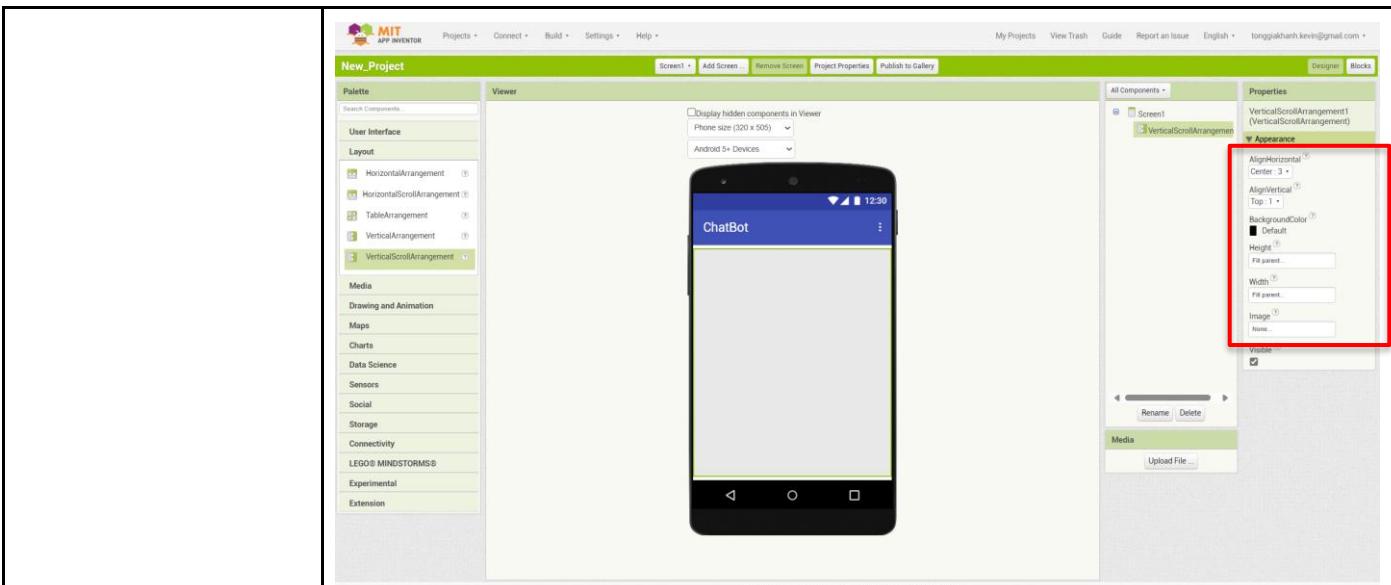
Rename the Screen



Drag and drop the VerticalScrollArrangement into the Screen

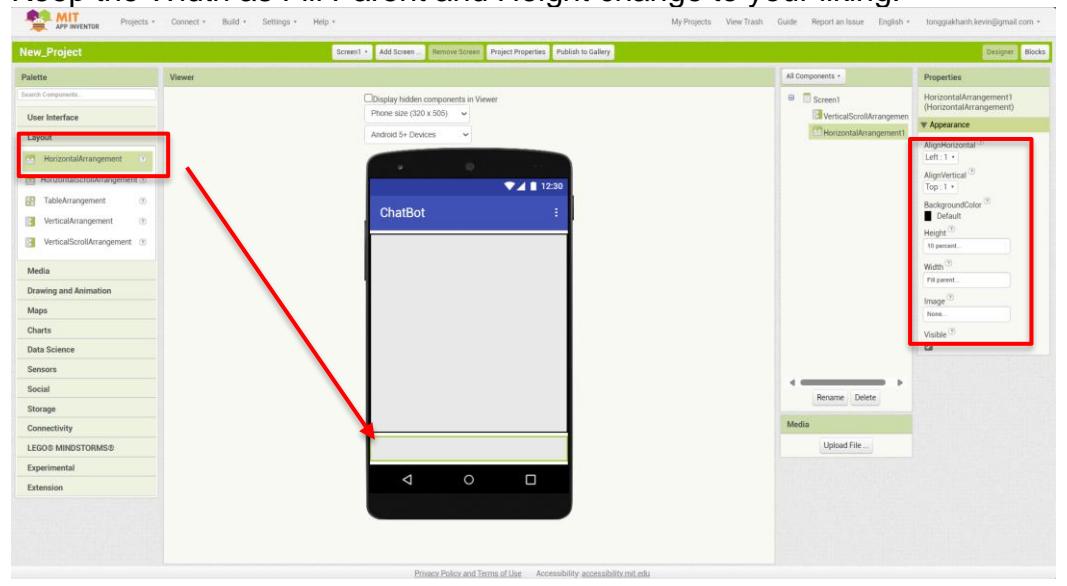


Choose “Center” for AlignHorizontal and “Fill Parent” for both Width and Height. This fills the whole screen with the arrangement but still allows the other components to be dynamically added in.

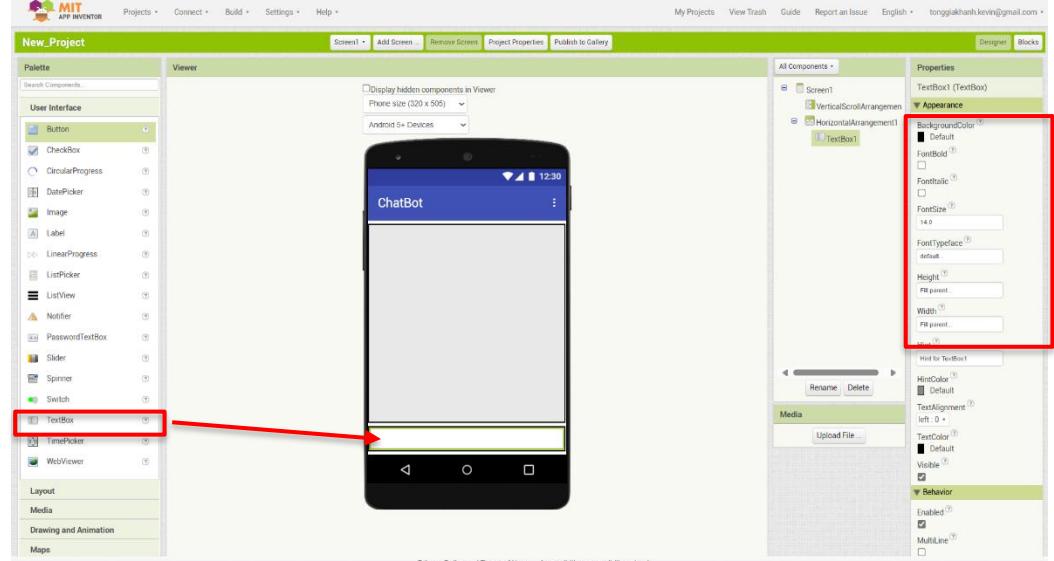


Drag and drop the Horizontal Arrangement for the underneath the VerticalScrollArrangement for the textbox and send button to be placed later.

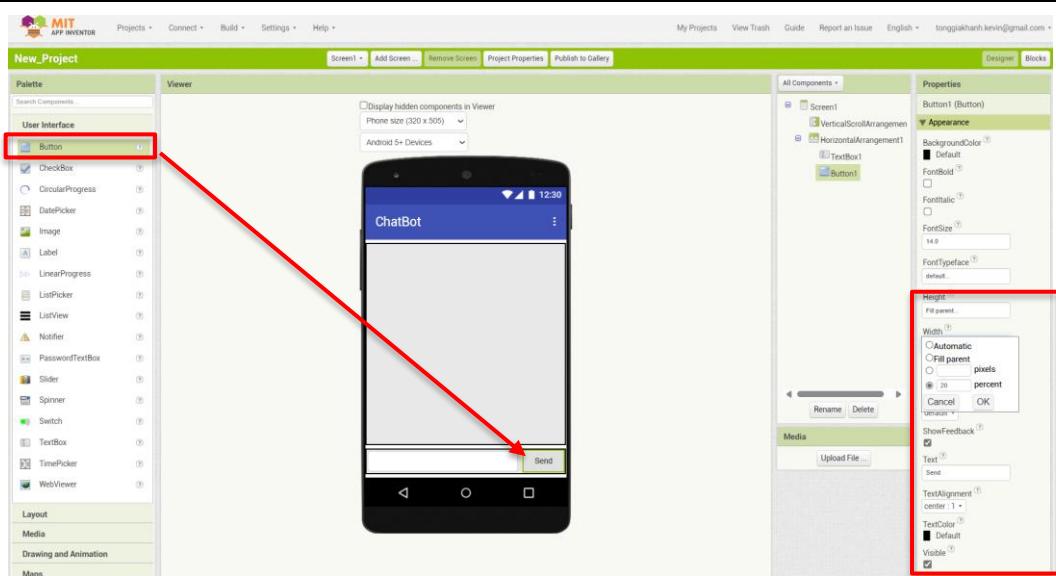
Keep the Width as Fill Parent and Height change to your liking.



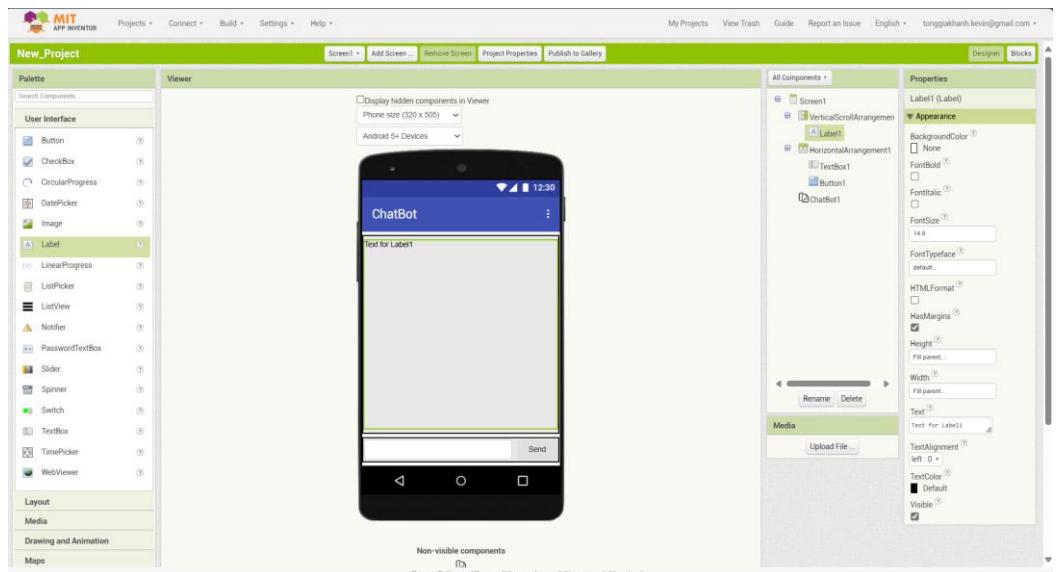
Drag & drop the text box component into the HorizontalArrangement. Set its width and height to Fill parent.



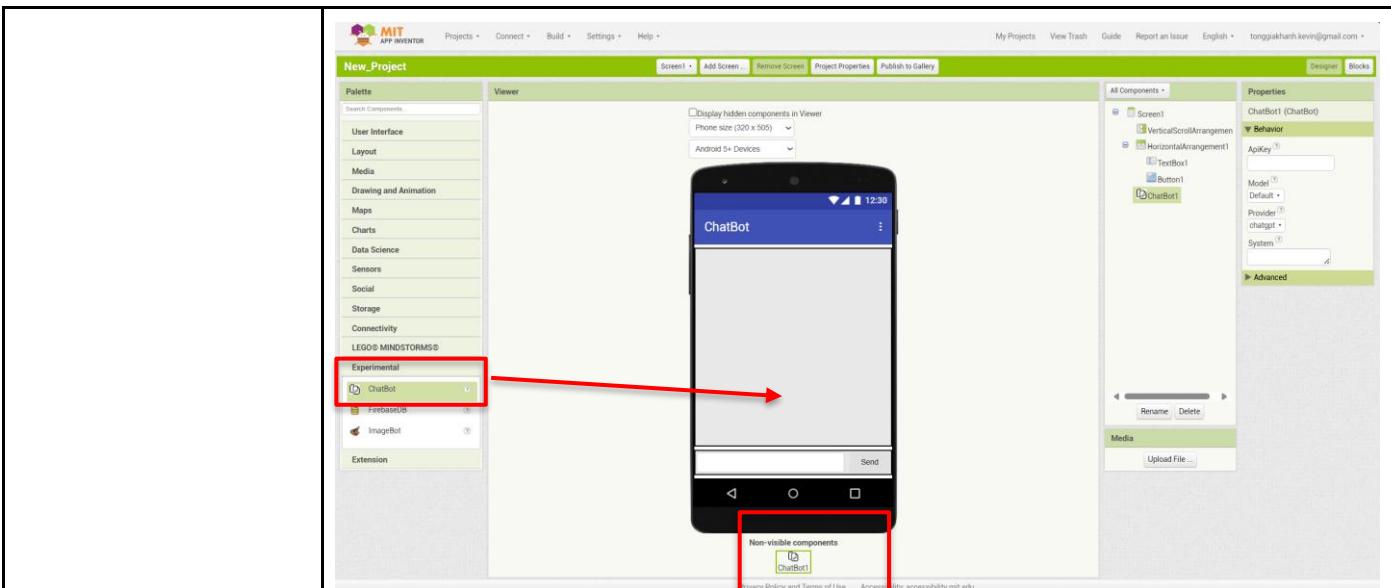
Drag & drop the button component into the HorizontalArrangement. Set its height to Fill parent and its width to your liking. Change the text inside of the button.



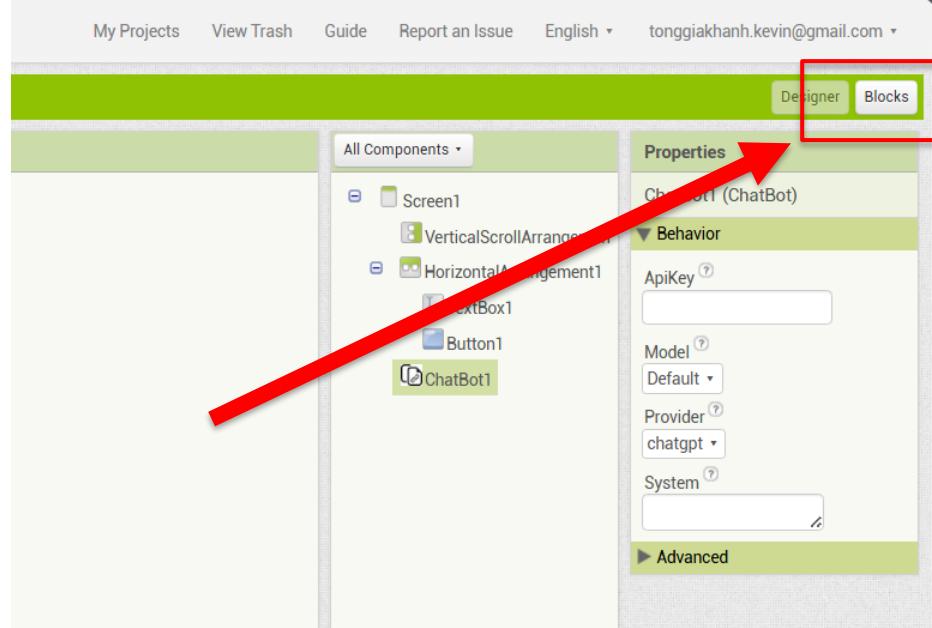
Drag the label component



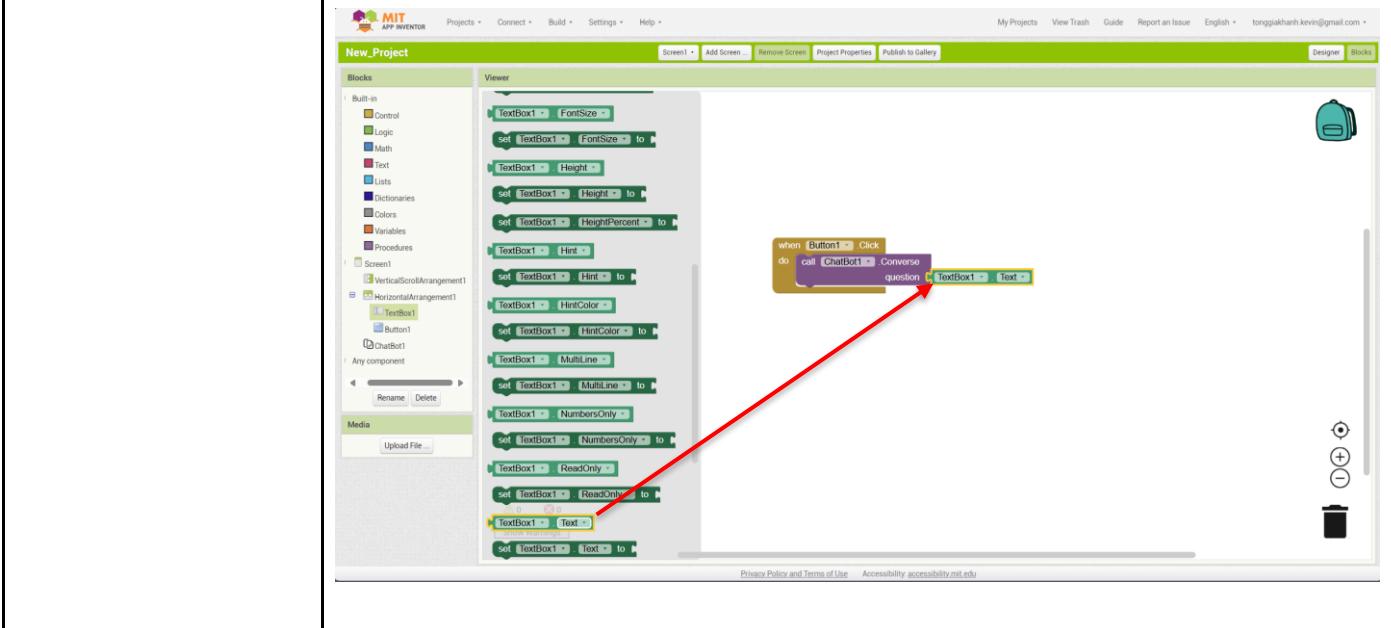
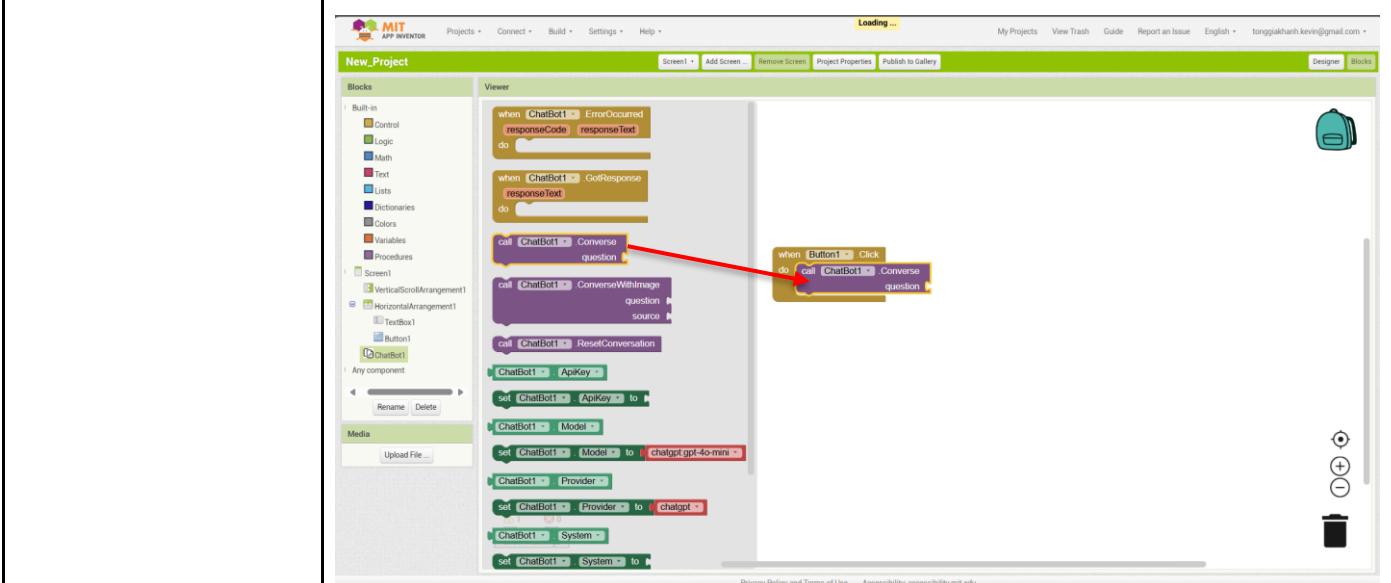
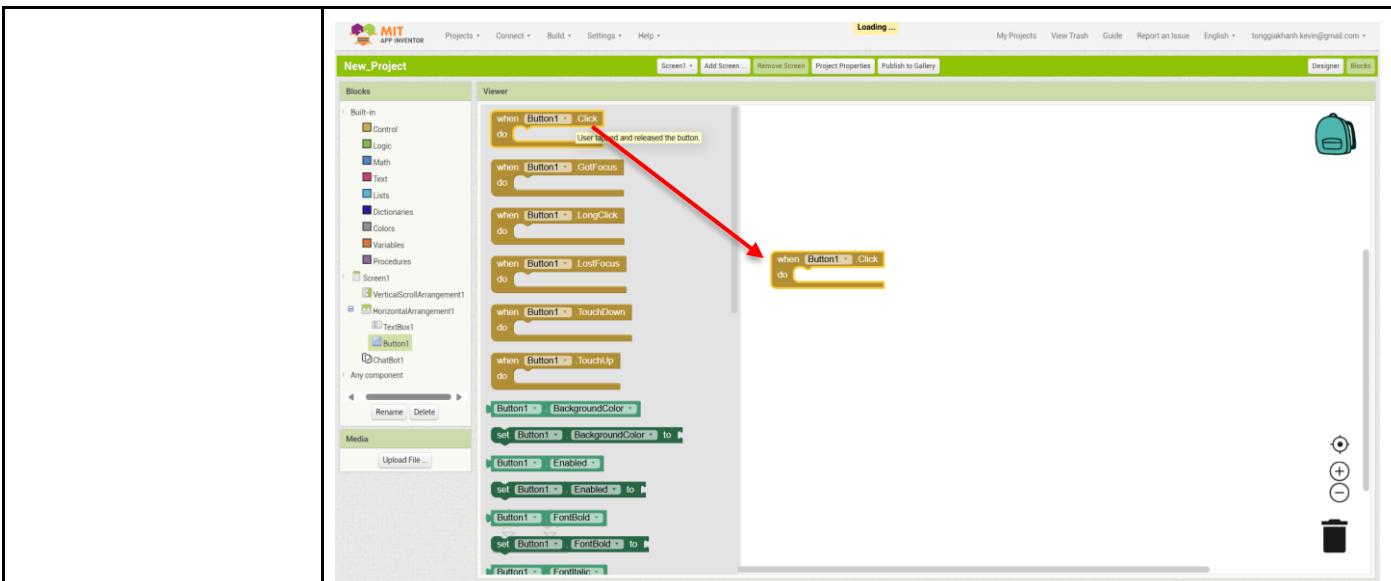
Drag & drop the ChatBot component under Experimental tab into the screen. The component will appear below the device as it is a non-visible component



After finishing with the interface, we proceed to work on the back end

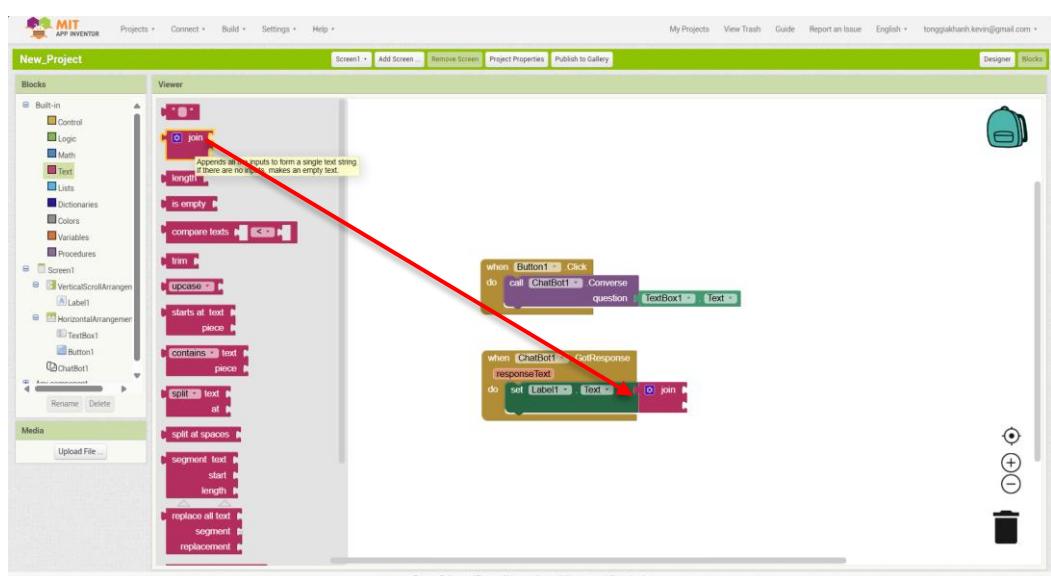
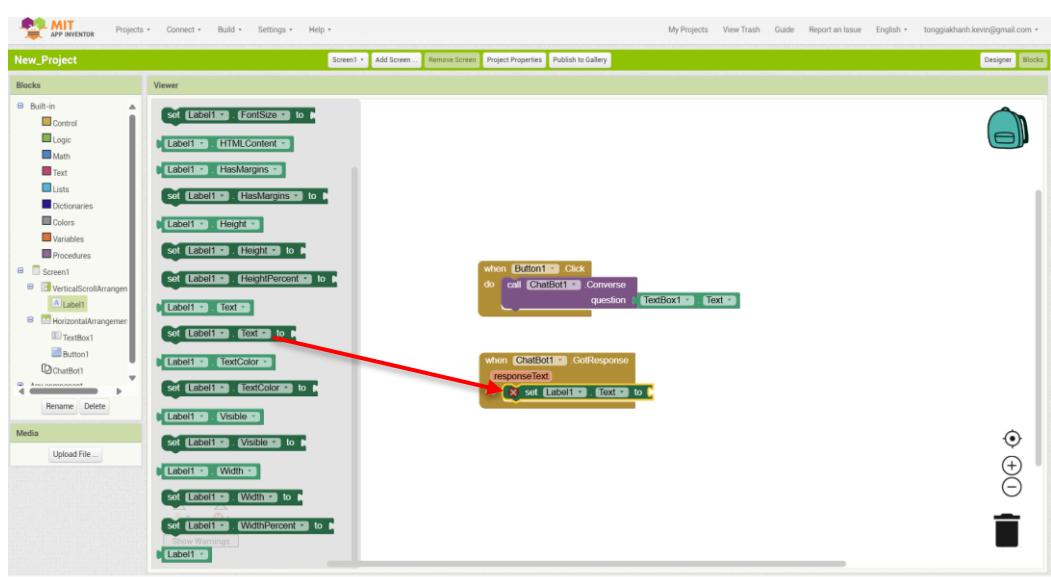


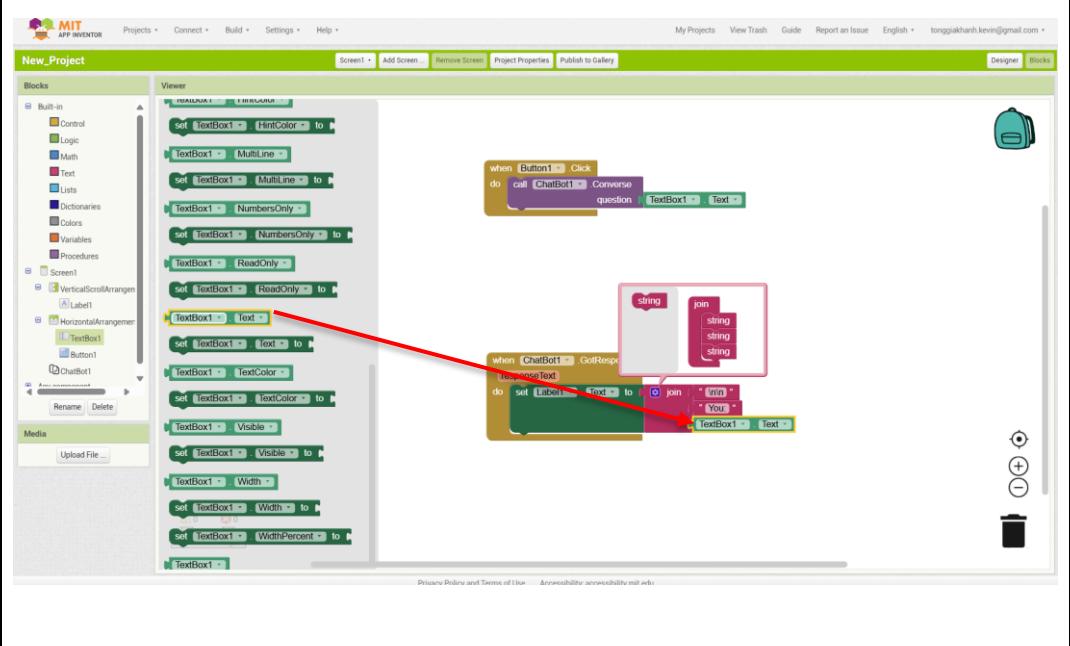
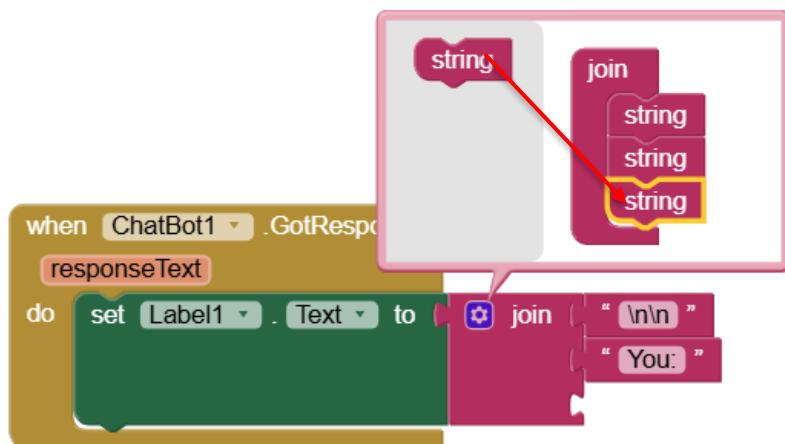
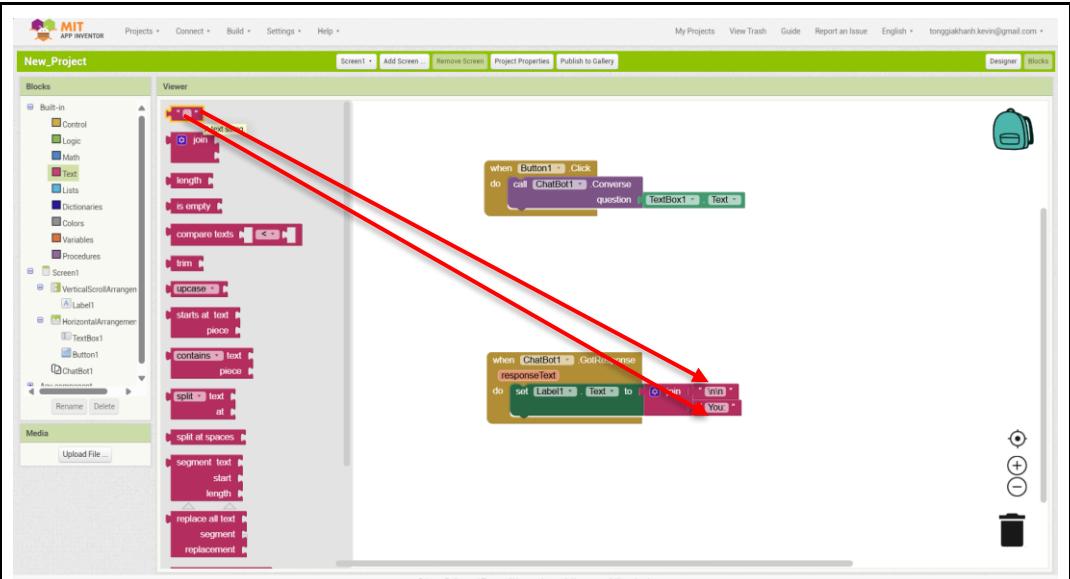
Drag Button1.Click into the space

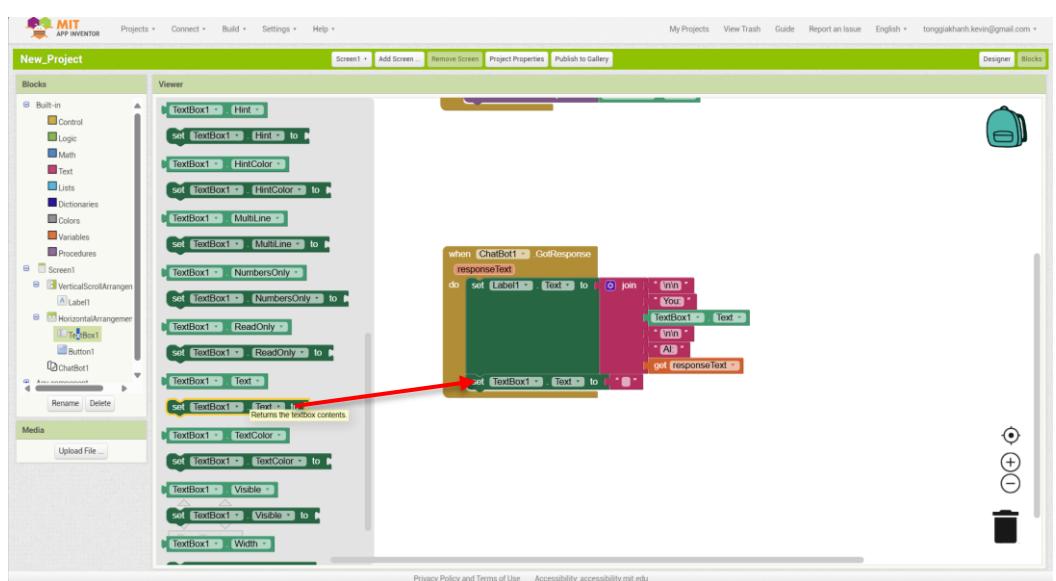
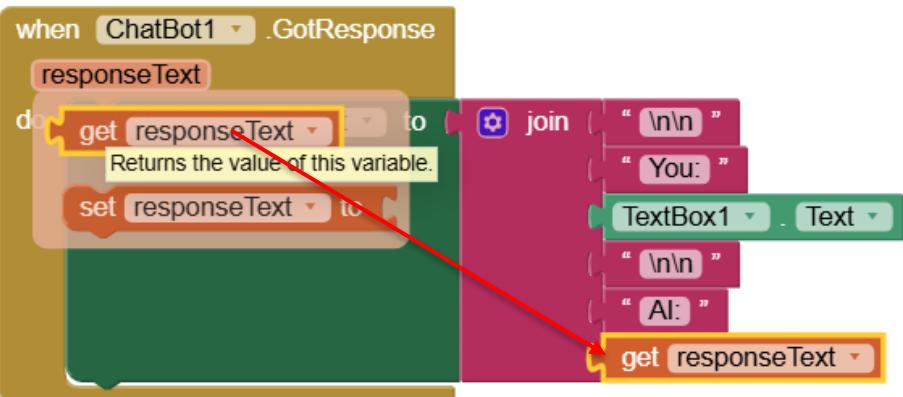


```

when Button1 Click
do call ChatBot1 .Converse
    question TextBox1 Text
  
```







Completed CODE Blocks:

```
when Button1 .Click
do call ChatBot1 .Converse
    question TextBox1 .Text
```

```
when ChatBot1 .GotResponse
    responseText
do set Label1 .Text to responseText
    join ["\n\n"]
    "You:"
    TextBox1 .Text
    "\n\n"
    "AI:"
    get responseText
set TextBox1 .Text to responseText
```

DEMO:

1:42 A

Chat_withMITChatbot



You:I need an explanation for stock market. Explain it like I am 7 years old.

AI:Sure! Imagine you have a lemonade stand. You want to make your stand even bigger and better, but you need some money to buy more lemons and cups.

Now, let's say you have some friends who really like your lemonade. You can ask them if they want to help you by giving you some money. In return, you tell them they can share in the money you make from selling lemonade.

The stock market is kind of like that! Companies, just like your lemonade stand, want to grow and make more money. So, they sell little pieces of themselves called "stocks" to people who want to invest. When someone buys a stock, it's like they're buying a tiny part of that company.

When the company does well and makes money, the people who bought stocks can earn money too! But if the company doesn't do well, the value of the stocks can go down, and people might lose money.

So, the stock market is where people buy and sell those pieces of companies, hoping to make money! It's a place where lots of people are trying to figure out which companies will do really well and which ones might not.

Hint for TextBox1

Send

MCQ:

What is the primary role of the ChatBot1.Converse block?

- A) To send a predefined message.
B) To process the user's input and return a response.
C) To clear the text box after a response.
D) To display the chatbot's name.
(Correct Answer: B)
1. Which component in the front end is responsible for displaying the chat history?
A) TextBox1
B) Label1
C) ChatBot1
D) Button1
(Correct Answer: B)
2. Why is the TextBox1.Text cleared in the GotResponse block?
A) To allow the user to type a new question.
B) To save memory.
C) To display the chatbot's answer.
D) To end the conversation.
(Correct Answer: A)
3. What will happen if the Label1.Text block is not set to include the user's input in the GotResponse block?
A) The app will crash.
B) The chatbot's response will not display.
C) The user's input will not appear in the conversation history.
D) Nothing will happen.
(Correct Answer: C)

Application Qn:

Question 1: Adding Custom Responses

Challenge:

- The chatbot currently provides generic responses to user inputs. Suppose you want the chatbot to recognize and provide custom responses for specific keywords. For example, when the user types "weather," the chatbot should respond with "The weather is sunny today."

Answer:

- Modify the GotResponse block.
- Before setting the Label1.Text, add a conditional check using the if block:

- | | |
|--|--|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• If TextBox1.Text contains the word "weather," set Label1.Text to "The weather is sunny today."• Use an else statement to call the default chatbot response for all other inputs.• This customization enhances the app's interactivity by adding personalized responses. |
| | <p>Question 2: Formatting Chat Display</p> <p>Challenge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Currently, the chatbot's responses and user input appear together in the Label1 component. How can you modify the app to separate the user messages and chatbot responses into two different labels (e.g., UserLabel for user input and BotLabel for chatbot responses)? <p>Answer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Add a new label component (BotLabel) below the existing UserLabel.• In the Button1.Click block, set UserLabel.Text to display the user's input.• In the GotResponse block, set BotLabel.Text to display the chatbot's response.• Adjust the design layout using vertical or horizontal arrangements to align the labels for readability.• This setup creates a cleaner and more professional chat interface. |
| | |

- If TextBox1.Text contains the word "weather," set Label1.Text to "The weather is sunny today."
- Use an else statement to call the default chatbot response for all other inputs.
- This customization enhances the app's interactivity by adding personalized responses.

Question 2: Formatting Chat Display

Challenge:

- Currently, the chatbot's responses and user input appear together in the Label1 component. How can you modify the app to separate the user messages and chatbot responses into two different labels (e.g., UserLabel for user input and BotLabel for chatbot responses)?

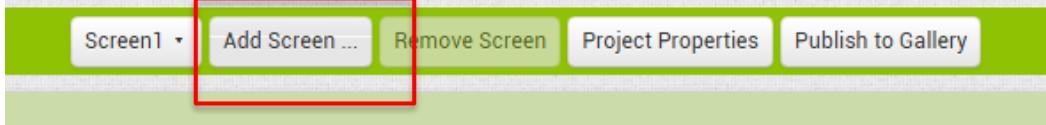
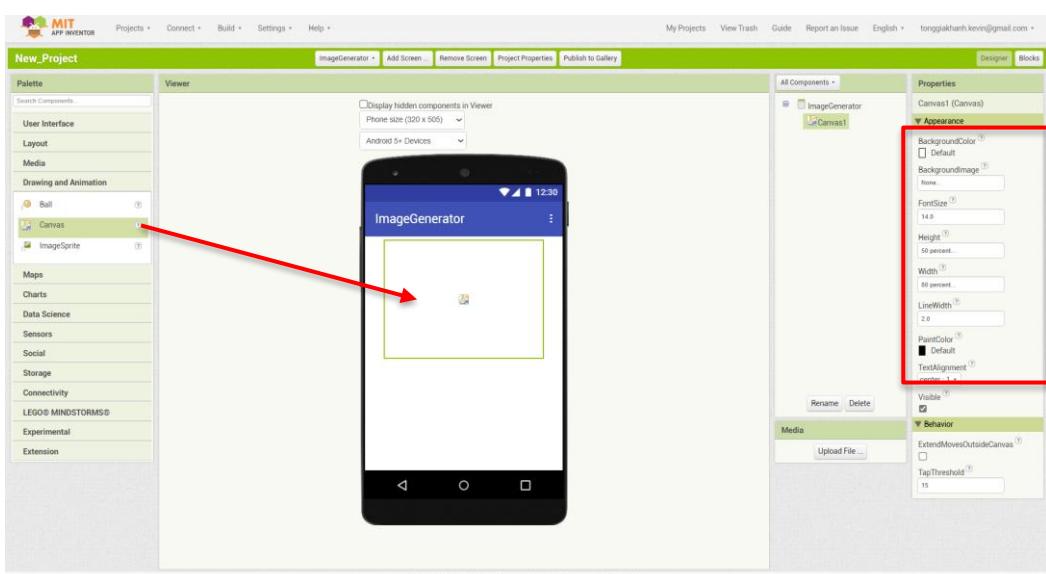
Answer:

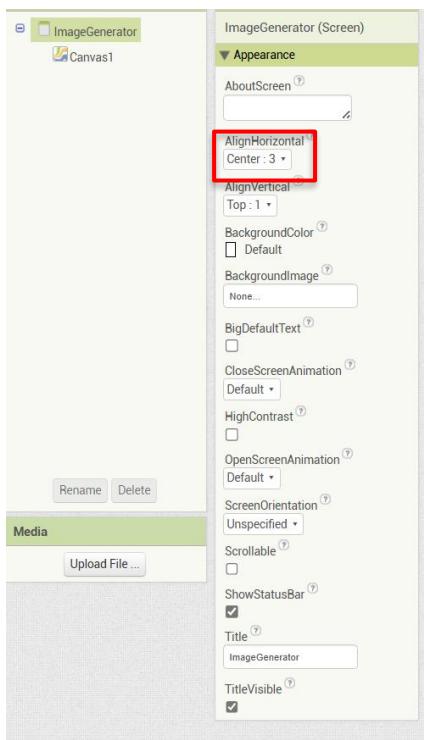
- Add a new label component (BotLabel) below the existing UserLabel.
- In the Button1.Click block, set UserLabel.Text to display the user's input.
- In the GotResponse block, set BotLabel.Text to display the chatbot's response.
- Adjust the design layout using vertical or horizontal arrangements to align the labels for readability.
- This setup creates a cleaner and more professional chat interface.

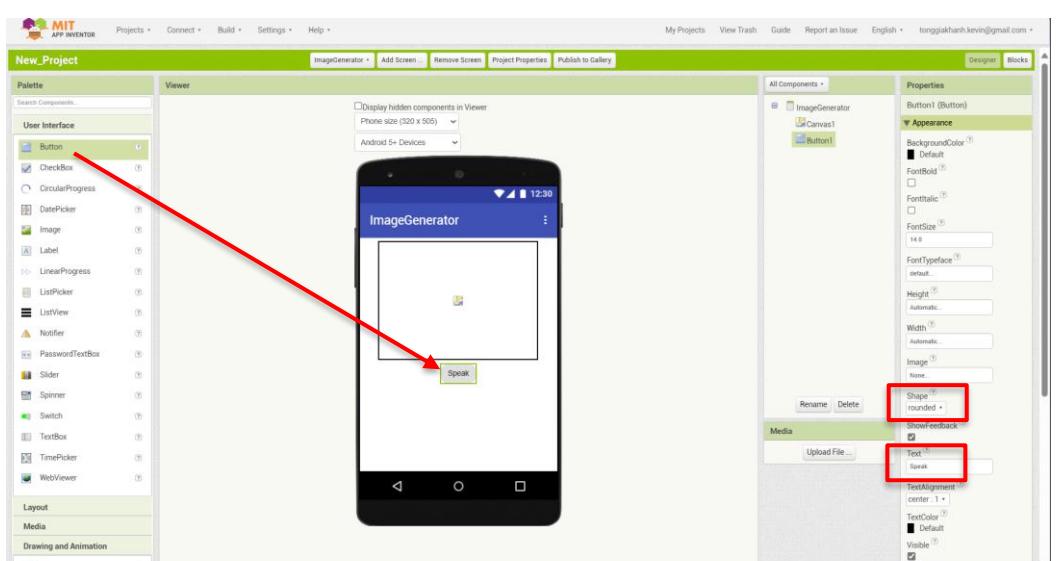
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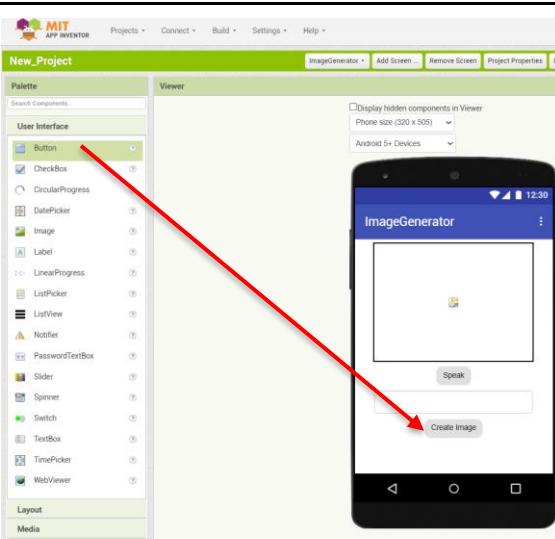
Project 2 – AI Image Generator (Kevin)
(hrs)

Learning Outcomes (5mins)	<p>Learning Outcome 1: Learn to Integrate AI-Powered Image Generation into App Development:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Students will understand how to incorporate AI image generation functionality into an app, linking user input commands to generated visual outputs. <p>Learning Outcome 2: Develop Skills in Managing Media Components and Display Mechanisms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Students will learn to handle image components and display results dynamically on a canvas, ensuring seamless integration with the user interface.
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	<p>Learning Outcome 3: Understand and Utilize Key Functions and Variables in App Development: Utilize Key Programming Constructs for Data and Media Handling</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will gain experience in using functions, variables, and commands to process user inputs, retrieve AI-generated images, and display them efficiently in the app.
<p>Session No.: Session Title (hrs)</p>	<p>Project Brief</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This project teaches students how to build an AI Image Generator app using MIT App Inventor. Students will develop both the interface and backend functionality, enabling users to input commands to generate desired images. The app integrates AI-generated results with image components, displaying them dynamically on a canvas for a seamless user experience. <p>Task:</p>  







A screenshot of the MIT App Inventor Designer view. The screen is titled "ImageGenerator". It contains a large empty rectangular component and a "Create Image" button at the bottom. A red arrow points from the "User Interface" section of the palette to this button.

Media

- Camcorder
- Camera
- FilePicker
- ImagePicker
- Player
- Sound
- SoundRecorder
- SpeechRecognizer
- TextToSpeech
- Translator
- VideoPlayer

Experimental

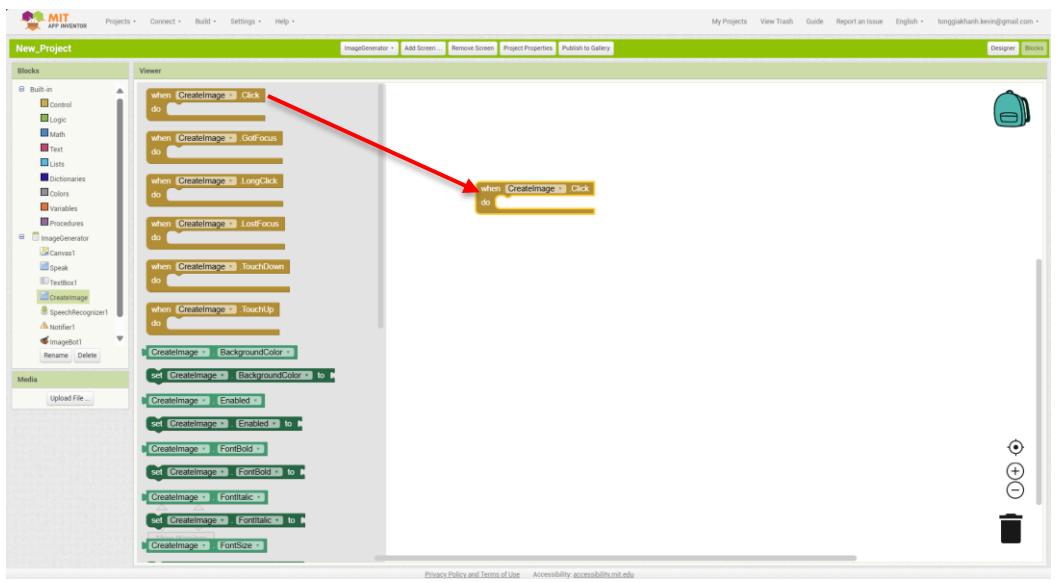
- ChatBot
- FirebaseDatabase
- ImageBot

User Interface

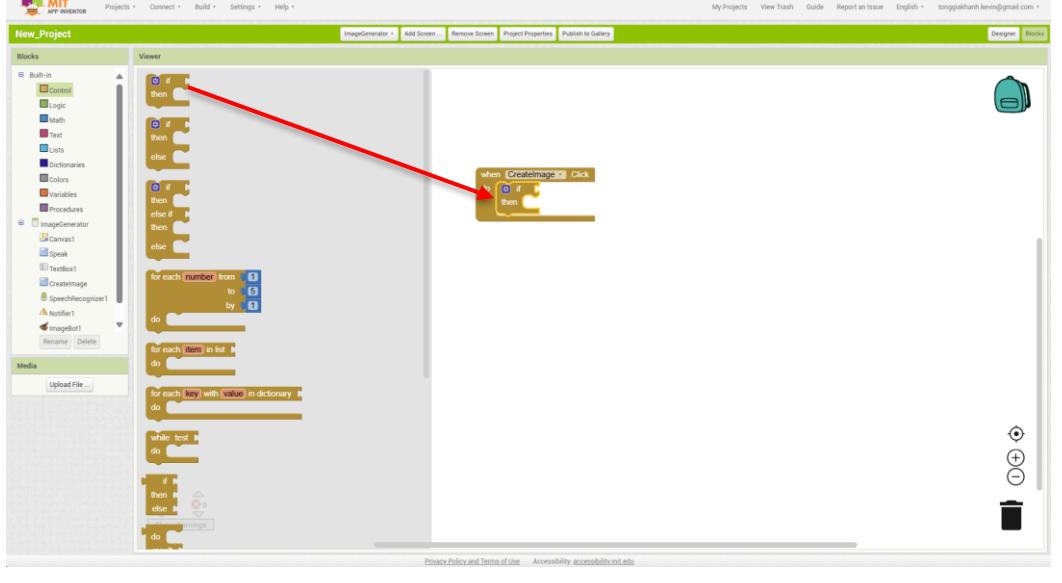
-  Button ?
-  CheckBox ?
-  CircularProgress ?
-  DatePicker ?
-  Image ?
-  Label ?
-  LinearProgress ?
-  ListPicker ?
-  ListView ?
-  Notifier ?
-  PasswordTextBox ?
-  Slider ?
-  Spinner ?
-  Switch ?
-  TextBox ?
-  TimePicker ?
-  WebViewer ?

Non-visible components

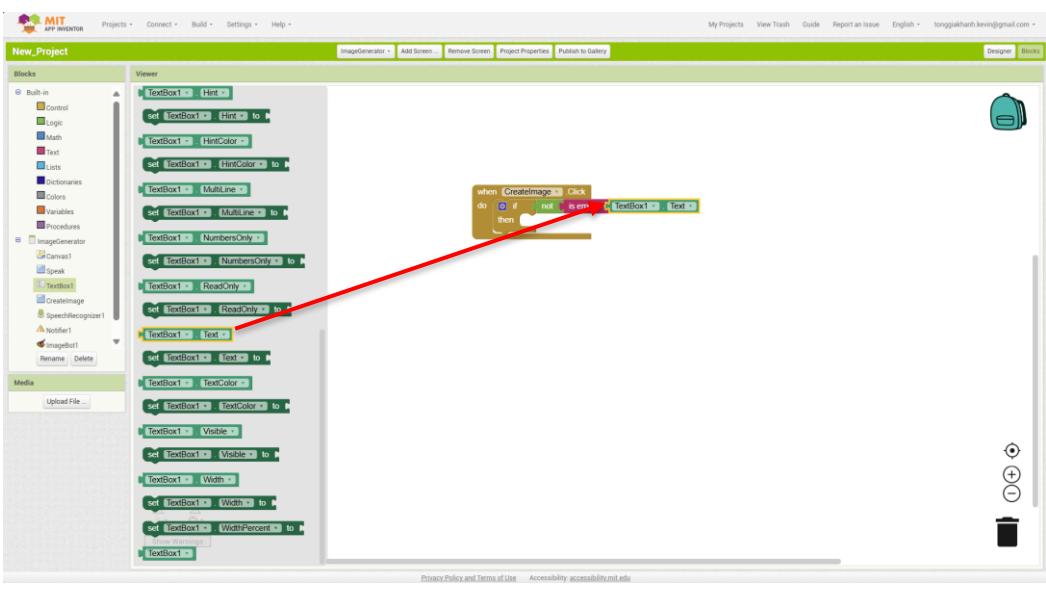
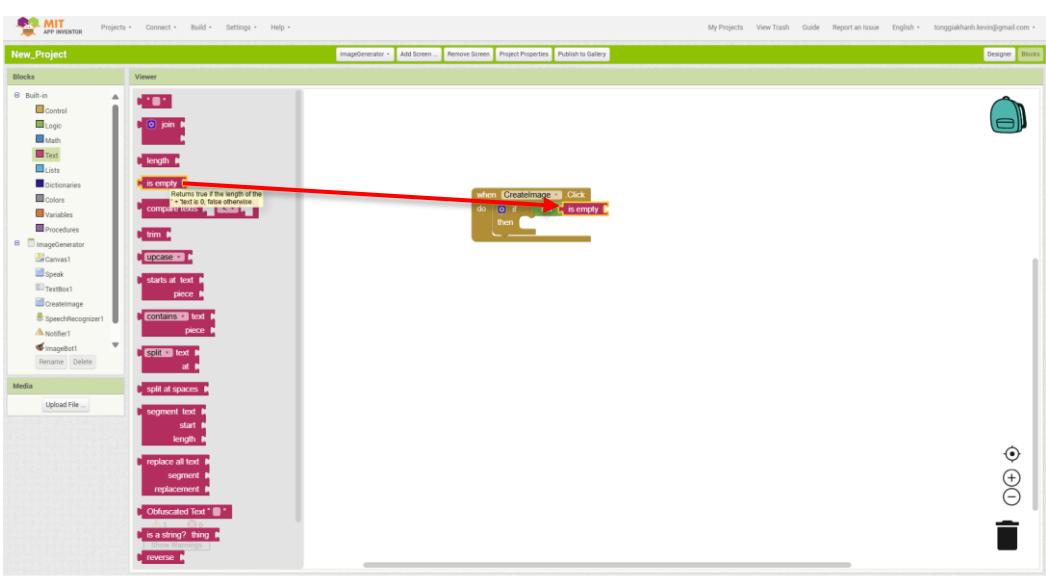
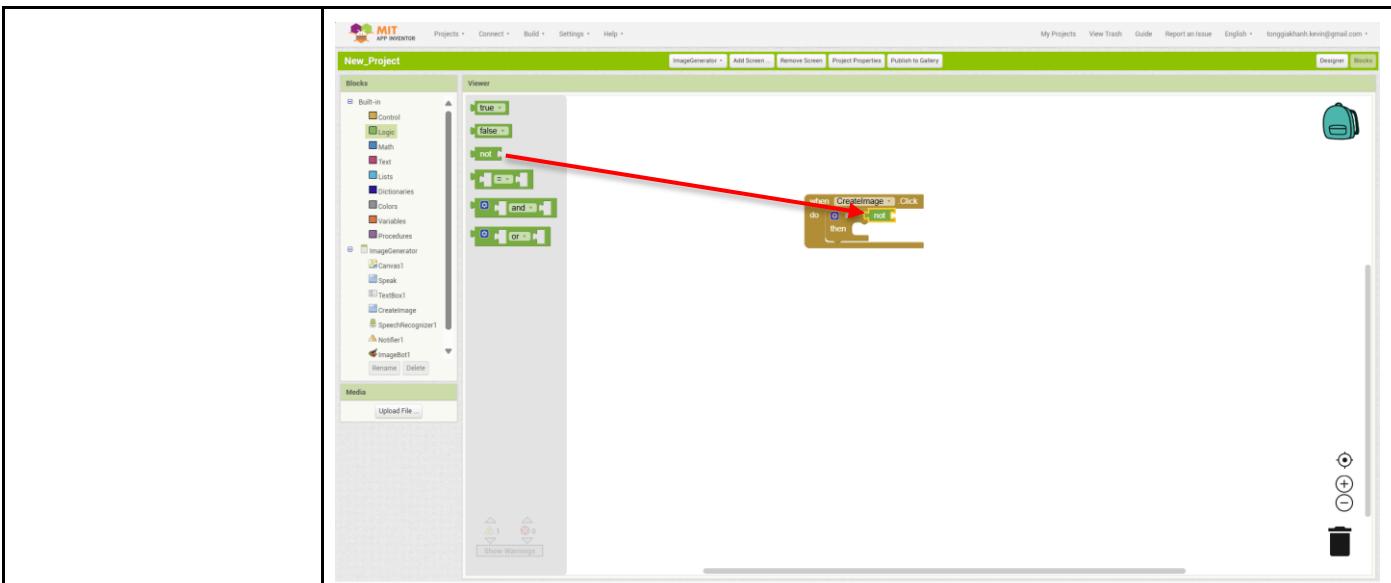
-  SpeechRecognizer1
-  Notifier1
-  ImageBot1

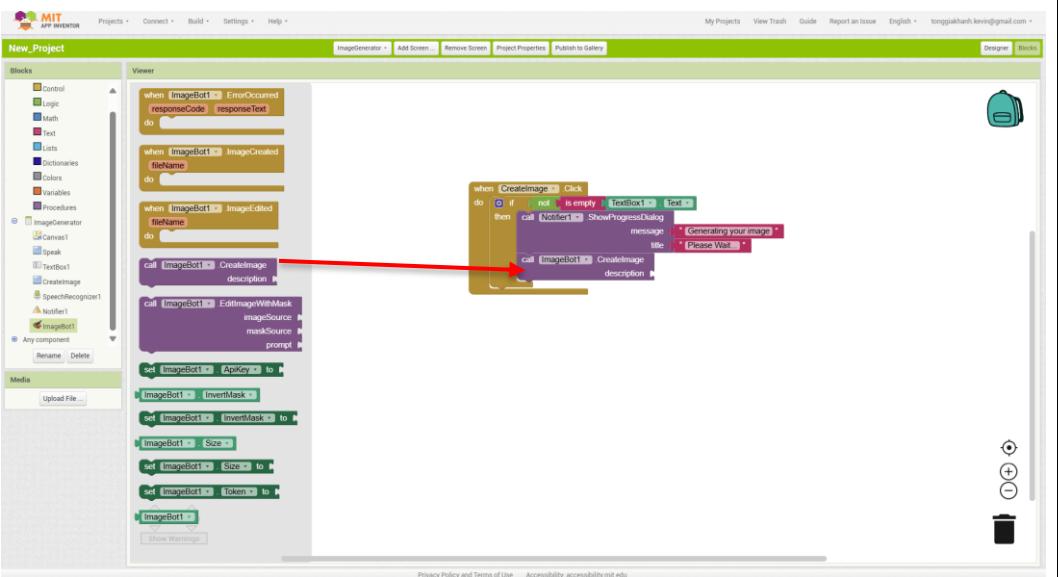
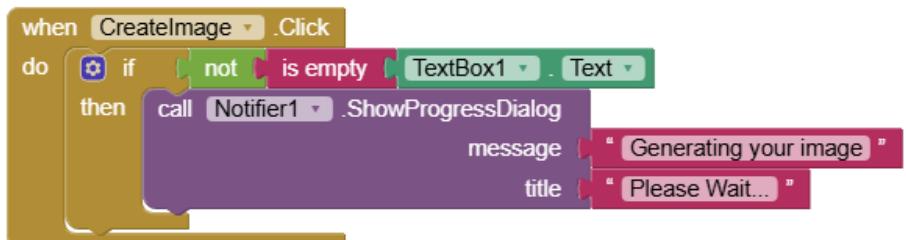
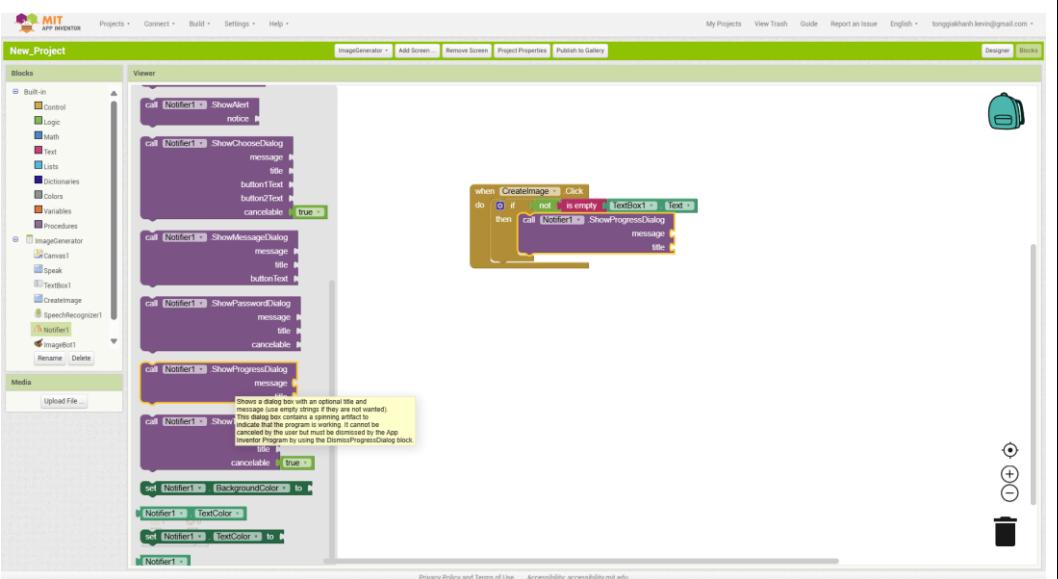


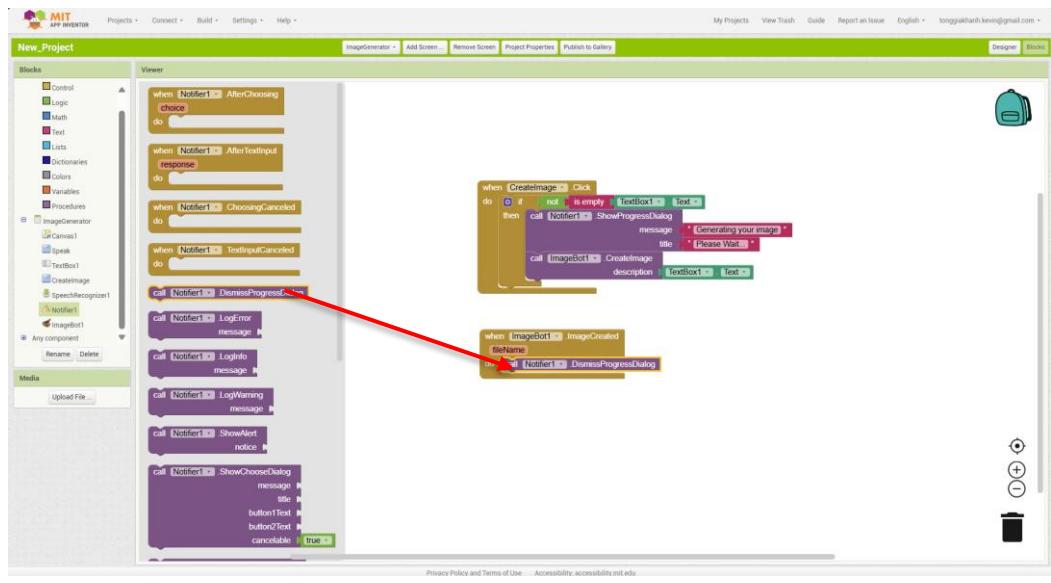
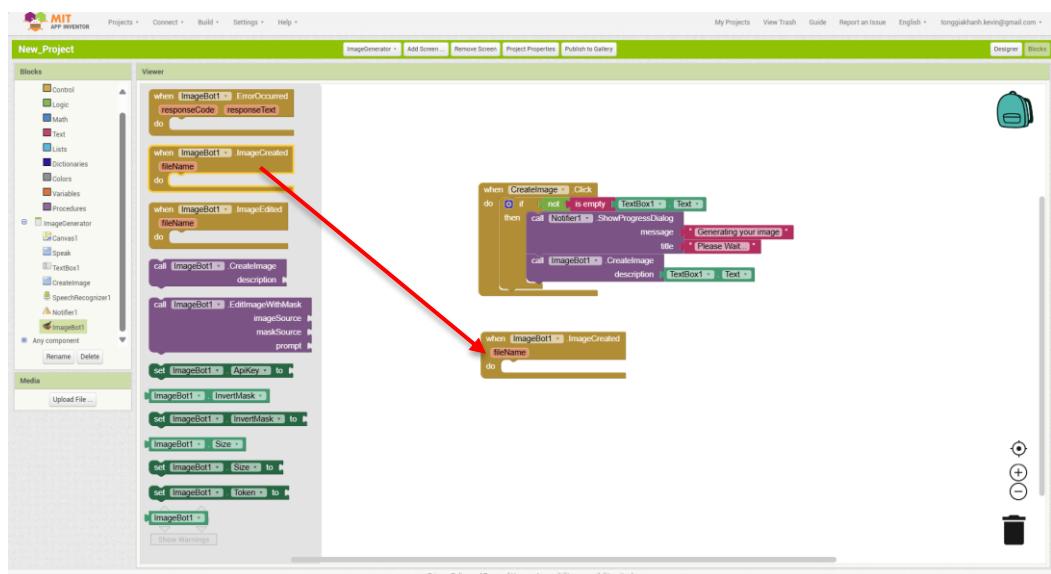
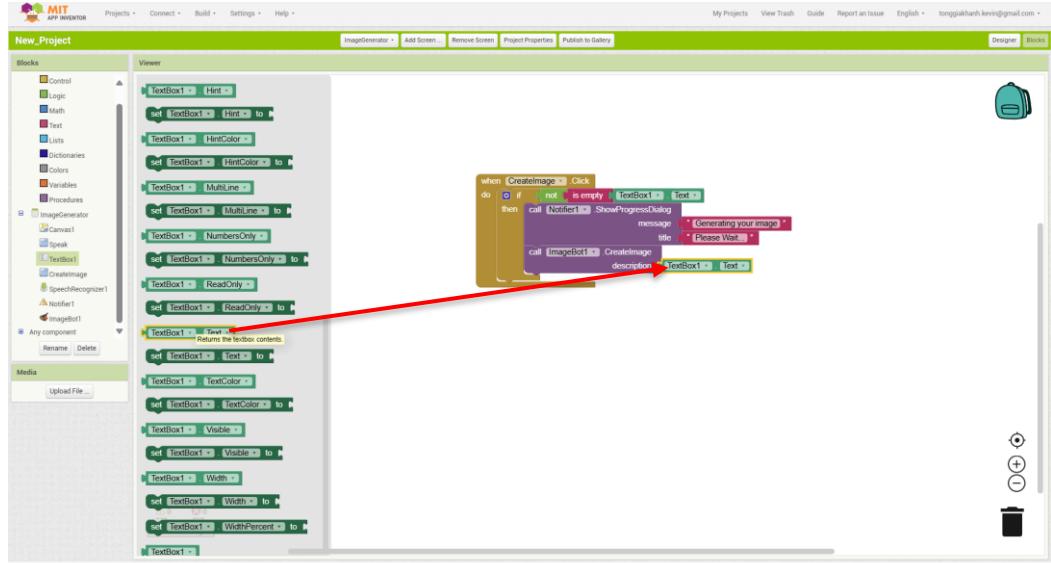
Privacy Policy and Terms of Use Accessibility accessibility.mit.edu

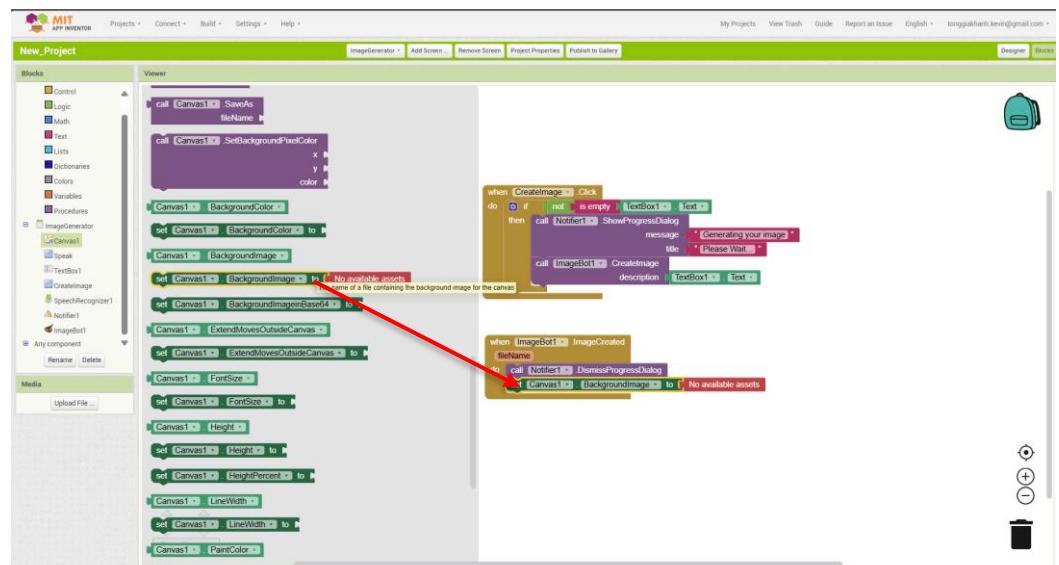


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when ImageBot1 .ImageCreated
 fileName
 do
 get fileName DismissProgressDialog
 set Canvas1.BackgroundImage to get fileName
 set fileName to

Project 1: Text-to-Speech Application

This project uses the Speak component to interact with the user. It includes blocks for handling button clicks, setting text box properties like Hint and Multiline, and using the Speak component to read text from a text box.

```

when Speak1 Click
do [User tapped and released the button]
when Speak1 GotFocus
do [ ]
when Speak1 LongClick
do [ ]
when Speak1 LostFocus
do [ ]
when Speak1 TouchDown
do [ ]
when Speak1 TouchUp
do [ ]
when Speak1 BackgroundColor
do [set Speak1 BackgroundColor to <#>]
when Speak1 Enabled
do [set Speak1 Enabled to <#>]
when Speak1 FontBold
do [set Speak1 FontBold to <#>]
when Speak1 FontItalic
do [set Speak1 FontItalic to <#>]
when Speak1 FontSize
do [set Speak1 FontSize to <#>]
when Speak1 Click
do [set TextBox1 Text to <#>]
when CreateImage1 Click
do [if <#> is not empty then call Notifier1 ShowProgress message <#>]
call ImageBot1 CreateImage description
when ImageBot1 ImageCreated
fileName
do [call Notifier1 DismissProgressDialog]
set Canvas1 BackgroundImage

```

Project 2: Text Input Application

This project focuses on managing text input fields. It includes blocks for setting text box properties such as Hint, Multiline, and NumbersOnly, and using the Speak component to read the text from a text box.

```

when Speak1 Click
do [set TextBox1 Text to <#>]
when CreateImage1 Click
do [if <#> is not empty then call Notifier1 ShowProgress message <#>]
call ImageBot1 CreateImage description
when ImageBot1 ImageCreated
fileName
do [call Notifier1 DismissProgressDialog]
set Canvas1 BackgroundImage

```

Project 3: Speech-to-Text Application

This project integrates the SpeechRecognizer component to convert spoken words into text. It includes blocks for initializing the recognizer, setting its language, and using the Speak component to read the recognized text.

```

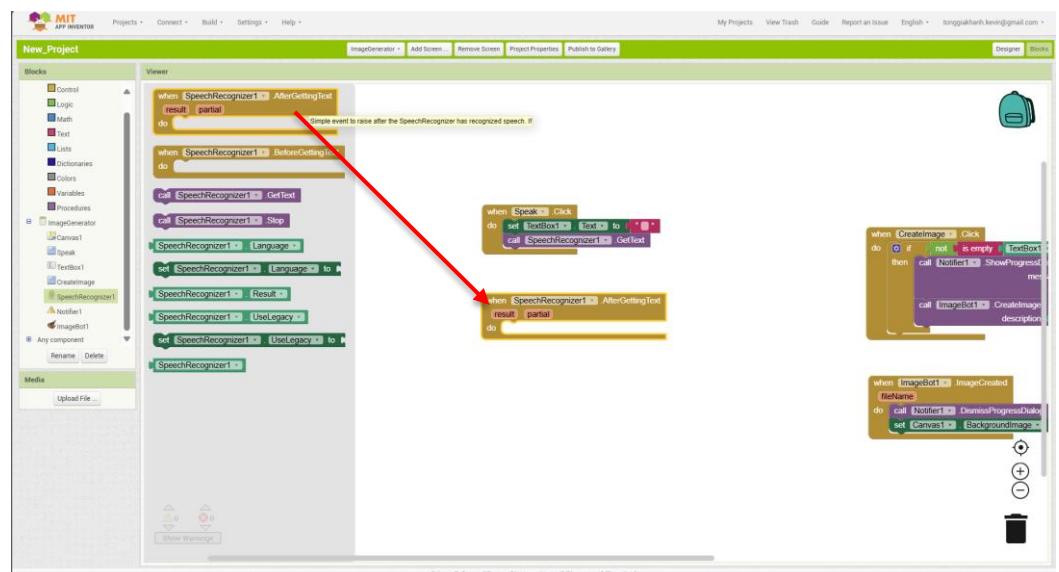
when SpeechRecognizer1 AfterGettingText
result partial
do [ ]
when SpeechRecognizer1 BeforeGettingText
do [ ]
call SpeechRecognizer1 GetText
Ask the user to speak and wait for the speech to text. Signals the
call SpeechRecognizer1 Stop
when Speak1 Click
do [set TextBox1 Text to <#>]
call SpeechRecognizer1 GetText
when CreateImage1 Click
do [if <#> is not empty then call Notifier1 ShowProgress message <#>]
call ImageBot1 CreateImage description
when ImageBot1 ImageCreated
fileName
do [call Notifier1 DismissProgressDialog]
set Canvas1 BackgroundImage

```

```

when Speak .Click
do set TextBox1 .Text to " "
call SpeechRecognizer1 .GetText

```



```
when SpeechRecognizer1 .AfterGettingText
```

```
result partial
```

```
do get result Text to + get result
```

Returns the value of this variable.

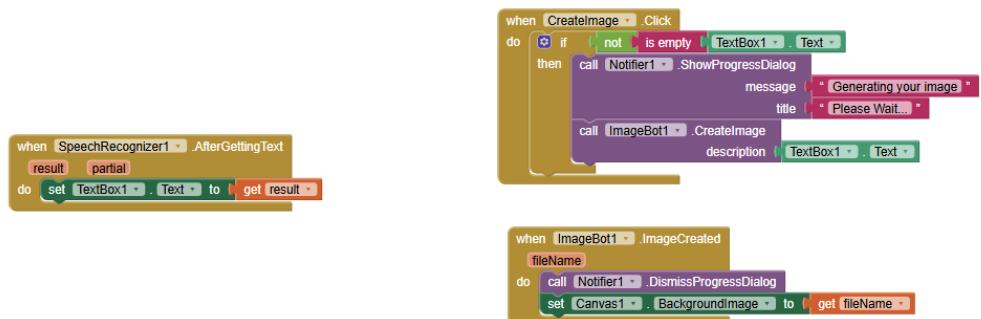
```
set result to
```

```
when SpeechRecognizer1 .AfterGettingText
```

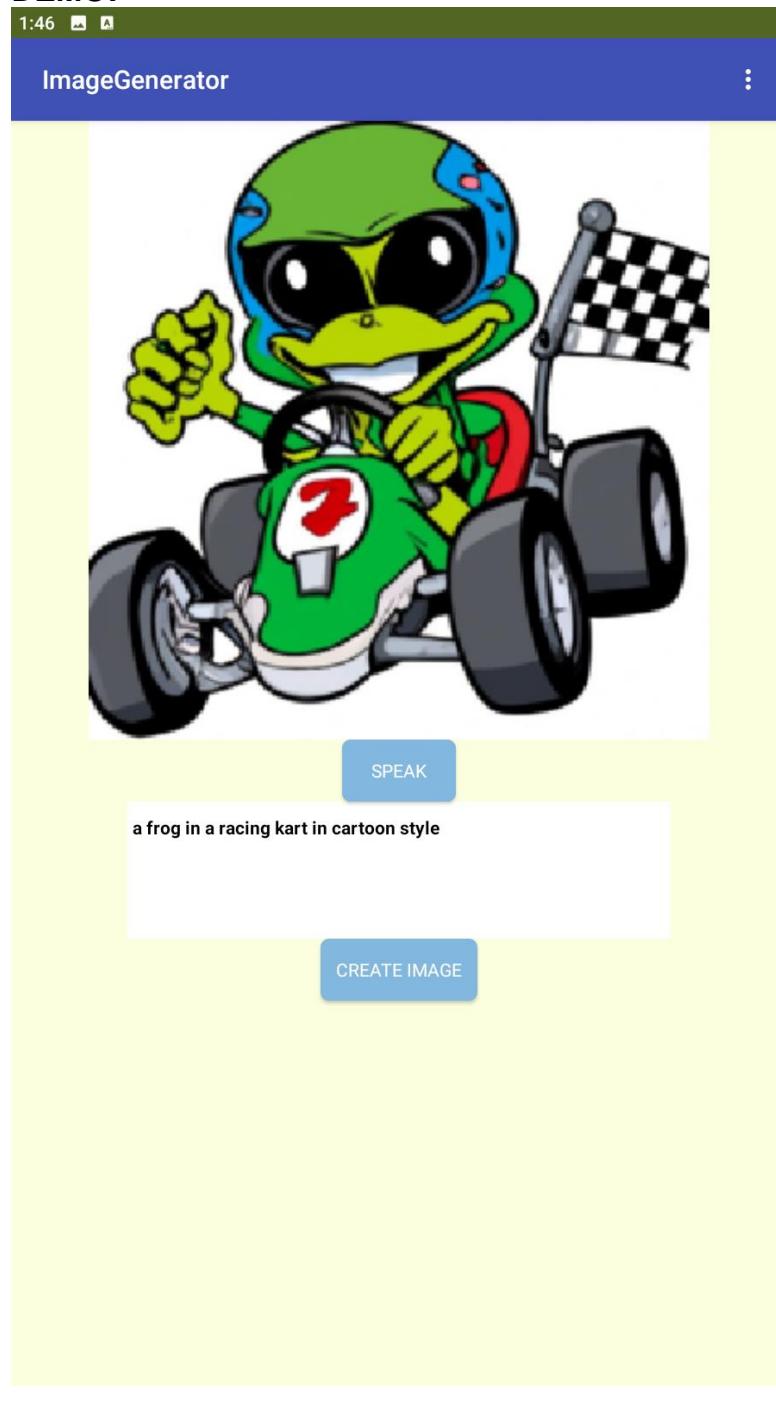
```
result partial
```

```
do set TextBox1 .Text to + get result
```

Completed Code blocks:



DEMO:



MCQs:

Question 1:

What is the purpose of the Notifier component in the Image Generator app?

- A. To generate images.
- B. To display progress or alert messages to the user.
- C. To manage speech-to-text conversion.
- D. To act as a backend server for image generation.

Correct Answer: B

Question 2:

What happens when the SpeakButton is clicked?

- A. The text in TextBox1 is converted to speech.
- B. The app sends the text to ImageBot1 for image generation.
- C. The SpeechRecognizer component captures speech and converts it to text for TextBox1.
- D. The app displays an error message if no input is detected.

Correct Answer: C

Question 3:

Which block sets the generated image as the background of the canvas?

- A. Notifier1.ShowProgressDialog.
- B. SpeechRecognizer1.AfterGettingText.
- C. ImageBot1.ImageCreated.
- D. CreateImage.Click.

Correct Answer: C

Question 4:

What condition is checked before initiating the image generation process?

- A. If the microphone is working properly.
- B. If the user clicks the SpeakButton.
- C. If TextBox1.Text is not empty.
- D. If the canvas has an existing background.

Correct Answer: C

Application Qn:**Challenge:**

Imagine a user clicks the "Create Image" button without entering text into the TextBox1. The app currently checks if TextBox1 is empty before proceeding. However, the user claims they didn't notice the prompt. How would you modify the app to provide a clearer error message and ensure a better user experience?

Answer:

To address the challenge:

1. **Update Logic:** Modify the blocks inside the CreateImage.Click event to include a clearer error message if TextBox1 is empty.

- o Instead of silently not proceeding, add a Notifier1.ShowAlert block to alert the user with a message like "*Please enter a description before generating an image.*"

2. **Implementation:**

Update the if not is empty(TextBox1.Text) condition by adding an else block that contains:

- o call Notifier1.ShowAlert
- o Set message to: "*Error: You must input text to generate an image!*"

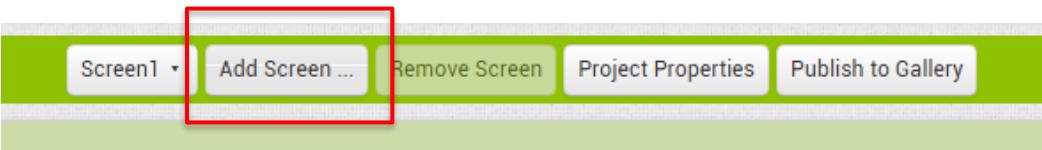
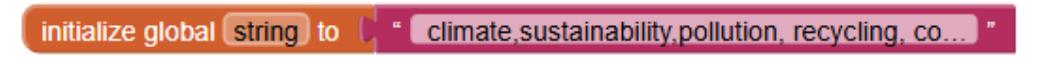
Enhanced User Experience:

By adding this explicit feedback, the app informs users why the operation failed, ensuring they understand what action to take next. This makes the app more intuitive and user-friendly.

Would you like a visual explanation of the updated blocks?

WAY TO IMPROVE, how can students use the imagebot. Image edited to add an extra function?

Project 3 – Filtered input AI (Kevin) (hrs)

Learning Outcomes (5mins)	<p>Learning Outcome 1 Understanding Topic-Based Filtering:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will learn how to implement a filtering system that validates user input against a predefined set of keywords to restrict chatbot responses to relevant topics. <p>Learning Outcome 2 Dynamic List Management and String Manipulation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will develop skills in creating and managing lists, splitting strings, and comparing input data to predefined values using logical and iterative blocks. <p>Learning Outcome 3 Logical Flow and Decision Making in App Development:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Students will understand how to use conditionals to control app behavior, ensuring appropriate responses (true/false) based on the validity of user input.
Session No.: Session Title (hrs)	<p>Project Brief</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This project aims to enhance two AI-powered apps—a chatbot and an image generator—by integrating a topic-filtering system tailored for sustainability and environmental themes. The filtering mechanism ensures that only relevant inputs, such as questions or commands related to climate change, recycling, and renewable energy, are processed. By refining the apps to focus solely on these topics, the project elevates their precision and impact, transforming them into purpose-driven tools for education and advocacy. This ensures the final product aligns with the Hackathon's theme of sustainability, addressing key environmental challenges with relevance and effectiveness. <p>Task:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.  2. 

3.

initialize global List to  create empty list

4.

```

when Button1 .Click
do set global List to  create empty list
  initialize local length to ( length of list list ) split text get global string / ( 1 )
  in for each item from ( 1 ) to ( get length ) by ( 1 )
    do add items to list list ( get global List )
      item ( select list item list ( split text get global string at ( " , " )
        index ( get item
  if contains any text ( TextBox1 Text ) piece list get global List
  then set Label2 Text to ( " true "
  else set Label2 Text to ( " false "

```

5.

when Button1 .Click

do set global List to  create empty list

global input
global input2
 global List
global string

6.

```

initialize local length to ( length of list list ) split text get global string / ( 1 )
in for each item from ( 1 ) to ( get length ) by ( 1 )
  do add items to list list ( get global List )
    item ( select list item list ( split text get global string at ( " , " )
      index ( get item

```

7.



8.



9.

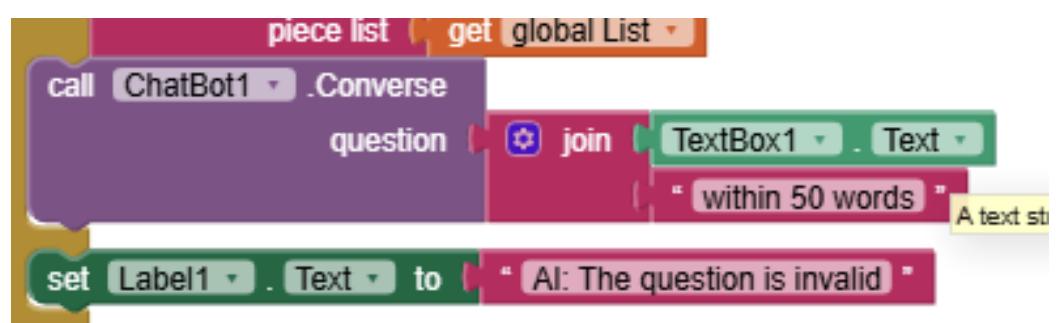


10.



TO CONNECT PROJECT 3 to PROJECT 1 or PROJECT 2.

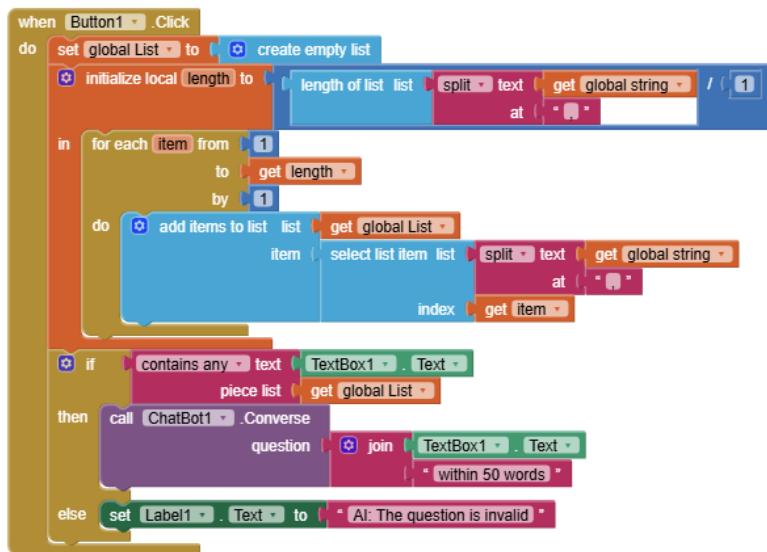
->Replace **Green box blocks** (then & else) with the according code.



Completed code blocks:

```
initialize global string to " climate,sustainability,pollution,recycling,conse..."
```

```
initialize global List to [ create empty list ]
```



DEMO:

ChatAppWFilterSystem

⋮

AI: The question is invalid

tell me about H&M

Send

MCQs:

1. What is the primary purpose of the topic-filtering system in this project?

- A. To increase the chatbot's response speed
- B. To ensure inputs align with sustainability and environmental topics
- C. To allow the chatbot to handle more diverse questions
- D. To reduce the complexity of the AI tools

Correct Answer: B

2. In the input filtering system, how are keywords compared to the

user's input?

- A. By directly matching the input string with the predefined keywords
- B. By splitting the input string into words and checking for overlaps with the keyword list
- C. By using machine learning to predict valid topics
- D. By ignoring all inputs and responding only with preset answers

Correct Answer: B**3. What happens when a user's input does not match any of the predefined sustainability keywords?**

- A. The system forwards the input to the chatbot regardless
- B. The input is rejected, and the user is notified to ask a relevant question
- C. The system modifies the input to make it relevant
- D. The chatbot generates a random response

Correct Answer: B**4. Why is it important to limit the chatbot and image generator to specific topics for this project?**

- A. To make the apps simpler to use
- B. To ensure the apps align with the Hackathon's sustainability theme and remain focused
- C. To reduce the amount of data processed by the system
- D. To improve the visual appeal of the app interface

Correct Answer: B**Application Qn:****Challenge:**

Imagine you want to expand the topic-filtering system to allow for multi-language support. Users should be able to ask questions about sustainability in different languages (e.g., Spanish, French, or Mandarin). How would you modify the filtering mechanism to handle this while ensuring accuracy in identifying relevant topics? Outline your approach and describe how you would test its effectiveness.

Answer and Implementation for the Challenge:

To add multi-language support to the topic-filtering system, we can extend the current filtering mechanism by:

Translating Input into a Common Language

Use a language translation API (e.g., Google Translate API) to translate user input into a common language, such as English. This ensures all input can be processed against a single predefined keyword list.

Expanding the Keyword List

Create keyword lists for each supported language (e.g., Spanish, French, Mandarin). For instance:

English: climate, recycling, pollution

Spanish: clima, reciclaje, contaminación

French: climat, recyclage, pollution

Mandarin: 气候, 回收, 污染

Matching Input Against All Lists

Instead of using a single list for validation, compare the translated input or its original version to all keyword lists. If any match occurs, the input is valid.

WAY TO IMPROVE, What are some ways to improve the input filtering system to make it more accurate and user-friendly?