MVC and Android

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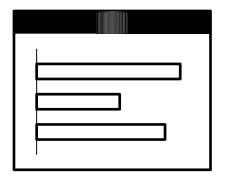
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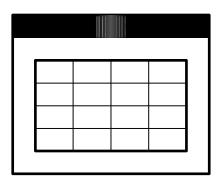
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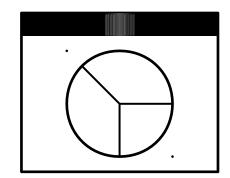
CMPUT 301 – Introduction to Software Engineering Slides adapted from Dr. Hazel Campbell, Dr. Ken Wong











Need to maintain consistency in the views

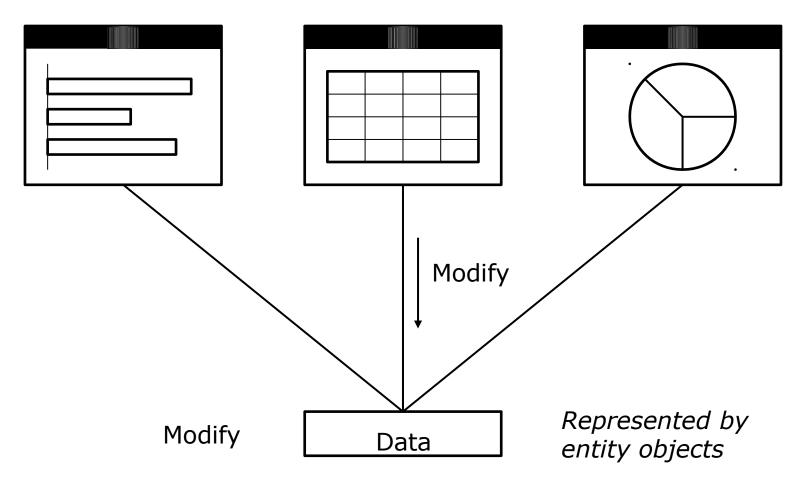
Want clear, separate responsibilities for presentation, interaction, computation, and representation

Data

Need to update multiple views of the common data model

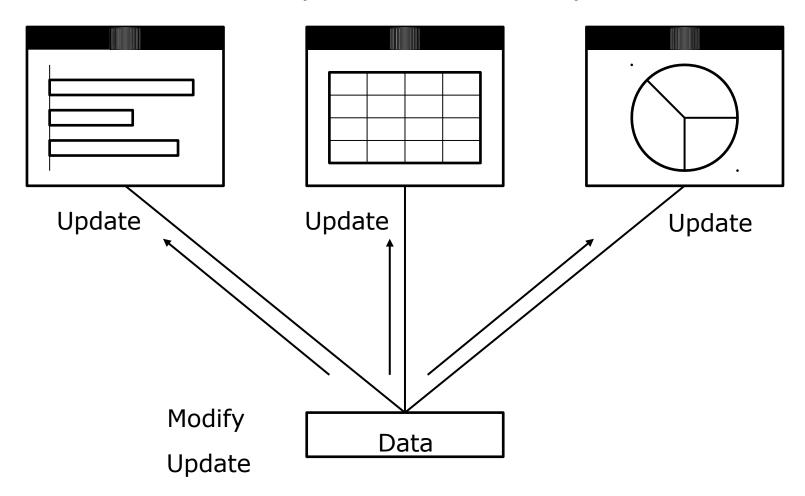
Model

Views (i.e., observers, clients)



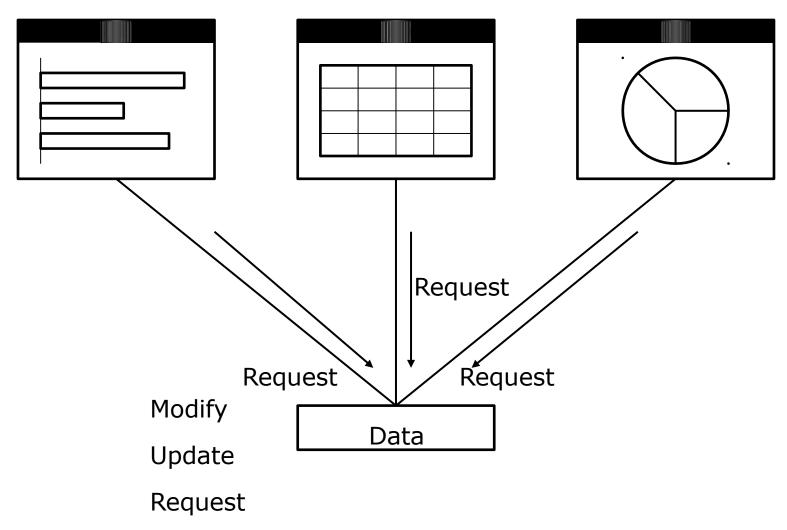
Model (i.e., subject, server)

Views (i.e., observers, clients)



Model (i.e., subject, server)

Views (i.e., observers, clients)



Model (i.e., subject, server)

Model/View/Controller Roles

• Model:

- Entity layer
 - Complete, self-contained representation of the data managed by the application
 - Provides services to manipulate this data
 - "The back end"
- Main responsibilities
 - Representation and computation issues
 - Sometimes persistence

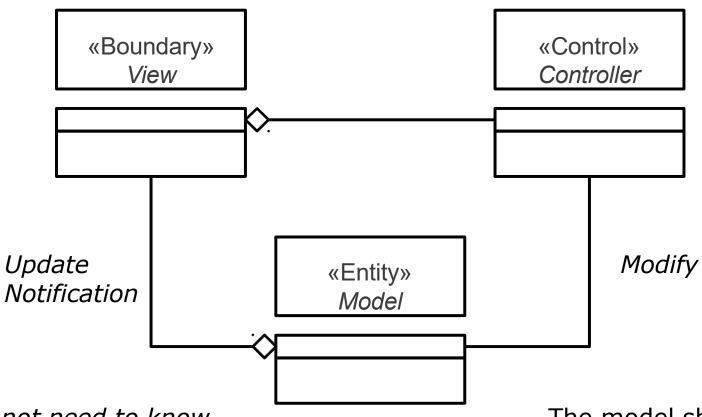
MVC Roles

- View:
 - Boundary layer
 - Set of user interface components determines what is needed for a particular perspective of the data
 - "The front end"
 - Main responsibility
 - Presentation issues

MVC Roles

- Controller:
 - Control layer
 - Handles events and uses appropriate information from user interface components to modify the model
 - Main responsibility
 - Interaction issues

Can create new, specific types of views without changing the model



The model should not need to know the particulars of a specific view

The model should not need to know about any controllers

MVC Design Issues

- Swing dependent part:
 - Views contain Swing components
 - Controllers are Swing listeners
- Swing independent part:
 - The model should be as Swing-free as possible
 - E.g., not using Swing types in entity classes

"MV" Design

- Generalization:
 - Use "model" superclass and "view" interface
 - All models keep track of their views
 - When changed, all models notify their views to update
 - All views update themselves when notified
 - Have application-specific model and view classes

Java Observer – java.util.Observable superclass

```
public class Observable {
       public Observable() { ... }
       // "all models keep track of their views"
       public void addObserver( Observer o ) { ... }
       public void deleteObserver( Observer o ) { ... }
       // "all models notify their views to update"
       public void notifyObservers() { ... }
       public void notifyObservers( Object arg ) { ... }
       // note whether the model has changed
       public boolean hasChanged() { ... }
       protected void clearChanged() { ... }
       protected void setChanged() { ... }
```

Java Observer – java.util.Observer interface

```
public class Observer {
    public void update( Observable s, Object arg );
}
```

Java Observer

```
// MyModel.java
import java.util.*;
public class MyModel extends Observable {
       private String message;
       public MyModel() {
              message = "";
       public String getMessage() {
              return message;
       public void setMessage( String message ) {
              this.message = message;
              setChanged();
              notifyObservers(); // clears changed flag
```

Java Observer

```
// MyView.java
import java.util.*;
public class MyView implements Observer {
     public void update( Observable s, Object arg ) {
          System.out.println(
               ((MyModel) s).getMessage()
```

Java Observer

```
// MyApp.java
public class MyApp {
      public static void main( String args[] ) {
            MyModel theModel = new MyModel();
            MyView aView = new MyView();
            MyView anotherView = new MyView();
            theModel.addObserver( aView );
            theModel.addObserver( anotherView );
            theModel.setMessage( "hello" );
```

```
// TView.java
public interface TView<M> {
    public void update( M model );
}
```

```
// TModel.java
import java.util.*;
public class TModel<V extends TView> {
      private ArrayList<V> views;
      public TModel() {
            views = new ArrayList<V>();
      public void addView( V view ) {
             if (! views.contains( view )) {
                   views.add( view );
```

```
public void deleteView( V view ) {
     views.remove( view );
public void notifyViews() {
     for (V view : views) {
          view.update( this );
```

```
// MyView.java
import java.util.*;
public class MyView implements TView<MyModel> {
     public void update( MyModel model ) {
          System.out.println( model.getMessage() );
```

```
// MyModel.java
public class MyModel extends TModel<TView> {
     private String message;
     public MyModel() {
           message = "";
     public String getMessage() {
           return message;
     public void setMessage( String message ) {
           this.message = message;
           notifyViews();
```

```
// MyApp.java
public class MyApp {
      public static void main( String args[] ) {
            MyModel theModel = new MyModel();
            MyView aView = new MyView();
            MyView anotherView = new MyView();
            theModel.addView( aView);
            theModel.addView( anotherView);
            theModel.setMessage( "hello" );
```

MVC Design

• Approach:

- Use a framework that supports MVC to help structure an interactive application
- Framework is a set of cooperating classes that forms a reusable design in a particular domain
- Reusable design *and* code

MVC Framework

Who is in Control?

- Class library reuse
 - Application developers:
 - Write the main body of the application
 - Reuse library code by calling it
- Framework reuse
 - Application developers:
 - Reuse the main body of the application
 - Write code that the framework calls
 - Reuse library code by calling it

Framework

- Separation of concerns:
 - Framework
 - Skeletal application code
 - General superclasses and interfaces
 - Your "customizations"
 - Specific subclasses and implementations

Exercise

• Design an MVC framework for building interactive applications.

Generic View

```
// TView.java
public interface TView<M> {
    public void update( M model );
}
```

Generic Model

```
// TModel.java
public abstract class TModel<V extends TView> {
     private ArrayList<V> views;
     protected TModel() {
           views = new ArrayList<V>();
     public void addView( V view ) {
           if (! views.contains( view )) {
                views.add( view );
```

Generic Model

```
public void deleteView( V view ) {
     views.remove( view );
public void notifyViews() {
     for (V view : views) {
          view.update( this );
```

General Command

```
// TCommand.java
public class TCommand {
     public void execute( ActionEvent event ) {
     public void execute( ItemEvent event ) {
```

General Controller

```
// TController.java
public abstract class TController implements
     ActionListener, ItemListener {
     private JComponent component;
     private TCommand command;
     protected TController (
           JComponent component, TCommand command ) {
           this.component = component;
           this.command = command;
```

General Controller

```
public JComponent getComponent() {
      return component;
public TCommand getCommand() {
      return command;
public void actionPerformed(
      ActionEvent event ) {
      TCommand command = getCommand();
      if (command != null) {
             command.execute( event );
```

General Button Controller

```
// TButtonController.java
public class TButtonController extends TController {
     public TButtonController(
          JButton button, TCommand command ) {
          super( button, command );
          button.addActionListener( this );
```

General Menu Item Controller

```
TMenuItemController.java
public class TMenuItemController extends TController
     public TMenuItemController(
          JMenuItem menuItem, TCommand command ) {
          super( menuItem, command );
          menuItem.addActionListener( this );
```

Generic Application

```
// TApp.java
public abstract class TApp<M> {
     private static TApp theApp = null;
     public static TApp getApp() {
           return theApp;
     private M model;
     public M getModel() {
           return model;
```

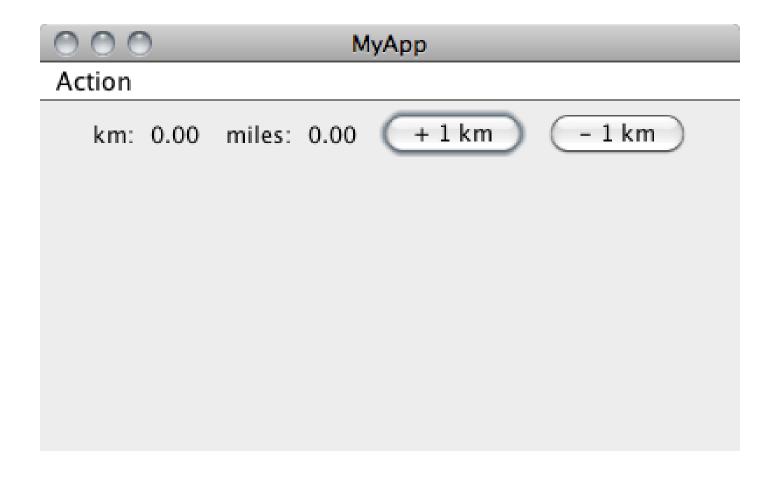
```
private JFrame frame;
private JPanel content;
public JFrame getFrame() {
     return frame;
public JPanel getContent() {
     return content;
```

```
protected TApp (String title, M model) {
     if (theApp != null) {
          return;
     theApp = this;
     this.model = model;
     makeWindow( title );
```

```
private void makeWindow( String title ) {
       frame = new JFrame( title );
       content = new JPanel();
       frame.setContentPane( content );
public void show() {
       frame.pack();
       frame.setVisible( true );
public void addToContent(
       JComponent component ) {
       content.add( component );
```

```
private JMenuBar menubar = null;
public void makeMenuBar() {
     menubar = new JMenuBar();
     frame.setJMenuBar( menubar );
public void addToMenuBar( JMenu menu ) {
     if (menubar == null) {
           return;
     menubar.add( menu );
```

Example Custom Application



Custom View

```
// MyLabelView.java
public class MyLabelView implements TView<MyModel>
     private static DecimalFormat twoPlaces =
          new DecimalFormat( "0.00" );
     private JPanel panel;
     private JLabel labelLabel;
     private JLabel valueLabel;
     private double multiplier;
```

Custom View

```
public MyLabelView(
     String labelText, double multiplier ) {
     panel = new JPanel();
     labelLabel = new JLabel( labelText );
     panel.add( labelLabel );
     valueLabel = new JLabel( " " );
     panel.add( valueLabel );
     this.multiplier = multiplier;
public JComponent getComponent() {
     return panel;
```

Custom View

```
public void update( MyModel model ) {
     double value =
          model.getValue() * multiplier;
     valueLabel.setText(
          twoPlaces.format( value )
```

Custom Model

```
// MyModel.java
public class MyModel extends TModel<TView> {
        private int value;
        public MyModel() {
                value = 0;
        public int getValue() {
                return value;
        public void setValue( int value ) {
                if (value < 0) {
                        value = 0;
                this.value = value;
                notifyViews();
```

Custom Application

```
// MyApp.java
public class MyApp extends TApp<MyModel> {
     public MyApp(
           String title, MyModel model ) {
           super( title, model );
           // create the UI
           MyMainView myMainView =
                new MyMainView( this, model );
           model.addView( myMainView );
```

Custom Application

```
public static void main( String args[] ) {
     MyModel model = new MyModel();
     MyApp app = new MyApp( "MyApp", model );
     model.notifyViews();
     app.getContent().setPreferredSize(
          new Dimension (400, 200)
     );
     app.show();
```

```
// MyMainView.java
public class MyMainView implements TView<MyModel> {
       private MyLabelView kmView;
       private MyLabelView milesView;
       private TCommand incrCommand;
       private TCommand decrCommand;
       private JMenu menu;
       private JMenuItem incrMenuItem;
       private JMenuItem decrMenuItem;
       private JButton incrButton;
       private JButton decrButton;
```

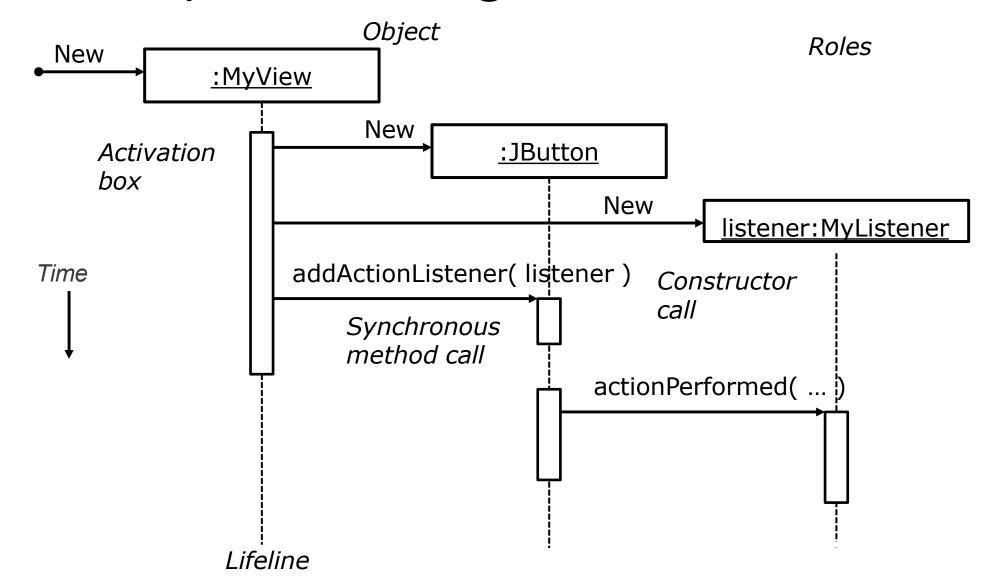
```
public MyMainView(
     MyApp app, final MyModel model ) {
     // create views
     kmView = new MyLabelView(
           "km: ", 1.0
     milesView = new MyLabelView(
           "miles: ", 0.621371192
     // register views with model
     model.addView( kmView );
     model.addView( milesView );
```

```
// create commands that modify the model
incrCommand = new TCommand() {
        public void execute(
                ActionEvent event ) {
                model.setValue(
                        model.getValue() + 1
                );
};
decrCommand = new TCommand() {
        public void execute(
                ActionEvent event ) {
                model.setValue(
                        model.getValue() - 1
                );
};
```

```
// views
app.addToContent( kmView.getComponent() );
app.addToContent( milesView.getComponent() );
// controls
incrButton = new JButton( "+ 1 km" );
app.addToContent( incrButton );
decrButton = new JButton( " 1 km" );
app.addToContent( decrButton );
// associate components to commands
new TMenuItemController(
         incrMenuItem, incrCommand );
new TMenuItemController(
         decrMenuItem, decrCommand );
new TButtonController(
         incrButton, incrCommand );
new TButtonController(
         decrButton, decrCommand);
```

```
public void update( MyModel model ) {
      // nothing to do
}
```

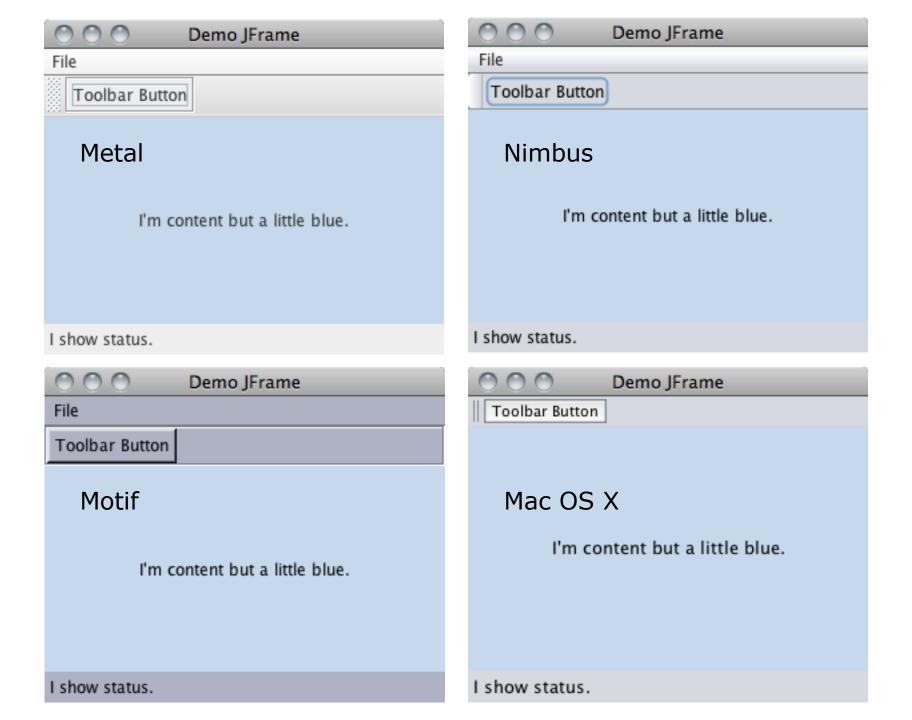
UML Sequence Diagram

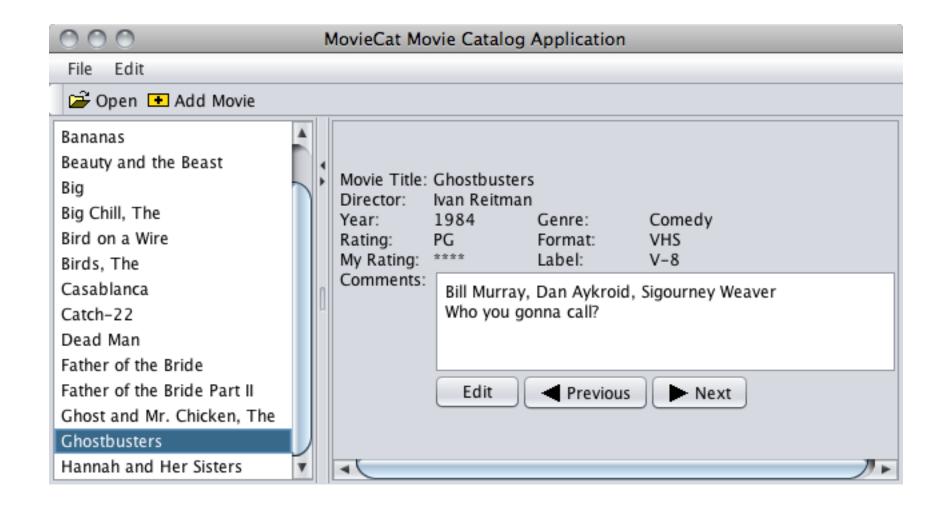


Exercise

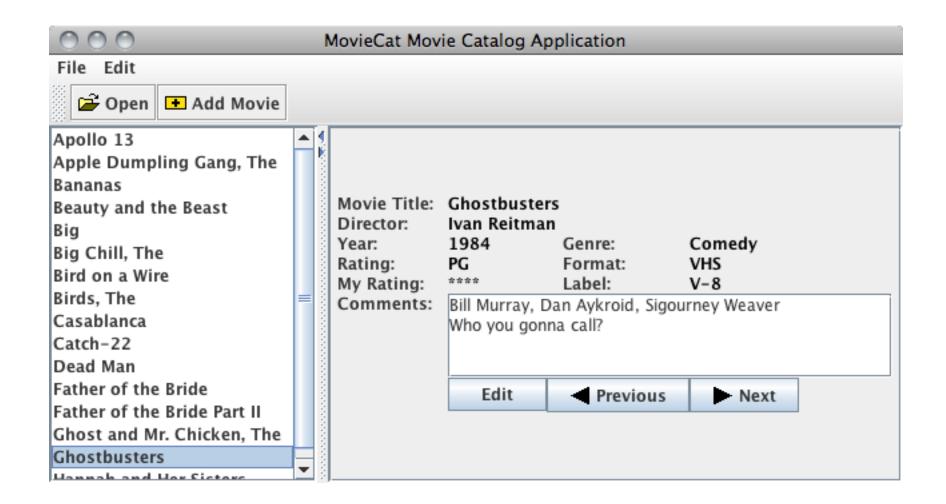
• Draw a UML sequence diagram for the behavior when a button is clicked in the example application.

Swing



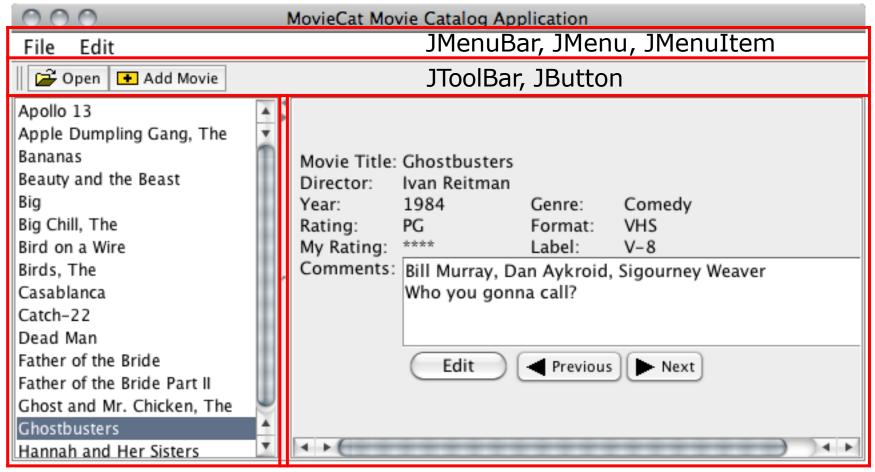


-Dswing.defaultlaf=com.sun.java.swing.plaf.nimbus.NimbusLookAndFeel



-Dswing.defaultlaf=javax.swing.plaf.metal.MetalLookAndFeel

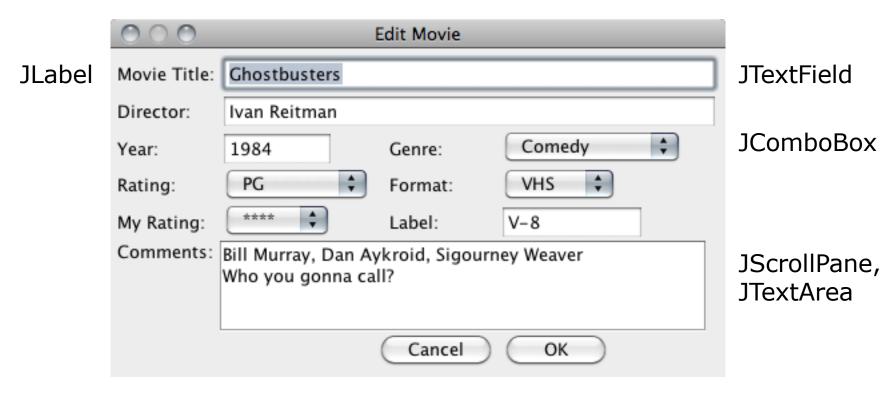
JFrame, JPanel



JPanel, JList JPanel

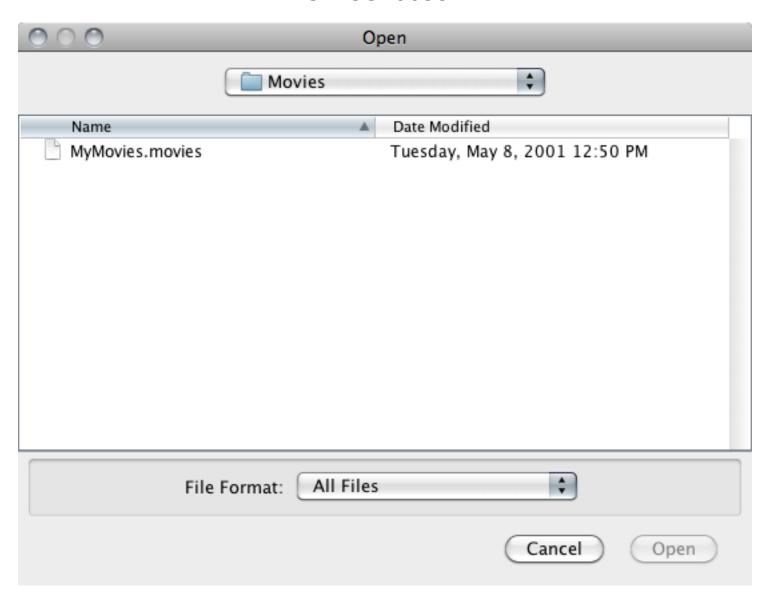
JSplitPane, JScrollPane

JDialog, JPanel



JButton

JFileChooser



Main Window

- Typical containment setup steps:
 - Create a JFrame
 - Create and define a JMenuBar (optional)
 - Add this JMenuBar to the JFrame (optional)
 - Create a JPanel
 - Add components to this JPanel
 - Set JFrame content pane to this JPanel
 - Pack and show the JFrame

```
JFrame
   +JFrame(title: String)
   +setJMenuBar( menuBar: JMenuBar ): void
   +setContentPane( contentPane: Container ): void
   +pack(): void
   +setVisible( visibility: boolean ): void
   •••
         JMenuBar
+JMenuBar()
+add( menu: JMenu ): JMenu
                                  JPanel
               +JPanel()
               +add( component: Component ): Component
```

```
// MyApp.java
import javax.swing.*;
public class MyApp {
       public static void main( String args[] ) {
              JFrame theFrame = new JFrame( "Title" );
              JMenuBar theMenuBar = new JMenuBar();
              // code to define menu items, etc.
              theFrame.setJMenuBar(theMenuBar);
              JPanel thePanel = new JPanel();
              // code to define components in the panel,
              // layout manager, etc.
              JButton aButton = new JButton( "Hello");
              thePanel.add( aButton );
              theFrame.setContentPane(thePanel);
              theFrame.pack();
              theFrame.setVisible( true );
```

```
// code to define menu items, etc.
JMenu fileMenu = new JMenu( "File" );
JMenuItem newMenuItem = new JMenuItem ( "New");
JMenuItem openMenuItem = new JMenuItem( "Open");
fileMenu.add( newMenuItem );
fileMenu.add( openMenuItem );
theMenuBar.add(fileMenu);
JMenu editMenu = new JMenu( "Edit" );
                                              File Edit
theMenuBar.add(editMenu);
```

Events

- Interactive applications are event driven:
 - Receive an event (e.g., initiated from user)
 - Check event and system state
 - Respond by changing state and display
 - Return and wait for another event
- Event handling is done via:
 - Explicit event loop, event queue, and dispatcher
 - Registered callback through listeners

Event Handling

```
// MyListener.java
public class MyListener implements ActionListener {
     public void actionPerformed( ActionEvent e ) {
          // react to event
```

Implementing a Listener

```
// MyView.java
class MyListener implements ActionListener {
        public void actionPerformed( ActionEvent e ) {
public class MyView {
        public MyView() {
                button.addActionListener(
                        new MyListener();
                );
```

Implementing a Listener

```
// without adapter class
public class MyWindowHandler implements WindowListener {
      public void windowClosing( WindowEvent e ) {
            // respond to closing window
      public void windowOpened( WindowEvent e ) {}
      public void windowClosed( WindowEvent e ) {}
      public void windowIconfied( WindowEvent e ) {}
      public void windowDeiconified( WindowEvent e ) {}
      public void windowActivated( WindowEvent e ) {}
      public void windowDeactivated( WindowEvent e ) { }
theFrame.addWindowListener( new MyWindowHandler() );
```

More Information

- Books:
 - The Essence of Object-Oriented Programming with Java and UML
 - B. Wampler
 - Addison-Wesley, 2002
 - Java in a Nutshell
 - D. Flanagan
 - O'Reilly, 2005
 - Core Java 2: Fundamentals
 - C. Horstmann
 - Prentice-Hall, 2004

More Information

- Books:
 - Learning Java
 - P. Niemeyer and J. Knudsen
 - O'Reilly, 2005
 - UML Distilled
 - M. Fowler
 - Addison-Wesley, 2003
 - The Elements of UML 2.0 Style
 - S. W. Ambler
 - Cambridge, 2005

More Information

- Links:
 - The Swing Tutorial
 - https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/uiswing/
 - Java Standard Edition 6 API Specification
 - https://docs.oracle.com/javase/6/docs/api/
 - Java SE Application Design with MVC
 - https://www.oracle.com/technical-resources/articles/javase/application-design-with-mvc.html